Timer Driver Version 1.0.0

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## **Chapter 1**

## **GPIO\_DRIVER**

After reading Jacob Beningo's book, Reusable Firmware Development, I've decided to begin the arduous process of building my own easily portable HAL to use for future projects. It feels as if all I've been developing for ages at this point is drivers.

The general principle is as follows:

- A general gpio\_interface.h defines the api which will be exposed to applications. It will be this file which is included by the application. It is designed in a way to be 100% non-platform dependent. Changes required may be the modification of uint32\_t types to uint16\_t to match an architecture.
- The microontroller specific gpio\_stm32f4xx.c file contains an MCU specific implementation of the peripheral.
   Accompanying it are a config .c/.h pair. These define a table of init structures for each instance of the peripheral, as well as all relevant typedefs. These files will need to be changed to port the driver. Time to port a gpio driver seems to be less than a day's worth of work.
- To port the driver: simply prepare the MCU specific c and config files and set gpio\_interface.h to include the appropriate xxxxx\_config.h file, and exchange the source files.

2 GPIO\_DRIVER

# **Chapter 2**

# **Data Structure Index**

2.1	ata	Stru	ictii	rae
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Here are the data stru	uctures w	ith brief	desc	riptio	าร:									
gpio_config_t .						 								

Data Structure Index

# **Chapter 3**

# File Index

## 3.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

gpio_interface.h	
An interface which allows for a level of modularity when using the gpio between different architectures. Usage Notes: To port the driver, change the include config line to point instead to the new config.h file you want. The config file and the interface file together should provide all definitions	
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## **Chapter 4**

## **Data Structure Documentation**

## 4.1 gpio\_config\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <gpio_stm32f411_config.h>
```

## **Data Fields**

- gpio\_pin\_t pin
- gpio\_mode\_t mode
- gpio\_resistor\_t resistor
- gpio\_output\_type\_t output\_type
- gpio\_output\_speed\_t output\_speed
- gpio\_mux\_t mux

## 4.1.1 Detailed Description

Configuration structure holding all values needed to configure a pin.

## 4.1.2 Field Documentation

```
4.1.2.1 mode
```

gpio\_mode\_t mode

Selected pin mode

4.1.2.2 mux

gpio\_mux\_t mux

Multiplexer signal used to select alternate function (only relevant in AF mode)

```
4.1.2.3 output_speed
gpio_output_speed_t output_speed
Output speed (only relevant in output mode)
4.1.2.4 output_type
gpio_output_type_t output_type
Output type (only relevant in output mode)
4.1.2.5 pin
```

gpio\_pin\_t pin

Which pin is being configured

4.1.2.6 resistor

gpio\_resistor\_t resistor

Pull- up/down selection

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• gpio\_stm32f411\_config.h

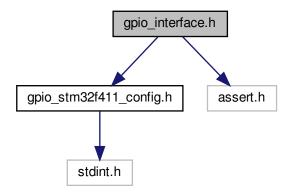
## **Chapter 5**

## **File Documentation**

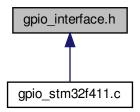
## 5.1 gpio\_interface.h File Reference

An interface which allows for a level of modularity when using the gpio between different architectures. Usage Notes: To port the driver, change the include config line to point instead to the new config.h file you want. The config file and the interface file together should provide all definitions to implement what you need in the machine specific c implementation file.

```
#include "gpio_stm32f411_config.h"
#include "assert.h"
Include dependency graph for gpio_interface.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Functions**

- void gpio\_init (gpio\_config\_t \*config\_table)
- gpio\_pin\_state\_t gpio\_pin\_read (gpio\_pin\_t pin)
- void gpio\_pin\_write (gpio\_pin\_t pin, gpio\_pin\_state\_t value)
- void gpio\_pin\_toggle (gpio\_pin\_t pin)
- void gpio\_register\_write (uint32\_t gpio\_register, uint32\_t value)
- uint32\_t gpio\_register\_read (uint32\_t gpio\_register)

## 5.1.1 Detailed Description

An interface which allows for a level of modularity when using the gpio between different architectures. Usage Notes: To port the driver, change the include config line to point instead to the new config.h file you want. The config file and the interface file together should provide all definitions to implement what you need in the machine specific c implementation file.

