





Performance



Values are estimated and may vary. The performance score is calculated directly from these metrics. See calculator.

View Original Trace



Opportunities — These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't directly affect the performance score.

Opportunity Estimated Savings

▲ Properly size images 3.01 s ∧

Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save mobile data and improve load time. Learn more.

Show 3rd party resources (0)

URL Resource Potential size savings



Eliminate render-blocking resources

2.73 s ^

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. <u>Learn more</u>.

		Show 3rd-party r	resources (6)
	URL	Transfer size	Potential savings
	/css2?family= (fonts.googleapis.com)	30.3 KiB	1,370 ms
	css/bootstrap.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	21.0 KiB	1,230 ms
	css/base.css (127.0.0.1)	5.8 KiB	330 ms
	css/checkout.css (127.0.0.1)	1.1 KiB	330 ms
	/961edcee09.js (kit.fontawesome.com)	4.5 KiB	940 ms
	/jquery-3.5.1.js (code.jquery.com)	82.7 KiB	2,650 ms
	js/bootstrap.bundle.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	20.6 KiB	450 ms
	/v3/ (js.stripe.com)	57.0 KiB	2,110 ms
A	Remove unused JavaScript		1.35 s ^
	Remove unused JavaScript to reduce bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn more</u> .		
		Show 3rd-party r	resources (2)
	URL	Transfer size	Potential savings
	/jquery-3.5.1.js (code.jquery.com)	82.7 KiB	54.2 KiB
	/v3/ (js.stripe.com)	57.0 KiB	33.8 KiB
A	Reduce initial server response time		0.53 s ^
	Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests of	depend on it. <u>Learn more</u>	<u>2</u> .
		Show 3rd-party r	resources (0)
	URL		Time Spent
	/checkout/ (127.0.0.1)		630 ms
	Use HTTP/2		0.33 s ^
	HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers, multiplexing and	server push. <u>Learn more</u>	ļ.
		Show 3rd party r	resources (0)
	URL	Protocol	
	/checkout/ (127.0.0.1)	http/1.1	
	css/base.css (127.0.0.1)	http/1.1	
	css/checkout.css (127.0.0.1)	http/1.1	
	/media/margherita-pizza.png (127.0.0.1)	http/1.1	
	js/timer.js (127.0.0.1)	http/1.1	
		11ttp/ 111	

URL	Protocol
js/stripe_elements.js (127.0.0.1)	http/1.1
js/pizza-loader.js (127.0.0.1)	http/1.1
/media/rsz_1pizza-slice-pattern.png (127.0.0.1)	http/1.1

Remove unused CSS 0.3 s ^

Remove dead rules from style sheets and defer the loading of CSS not used for above-the-fold content to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn more</u>.

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (2)

URL	Transfer size	Potential savings
/css2?family= (fonts.googleapis.com)	30.3 KiB	30.3 KiB
css/bootstrap.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	21.0 KiB	20.0 KiB
<pre>/*! * Font Awesome Free 5.15.3 by @fontawesome - https://fontawesome.com * License - https://fonta</pre>	12.0 KiB	11.9 KiB

Diagnostics — More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't <u>directly affect</u> the performance score.

▲ Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy — 15 resources found

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more.

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (8)

URL	Cache TTL	Transfer size
/media/margherita-pizza.png (127.0.0.1)	None	755 KiB
/media/rsz_1pizza-slice-pattern.png (127.0.0.1)	None	242 KiB
css/base.css (127.0.0.1)	None	6 KiB
js/stripe_elements.js (127.0.0.1)	None	4 KiB
js/pizza-loader.js (127.0.0.1)	None	4 KiB
css/checkout.css (127.0.0.1)	None	1 KiB
js/timer.js (127.0.0.1)	None	1 KiB
js/ui-shared-aa42abfjs (js.stripe.com)	5 m	70 KiB
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)	5 m	57 KiB
js/shared-5a70e08js (js.stripe.com)	5 m	34 KiB
js/shared-5a70e08js (js.stripe.com)	5 m	34 KiB
js/controller-adc8878js (js.stripe.com)	5 m	22 KiB
js/elements-inner-card-bfd660bjs (js.stripe.com)	5 m	14 KiB
css/ui-shared-2301e00css (js.stripe.com)	5 m	3 KiB

URL Cache TTL Transfer size

...js/m-outer-a7fed99....js (js.stripe.com)

5 m 1 KiB

Avoid chaining critical requests - 15 chains found

The critical request chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn more.

