

Building Agentic AI Apps with Sematic Kernel

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Hello

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App Innovation

Improve Outcomes - Differentiated value



App Modernization & Migration



Cloud Native



Developer Velocity



Integration



Citizen Dev Low Code



Intelligent Apps

Accelerate software delivery | Do more with less | Increase agility and resilience | Reduce technical debt

Intelligent Apps / Agentic Al Apps

... from an AppDev point of view



Industrial Revolutions

The major industrial revolutions are transformative periods of technological, economic, and societal change that have shaped modern civilization.

We are now entering the next great industrial revolution — where technology goes beyond automation to systems that think, learn, and adapt, driving smarter decisions and new levels of innovation.



The only thing constant is change

The key to surviving any technology revolution is leading it.

A resilient organisation will:

have an awareness of disruptive technology develop talent that can make the <u>most of it</u>.

It is not the strongest of the species that survives, nor the most intelligent that survives.

It is the one that is most adaptable to change.

— Charles Darwin

Artificial Intelligence

Artificial Intelligence refers to systems that simulate human intelligence to perform tasks.

Core Capabilities of Al

Learning: Adapts based on data (Machine Learning).

Reasoning: Makes decisions or solves problems (Decision Systems).

Perception: Understands visual, auditory, or textual data (Computer Vision,

Natural Language Processing).

Action: Performs autonomous tasks (Robotics, Automation).

Generation: Creates new content such as text, images, music, or code

(Generative AI).

Multimodal models—capable of processing text, images, and audio simultaneously

Al Agents and Agentic Al are terms often used in discussions about artificial intelligence, but they refer to different concepts.



Al Agents

"Digital Workers" that eliminate manual tasks, enhance operational efficiency, and enable intelligent decision-making.

Limited Autonomy: Operate without human intervention – but do not adapt or learn.

Perception: Input data-driven.

Decision-making: Apply rules or machine learning models.

Action: Executes actions to achieve its goals / produce output data

Example:

A customer service chatbot to handle routine queries and reduce human workload.



Agentic Al

Agentic AI refers to systems that act independently and exhibit autonomy in their decision-making to achieve their goals.

Autonomy: Can operate and make decisions without direct human control.

Adaptive: Can learn from experiences and adapt their behaviour to improve

over time.

Proactive: Takes initiative rather than just reacting to inputs /

pre-defined rules.

Examples:

Advanced AI in scientific research that learns from vast datasets, formulates hypotheses on its own, and adapts by running experiments to refine its understanding.



Multi-Agent Systems

Multi-agent systems consist of multiple AI agents working together—often collaboratively—to solve complex problems.

This modular approach enables each agent to specialize in a specific task, enhancing efficiency and scalability, much like microservice architectures.

However, key challenges include coordination, communication, and distributed problem-solving.



Example: Smart Building

Al Agent:

Responsible for a specific task, e.g. smart temperature control.

Multi-Agent System:

Multiple agents - such as heating, lighting, security, air quality, lift maintenance, water management, occupancy detection, weather - working together to optimize building performance.

Agentic Al:

Doesn't just follow preset rules; it continuously learns from the building's patterns and adapts, making changes to optimize things like energy usage, air quality, carbon footprint, comfort in real-time.

Over time, it gets better at predicting when and where adjustments need to be made, even before a problem happens.



Are we there yet ...



Simple







Advanced

Intelligent
Retrieve. Generate. Act.

Retrieve information - reason / summarise / answer questions. Generate content.

Take action - automate processes to eliminate repetitive tasks.

Available today

Agentic / Autonomous.

Make decisions in real time.

Dynamically plan / adapt.

Continuously learn.

Coordinate with other agents.

Emerging

AI & Developers

Building software using Al

To reduce think time / reduce keystrokes / help as a learning assistant.



Building Al into software

To enhance the capabilities, improve automation, and enable smarter decision-making.

Intelligence is the new baseline for modern apps

Build AI into software to enhance the capabilities, improve automation, and enable smarter decision-making.

