

# AI ML Projects

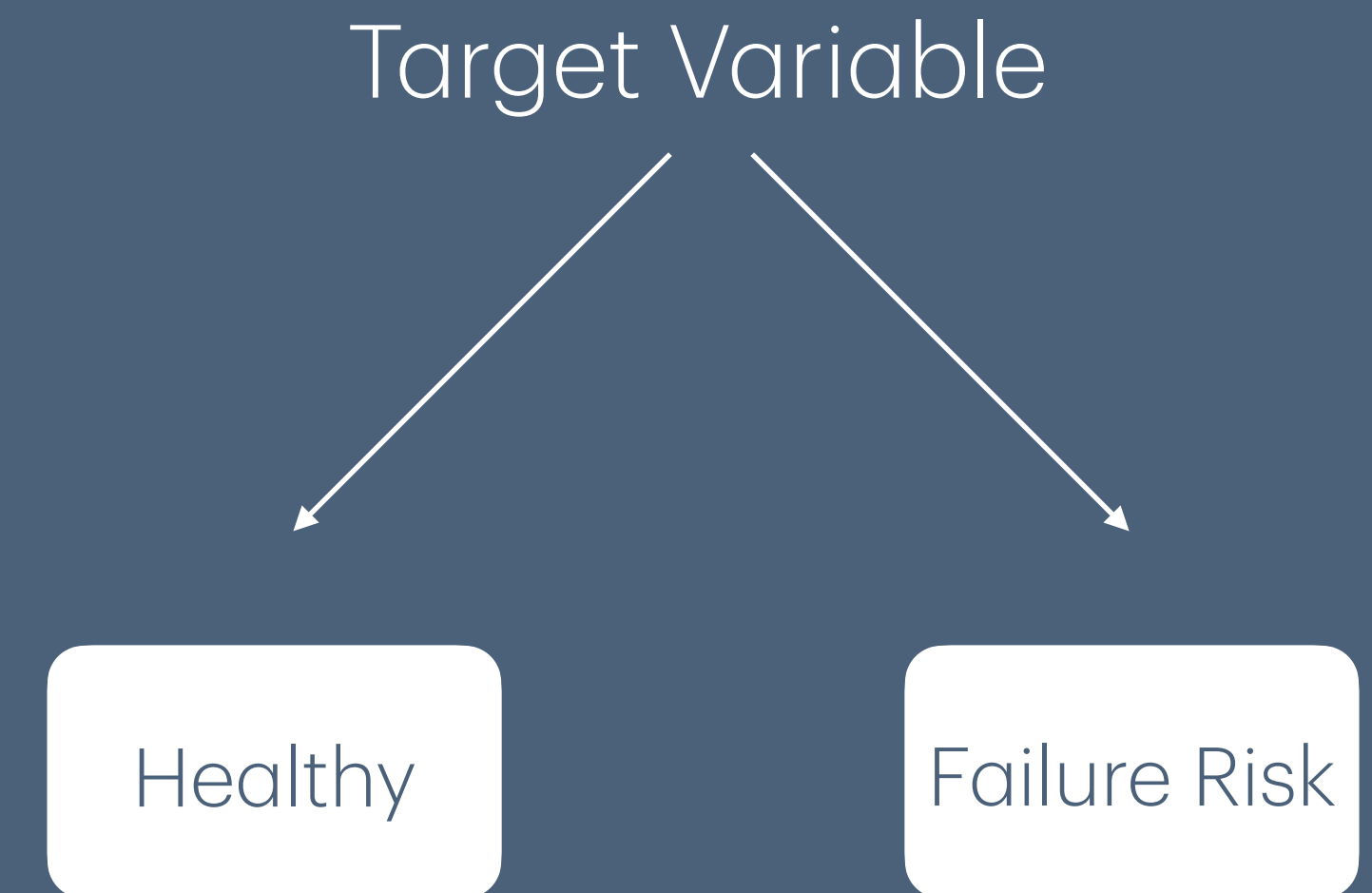
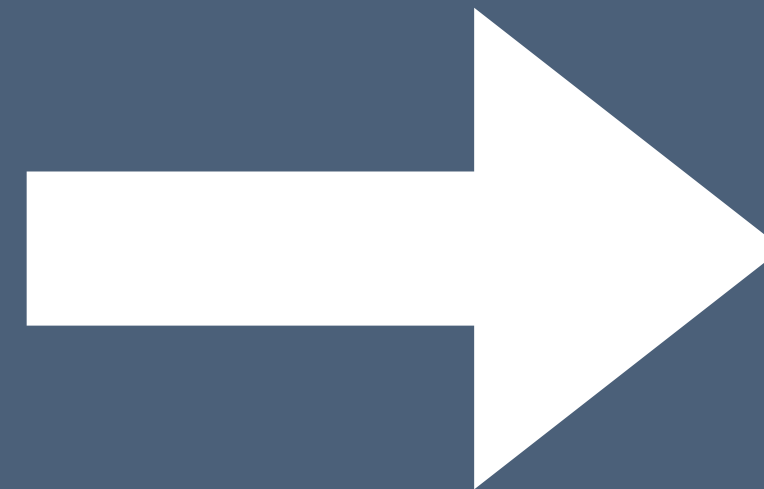
Supervised & Unsupervised