## 5.1.2 Function Documentation

```
5.1.2.1 gpio_init()
```

## **Description:**

This function is used to initialise the gpio based on the configuration table defined in the gpio\_stm32f411\_config.c

PRE-CONDITION: Configuration table needs to populated (size of > 0)

 $\label{eq:pre-condition:pins_per_port} \mbox{PRE-CONDITION: PINS_PER_PORT} > 0 \\ \mbox{PRE-CONDITION: NUMBER_OF_PORTS} > 0 \\ \mbox{PRE-CONDITION: NUMBER$ 

PRE-CONDITION: The RCC clocks for all planned ports must be configured and enabled.

POST-CONDITION: The GPIO is ready for use with all active pins set up.

#### **Parameters**

config_table	is a pointer to the configuration table that contains the initialisation structures for each planned	
	gpio pin.	

#### Returns

void

## Example:

```
const gpio_config_t *gpio_config = gpio_config_get();
gpio_init(gpio_config);
```

#### See also

gpio\_config\_get

## - CHANGE HISTORY -

Date   Software Version   Initials   Description
--

#### 5.1.2.2 gpio\_pin\_read()

## **Description:**

This function reads the current state of the selected pin, regardless of whether it is in input or output mode.

PRE-CONDITION: gpio\_init() has run successfully with the selected pin configured within the config table

POST-CONDITION: The return value contains the requested pin state in 1/0 form.

### **Parameters**

```
pin is a member of the gpio_pin_t enumeration typedef
```

## Returns

gpio\_pin\_state\_t containing the pin's current state

## Example:

```
gpio_pin_state_t current_state = gpio_pin_read(GPIO_E_4);
```

#### See also

```
gpio_pin_write
gpio_pin_toggle
```

## - CHANGE HISTORY -

Date Software Version	Initials	Description
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## 5.1.2.3 gpio\_pin\_toggle()

**Description:** Toggles the state of the desired pin operating in output mode.

PRE-CONDITION: gpio\_init has been carried out and configured the pin in output mode.

POST-CONDITION: The pin takes on the opposite state.

## **Parameters**

pin is the pin whose state we wish to change

## Returns

void

## Example:

```
gpio_pin_toggle(GPIO_D_15);
```

### See also

```
gpio_pin_read
gpio_pin_write
```

#### - CHANGE HISTORY -

Date	Software Version	Initials	Description	
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## 5.1.2.4 gpio\_pin\_write()

**Description:** Writes the desired state to the pin operating in output mode.

PRE-CONDITION: gpio\_init has been carried out and configured the pin in output mode.

POST-CONDITION: The pin takes on the desired state.

#### **Parameters**

pin	is the pin whose state we wish to change
value	is the state which we wish the pin to assume

## Returns

void

## Example:

```
gpio_pin_write(GPIO_C_0, GPIO_PIN_HIGH);
```

## See also

```
gpio_pin_read
gpio_pin_toggle
```

## - CHANGE HISTORY -

#### 5.1.2.5 gpio\_register\_read()

**Description:** Reads a the value of the selected GPIO register in the GPIO memory space. This function can be used within a greater super function to access more advanced features of the GPIO, such as the LOCK.

PRE-CONDITION: The value of GPIO\_register lies within the memory map defined region dedicated to GPIO

POST-CONDITION: The registers contents are returned

#### **Parameters**

#### Returns

uint32\_t the value within the register

## Example:

```
uint32_t contents = gpio_register_read(GPIOD_BASE + 0x1CUL);
```

#### See also

gpio\_register\_write

#### - CHANGE HISTORY -

Date	Software Version	Initials	Description
Date	Continue Version	miliaio	Booomphon

## 5.1.2.6 gpio\_register\_write()

**Description:** Writes a desired value to the selected GPIO register in the GPIO memory space. This function can be used within a greater super function to access more advanced features of the GPIO, such as the LOCK.

PRE-CONDITION: The value of GPIO\_register lies within the memory map defined region dedicated to GPIO

POST-CONDITION: The register has been modified.

