IN4030 - Partial exam 1

Candidate ID: 15023

Exercise 1: Database searches (8p)

a)

Retrieve the protein sequence with accession number NP_001264426 from the National Center for Biotechnology Information (NCBI) using their website at https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/ and its search functions. The sequence should be 247 amino acids long. Save it in a FASTA-formatted text file. Show the formatted sequence in the report. (1p)

b)

Which variant of BLAST should be used to search the UniProKB/Swiss-Prot database with the retrieved sequence as the query? (1p)

blastp, sicne it is designed for proteins as opposed to blastn, which is designed for nucleotides

 $\mathbf{c})$

Use BLAST at https://blast.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Blast.cgi to search the UniProKB/Swiss-Prot database with the retrieved sequence as the query. Algorithm parameters must be adjusted as follows:

```
"Expect threshold" = 1,
"Word size" = 3,
"Compositional adjustments" = "No adjustment",
"Low complexity regions" = OFF.
scoring matrix = BLOSUM62,
gap costs: Existence=11 Extension=1
```

How many hits do you get? (1p)

A: I got 10 results

d)

What is the accession number of the best match with a human sequence? Save the sequence in a file. (1p)

Q6NS38.1

e)

Show the BLAST alignment between the query protein and the best matching human protein. (1p)

```
Alignment statistics for match #1
Score
       Expect Identities Positives
                                        Gaps
319 bits(817)
                1e-109 163/262(62%)
                                        192/262(73%)
                                                        23/262(8%)
            MDRFVVKRS-----AEEP---GGDG----KKPRLEEEAGGLPHPSQPS-QE
Query 1
                                                                          38
            MDRF+VK +
                                    EEP
                                          GGD
                                                  K+PR E
                                                            G H + PS +
Sbjct 1
            \verb|MDRFLVKGAQGGLLRKQEEQEPTGEEPAVLGGDKESTRKRPRREAPGNG-GHSAGPSWRH|
                                                                          59
Query
       39
            IRAQGLSLEYRLLFGRAEADAIFQQLEKEVEYFEGEQTKLHVFGKWHNIPRKQVTYGDPE
                     Y +LFG+AEAD IFQ+LEKEVEYF G
                                                  ++ VFGKWH++PRKQ TYGD
Sbjct
            IRAEGLDCSYTVLFGKAEADEIFQELEKEVEYFTGALARVQVFGKWHSVPRKQATYGDAG\\
       60
                                                                          119
Query
            LTYTYSGVTFSPKPWIPVLNHIRDRLVLETGHTFNFVLINRYKDGEDHIGEHRDDEKELV
       99
                                                                          158
            LTYT+SG+T SPKPWIPVL IRD +
                                         TG TFNFVLINRYKDG DHIGEHRDDE+EL
Sbjct
           LTYTFSGLTLSPKPWIPVLERIRDHVSGVTGQTFNFVLINRYKDGCDHIGEHRDDERELA
       120
                                                                          179
           PRSPIASVSFGACRDFVFRHCDSRGKNATRHIKPIRLQLAHGSLLMMKYPTNVYWYHSLP
Query
       159
                                                                          218
            P SPIASVSFGACRDFVFRH DSRGK+ +R + +RL LAHGSLLMM +PTN +WYHSLP
           PGSPIASVSFGACRDFVFRHKDSRGKSPSRRVAVVRLPLAHGSLLMMNHPTNTHWYHSLP
Sbjct
       180
                                                                          239
Query
       219
            IRRRVLAPRINLTFRKMMAVDK
            +R++VLAPR+NLTFRK++
Sbjct
       240
           VRKKVLAPRVNLTFRKILLTKK
                                    261
```

f)

What is the score (raw alignment score), the bitscore and the E-value of this alignment? (3p)

319, 817, E-value: 1e-109

Exercise 2: Alignments (22p)

- a) Write a program to compute the optimal local alignment of two amino acid sequences using the Smith-Waterman algorithm with affine gap penalties. This issue can be solved in at least two different ways. The program shall read the two sequences in FASTA format from two separate files and print the optimal alignment score and the actual alignment. You only need to show one alignment if there are multiple optimal alignments with the same score. The alignment should be presented in a comprehensible manner, preferably in a way similar to BLAST. The program shall use the BLOSUM62 scoring matrix and an affine gap penalty function with gap opening penalty of 11 and a gap extension penalty of 1, i.e. gap penalty = 11 + gap length (12p)
- You are not allowed to use libraries or other imported code for reading the FASTA files or performing the actual alignment.
- The BLOSUM62 matrix can be downloaded from the NCBI at https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Class/FieldGuide/BLOSUM62.txt
- Ideally, the scoring matrix is read from a specified file and the gap penalties are specified as options to the program. Information about testing your program is provided on page 2

See chapter 5 in the book for details (especially lesson 12.5 "Penalizing Insertions and Deletions in Sequence Alignments" at https://www.bioinformaticsalgorithms.org/bioinformaticschapter-5).

- c) Compare thescore you got with the rawscore from BLAST in exercise 1 and comment on any discrepancies. (2p)
- d) Compare the actual alignment you got with the alignment from BLAST and comment on any discrepancies.(2p)
- e) Retrieve the ALKB_ECOLI (P05050) sequence from Escherichia coliin FASTA format. Use your program to compare this sequence with the sequence from exercise 1a. What score do you get? Show the alignment. Why did the sequence from E. coli not showup in the search in exercise 1? (4p)