Developers are key to implement the business logic that deliver truly agentic applications.

Intelligent apps

Infused with AI, ML, and automation
Responsible AI

Self-learning, context-aware, and proactive

Interfaces become Al-driven (natural, adaptive, predictive)

Go beyond rule-based workflows – adapts dynamically

Autonomous decision-making with minimal human intervention

Modern apps

Rapid innovation with CI/CD

Cloud native

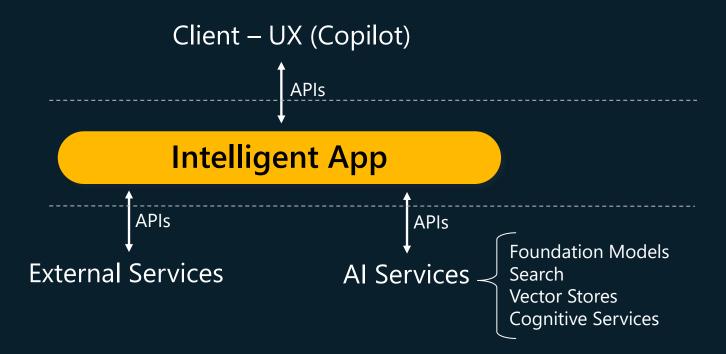
Code security

Connectivity & integration

Reduce technical debt

Intelligent Application

Responsible Al Fairness Reliability and Safety Privacy and Security Inclusiveness Transparency Accountability

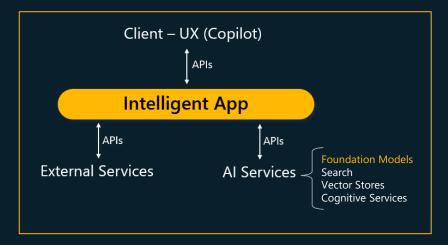


Foundation Models

A large-scale AI system trained on diverse data and can perform various tasks often with minimal additional training.

Training: Learns from large datasets by adjusting internal parameters to minimize errors.

Inference: Uses trained knowledge to make predictions or decisions on new data.



Example: Text

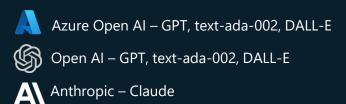
Trained on massive text data to understand and generate human language.

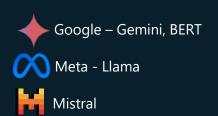
Recognizes patterns in grammar, context, and word associations for meaningful responses.

Large Language Models (LLMs): Require high computational power, typically run in the cloud.

Smaller Models: Optimized versions for local devices with lower computational needs.

Examples:

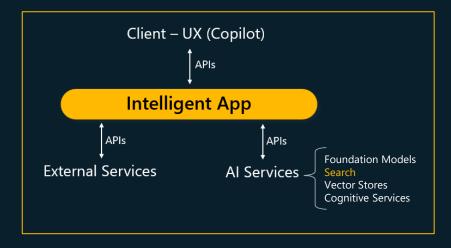




Search

Keyword Search v Semantic Search

Keyword search is a traditional method where a system looks for exact words or phrases in documents, databases, or other text sources.



Semantic Search is a broad concept. It refers to any search approach that retrieves results based on the meaning (semantics) of the query, rather than exact keyword matches.

Example: Query: "How does global warming impact nature?"

Keyword Search: Matches documents with "global warming," "impact," and "nature."

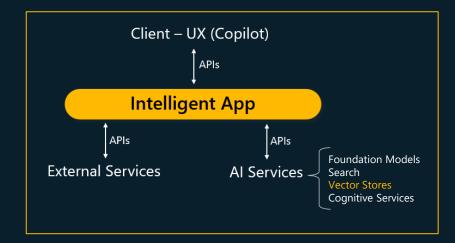
Embedding Search: Matches content about "climate change effects on biodiversity," "ecosystem damage," or "rising temperatures harming wildlife," even if "global warming" isn't explicitly mentioned.

Embeddings are a specific technique used to implement semantic search.