## **Parameters**

gpio_register	is the register whose contents we wish to change
value	is the state which we wish the pin to assume

#### Returns

void

## Example:

```
gpio_register_write(GPIOD_BASE + 0x1CUL, 0xDEADBEEF);
```

## See also

gpio\_register\_read

## - CHANGE HISTORY -

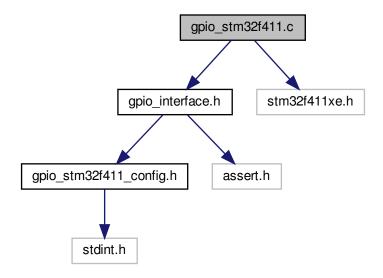
Date Software Version	Initials	Description
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## 5.2 gpio\_stm32f411.c File Reference

machine specific implementation of gpio

```
#include "gpio_interface.h"
#include "stm32f411xe.h"
```

Include dependency graph for gpio\_stm32f411.c:



## **Macros**

- #define PINS\_PER\_PORT 16
- #define NUM\_GPIO\_PORTS NUM\_GPIO\_PINS/PINS\_PER\_PORT
- #define MODERy WIDTH 0x03UL
- #define OTYPERy\_WIDTH 0x01UL
- #define OSPEEDRy\_WIDTH 0x03UL
- #define PUPDRy\_WIDTH 0x03UL
- #define AFLHRy\_WIDTH 0x0FUL

## **Functions**

- void gpio\_init (gpio\_config\_t \*config\_table)
- gpio\_pin\_state\_t gpio\_pin\_read (gpio\_pin\_t pin)
- void gpio\_pin\_write (gpio\_pin\_t pin, gpio\_pin\_state\_t value)
- void gpio\_pin\_toggle (gpio\_pin\_t pin)
- void gpio\_register\_write (uint32\_t gpio\_register, uint32\_t value)
- uint32\_t gpio\_register\_read (uint32\_t gpio\_register)

## **Variables**

• const uint32\_t ACTIVE\_GPIO\_PINS

## 5.2.1 Detailed Description

machine specific implementation of gpio

## 5.2.2 Macro Definition Documentation

## 5.2.2.1 AFLHRy\_WIDTH

#define AFLHRy\_WIDTH 0x0FUL

The width of a the bitfield controlling the alternate function MUX

## 5.2.2.2 MODERy\_WIDTH

#define MODERy\_WIDTH 0x03UL

The width of the bitfield controlling a pin's mode

#### 5.2.2.3 NUM\_GPIO\_PORTS

#define NUM\_GPIO\_PORTS NUM\_GPIO\_PINS/PINS\_PER\_PORT

Number of letter named ports

## 5.2.2.4 OSPEEDRy\_WIDTH

 $\#define OSPEEDRy\_WIDTH 0x03UL$ 

The width of the bitfield controlling the output speed of a pin

## 5.2.2.5 OTYPERy\_WIDTH

#define OTYPERy\_WIDTH 0x01UL

The width of the bitfield controlling the output type of a pin

## 5.2.2.6 PINS\_PER\_PORT

#define PINS\_PER\_PORT 16

The number of pins per letter named port

## 5.2.2.7 PUPDRy\_WIDTH

#define PUPDRy\_WIDTH 0x03UL

The width of the bitfield controlling pull up/pull down selection

## 5.2.3 Function Documentation

#### Description:

This function is used to initialise the gpio based on the configuration table defined in the gpio\_stm32f411\_config.c

PRE-CONDITION: Configuration table needs to populated (sizeof > 0)

$$\label{eq:pre-condition:pins_per_port} \begin{split} & \text{PRE-CONDITION: PINS\_PER\_PORT} > 0 \\ & \text{PRE-CONDITION: NUMBER\_OF\_PORTS} > 0 \end{split}$$

PRE-CONDITION: The RCC clocks for all planned ports must be configured and enabled.

POST-CONDITION: The GPIO is ready for use with all active pins set up.

## **Parameters**

config_table	is a pointer to the configuration table that contains the initialisation structures for each planned	
	gpio pin.	