# Project 1: Supervised Machine learning

# Supervised Machine Learning

## Problem Statement

Unexpected equipment failures lead to costly downtimes. Predicting failures before they occur allows proactive maintenance.

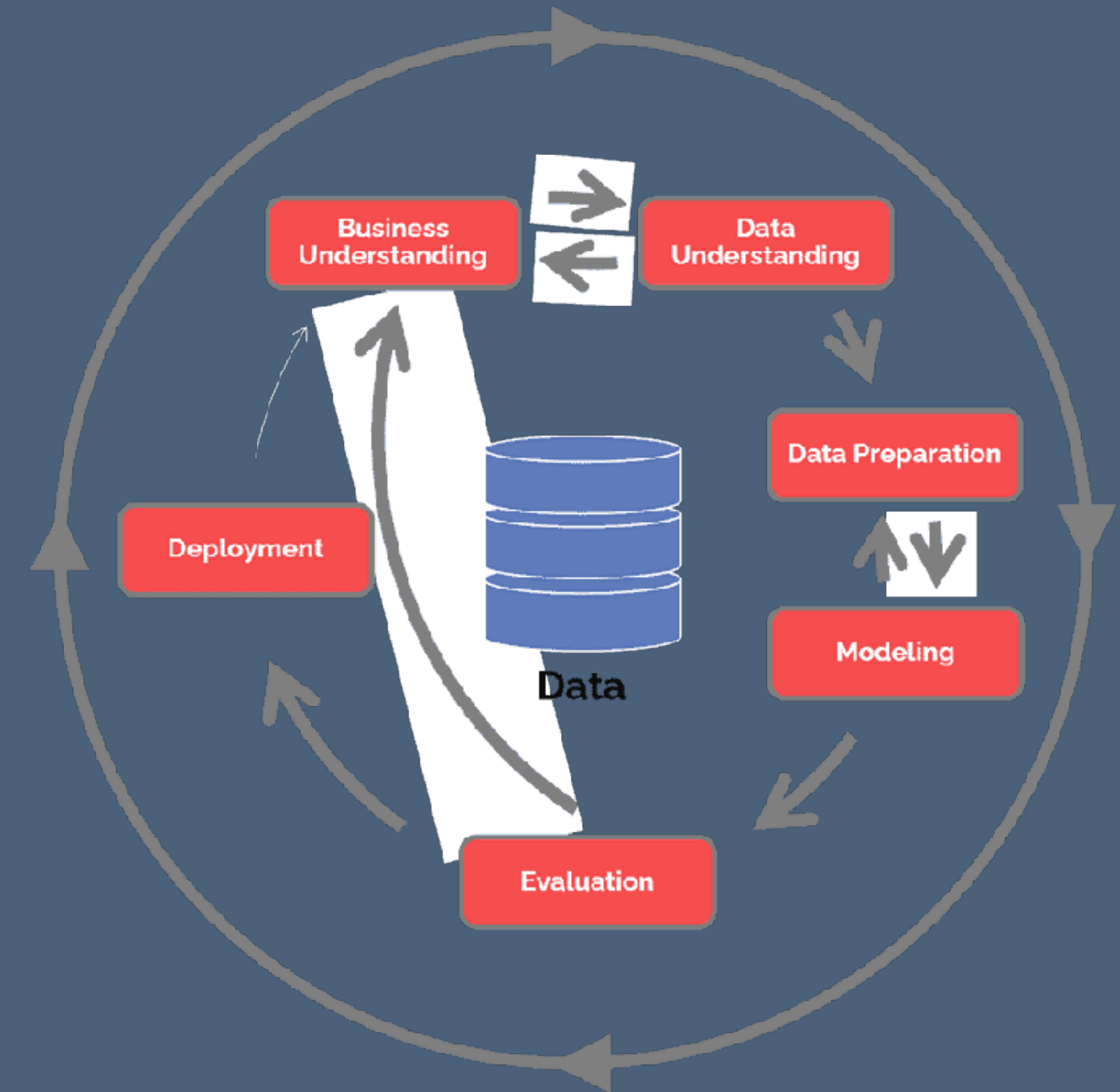
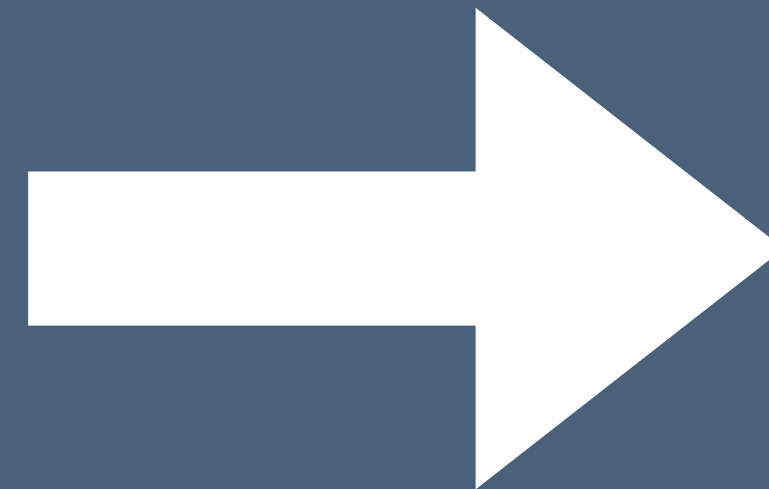