Maximum critical path latency: 2,070 ms

```
Initial Navigation
```

```
/checkout/ (127.0.0.1)
```

/css2?family=... (fonts.googleapis.com)

...v28/-F6pfjtqL....118.woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 50 ms, 12.98 KiB

...v15/JTUSjlg1_....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 60 ms, 13.46 KiB

...v28/-F6pfjtqL....119.woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 90 ms, 47.58 KiB

...css/bootstrap.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net) - 130 ms, 21.04 KiB

...css/base.css (127.0.0.1) - 10 ms, 5.82 KiB

...css/checkout.css (127.0.0.1) - 10 ms, 1.14 KiB

...webfonts/free-fa-solid-900.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com) - 190 ms, 77.34 KiB

...webfonts/free-fa-brands-400.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com) - 410 ms, 75.42 KiB

/961edcee09.js (kit.fontawesome.com) - 70 ms, 4.45 KiB

/jquery-3.5.1.js (code.jquery.com) - 930 ms, 82.68 KiB

...js/bootstrap.bundle.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net) - 80 ms, 20.64 KiB

/v3/ (js.stripe.com) - 700 ms, 57.00 KiB

...js/timer.js (127.0.0.1) - 0 ms, 0.96 KiB

...js/stripe_elements.js (127.0.0.1) - 0 ms, 4.21 KiB

...js/pizza-loader.js (127.0.0.1) - 0 ms, 3.92 KiB

Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small − 46 requests • 1,728 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. <u>Learn more</u>.

Resource type	Requests	Transfer size
Total	46	1,727.5 KiB
Image	13	1,000.0 KiB
Script	13	348.3 KiB
Font	5	226.8 KiB
Stylesheet	5	61.3 KiB
Other	5	53.9 KiB
Document	5	37.2 KiB
Media	0	0.0 KiB

Resource type	Requests	Transfer size
Third-party	38	692.6 KiB
Largest contentful paint ele	ment — 1 element found element painted within the viewport. Learn more	^
Element		
	p	
Avoid large layout shifts —		^
	oute most to the CLS of the page.	
Element	p	CLS contribution
		0.007
div	.row.w-100.btn-black.countdown	
		0.007
	p.my-0	
		0.001
'	p.my-0	
		0.001
	p.my-0	
		0.001

Lists the longest tasks on the main thread –useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. <u>Learn more</u>

	Show 3rd-party re	esources (2)
URL	Start Time	Duratio
/jquery-3.5.1.js (code.jquery.com)	4,595 ms	132 ms
/961edcee09.js (kit.fontawesome.com)	4,727 ms	107 ms
/checkout/ (127.0.0.1)	780 ms	100 ms
Avoid non-composited animations — 1 animated element found		,
Animations which are not composited can be poor, slow and increase CLS. Learn m	<u>ore</u>	
Element		
div#card-element.mb-3.StripeElement.StripeElementempty		
Unsupported CSS property: box-shadow		
ssed audits (24)		,
Defer off-screen images		
Consider lazy loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finteractive. Learn more.	nished loading to lower time	to
Minify CSS — Potential savings of 3 KiB		
Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. <u>Learn more</u> .		
	Show 3rd-party re	esources (1
URL	Transfer size	Potenti savino
/css2?family= (fonts.googleapis.com)	30.3 KiB	3.4 KiE
Minify JavaScript		
Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn mor	<u>re</u> .	
Efficiently encode images		
Optimised images load faster and consume less mobile data. <u>Learn more</u> .		
Serve images in next-gen formats		
Image formats like JPEG 2000, JPEG XR and WebP often provide better compression faster downloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more</u> .	on than PNG or JPEG, which	means
Enable text compression		
		Learn
Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to remore.	ninimise total network bytes.	Leam

Consider adding `preconnect` or `dns-prefetch` resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party origins. Learn more.

Avoid multiple page redirects

Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn more.