#### Returns

void

#### **Example:**

```
const gpio_config_t *gpio_config = gpio_config_get();
gpio_init(gpio_config);
```

## See also

gpio\_config\_get

#### - CHANGE HISTORY -

Date Software Version	Initials	Description
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```
5.2.3.2 gpio_pin_read()
```

### **Description:**

This function reads the current state of the selected pin, regardless of whether it is in input or output mode.

PRE-CONDITION: gpio\_init() has run successfully with the selected pin configured within the config table

POST-CONDITION: The return value contains the requested pin state in 1/0 form.

#### **Parameters**

```
pin is a member of the gpio_pin_t enumeration typedef
```

#### Returns

gpio\_pin\_state\_t containing the pin's current state

## Example:

```
gpio_pin_state_t current_state = gpio_pin_read(GPIO_E_4);
```

## See also

```
gpio_pin_write
gpio_pin_toggle
```

#### - CHANGE HISTORY -

Date	Software Version	Initials	Description
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#### 5.2.3.3 gpio\_pin\_toggle()

**Description:** Toggles the state of the desired pin operating in output mode.

PRE-CONDITION: gpio\_init has been carried out and configured the pin in output mode.

POST-CONDITION: The pin takes on the opposite state.

#### **Parameters**

pin is the pin whose state we wish to change

## Returns

void

## Example:

```
gpio_pin_toggle(GPIO_D_15);
```

## See also

```
gpio_pin_read
gpio_pin_write
```

## - CHANGE HISTORY -

Date	Software Version	Initials	Description
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## 5.2.3.4 gpio\_pin\_write()

 $\textbf{Description:} \ \ \text{Writes the desired state to the pin operating in output mode.}$ 

PRE-CONDITION: gpio\_init has been carried out and configured the pin in output mode.

 $\label{post-condition} \mbox{POST-CONDITION: The pin takes on the desired state.}$ 

## **Parameters**

pin	is the pin whose state we wish to change
value	is the state which we wish the pin to assume

## Returns

void

#### Example:

```
gpio_pin_write(GPIO_C_0, GPIO_PIN_HIGH);
```

#### See also

```
gpio_pin_read
gpio_pin_toggle
```

#### - CHANGE HISTORY -

#### 5.2.3.5 gpio\_register\_read()

**Description:** Reads a the value of the selected GPIO register in the GPIO memory space. This function can be used within a greater super function to access more advanced features of the GPIO, such as the LOCK.

PRE-CONDITION: The value of GPIO\_register lies within the memory map defined region dedicated to GPIO

POST-CONDITION: The registers contents are returned

## **Parameters**

apio reaister i	whose contents we wish to read
31 3	

## Returns

uint32\_t the value within the register

#### **Example:**

```
uint32_t contents = gpio_register_read(GPIOD_BASE + 0x1CUL);
```

#### See also

gpio\_register\_write

#### - CHANGE HISTORY -

Date Software Version	Initials	Description	
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## 5.2.3.6 gpio\_register\_write()

**Description:** Writes a desired value to the selected GPIO register in the GPIO memory space. This function can be used within a greater super function to access more advanced features of the GPIO, such as the LOCK.

PRE-CONDITION: The value of GPIO\_register lies within the memory map defined region dedicated to GPIO

POST-CONDITION: The register has been modified.

#### **Parameters**

gpio_register	is the register whose contents we wish to change
value	is the state which we wish the pin to assume

## Returns

void

## Example:

```
gpio_register_write(GPIOD_BASE + 0x1CUL, 0xDEADBEEF);
```

#### See also

gpio\_register\_read

## - CHANGE HISTORY -

Date	Software Version	Initials	Description
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## 5.2.4 Variable Documentation

#### 5.2.4.1 ACTIVE\_GPIO\_PINS

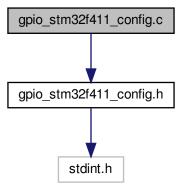
```
const uint32_t ACTIVE_GPIO_PINS
```

Prevents iteration over 64 pins when only a few are used

## 5.3 gpio\_stm32f411\_config.c File Reference

A file defining a config table which contains all information required by gpio\_init to initialise the pins with the desired behaviour.