Binary Classification

# Methodology Used

CRISP - DM : Cross Industry Standard Process for Data Mining

It Starts from Business  
Understanding to Model  
Deployment



# Step By Step Process

Inspired by CRISP-DM

**Data Extraction**



Web Data, CSV, Excel Sheet etc...

**Data Analysis**



Pattern & Trend Analysis

**Feature Engineering**



Handling Missing Values, Unknowns etc ...

**Model Building**



Model Building based on use case

**Model Evaluation**



Model Performance Metrics like RMSE,MSE etc...

# Python Use Cases



# NumPy

A fundamental package to manipulate arrays



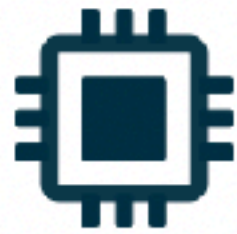
# NumPy



The fundamental package for scientific computing with Python

LATEST RELEASE: NUMPY 2.3. [VIEW ALL RELEASES](#)

## Quantum Computing



[QuTiP](#)  
[PyQuil](#)  
[Qiskit](#)  
[PennyLane](#)

## Statistical Computing



[Pandas](#)  
[statsmodels](#)  
[Xarray](#)  
[Seaborn](#)

## Signal Processing



[SciPy](#)  
[PyWavelets](#)  
[python-control](#)  
[HyperSpy](#)

## Image Processing



[Scikit-image](#)  
[OpenCV](#)  
[Mahotas](#)

## Graphs and Networks



[NetworkX](#)  
[graph-tool](#)  
[igraph](#)  
[PyGSP](#)

## Astronomy



[AstroPy](#)  
[SunPy](#)  
[SpacePy](#)

## Cognitive Psychology



[PsychoPy](#)

