

Q1

Monday, October 5, 2020

3:11 PM

Find the derivative.

$$f(x) = e^x \cosh(x)$$

$$f'(x) = e^x [\sinh(x) + \cosh(x)]$$



The Product Rule

$$\frac{d}{dx} [f(x)g(x)] = f(x) \frac{d}{dx} [g(x)] + g(x) \frac{d}{dx} [f(x)]$$

$$f(x) = e^x \cosh(x)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{d}{dx} [e^x \cosh(x)]$$

$$= e^x \frac{d}{dx} [\cosh(x)] + \cosh(x) \frac{d}{dx} (e^x)$$

$$= e^x \sinh(x) + \cosh(x) e^x$$

$$f'(x) = e^x [\sinh(x) + \cosh(x)]$$

Q2

Monday, October 5, 2020 3:25 PM

Find the derivative.

$$g(x) = \sinh^2(x)$$

$$g'(x) = 2 \sinh(x) \cosh(x)$$



$$g(x) = \sinh^2(x)$$

$$g'(x) = \frac{d}{dx} [(\sinh(x))^2]$$

$$= \frac{dy}{du} (u^2) \frac{du}{dx} (u)$$

$$= 2u \frac{d}{dx} [\sinh(x)]$$

$$g'(x) = 2 \sinh(x) \cosh(x)$$

chain Rule

$$u = \sinh(x)$$

$$f(u) = u^2 = y$$

$$\frac{dy}{du} \cdot \frac{du}{dx}$$

Q3

Monday, October 5, 2020

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Find the derivative.

$$y = e^{\cosh(3x)}$$

$$y'(x) = 3 \sinh(3x) e^{\cosh(3x)}$$



$$y = e^{\cosh(3x)}$$

$$y' = \frac{d}{dx} \left[e^{\cosh(3x)} \right]$$

Chain Rule

$$u = \cosh(3x)$$

$$f(u) = e^u = y$$

$$\frac{dy}{du} \cdot \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$= \frac{dy}{du} (e^u) \frac{du}{dx} (u)$$

$$= e^{\cosh(3x)} \frac{d}{dx} [\cosh(3x)]$$

$$= e^{\cosh(3x)} \frac{dy}{dv} [\cosh(v)] \frac{dv}{dx} (v)$$

$$= e^{\cosh(3x)} \sinh(3x) \frac{d}{dx} (3x)$$

$$= e^{\cosh(3x)} \sinh(3x) 3$$

chain rule

$$v = 3x$$

$$f(v) = \cosh(v) = y$$

$$\frac{dy}{dv} \cdot \frac{dv}{dx}$$

$$y' = 3 \sinh(3x) e^{\cosh(3x)}$$

Q4

Monday, October 5, 2020

3:40 PM

Find the derivative.

$$f(x) = x \sinh(x) - 4 \cosh(x)$$

$$f'(x) = x \cosh(x) - 3 \sinh(x)$$



The Product Rule

$$\frac{d}{dx}[f(x)g(x)] = f(x)\frac{d}{dx}[g(x)] + g(x)\frac{d}{dx}[f(x)]$$

$$f(x) = x \sinh(x) - 4 \cosh(x)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{d}{dx} [x \sinh(x) - 4 \cosh(x)]$$

$$= x \frac{d}{dx} [\sinh(x)] + \sinh(x) \frac{d}{dx} (x) - 4 \frac{d}{dx} [\cosh(x)]$$

$$= x \cosh(x) + \sinh(x)(1) - 4 \sinh(x)$$

$$f'(x) = x \cosh(x) - 3 \sinh(x)$$

Q5

Monday, October 5, 2020 3:50 PM

Find the derivative.

$$g(x) = \cosh(\ln(x))$$

$$g'(x) = \sinh(\ln(x)) \frac{1}{x}$$



$$g(x) = \cosh(\ln(x))$$

$$g'(x) = \frac{d}{dx} [\cosh(\ln(x))]$$

$$= \frac{dy}{du} [\cosh(u)] \frac{du}{dx} (u)$$

$$= \sinh(\ln(x)) \frac{d}{dx} [\ln(x)]$$

$$g'(x) = \sinh(\ln(x)) \frac{1}{x}$$

Chain Rule

$$u = \ln(x)$$

$$f(u) = \cosh(u) = y$$

$$\frac{dy}{du} \cdot \frac{du}{dx}$$

Q6

Monday, October 5, 2020

3:58 PM

Find the derivative.

