

# **Conditional Aggregations**

Aggregating data plays an important part in the data analysis process. By aggregating, you can take your data and express it in a summarized format.

### Data Aggregation helps you:

- make observations or gather insights from your data
- summarize data based on specific conditions
- understand how your data is proportioned

#### Countif

Why: Counts the number values in a selection that meet specific condition.

How:=Countif(range,"criteria")

## **Countifs**

Why: Counts the number values in a selection that meet multiple criteria.

How:=Countifs(range to count for 1<sup>st</sup> criteria, 1<sup>st</sup> "criteria", range to count for the 2<sup>nd</sup> criteria, 2<sup>nd</sup> "criteria")

#### **Sumif**

Why: Sums the total values in a selection that meet a specific condition.

How:=Sumif(Range,"criteria",sum\_range)

#### **Sumifs**

Why: Sums the total values in a selection that meet multiple criteria.

How:=Sumifs(sum\_range, range to sum for 1<sup>st</sup> criteria, 1<sup>st</sup> "criteria", range sum for the 2<sup>nd</sup> criteria, 2<sup>nd</sup> "criteria')

## **USEFUL TIPS:**

Column reference: When assigning criteria, you may reference a column rather than 'hard coding' the value into the formula.

Fixing values: Placing a \$ in from of a column or row reference fixes the reference. Highlighting a reference within the formula bar and selecting F4 will fix all the values selected.