Simplifying Interval Notation

A. Simplify the given interval notation.

1)
$$(-\infty, 6] \cup (1, 10]$$

4)
$$(-\infty, 6] \cup (0, 11]$$

Simpliest Form: $(-\infty, 10]$

Simpliest Form:
$$(-\infty, 11]$$

2)
$$[-1,4)\cup[1,\infty)$$

5)
$$(-\infty, 4) \cup [1, 9] \cup [5, \infty)$$

Simpliest Form: $[-1, \infty)$

Simpliest Form:
$$(-\infty, \infty)$$

3)
$$(-\infty, 4) \cup [-6, -1]$$

6)
$$(-\infty, 2) \cup [6, 12] \cup [5, \infty)$$

Simpliest Form: $(-\infty, 4)$

Simpliest Form: $(-\infty, 2) \cup [5, \infty)$

Polynomial Inequality

В. Give the solution set to the given polynomial inequality.

1)
$$-(x-2)(x-1)^2(x+1)(x+3) \ge 0$$

2)
$$-(x+1)^2(x+2)(x+3) \le 0$$

Solution Set:
$$(-\infty, -3] \cup [-2, \infty)$$

3)
$$-(x-2)(x+1)^2(x+3)^2 > 0$$

6) $(x+1)^3 (x+2)^2 \ge 0$

Solution Set: $(-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, -1) \cup (-1, 2)$

Solution Set: $\{-2\} \cup [-1, \infty)$

4) $-(x+1)^3(x+2) \le 0$

7) $(x-1)^3 \ge 0$

Solution Set: $(-\infty, -2] \cup [-1, \infty)$

Solution Set: $[1, \infty)$

5) $(x-1)^2(x+1)(x+2) < 0$

8) $-(x-1)(x+1)(x+2)(x+3) \ge 0$

Solution Set: (-2, -1)

Solution Set: $[-3, -2] \cup [-1, 1]$