Simplifying Interval Notation

A. Simplify the given interval notation.

1)
$$(-1,2]\cup(-8,2]$$

4)
$$(-\infty,4)\cup(4,\infty)$$

Simpliest Form:

Simpliest Form:

2)
$$(-\infty, 3) \cup [-4, 4]$$

5)
$$(-\infty, 3) \cup [4, 12] \cup [6, \infty)$$

 ${\bf Simpliest\ Form:}$

Simpliest Form:

3)
$$[-10,5] \cup [-1,2]$$

6)
$$(-\infty, 4] \cup [2, 10) \cup (6, \infty)$$

Simpliest Form:

Simpliest Form:

Polynomial Inequality

B. Give the solution set to the given polynomial inequality.

1)
$$(x-1)^2(x+1)(x+3) > 0$$

2)
$$(x-1)(x+1)^3(x+2) \ge 0$$

Solution Set:

Solution Set:

3)
$$(x-1)^2(x+2) > 0$$

6) $-(x-2)(x+1)(x+2)(x+3) \ge 0$

Solution Set:

Solution Set:

4)
$$-(x-2)(x-1)(x+2)(x+3) > 0$$

7)
$$(x-1)(x+1)^2(x+2)(x+3) > 0$$

Solution Set:

Solution Set:

5)
$$-(x-2)(x-1)(x+2)^2(x+3) < 0$$

8)
$$-(x-1)^3(x+3) \ge 0$$

Solution Set:

Solution Set:

C. Complete the given table below by converting set representation in different forms.

1	$\{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x < -2 \text{ or } x > -2 \}$		-6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6
2		[−5, −1] ∪ (1,3]	-6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6
3			-6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6
4	$ \{ x \in \mathbb{R} \mid -1 < x \le 4 $ $ or \ x \le -4 \ \} $		-6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6
5		(-∞, -1) ∪ (-1,5]	-6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6
6			-6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6
7	$\{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid -6 \le x < 3$ or $x = 3$ }		-6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6
8		(-∞, -2) ∪ {0} ∪ [3,∞)	-6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6
9			-6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6
10	$ \begin{cases} x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \le -4, \\ -4 \le x < 3, \\ x > 3 \end{cases} $		-6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6