Embeddings

Embeddings encode complex data in a high-dimensional space, where similarity is measured by distance apart (using cosine similarity).

Example: Text ... using models such as text-ada-002, BERT, others Encoded into numerical vectors that capture semantic meaning.



```
-> [0.8, 0.1, 0.2, 0.7, ...] 
-> [0.8, 0.1, 0.3, 0.6, ...] Close
"How do I fix my phone screen?"
"What is the best way to repair a broken phone screen?"
"What is the weather like today?"
                                                                          -> [0.2, 0.8, 0.7, 0.3, ...]
```

Example: Medical images ... using model MedImageInsight (MI2) Certain conditions in an X-ray image would cluster together

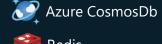
Vector Store is the underlying technology or database where embeddings / representations of data are physically stored and managed.











MongoDB



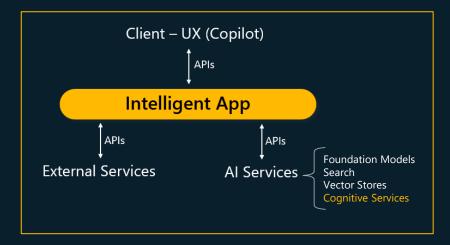




SQLServer

Cognitive Services

Cognitive Services are cloud-based APIs that allow developers to integrate artificial intelligence (AI) capabilities into applications without having to be experts in machine learning or AI.



Azure Cognitive Services:

Al Vision: Analyses images and videos for objects, faces, and text.

Al Speech: Converts speech to text, text to speech, and translates audio.

Al Language: Understands text, sentiment, and key phrases.

Al Translator: Provides real-time text and speech translation.

Al Search: Enhances search with Al-powered indexing and relevance.

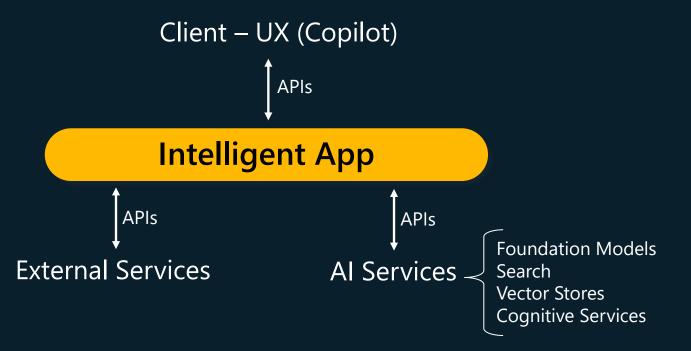
Al Content Safety: Detects and moderates harmful or inappropriate content.

Al Document Intelligence: Extracts data from documents such as invoices, receipts, and forms.

Al Content Understanding: Derive meaningful insights from diverse data, ranging from text, audio, images, and video.

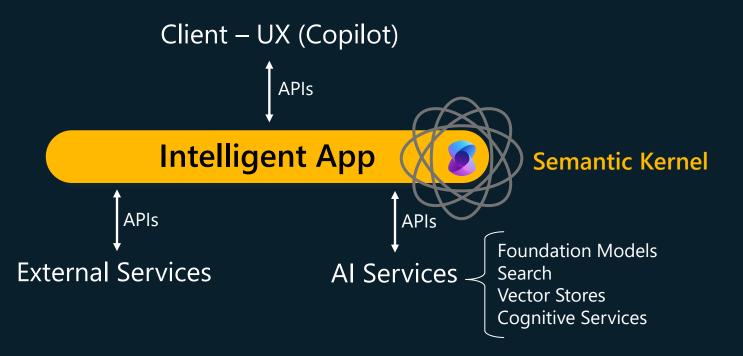
AI Application

Responsible Al Fairness Reliability and Safety Privacy and Security Inclusiveness Transparency Accountability



AI Application

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Semantic Kernel

Orchestration middleware that lets you easily add AI to your apps

Open-source / Lightweight / Extensible

Built specifically for enterprise app developers

Supported / Trustworthy / Reliable

Includes:

