## Simplifying Interval Notation

## **A**. Simplify the given interval notation.

1) 
$$(-\infty, 3) \cup [-5, -1]$$

4) 
$$[-6,5] \cup [-8,2]$$

Simpliest Form:  $(-\infty, 3)$ 

Simpliest Form: [-8, 5]

2) 
$$(-\infty, 6] \cup (-8, \infty)$$

5) 
$$(-\infty, 3) \cup [3, 10] \cup [6, \infty)$$

Simpliest Form:  $(-\infty, \infty)$ 

Simpliest Form:  $(-\infty, \infty)$ 

3) 
$$[-7,5] \cup [-6,5]$$

6) 
$$(-\infty, 2) \cup [7, 10] \cup [5, \infty)$$

Simpliest Form: [-7, 5]

Simpliest Form:  $(-\infty, 2) \cup [5, \infty)$ 

## Polynomial Inequality

## В. Give the solution set to the given polynomial inequality.

1) 
$$(x-1)(x+1)(x+3)^3 < 0$$

2) 
$$-(x-1)(x+1)(x+3) < 0$$

Solution Set:  $(-\infty, -3) \cup (-1, 1)$ 

Solution Set:  $(-3, -1) \cup (1, \infty)$ 

3) 
$$-(x+1)^3 < 0$$

6)  $(x-1)^2(x+1)(x+3) \ge 0$ 

Solution Set:  $(-1, \infty)$ 

Solution Set:  $(-\infty, -3] \cup [-1, \infty)$ 

4) 
$$(x-1)^3 (x+1) \ge 0$$

7) 
$$-(x-1)(x+1)^2(x+3)^2 \ge 0$$

Solution Set:  $(-\infty, -1] \cup [1, \infty)$ 

Solution Set:  $(-\infty, 1]$ 

5) 
$$(x-1)^2(x+2)^2(x+3) < 0$$

8) 
$$(x+2)^2 (x+3)^2 \ge 0$$

Solution Set:  $(-\infty, -3)$ 

Solution Set:  $(-\infty, \infty)$