Pre-load key requests

Consider using `k rel=preload>` to prioritise fetching resources that are currently requested later in page load. <u>Learn more</u>.

Use video formats for animated content

Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. <u>Learn more</u>

Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles

Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity.

Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers

Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code delivered to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn more

Preload largest contentful paint image

Preload the image used by the LCP element in order to improve your LCP time. Learn more.

Avoids enormous network payloads - Total size was 1,728 KiB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn more.

Show 3rd-party resources (8)

URL	Transfer size
/media/margherita-pizza.png (127.0.0.1)	754.9 KiB
/media/rsz_1pizza-slice-pattern.png (127.0.0.1)	242.0 KiB
/jquery-3.5.1.js (code.jquery.com)	82.7 KiB
webfonts/free-fa-solid-900.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	77.3 KiB
webfonts/free-fa-brands-400.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	75.4 KiB
js/ui-shared-aa42abfjs (js.stripe.com)	69.8 KiB
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)	57.0 KiB
v28/-F6pfjtqL119.woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	47.6 KiB
data/countryRanges-e0a0966json (js.stripe.com)	35.5 KiB
js/shared-5a70e08js (js.stripe.com)	33.9 KiB

Avoids an excessive DOM size - 247 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer style calculations and produce costly layout reflows. Learn more.

Statistic	Element	Value
Total DOM Elements		247
Maximum DOM Depth	i.fas.fa-search	11
Maximum Child Elements	body	16

User Timing marks and measures

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. <u>Learn more</u>.

JavaScript execution time - 0.5 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn more</u>.

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (2)

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
js/pizza-loader.js (127.0.0.1)	962 ms	279 ms	1 ms
Unattributable	400 ms	11 ms	1 ms
/checkout/ (127.0.0.1)	363 ms	11 ms	2 ms
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)	84 ms	71 ms	8 ms
js/stripe_elements.js (127.0.0.1)	63 ms	62 ms	0 ms
/jquery-3.5.1.js (code.jquery.com)	58 ms	37 ms	11 ms

Minimises main-thread work - 2.0 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn more</u>

Category	Time Spent
Other	1,067 ms
Script Evaluation	535 ms
Style & Layout	165 ms
Rendering	162 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	64 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	28 ms
Garbage Collection	15 ms
All took various visible abvision webford looks	

All text remains visible during webfont loads

Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. <u>Learn more</u>.

Minimise third-party usage - Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn more</u>.

		Show 3rd-party resources (0)		
Third-party	Transfer size	Main-Thread Blocking Time		
<u>Stripe</u>	289 KiB	0 ms		
js/ui-shared-aa42abfjs (js.stripe.com)	70 KiB	0 ms		
js/shared-5a70e08js (js.stripe.com)	68 KiB	0 ms		
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)	57 KiB	0 ms		
data/countryRanges-e0a0966json (js.stripe.com)	35 KiB	0 ms		
js/controller-adc8878js (js.stripe.com)	22 KiB	0 ms		
Other resources	37 KiB	0 ms		
FontAwesome CDN	175 KiB	0 ms		
webfonts/free-fa-solid-900.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	77 KiB	0 ms		
webfonts/free-fa-brands-400.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	75 KiB	0 ms		
css/free.min.css?token=961edcee09 (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	13 KiB	0 ms		
Other resources	10 KiB	0 ms		
Google Fonts	104 KiB	0 ms		
v28/-F6pfjtqL119.woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	48 KiB	0 ms		
/css2?family= (fonts.googleapis.com)	30 KiB	0 ms		
v15/JTUSjIg1woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	13 KiB	0 ms		
v28/-F6pfjtqL118.woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	13 KiB	0 ms		
jQuery CDN	83 KiB	0 ms		
/jquery-3.5.1.js (code.jquery.com)	83 KiB	0 ms		
JSDelivr CDN	42 KiB	0 ms		
css/bootstrap.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	21 KiB	0 ms		
js/bootstrap.bundle.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	21 KiB	0 ms		
Lazy load third-party resources with facades		^		
Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them v	vith a facade until they	are required. <u>Learn more</u> .		
Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance		^		
Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as `passive` to improve your page's scroll performance. <u>Learn more</u> .				
Avoids document.write()				
For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via `document.write()` can delay page load by tens of seconds. <u>Learn more</u> .				
Image elements have explicit width and height		^		
Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shift	ts and improve CLS. <u>Le</u>	earn more		



These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

Contrast — These are opportunities to improve the legibility of your content.

and understand when using assistive technologies. Learn more.