Connectors to Al Services

Context / Memories

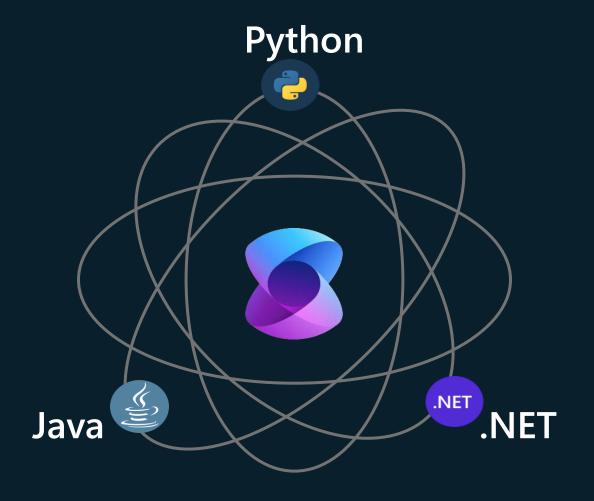
Prompts

Plugins

Telemetry

Agent Framework

Process Framework



Semantic Kernel / AutoGen

Microsoft have two AI frameworks:

Semantic Kernel - for enterprise AI applications – fully supported / commitment to stability and non-breaking changes. https://github.com/microsoft/semantic-kernel

AutoGen - from Microsoft Research intended to ideate and experiment. https://github.com/microsoft/autogen

Working on a mechanism to seamlessly transition from AutoGen to Semantic Kernel

Semantic Kernel v AutoGen - which framework is more appropriate for production?

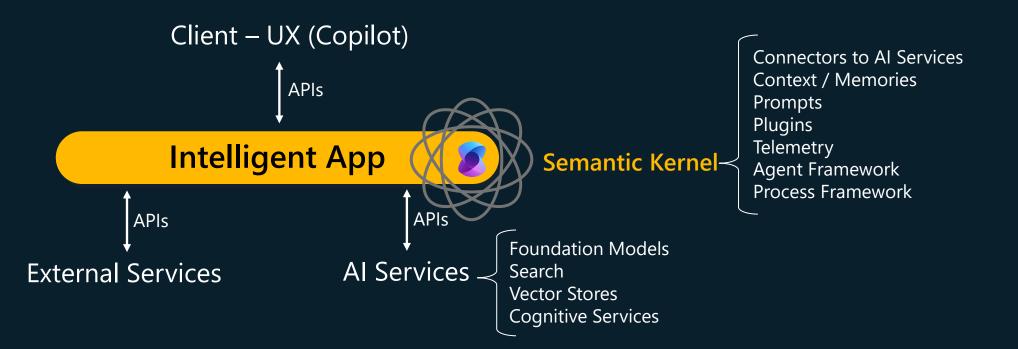
https://devblogs.microsoft.com/semantic-kernel/microsofts-agentic-ai-frameworks-autogen-and-semantic-kernel/

Semantic Kernel Roadmap H1 2025

https://devblogs.microsoft.com/semantic-kernel/semantic-kernel-roadmap-h1-2025-accelerating-agents-processes-and-integration/