```
#include "gpio_stm32f411_config.h"
Include dependency graph for gpio_stm32f411_config.c:
```



## **Functions**

const gpio\_config\_t \* gpio\_config\_get (void)

## **Variables**

• const uint32\_t ACTIVE\_GPIO\_PINS = sizeof(gpio\_config\_table)/sizeof(gpio\_config\_t)

## 5.3.1 Detailed Description

A file defining a config table which contains all information required by gpio\_init to initialise the pins with the desired behaviour.

## 5.3.2 Function Documentation

```
5.3.2.1 gpio_config_get()
```

Description: Retrieves the config table for the gpio peripheral, normally hidden statically within the config.c file.

PRE-CONDITION: The config table has been populated/exists with a size greater than 0.

POST-CONDITION: The returned value points to the base of the config table

#### Returns

```
const gpio_config_t *
```

#### Example:

```
const gpio_config_t gpio_config_table = gpio_config_get(void);
gpio_init(gpio_config_table);
```

#### See also

gpio\_init

## - CHANGE HISTORY -

Date Software Version	Initials	Description
Date   Software Version	Initials	Description

## 5.3.3 Variable Documentation

## 5.3.3.1 ACTIVE\_GPIO\_PINS

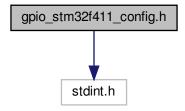
```
const uint32_t ACTIVE_GPIO_PINS = sizeof(gpio_config_table)/sizeof(gpio_config_t)
```

Prevents iteration over 64 pins when only a few are used

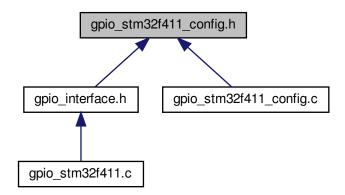
## 5.4 gpio\_stm32f411\_config.h File Reference

machine specific configuration enumerations and structures

```
#include <stdint.h>
Include dependency graph for gpio_stm32f411_config.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## **Data Structures**

• struct gpio\_config\_t

## **Enumerations**

```
    enum gpio_pin_t {
    GPIO_A_0, GPIO_A_1, GPIO_A_2, GPIO_A_3,
    GPIO_A_4, GPIO_A_5, GPIO_A_6, GPIO_A_7,
    GPIO_A_8, GPIO_A_9, GPIO_A_10, GPIO_A_11,
```

```
GPIO_A_12, GPIO_A_13, GPIO_A_14, GPIO_A_15,
 GPIO B 0, GPIO B 1, GPIO B 2, GPIO B 3,
 GPIO_B_4, GPIO_B_5, GPIO_B_6, GPIO_B_7,
 GPIO_B_8, GPIO_B_9, GPIO_B_10, GPIO_B_11,
 GPIO_B_12, GPIO_B_13, GPIO_B_14, GPIO_B_15,
 GPIO C 0, GPIO C 1, GPIO C 2, GPIO C 3,
 GPIO C 4, GPIO C 5, GPIO C 6, GPIO C 7,
 GPIO C 8, GPIO C 9, GPIO C 10, GPIO C 11,
 GPIO_C_12, GPIO_C_13, GPIO_C_14, GPIO_C_15,
 GPIO D 0, GPIO D 1, GPIO D 2, GPIO D 3,
 GPIO D 4, GPIO D 5, GPIO D 6, GPIO D 7,
 GPIO_D_8, GPIO_D_9, GPIO_D_10, GPIO_D_11,
 GPIO_D_12, GPIO_D_13, GPIO_D_14, GPIO_D_15,
 GPIO E 0, GPIO E 1, GPIO E 2, GPIO E 3,
 GPIO_E_4, GPIO_E_5, GPIO_E_6, GPIO_E_7,
 GPIO_E_8, GPIO_E_9, GPIO_E_10, GPIO_E_11,
 GPIO E 12, GPIO E 13, GPIO E 14, GPIO E 15,
 NUM GPIO PINS }
• enum gpio pin state t { GPIO PIN LOW = 0UL, GPIO PIN HIGH = 1UL }

    enum gpio mode t {

 GPIO_INPUT, GPIO_OUTPUT, GPIO_ALTERNATE_FUNCTION, GPIO_ANALOG,
 GPIO_MAX_MODE_OPTIONS }

    enum gpio_resistor_t { GPIO_NO_RESISTOR, GPIO_PULL_UP, GPIO_PULL_DOWN, GPIO_MAX_RES

 ISTOR_OPTIONS }

    enum gpio output type t { GPIO PUSH PULL, GPIO OPEN DRAIN, GPIO MAX OUTPUT OPTIONS }

• enum gpio output speed t {
 GPIO LOW SPEED, GPIO MED SPEED, GPIO FAST SPEED, GPIO HIGH SPEED,
 GPIO MAX SPEED OPTIONS }

 enum gpio mux t {

 GPIO_AF_0, GPIO_AF_1, GPIO_AF_2, GPIO_AF_3,
 GPIO_AF_4, GPIO_AF_5, GPIO_AF_6, GPIO_AF_7,
 GPIO AF 8, GPIO AF 9, GPIO AF 10, GPIO AF 11,
 GPIO_AF_12, GPIO_AF_13, GPIO_AF_14, GPIO_AF_15,
 GPIO_MAX_AF_OPTIONS }

    const gpio config t * gpio config get (void)
```