Failing elements

Low-contrast text is diffi	cult or impossible for many users to read. Learn more.	
Failing elements		
	p.mb-1.mt-0.small.text-muted	
	7	
	p.mb-1.mt-0.small.text-muted	
	_	
	p.my-0.small.text-muted	
	- Prof. Section Control	
	p.my-0.small.text-muted	
	p.my o.onatoxt mated	
	p.text-muted.pt-3	
gation — These are op	portunities to improve keyboard navigation in your application.	

Failing elements

		n6 n4	
		opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may of assistive technology, such as a screen reader.	
•	Links do not have a discernib	for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique and focusable improves the	^
	Failing elements	a	
	ditional items to manually che arn more in our guide on <u>condu</u>	cck (10) — These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. ucting an accessibility review.	^
	The page has a logical tab or Tabbing through the page follows:	der ows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more</u> .	^
	Interactive controls are keybo	pard focusable	^
	Custom interactive controls are	e keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. Learn more.	
	Interactive elements indicate	their purpose and state	^
	Interactive elements, such as l elements. <u>Learn more</u> .	links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive	
	The user's focus is directed to	o new content added to the page	^
	If new content, such as a dialo	og, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn more.	
	User focus is not accidentally	trapped in a region	^
	A user can tab into and out of	any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn more.	

Custom controls have associated labels	^
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. Learn more.	
Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn more.	
HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. <u>Learn more</u>.</nav></main>	
Passed audits (22)	^
[aria-*] attributes match their roles	^
Each ARIA `role` supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the `aria-*` attributes. <u>Learn more</u> .	
[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body></body>	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document ` <body>`. Learn more.</body>	
[aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents	^
Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	
[role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes	^
Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.	^
Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more</u> .	
[role]s are contained by their required parent element	^
Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more</u> .	
[role] values are valid	^
ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more.	
rouse as attributed baye valid values	^
rouse as attributed baye valid values	^

Assistive technologies, such as screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more.

Buttons have an accessible name

When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as 'button', making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

The page contains a heading, skip link or landmark region

Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more.

Document has a <title> element

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more.

[id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique

All focusable elements must have a unique 'id' to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn more.

ARIA IDs are unique

The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. <u>Learn</u> more.

<frame> or <iframe> elements have a title

Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more.

<html> element has a [lang] attribute

If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. <u>Learn more</u>.

<html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute

Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn more.

Image elements have [alt] attributes

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternative text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. <u>Learn more</u>.

Form elements have associated labels

Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, such as screen readers. Learn more.

Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>).

Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. <u>Learn</u> more.

List items (<1i>) are contained within <u1> or <o1> parent elements

Screen readers require list items (') to be contained within a parent '' or '' to be announced properly. <u>Learn more</u>.

[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5.

Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. <u>Learn more</u>.

Not applicable (19)

[accesskey] values are unique

Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. <u>Learn</u> more.

button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA input fields have accessible names

When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA meter elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA toggle fields have accessible names

When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

<dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <diy> elements.

When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn more.

Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements

Definition list items ('<dt>` and `<dd>`) must be wrapped in a parent `<dl>` element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. <u>Learn more</u>.

No form fields have multiple labels

Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies, like screen readers, which use either the first, the last or all of the labels. <u>Learn more</u>.

<input type="image"> elements have [alt] text

When an image is being used as an `<input>` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn more.

The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh">

Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. Learn more.

<object> elements have [alt] text

Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding all text to `<object>` elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. <u>Learn more</u>.

No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0

A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.

Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring that table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more.

[lang] attributes have a valid value

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn</u> more.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing-impaired users to access its information. Learn more.



Best Practices

General

Issues were logged in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools

Issues logged to the `Issues` panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.