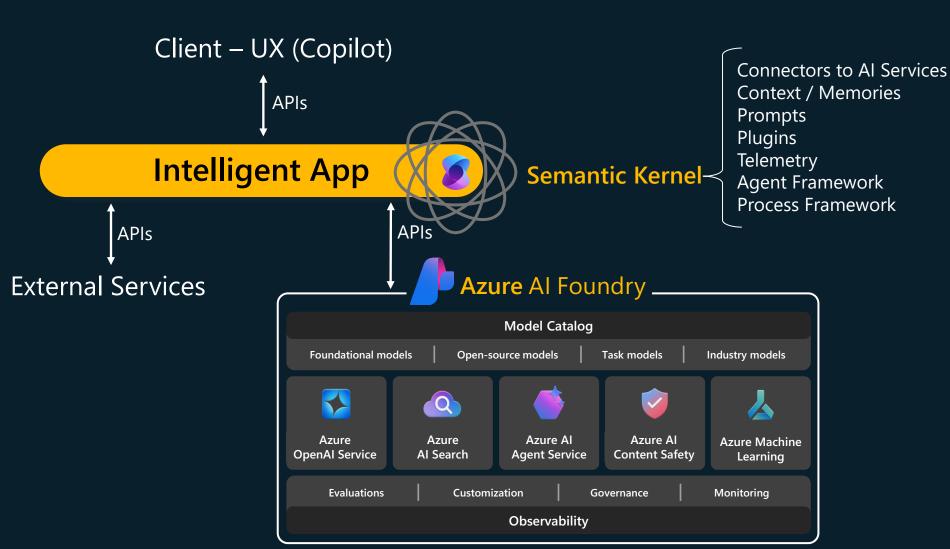
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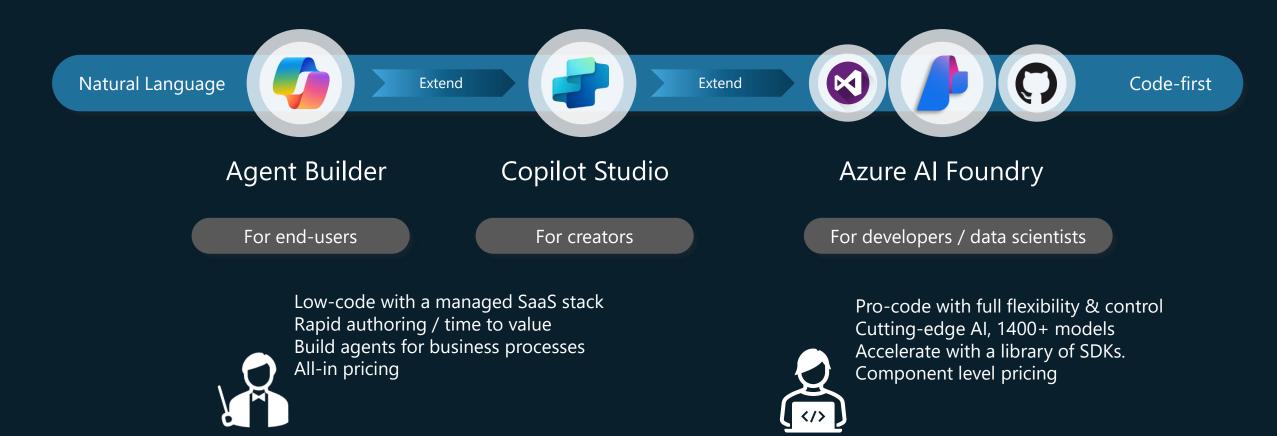


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Building Al applications - Compose / Code

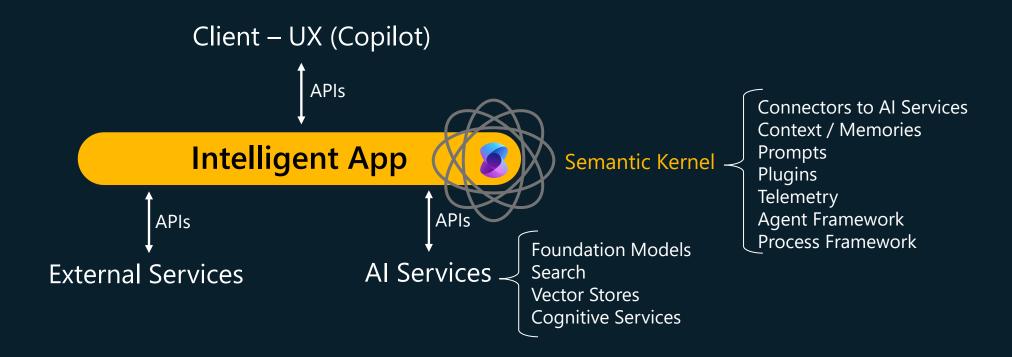


Show some code!

