

# Exam 3 Study Guide

## Partially Ordered Sets

- binary relation, partial order, poset, linear order
  - what makes a binary relation a partial order?
- graphical representations
  - cover graph, Hasse diagram, covering relation
  - comparability and incomparability graphs
  - infer properties about the poset from these rep's
  - how to get rep. from poset
- chains, antichains, and Dilworth
  - what are subposets, chains, and antichains
  - finding a chain/antichain of a certain size
  - height/width of a poset
  - Dilworth & Dilworth Dual
    - ~~max~~ # of disjoint antichains = height = size of largest chain
    - min # of disjoint chains = width = size of largest antichain
    - find a decomposition into disjoint chains or antichains
      - remember alg. for antichain decomp.
      - will give something simpler in case of chain decomp.
- dual of a poset
- poset isomorphism

## Generating Functions

- definition of g.f. for a sequence  $\{a_n\}$
- building g.f.'s strategy; use simpler g.f.'s and take product
- rules for converting between power series form and closed form in particular

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{1 - \text{cloud}} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \text{cloud}^n$$

$$\rightarrow \text{antiderivative trick to reduce } \frac{1}{(1 - \text{cloud})^k}$$

$$\rightarrow \text{rewriting } 1 + \cancel{x} + \cancel{x^2} + \cancel{x^3} + \dots$$

$$x^m + x^{m+1} + x^{m+2} + \dots + x^{M-2} + x^{M-1} + x^M$$

as

$$\frac{x^m - x^{M+1}}{1-x}$$

$$\left( \sum_{n=m}^M x^n = \sum_{n=m}^{\infty} x^n - \sum_{n=M+1}^{\infty} x^n \right)$$

- find ~~the~~ a particular coefficient of a g.f.



## Recurrence Equations

- definitions: recurr. eq'n, linear, (non) homog., gen sol'n, partic. sol'n, specific sol'n, initial conditions, functional equation
- dealing with hom. gen. sol'n
  - try  $a_r = r^n$  substitution, find roots of polynomial
  - what about when roots have multiplicity  $> 1$ ?
- dealing with nonhom. gen. sol'n
  - find gen. sol'n for hom. version
  - find a particular sol'n; what to try first, how to modify if it doesn't work
- finding a specific solution
- using generating functions
  - setting up the functional equation
    - creating "alignment" of generating functions
    - then adding together, using recur. rel'n to cancel/substitute
    - plugging in initial conditions
  - solving functional equation for generating function
    - using what we learned about generating functions to manipulate
    - partial fractions, solving systems of linear equations
  - finding coeff. of  $x^n$  in g.f. to get our answer