Show 3rd-party resources (0)

Issue type

SameSite cookie

```
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)
/v3/controller-c30e73e....html (js.stripe.com)
/v3/elements-inner-card-7420390....html (js.stripe.com)
/v3/m-outer-0cba8a9....html (js.stripe.com)
...js/shared-5a70e08....js (js.stripe.com)
...js/controller-adc8878....js (js.stripe.com)
...css/ui-shared-2301e00....css (js.stripe.com)
...js/ui-shared-aa42abf....js (js.stripe.com)
...js/elements-inner-card-bfd660b....js (js.stripe.com)
...js/m-outer-a7fed99....js (js.stripe.com)
/?event=... (q.stripe.com)
/?event=... (q.stripe.com)
/?event=... (q.stripe.com)
/?event=... (q.stripe.com)
...data/countryRanges-e0a0966....json (js.stripe.com)
/?event=... (q.stripe.com)
/?event=... (q.stripe.com)
/?event=... (q.stripe.com)
/?event=... (q.stripe.com)
/?event=... (q.stripe.com)
/?event=... (q.stripe.com)
/6 (m.stripe.com)
/?event=... (q.stripe.com)
```

Passed audits (16)

Uses HTTPS

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more</u>.

Links to cross-origin destinations are safe

Add `rel="noopener"` or `rel="noreferrer"` to any external links to improve performance and prevent security vulnerabilities. Learn more.

Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. Learn more.

Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. <u>Learn more</u>.

Some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily identified and exploited by attackers. Learn more.

Allows users to paste into password fields

Preventing password pasting undermines good security policy. Learn more.

Displays images with correct aspect ratio

Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more.

Serves images with appropriate resolution

Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximise image clarity. <u>Learn</u> more.

Page has the HTML doctype

Specifying a DOCTYPE prevents the browser from switching to quirks mode. Learn more.

Properly defines charset

A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a `<meta>` tag in the first 1,024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. <u>Learn more</u>.

Avoids unload event listeners

The `unload` event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimisations like the back-forward cache. Consider using the `pagehide` or `visibilitychange` events instead. <u>Learn More</u>

Avoids application cache

Application cache is deprecated. Learn more.

Detected JavaScript libraries

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more.

Name Version

Bootstrap 4.6.0

jQuery 3.5.1

Avoids deprecated APIs

Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more.

No browser errors logged to the console

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. <u>Learn more</u>

Page has valid source maps

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers to debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Learn</u> more.

URL
....js/bootstrap.bundle.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)
....js/bootstrap.bundle.min.js.map (cdn.jsdelivr.net)

Not applicable (1)

Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded

Preload 'optional' fonts so that first-time visitors may use them. Learn more



These checks ensure that your page is optimised for search engine results ranking. There are additional factors that Lighthouse does not check that may affect your search ranking. <u>Learn more</u>.

Content Best Practices - Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content.

Additional items to manually check (1) — Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

Structured data is valid
Run the Structured Data Testing Tool and the Structured Data Linter to validate structured data. Learn more.

Passed audits (11)

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale
Add a `<meta name="viewport"> tag to optimise your app for mobile screens. Learn more.

Document has a <title> element
The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more.

Page has successful HTTP status code
Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more.

Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. Learn more.