https://github.com/markharrison/sk-Chatter-Bing
https://github.com/markharrison/sk-DocUploader
https://github.com/markharrison/sk-Chatter-ToDo
https://github.com/markharrison/sk-Chatter-MultiAgent
https://github.com/markharrison/sk-Process-Triage



Intelligent Application

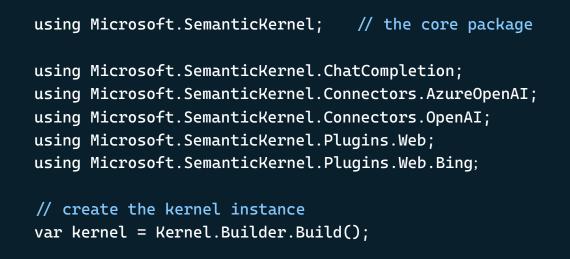


Adding Semantic Kernel to your . NET application

Semantic Kernel for .NET is distributed as a set of NuGet packages.

Each package typically focuses on a specific area of functionality, allowing developers to include only the components they need in their applications.

This modular approach helps keep dependencies lightweight and targeted.



Microsoft.Extensions.AI



Microsoft.SemanticKernel.Abstrations

Microsoft.Extensions.VectorData



Microsoft.SemanticKernel.Memory

Demo - chat application

using Microsoft.SemanticKernel.ChatCompletion; # Chat Service / Chat History
using Microsoft.SemanticKernel.Connectors.AzureOpenAI; # could use alternative models

Create: Kernel + Chat Service + Chat History Add system message to History Do loop:

- Get user prompt ... add user message to History
- Call AI endpoint
- Display response ... add response to History



Enhancing generative models

A popular pattern is Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG)

Combines generative AI with additional data to overcome reliance on outdated public datasets.

Enables real-time, accurate information access.

Can incorporate private or specialised knowledge.

Use Vectors Stores to enable semantic searches e.g. Azure Al Search.



Plugins

A plugin is a self-contained unit of logic for specific tasks and can be used to integrate to other systems or incorporate business logic.

Allows LLMs to invoke your code & APIs.

Semantic Kernel marshals the request to the appropriate function in your codebase and returns the results back to the LLM so the LLM can generate a final response.

Some plugins are prebuilt supplied with SK - but can write your own.



Demo – chat application with Bing plugin

Returning to the RAG pattern

The Bing Search plugin enables the LLM to ground its responses using up-to-date information retrieved from the web..

```
using Microsoft.SemanticKernel.Plugins.Web;
using Microsoft.SemanticKernel.Plugins.Web.Bing;
```

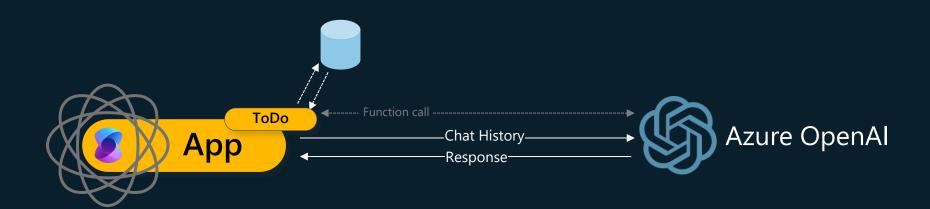


Demo - chat application with custom plugin

Custom plugin to handle "To Do" items

Functions:

```
public List<ToDoItem> GetToDoItems()
public string AddToDoItem(string description)
public string RemoveToDoItem(string description)
```



Demo – document uploader

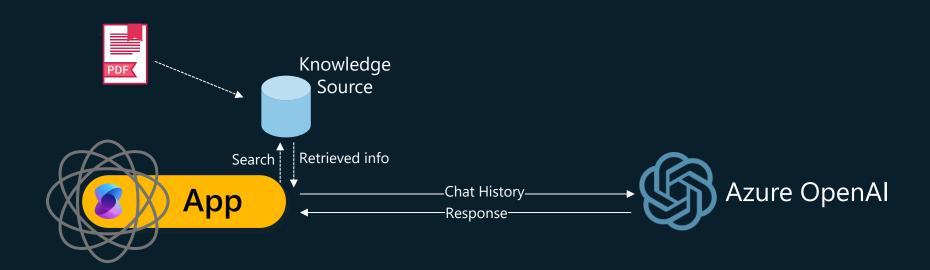
Returning to RAG. What if our information is in documents such as PDF, Word, Need to

Upload document / extract the contents.

