an Intensional Dependent Type Theory with Type-in-Type and Recursion

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1 Examples

1.1 pretending $\star =_{\star} \perp$

```
spoofing an equality
     (\lambda pr : (\star =_{\star} \bot) .pr (\lambda x.x) \bot : \neg \star =_{\star} \bot) refl_{\star:\star}
     elaborates to
     (\lambda pr: (\star =_{\star} \bot) .pr (\lambda x.x) \bot : \neg \star =_{\star} \bot) (refl_{\star:\star} :: (\star =_{\star} \star) =_{l} (\star =_{\star} \bot))
     refl_{\star:\star} :: (\star =_{\star} \star) =_l (\star =_{\star} \bot) (\lambda x.x) \bot
                                                                      :⊥
     (\lambda C: (\star \to \star) . \lambda x: C \star . x:: (\Pi C: (\star \to \star) . C \star \to C \star) =_l (\Pi C: (\star \to \star) . C \star \to C \perp)) \ (\lambda x. x) \perp
:1
     (\lambda x : \star .x :: (\star \to \star) =_{l,bod} (\star \to \perp)) \perp
     (\perp :: \star =_{l,bod.bod} \perp)
                                        :⊥
     note that the program has not yet "gotten stuck". to exercise this error,
\perp must be eliminated, this can be done by tying to summon another type by
applying it to \perp
     ((\perp :: \star =_{l,bod.bod} \perp)
                                          :⊥) *
     ((\Pi x : \star .x) :: \star =_{l,bod.bod} (\Pi x : \star .x)) \star
     the computation is stuck, and the original application can be blamed on
account that the "proof" has a discoverable type error
     refl_{\star:\star}:\star=_{\star}\bot
     \lambda C: (\star \to \star) . \lambda x: C \star . x : \Pi C: (\star \to \star) . C \star \to \underline{C} \perp
     when
     C := \lambda x.x
     C \perp = \perp \neq \star = C \star
```

2 TODO

- $\bullet\,$ syntax and rules
- Example of why function types alone are underwhelming
 - pair, singleton

- walk through of varous examples
- theorem statements
 - substitution!
- proofs
- exposition
- archive
- paper target

3 Scratch

```
S_{a:A} := a
     S_{a:A} := \Pi P : A \to \star . P a \to \star
     \neg \star =_{\star} (\star \to \star) is provable?
     \lambda pr: (\Pi C: (\star \to \star) . C \, Unit \to C \perp) . pr \, (\lambda x. x) \perp
     evaluating \neg true_c =_{\mathbb{B}_c} false_c with an incorrect proof.
     (\lambda pr: (\Pi C: (\mathbb{B}_c \to \star) . C \ true_c \to C \ false_c) . pr \ (\lambda b: \mathbb{B}_c . b \star Unit \ \bot) \ tt : \neg true_c =_{\mathbb{B}_c} false_c) \ refl_{true_c: \mathbb{B}_c}
     is elaborated to
     (\lambda pr: (\Pi C: (\mathbb{B}_c \to \star) . C \ true_c \to C \ false_c) . pr \ (\lambda b: \mathbb{B}_c . b \star U nit \ \bot) \ tt : \neg true_c =_{\mathbb{B}_c} false_c) \ (refl_{true, :} \to true_c)
     \leadsto ((refl_{true_c:\mathbb{B}_c} :: true_c =_{\mathbb{B}_c} true_c =_{\mathbb{B}_c} true_c =_{\mathbb{B}_c} false_c) (\lambda b : \mathbb{B}_c.b \star Unit \perp) tt
     (((\lambda C: (\mathbb{B}_c \to \star) . \lambda x: C \, true_c.x) :: (\Pi C: (\mathbb{B}_c \to \star) . C \, true_c \to C \, true_c) =_l (\Pi C: (\mathbb{B}_c \to \star) . C \, true_c \to C \, fermion )
     \leadsto (((\lambda x : (true_c \star Unit \perp) . x) :: (true_c \star Unit \perp \rightarrow true_c \star Unit \perp) =_{l,bod} ((true_c \star Unit \perp) \rightarrow false_c )
     def eq to
     (((\lambda x : Unit.x) :: (Unit \to Unit) =_{l.bod} (Unit \to \bot)) tt
     \rightsquigarrow (tt :: Unit =_{l,bod.bod} \bot
                                               :⊥)
     note that the program has not yet "gotten stuck". to exercise this error,
\perp must be eliminated, this can be done by tying to summon another type by
applying it to \perp
     (tt :: Unit =_{l,bod.bod} \bot
                                              \pm
                                                               : _
     bad attempt
     (tt :: Unit =_{l.bod.bod} \bot
                                              \pm
                                                               :1
     de-sugars to
     ((\lambda A: \star .\lambda a: A.a) :: \Pi A: \star .A \to A =_{l,bod,bod} \Pi x: \star .x :\perp) \perp
                                                                                                                   :1
     \leadsto (.\lambda a.a) :: \bot \rightarrow \bot =_{l,bod.bod.bod} \bot
     but still
     ((.\lambda a.a) :: \bot \to \bot =_{l,bod.bod.bod} \bot
                                                           :⊥)*
     ((.\lambda a.a) :: \bot \to \bot =_{l,bod,bod,bod} \Pi x : \star .x
     (\star :: \star =_{l,bod.bod.bod.bod.aty} \bot =_{l,bod.bod.bod.bod} \star)
     bad attempt
```

```
(tt :: Unit =_{l,bod.bod} \bot
                                                (\bot) \star \to \star \qquad : \star \to \star
de-sugars to
((\lambda A: \star. \lambda a: A.a) :: \Pi A: \star. A \to A =_{l,bod.bod} \Pi x: \star. x \qquad :\bot) \star \ \to \ \star \qquad :
\leadsto (.\lambda a.a) :: (\star \to \star) \to (\star \to \star) =_{l,bod.bod.bod} \star \to \star
not yet "gotten stuck"
\rightsquigarrow (.\lambda a.a) :: (\star \rightarrow \star) \rightarrow (\star \rightarrow \star) =_{l,bod.bod.bod} \star \rightarrow \star
                                                                                                         :\star\to\star
bad attempt
de-sugars to
((\lambda A: \star.\lambda a: A.a) :: \Pi A: \star.A \to A =_{l,bod,bod} \Pi x: \star.x
                                                                                                              :\perp) \mathbb{B}_c
                                                                                                                                    : \mathbb{B}_c
\rightsquigarrow (.\lambda a : \mathbb{B}_c.a) :: \mathbb{B}_c \to \mathbb{B}_c =_{l,bod.bod.bod} \mathbb{B}_c
attempt
(tt :: Unit =_{l,bod.bod} \bot :\bot) \mathbb{B}_c
                                                                     : \mathbb{B}_c
de-sugars to
((\lambda A: \star.\lambda a: A.a) :: \Pi A: \star.A \to A =_{l,bod.bod} \Pi x: \star.x
                                                                                                              :\perp)\,\mathbb{B}_c
                                                                                                                                   : \mathbb{B}_c
\rightsquigarrow (.\lambda a : \mathbb{B}_c.a) :: \mathbb{B}_c \to \mathbb{B}_c =_{l,bod.bod.bod} \mathbb{B}_c
```