Links are crav	wlable			^
_	es may use 'href' attributes on links to diate destination, so that more pages of			(S
Page isn't blo	ocked from indexing			^
Search engine	es are unable to include your pages in	search results if they don't have perr	nission to crawl them. Learn mor	<u>e</u> .
Image elemen	nts have [alt] attributes			^
Informative ele	ements should aim for short, descriptive earn more.	ve alternative text. Decorative elemen	nts can be ignored with an empty	′
Document has	s a valid hreflang			^
hreflang links t	tell search engines what version of a p	age they should list in search results	for a given language or region.	
Document use	es legible font sizes - 100% legible	etext		^
	s than 12px are too small to be legible f page text ≥12px. <u>Learn more</u> .	and require mobile visitors to 'pinch	to zoom' in order to read. Strive	to
			Show 3rd-party resources	e (0)
Source	Selector	% of page text	Font size	
Source		% of page text 100.00%	Font size ≥ 12px	
	t			^
Legible text	t	100.00%	≥ 12px	^
Document avo	oids plugins	100.00% ny devices restrict plug-ins or don't s	≥ 12px	^
Document ave Search engine Tap targets ar Interactive ele	oids plugins es can't index plug-in content, and man	ny devices restrict plug-ins or don't so repriately sized tap targets Id be large enough (48 x 48px) and h	≥ 12px support them. <u>Learn more</u> .	^
Document ave Search engine Tap targets ar Interactive ele	oids plugins es can't index plug-in content, and man re sized appropriately — 100% apprenents such as buttons and links shouling to tap without overlapping onto other	ny devices restrict plug-ins or don't so repriately sized tap targets Id be large enough (48 x 48px) and h	≥ 12px support them. <u>Learn more</u> .	^
Document avon Search engine Tap targets are Interactive elements be easy enough.	oids plugins es can't index plug-in content, and man re sized appropriately — 100% apprenents such as buttons and links shouling to tap without overlapping onto other	ny devices restrict plug-ins or don't so repriately sized tap targets Id be large enough (48 x 48px) and h	≥ 12px support them. <u>Learn more</u> .	^ to
Document avec Search engine Tap targets are Interactive elember easy enough to tapplicable (2)	oids plugins es can't index plug-in content, and man re sized appropriately — 100% apprenents such as buttons and links shouling to tap without overlapping onto other ralid txt file is malformed, crawlers may not	ny devices restrict plug-ins or don't son the second size opriately sized tap targets and be large enough (48 x 48px) and her elements. Learn more.	≥ 12px support them. Learn more. ave enough space around them	^ to
Document avec Search engine Tap targets are Interactive elembereasy enoughout applicable (2) robots.txt is void of the search engine are interactive elembereasy enoughout applicable (2)	oids plugins es can't index plug-in content, and man re sized appropriately — 100% apprenents such as buttons and links shouling to tap without overlapping onto other ralid txt file is malformed, crawlers may not	ny devices restrict plug-ins or don't son the second size opriately sized tap targets and be large enough (48 x 48px) and her elements. Learn more.	≥ 12px support them. Learn more. ave enough space around them	^ to



These checks validate the aspects of a progressive web app. Learn more.

Installable

▲ Web app manifest does not meet the installability requirements — 1 reason

Browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their home screen, which can lead to higher engagement. <u>Learn</u> more.

Failure reason

No manifest was fetched

PWA Optimised

▲ Does not register a service worker that controls page and start_url

The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many progressive web app features, such as offline, add to home screen and push notifications. <u>Learn more</u>.

▲ Does not redirect HTTP traffic to HTTPS

If you've already set up HTTPS, make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in order to enable secure web features for all your users. <u>Learn more</u>.

▲ Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: No manifest was fetched.

A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their home screens. <u>Learn</u> more.

Does not set a theme colour for the address bar.

Failures: No manifest was fetched, No `<meta name="theme-color">` tag found.

The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. Learn more.

Content is sized correctly for the viewport

If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimised for mobile screens. Learn more.

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

Add a `<meta name="viewport">` tag to optimise your app for mobile screens. Learn more.

▲ Does not provide a valid apple-touch-icon

For ideal appearance on iOS when users add a progressive web app to the home screen, define an `apple-touch-icon`. It must point to a non-transparent 192px (or 180px) square PNG. <u>Learn More</u>.

▲ Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon No manifest was fetched

A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. Learn more.

Additional items to manually check (3) — These checks are required by the baseline <u>PWA checklist</u> but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.

Site works cross-browser

To reach the most users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn more.

Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network

Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. <u>Learn more</u>.

Each page has a URL

Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. Learn more.

Runtime settings

URL http://127.0.0.1:8000/checkout/

Fetch time 30 Mar 2021, 20:11 BST

Device Emulated Moto G4

Network throttling 150 ms TCP RTT, 1,638.4 Kbps throughput (Simulated)

CPU throttling 4x slowdown (Simulated)

Channel devtools

User agent (host) Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_13_6) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML,

like Gecko) Chrome/89.0.4389.90 Safari/537.36

User agent (network) Mozilla/5.0 (Linux; Android 7.0; Moto G (4)) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like

Gecko) Chrome/84.0.4143.7 Mobile Safari/537.36 Chrome-Lighthouse

CPU/Memory power 1866

Axe version 4.1.1

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