Split the document contents up into small chunks.

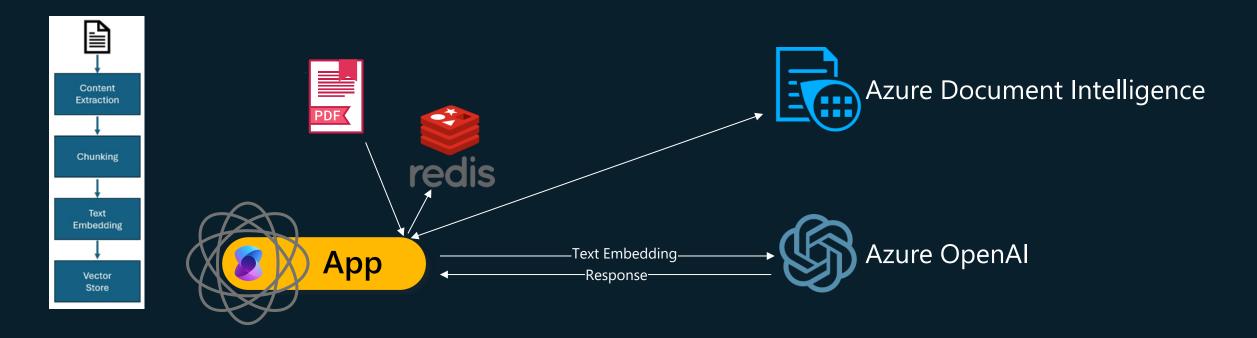
Vectorise the chunk

Add the chunk plus its vectorised version into a vector store



Demo – document uploader

```
using Azure.AI.DocumentIntelligence;
using Microsoft.SemanticKernel.Embeddings;
using Microsoft.Extensions.VectorData;
using Microsoft.SemanticKernel.Connectors.AzureOpenAI; # could use alternative text embedding
using Microsoft.SemanticKernel.Connectors.Redis; # could use alternative vector stores
```



To implement complex agentic architectures, we now have two frameworks, which can be used independently or combined:

- Agents Framework
- Process Framework

Agent Framework

The SK Agent Framework provides a platform to allow for the creation of AI agents and the ability to incorporate agentic patterns.

Multiple agents can collaborate within a single conversation.

An agent can engage in and manage multiple concurrent conversations simultaneously.

Different types of agents can participate in the same conversation, each contributing their unique capabilities.



Agent Class

The abstract *Agent* class serves as the core abstraction for all types of agents, providing a foundational structure that can be extended to create more specialized agents.

Subclass is Kernel Agent which connects to an instance of Semantic Kernel.