## Bioinformatics



[BioPython](#)  
[Scikit-Bio](#)  
[PyEnsembl](#)  
[ETE](#)

## Bayesian Inference



[PyStan](#)  
[PyMC](#)  
[ArviZ](#)  
[emcee](#)

## Mathematical Analysis



[SciPy](#)  
[SymPy](#)  
[cvxpy](#)  
[FEniCS](#)

## Chemistry



[Cantera](#)  
[MDAnalysis](#)  
[RDKit](#)  
[PyBaMM](#)

## Geoscience



[Pangeo](#)  
[Simpeg](#)  
[ObsPy](#)  
[Fatiando a Terra](#)

## Geographic Processing



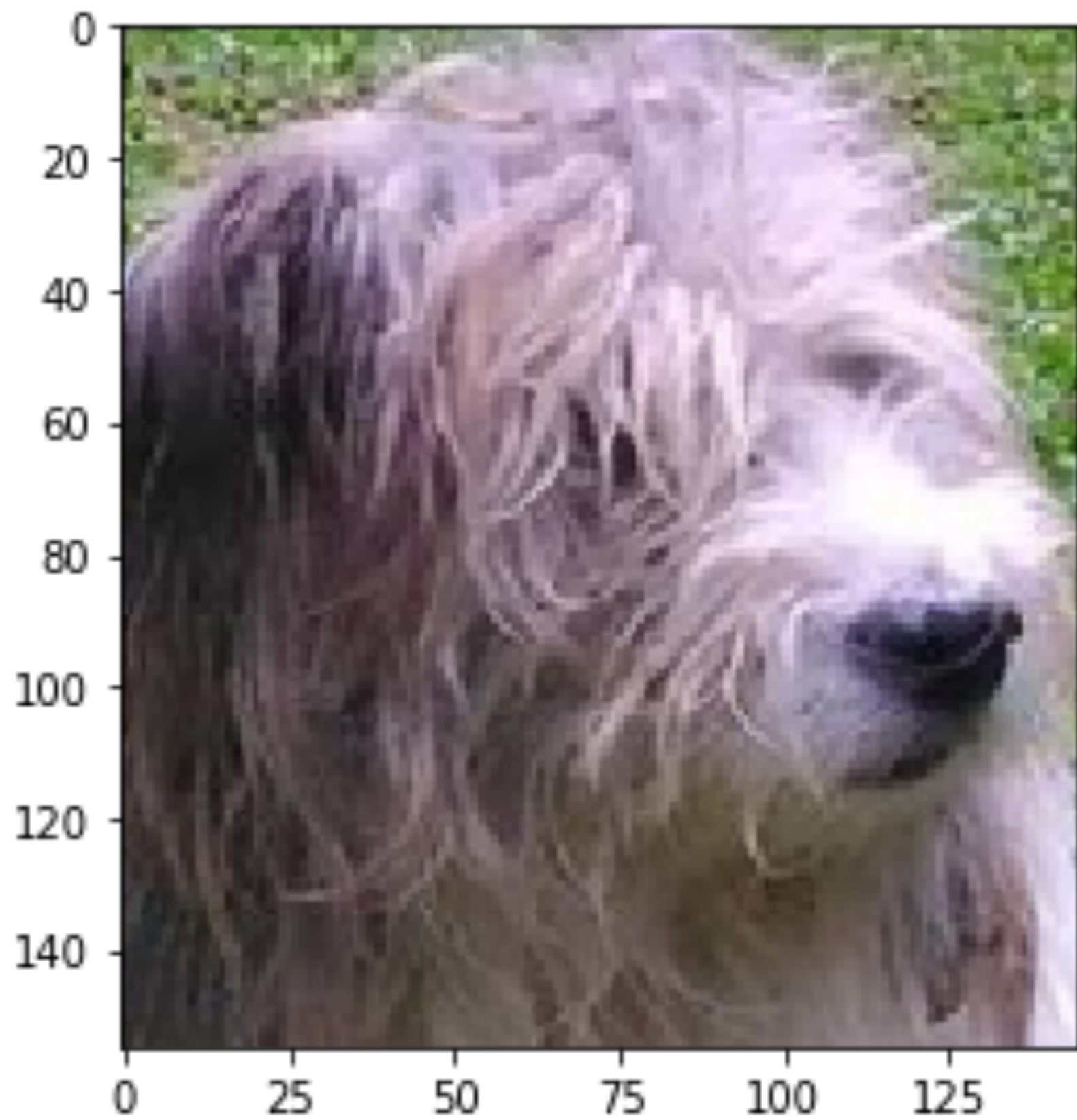
[Shapely](#)  
[GeoPandas](#)  
[Folium](#)