$$y = \sinh(\cosh(x))$$

$$y'(x) = \cosh(\cosh(x)) \sinh(x)$$



$$y = \sinh(\cosh(x))$$

$$y'(x) = \frac{d}{dx} [\sinh(\cosh(x))]$$

$$= \frac{dy}{du} [\sinh(u)] \frac{du}{dx} (u)$$

$$= \cosh(\cosh(x)) \frac{d}{dx} (\cosh(x))$$

$$y'(x) = \cosh(\cosh(x)) \sinh(x)$$

Chain Rule

$$u = \cosh(x)$$

$$f(u) = \sinh(u) = y$$

$$\frac{dy}{du} \cdot \frac{du}{dx}$$

Find the derivative.

$$G(x) = \frac{3 - \cosh(x)}{3 + \cosh(x)}$$

$$G'(x) = -\frac{6 \sinh(x)}{(\cosh(x) + 3)^2}$$



The Quotient Rule

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left[\frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \right] = \frac{g(x) \frac{d}{dx} [f(x)] - f(x) \frac{d}{dx} [g(x)]}{[g(x)]^2}$$

$$G(x) = \frac{3 - \cosh(x)}{3 + \cosh(x)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} G'(x) &= \frac{(3 + \cosh(x)) \frac{d}{dx} [3 - \cosh(x)] - (3 - \cosh(x)) \frac{d}{dx} [3 + \cosh(x)]}{(\cosh(x) + 3)^2} \\ &= \frac{(3 + \cosh(x))(-\sinh(x)) - (3 - \cosh(x))(\sinh(x))}{(\cosh(x) + 3)^2} \\ &= \frac{-3\sinh(x) - \sinh(x)\cosh(x) - [3\sinh(x) - \sinh(x)\cosh(x)]}{(\cosh(x) + 3)^2} \\ &= \frac{-3\sinh(x) - \cancel{\sinh(x)\cosh(x)} - 3\sinh(x) + \cancel{\sinh(x)\cosh(x)}}{(\cosh(x) + 3)^2} \\ &= \frac{-6\sinh(x)}{(\cosh(x) + 3)^2} \end{aligned}$$

Find the derivative.

$$h(t) = \coth(\sqrt{2+t^2})$$

$$h'(t) = \frac{-t \operatorname{csch}^2(\sqrt{2+t^2})}{\sqrt{2+t^2}}$$



$$h(t) = \coth(\sqrt{2+t^2})$$

$$h'(t) = \frac{d}{dx} [\coth(\sqrt{2+t^2})]$$

Chain Rule

$$u = \sqrt{2+t^2}$$

$$f(u) = \coth(u) = y$$

$$\frac{dy}{du} \cdot \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$= \frac{dy}{du} [\coth(u)] \frac{du}{dx} (u)$$

$$= -\operatorname{csch}^2(\sqrt{2+t^2}) \frac{d}{dx} (\sqrt{2+t^2})$$

$$= -\operatorname{csch}^2(\sqrt{2+t^2}) \frac{dy}{dv} (\sqrt{v}) \frac{dv}{dx} (v)$$

$$= -\operatorname{csch}^2(\sqrt{2+t^2}) \frac{dy}{dv} (v^{1/2}) \frac{d}{dx} (2+t^2)$$

$$= -\operatorname{csch}^2(\sqrt{2+t^2}) \left[\frac{1}{2} (2+t^2)^{-1/2} \right] (0+2t)$$

$$= -\operatorname{csch}^2(\sqrt{2+t^2}) \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2+t^2}} \right) (2t)$$

$$= \frac{-2t \operatorname{csch}^2(\sqrt{2+t^2})}{2\sqrt{2+t^2}}$$

$$h'(t) = -\frac{t \operatorname{csch}^2(\sqrt{2+t^2})}{\sqrt{2+t^2}}$$

Chain Rule

$$v = 2+t^2$$

$$f(v) = \sqrt{v} = y$$

$$\frac{dy}{dv} \frac{dv}{dx}$$