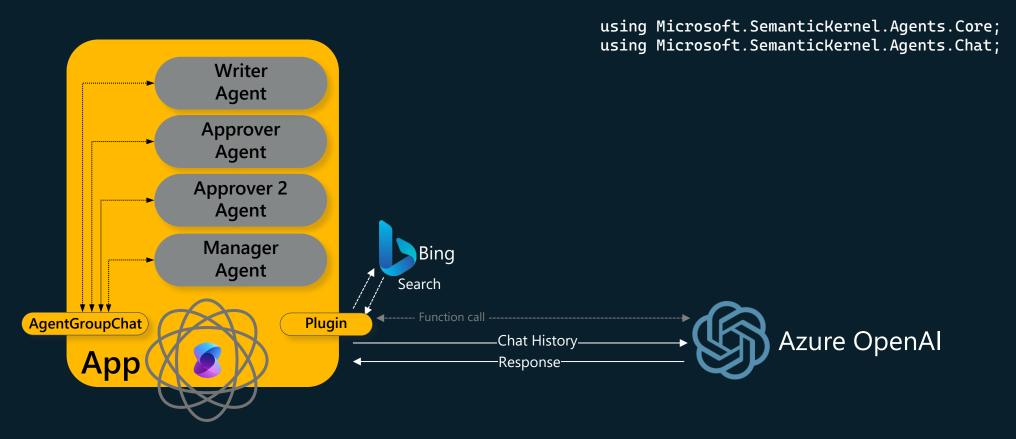
Agents can either be invoked directly to perform tasks or orchestrated within an *AgentGroupChat*, where multiple agents may collaborate or interact dynamically with user inputs.

Demo

Agents work together to achieve an objective.

In a multi-turn invocation, the system must decide which agent responds next and when the conversation should end Selection : define whose turn it is – which agent next.

Termination: when the dialogue should stop – has the objective been achieved.



Process Framework

The integration of AI into business processes has become increasingly important.

The SK Process Framework empowers developers to efficiently create, manage, and deploy business processes while leveraging the powerful capabilities of AI.

Concepts

Process: A collection of steps arranged to achieve a specific business goal for customers.

Step: An activity within a process that has defined inputs and outputs, contributing to a larger goal.

Event: Something has happened – trigger a step.



Process

Process is the overarching container – orchestrates flow/routing of data between the steps

A process contains multiple steps

A step is a discrete until of work

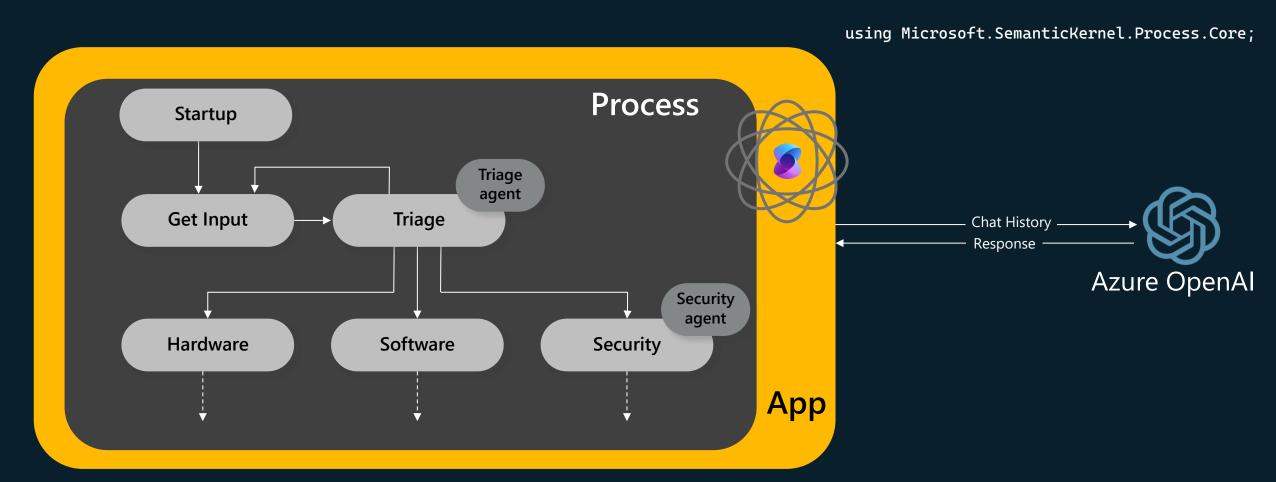
A step contains one or more functions

A step emits events that can trigger subsequent steps.

Demo – support ticket

Process to manage support tickets

Triage step uses chat agent to classify the type of ticket and route appropriately to next steps



Thank you

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Links

Unlocking human potential starts with trust

https://www.microsoft.com/ai/responsible-ai