## Architecture & Engineering



[COMPAS](#)  
[City Energy Analyst](#)  
[Sverchok](#)





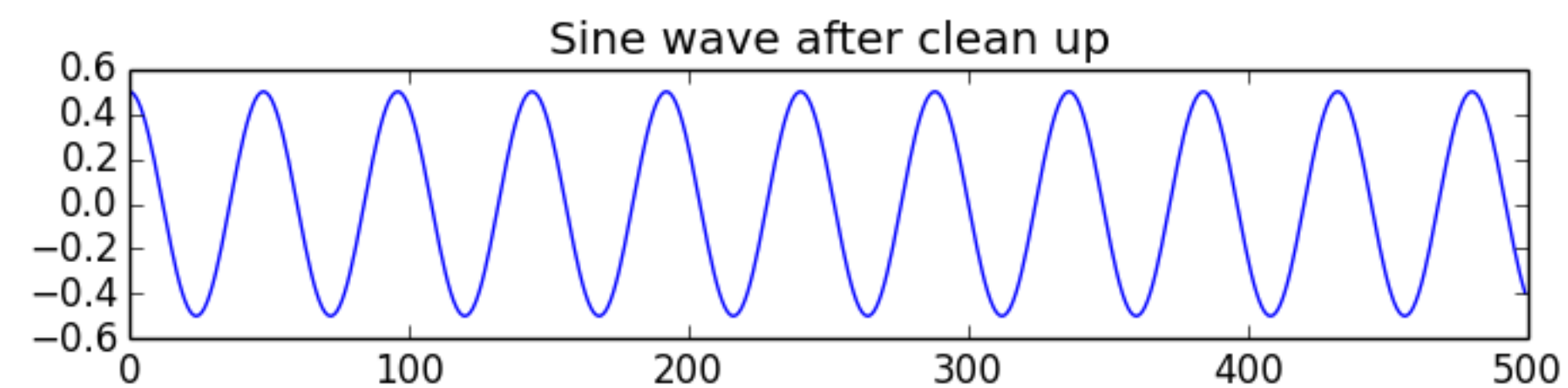
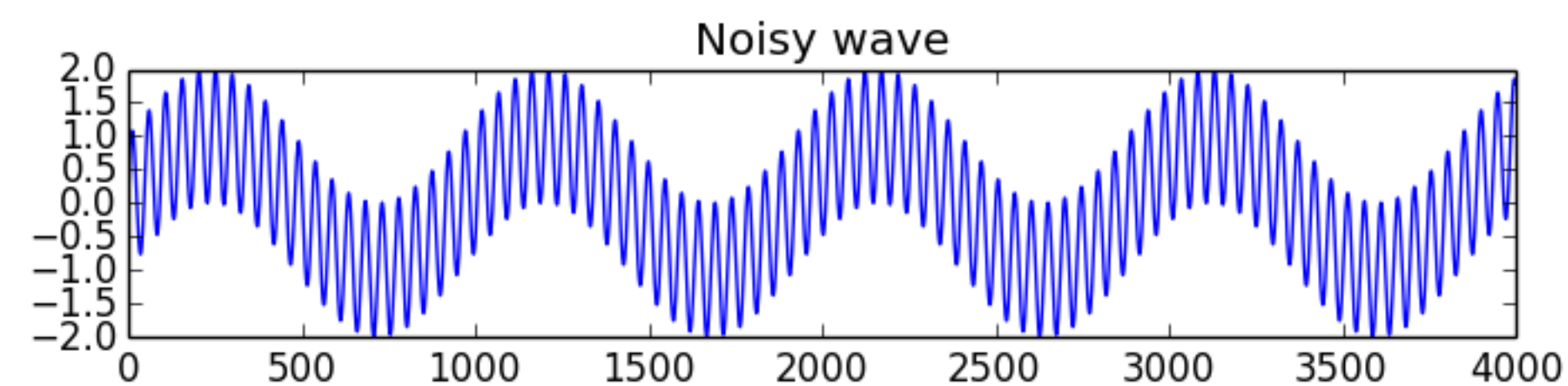
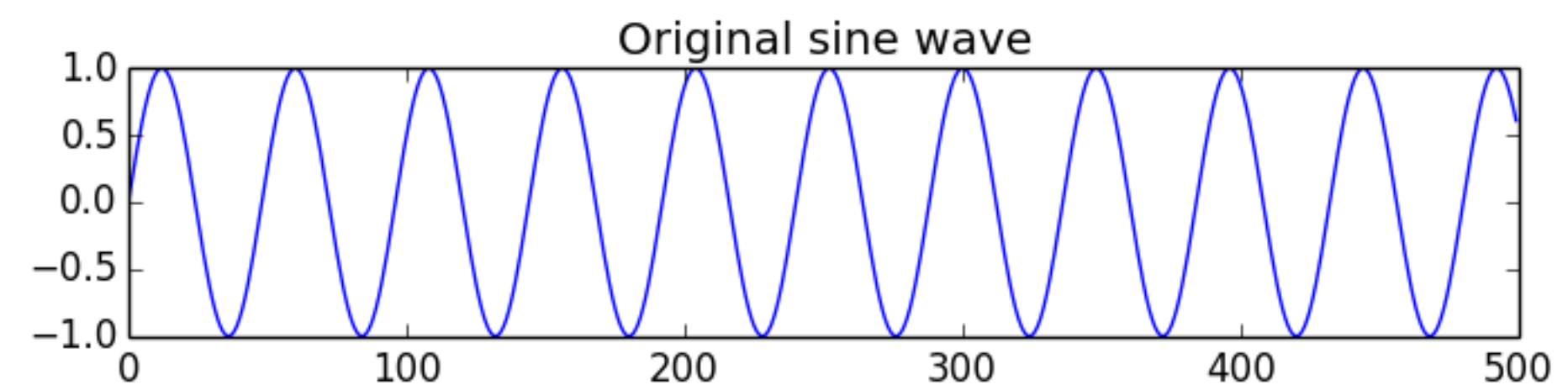