#### **Functions**

## 5.4.1 Detailed Description

machine specific configuration enumerations and structures

## 5.4.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

5.4.2.1 gpio\_mode\_t

enum gpio\_mode\_t

Contains all the modes a specific pin can be in.

#### Enumerator

GPIO_INPUT	The pin functions as a digital input	
GPIO_OUTPUT	The pin functions as a digital output	
GPIO_ALTERNATE_FUNCTION	The pin is multiplexed to allow another peripheral to control it	
	See also gpio_mux_t	
GPIO_ANALOG	The pin works as an analog, defined by the ADC peripheral	
GPIO_MAX_MODE_OPTIONS	Redundant extra option. Can be used for assertions in super robust implementations where the strength of enums is in question.	

5.4.2.2 gpio\_mux\_t

enum gpio\_mux\_t

All alternate function values fed into the 4bit multiplexer. See Figure 17 in RM0383

5.4.2.3 gpio\_output\_speed\_t

enum gpio\_output\_speed\_t

Contains speed options for a pin's output. Actual speed is a factor Vdd and capacitor selection. See pages 101-102 in the STM32F411xE datasheet for concrete numbers. All ranges given below are implementation sensitive

## Enumerator

GPIO_LOW_SPEED	Output speed is between 2-8MHz
GPIO_MED_SPEED	Output speed is between 12.5-50MHz
GPIO_FAST_SPEED	Output speed is between 25-100MHz
GPIO_HIGH_SPEED	Output speed is between 50-100MHz
GPIO_MAX_SPEED_OPTIONS	Redundant extra option. Can be used for assertions in super robust implementations where the strength of enums is in question.

5.4.2.4 gpio\_output\_type\_t

 $\verb"enum gpio_output_type_t"$ 

Defines the electrical behaviour of an output pin.

## Enumerator

GPIO_PUSH_PULL	The pin can drive to electrical defined 1 and 0 (Vdd and GND)
GPIO_OPEN_DRAIN	The pin can only drive to GND. Output options are undefined and 0.
General HAXING OUTPUT_OPTIONS	Redundant extra option. Can be used for assertions in super robust implementations where the strength of enums is in question.

#### 5.4.2.5 gpio\_pin\_state\_t

```
enum gpio_pin_state_t
```

Contains both active states a pin can be in. Actual electrical behaviour depends on push-pull/open drain settings.

```
5.4.2.6 gpio_pin_t
```

```
enum gpio_pin_t
```

Contains all of the gpio pins on all of the ports. Intermediary calculations are used to separate port and pins.

```
5.4.2.7 gpio_resistor_t
```

```
enum gpio_resistor_t
```

Contains the resistor options over a pin for both input and output modes.

#### Enumerator

GPIO_NO_RESISTOR	No resistor. Pin is undefined unless driven actively
GPIO_PULL_UP	Pull up resistor over pin. Will default to high unless driven
GPIO_PULL_DOWN	Pull down resistor over pin. Will default to low unless driven
GPIO_MAX_RESISTOR_OPTIONS	Redundant extra option. Can be used for assertions in super robust
	where the strength of enums is in question.

## 5.4.3 Function Documentation

## 5.4.3.1 gpio\_config\_get()

**Description:** Retrieves the config table for the gpio peripheral, normally hidden statically within the config.c file.

PRE-CONDITION: The config table has been populated/exists with a size greater than 0.

POST-CONDITION: The returned value points to the base of the config table

## Returns

```
const \ gpio\_config\_t \ *
```

## Example:

```
const gpio_config_t gpio_config_table = gpio_config_get(void);
gpio_init(gpio_config_table);
```

## See also

gpio\_init

## - CHANGE HISTORY -