Quantum III

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Question 1

- a) Sketch the energy level (Grotrian) diagram for a hydrogen atom. Use it to explain the atomic spectrum that is observed for hydrogen.
- b) What is meant by the term radial distribution function when discussing atomic orbitals? Sketch the radial distribution functions of the 2s and 2p orbitals of lithium.
- c) The principal series of lines in the emission spectrum of atomic lithium arise from the np \rightarrow 2s transitions, where n is the principal quantum number. The first five lines in the series are observed at wavenumbers of 14 908, 30 935, 36 479, 39 024, and 40 399 cm-1. Use a graphical method to estimate the ionization energy (expressed as a wavenumber, in cm⁻¹) of the 2s electron in lithium.
- d) In fact, under higher resolution, the $2p \rightarrow 2s$ transition in b) is split into a doublet separated by 0.3 cm^{-1} . Explain this observation.

Question 2

- a) Write down the Rydberg equation and explain briefly its value in analysis of atomic spectra of hydrogenic atoms. The lowest energy electronic transition in ground state hydrogen atoms occurs at a wavelength of 121.8nm, and the lowest energy transition in ground state helium occurs at a wavelength of 58.43 nm. Calculate the ratio of the Rydberg constants for hydrogen and helium.
- b) What is meant by a radial probability distribution function for an electron in an atom? In what way is it different from the radial wavefunction? Outline how a knowledge of the radial wavefunction can help explain the energy ordering of the s, p, and d orbitals in an atom.
- c) If helium gas is excited in an electrical discharge, an emission spectrum showing a large number of spectral lines is observed. Many of these lines are absent from the absorption spectrum of helium. Explain this observation as fully as possible.
- d) What is the Uncertainty Principle? Describe one experiment that provides evidence for the Uncertainty Principle.

Question 3

- a) Write notes on the following topics:
 - i. Principal quantum number, n
 - ii. Orbital angular momentum quantum number, l
 - iii. Spin quantum number, s
 - iv. Magnetic quantum number, m_l
- b) The wavefunction for a 2p_z electron in a hydrogenic atom of atomic number Z is

$$\psi = Nr\cos\theta e^{-\frac{Zr}{2a_0}}$$

where a_0 is the Bohr radius and N is a normalisation constant.

i. Normalise this wavefunction. For this step, you will need the integrals.

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} r^{n} e^{-\alpha r} dr = \frac{n!}{a^{n+1}} \qquad \int_{0}^{\pi} \cos^{2} \theta \sin \theta d\theta = \frac{2}{3} \quad \int_{0}^{2\pi} d\phi = 2\pi$$

- ii. Evaluate the most probable distance of the electron from the nucleus.
- iii. Identify the most probable location of the electron in terms of r and θ .

Question 4

- a. Explain what is meant by the terms eigenfunction, eigenvalue and normalization constant.
- b. Show that: i) e^{ibt} ; and ii) a $a\cos(bt+c)$; in which a, b and c are constants, are eigenfunctions of the operator $\frac{d^2}{dt^2}$. and in each case determine the associated eigenvalue.
- c. A simple model for the molecule β -carotene (whose structure is shown below) treats the π electrons as though they were confined to a one-dimensional box with infinitely high potential walls. The electrons can then be described according to the "particle-in-a-box" model, with each energy level able to accommodate a maximum of two electrons.
 - i. What value must the wavefunction for the electrons in the box have at each end of the box? Why?
 - ii. B-carotene is orange; in what region of the visible spectrum does it absorb light?
 - iii. It is possible to synthesize molecules of structure similar to β -carotene, in which the length of the conjugated π system is greater than that in β -carotene. The energy of electrons confined to a one-dimensional box is given by what equation? How would the wavelength of the light absorbed by the π electrons be affected if the length of the conjugated system were increased? Justify your answer.