# Simplifying Interval Notation

### **A**. Simplify the given interval notation.

1) 
$$(-\infty, 0] \cup [-7, \infty)$$

4) 
$$(-\infty, 5] \cup (-3, 11]$$

Simpliest Form:  $(-\infty, \infty)$ 

Simpliest Form:  $(-\infty, 11]$ 

$$2) \ (-\infty, 7] \cup (-3, \infty)$$

5) 
$$(-\infty, 4] \cup [4, 10) \cup (7, \infty)$$

Simpliest Form:  $(-\infty, \infty)$ 

Simpliest Form:  $(-\infty, \infty)$ 

3) 
$$(-\infty,4)\cup(5,\infty)$$

6) 
$$(-\infty, 4] \cup [2, 9) \cup (6, \infty)$$

Simpliest Form:  $(-\infty, 4) \cup (5, \infty)$ 

Simpliest Form:  $(-\infty, \infty)$ 

## Polynomial Inequality

### В. Give the solution set to the given polynomial inequality.

1) 
$$(x-1)^2 (x+2)^2 (x+3) > 0$$

2) 
$$(x+1)^3 (x+2) (x+3) < 0$$

Solution Set: 
$$(-\infty, -3) \cup (-2, -1)$$

3) 
$$-(x-2)(x-1)(x+1)^3 > 0$$

6)  $(x+2)^2(x+3) \ge 0$ 

Solution Set:  $(-\infty, -1) \cup (1, 2)$ 

Solution Set:  $[-3, \infty)$ 

4) 
$$-(x-1)(x+3)^2 > 0$$

7) 
$$-(x-1)(x+1)^2(x+2)(x+3) \ge 0$$

Solution Set:  $(-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, 1)$ 

Solution Set:  $(-\infty, -3] \cup [-2, 1]$ 

5) 
$$(x-1)(x+1)(x+2) \ge 0$$

8) 
$$-(x-2)(x-1)^2(x+2) \ge 0$$

Solution Set:  $[-2, -1] \cup [1, \infty)$ 

Solution Set: [-2, 2]