Simplifying Interval Notation

A. Simplify the given interval notation.

1)
$$[-7,0] \cup [-8,0]$$

4)
$$(-\infty, 3) \cup (-3, \infty)$$

Simpliest Form: [-8,0]

Simpliest Form:
$$(-\infty, \infty)$$

2)
$$[-1,4)\cup[-4,\infty)$$

5)
$$(-\infty, 3) \cup [4, 11] \cup [7, \infty)$$

Simpliest Form: $[-4, \infty)$

Simpliest Form:
$$(-\infty, 3) \cup [4, \infty)$$

3)
$$(-\infty,3)\cup(7,\infty)$$

6)
$$(-\infty, 2] \cup [4, 11) \cup (6, \infty)$$

Simpliest Form: $(-\infty, 3) \cup (7, \infty)$

Simpliest Form: $(-\infty, 2] \cup [4, \infty)$

Polynomial Inequality

В. Give the solution set to the given polynomial inequality.

1)
$$-(x+1)(x+2)(x+3) \ge 0$$

2)
$$(x+1)(x+2)(x+3) < 0$$

Solution Set:
$$(-\infty, -3) \cup (-2, -1)$$

3)
$$-(x-2)(x+1)^2(x+3) > 0$$

6) $(x-1)^3 (x+1) (x+2) \ge 0$

Solution Set: $(-3,-1) \cup (-1,2)$

Solution Set: $[-2, -1] \cup [1, \infty)$

4) $-(x-1)^3(x+3)^2 \le 0$

7) (x-1)(x+2)(x+3) > 0

Solution Set: $\{-3\} \cup [1, \infty)$

Solution Set: $(-3, -2) \cup (1, \infty)$

5) -(x-2)(x-1)(x+1) > 0

8) $-(x+1)(x+3)^2 > 0$

Solution Set: $(-\infty, -1) \cup (1, 2)$

Solution Set: $(-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, -1)$