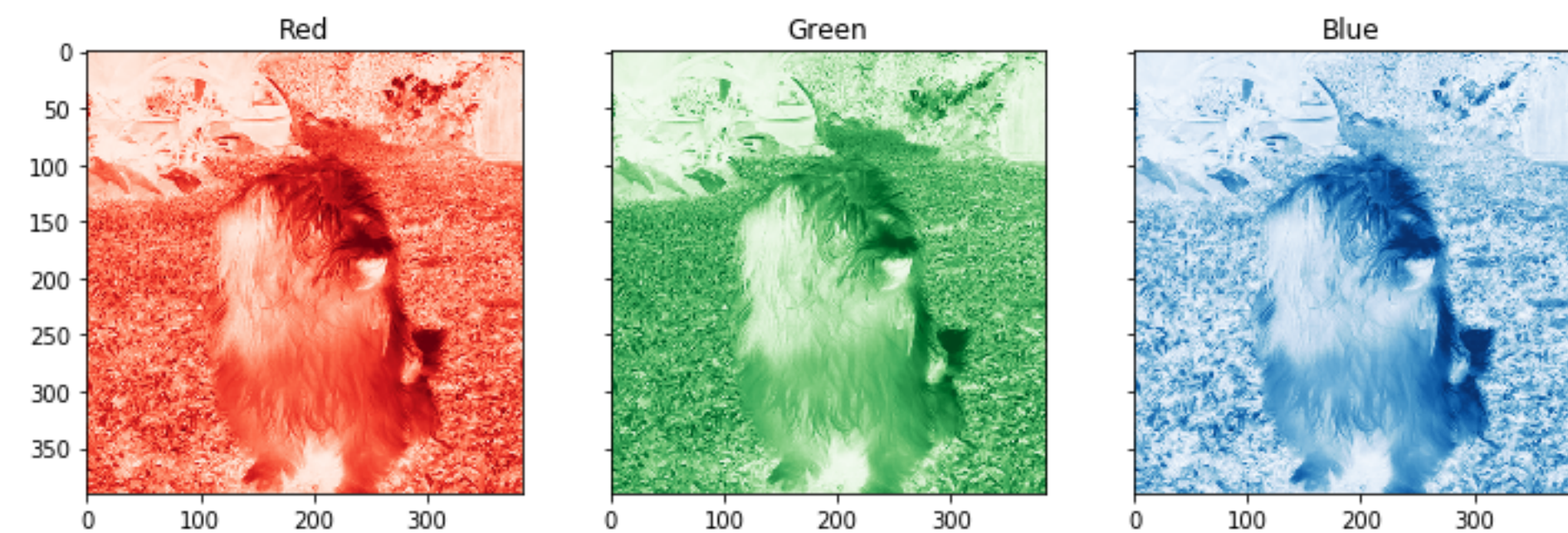
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Array([[[ 33, 35, 30],
         [ 32, 35, 28],
         [ 33, 36, 29],
         ...,
         [ 35, 33, 35],
         [ 40, 38, 40],
         [ 43, 42, 41]],

