## Simplifying Interval Notation

## A. Simplify the given interval notation.

$$1) \ (-\infty,0] \cup [-7,\infty)$$

4) 
$$(-\infty, 5] \cup (-3, 11]$$

Simpliest Form:

Simpliest Form:

$$2) \ (-\infty, 7] \cup (-3, \infty)$$

5) 
$$(-\infty, 4] \cup [4, 10) \cup (7, \infty)$$

Simpliest Form:

Simpliest Form:

3) 
$$(-\infty,4)\cup(5,\infty)$$

6) 
$$(-\infty, 4] \cup [2, 9) \cup (6, \infty)$$

Simpliest Form:

Simpliest Form:

## Polynomial Inequality

## B. Give the solution set to the given polynomial inequality.

1) 
$$(x-1)^2 (x+2)^2 (x+3) > 0$$

2) 
$$(x+1)^3 (x+2) (x+3) < 0$$

Solution Set:

Solution Set:

3) 
$$-(x-2)(x-1)(x+1)^3 > 0$$

6)  $(x+2)^2(x+3) \ge 0$ 

Solution Set:

Solution Set:

4) 
$$-(x-1)(x+3)^2 > 0$$

7) 
$$-(x-1)(x+1)^2(x+2)(x+3) \ge 0$$

Solution Set:

Solution Set:

5) 
$$(x-1)(x+1)(x+2) \ge 0$$

8) 
$$-(x-2)(x-1)^2(x+2) \ge 0$$

Solution Set:

Solution Set:

**C.** Complete the given table below by converting set representation in different forms.

1	$\{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x < -2 \text{ or } x > -2 \}$		-6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6
2		[−5, −1] ∪ (1,3]	-6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6
3			-6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6
4	$ \{ x \in \mathbb{R} \mid -1 < x \le 4 $ $ or \ x \le -4 \ \} $		-6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6
5		(-∞, -1) ∪ (-1,5]	-6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6
6			-6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6
7	$\{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid -6 \le x < 3$ or $x = 3$ }		-6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6
8		(-∞, -2) ∪ {0} ∪ [3,∞)	-6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6
9			-6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6
10	$ \begin{cases} x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \le -4, \\ -4 \le x < 3, \\ x > 3 \end{cases} $		-6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6