       [[ 34, 36, 30],
         [ 33, 36, 29],
         [ 32, 35, 28],
         ...,
         [ 34, 32, 35],
         [ 37, 35, 36],
         [ 44, 43, 42]],

       [[ 34, 36, 30],
         [ 33, 36, 29],
         [ 34, 37, 30],
         ...,
         [ 40, 38, 41],
         [ 37, 35, 36],
         [ 40, 38, 38]],

       ...,

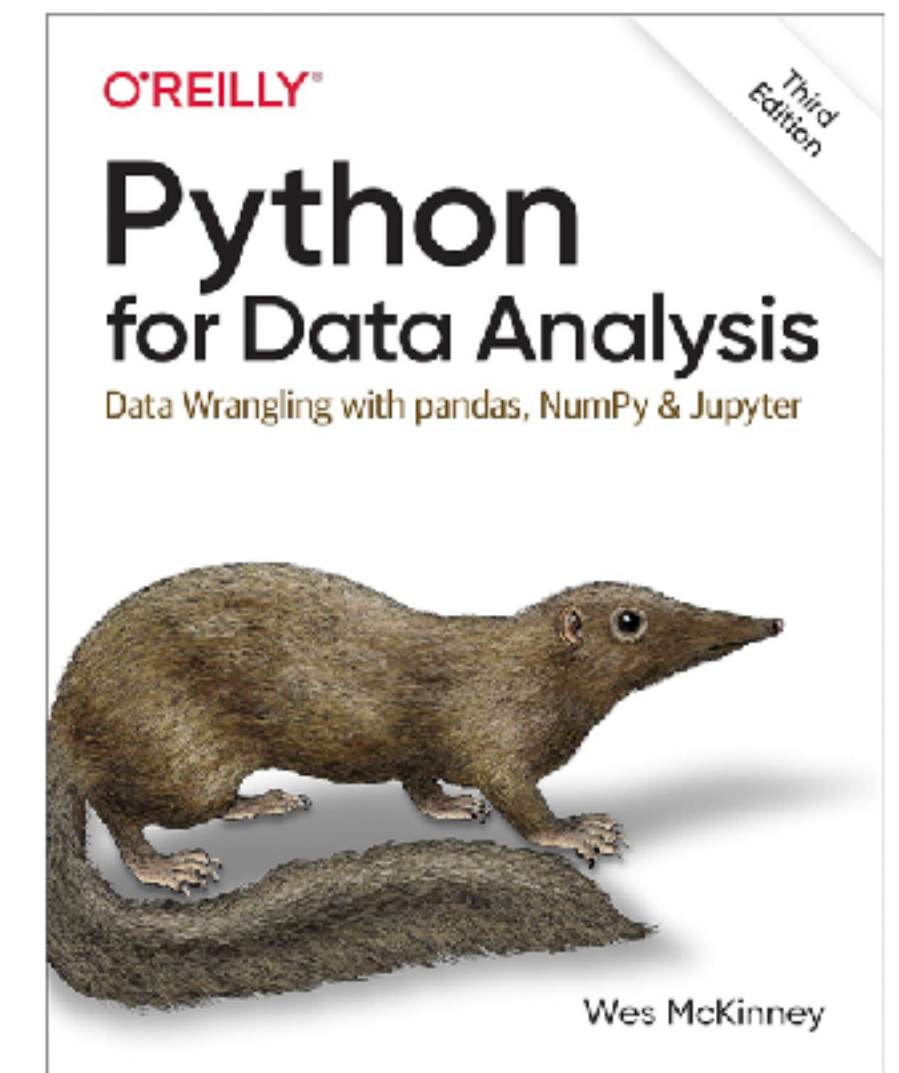
       [[149, 162, 110],
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         [ 99, 110, 71],
         [102, 111, 71],
         [ 85, 93, 58]],
```



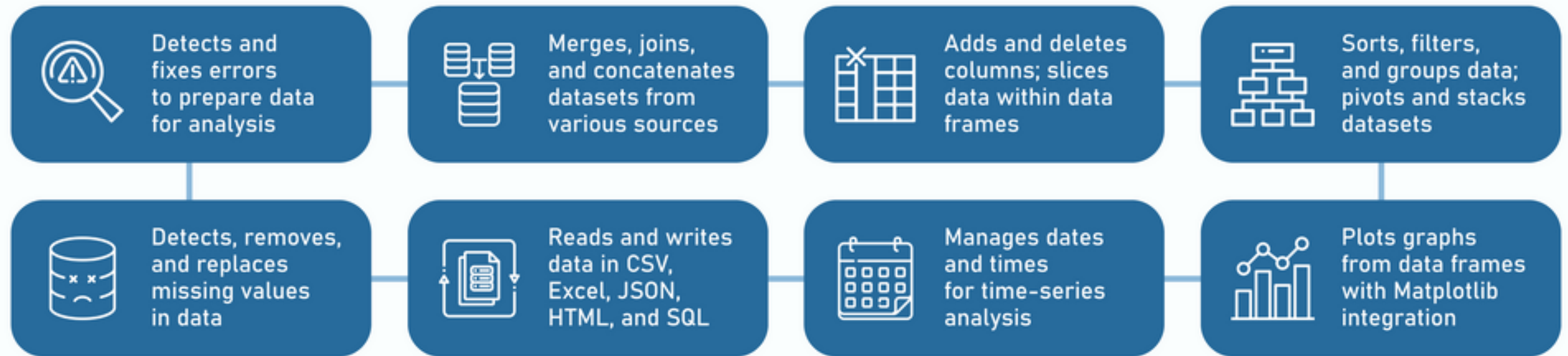


# Pandas

Pandas is a fast, powerful, flexible and easy to use open source **data analysis and manipulation tool**, built on top of the [Python](#) programming language.



## PANDAS MAIN CAPABILITIES





# Pandas

## Series

pd.Series

pd.Series(data, index)

Creation of Series

Arithmetic operations

## Data Frame

pd.DataFrame

pd.DataFrame(data, index, columns)

pd.read\_csv('file\_path')

df.head()

df.tail()

df.describe()

df.info()

Create/drop the columns

iloc and loc

## Conditional Filtering

pd.DataFrame(Conditional)

df[df['column\_name'] <= 'value']

Multiple columns filtering -

And(&) Or (|)

df.isin()

## GroupBy Operations

df.groupby()

# Evaluation Metrics

$$\textit{Accuracy} = \frac{TP + TN}{TP + TN + FP + FN}$$

$$\textit{Precision} = \frac{TP}{TP + FP}$$

$$\textit{Recall} = \frac{TP}{TP + FN}$$

$$F_1 = 2 \cdot \frac{\textit{Precision} \cdot \textit{Recall}}{\textit{Precision} + \textit{Recall}}$$

# Project 2: Un-supervised Machine learning