Self-study questions – Week 1

These study questions are derived from lecture notes in the course IN4030. The answers are usually found inside the lectures notes. The questions are given to students as a way to learn important concepts in the course. Students can for example quiz each other using these questions before the final exam.

Lecture 1

- 1. What does it mean that DNA is anti-parallel?
- 2. Why is it an advantage that DNA is double stranded?
- 3. Which 3 parts does a nucleotide consist of?
- 4. What are complementary bases?
- 5. What are purines?
- 6. What are pyrimidines?
- 7. What is the direction of DNA, and why?
- 8. What do we mean by "upstream" and "downstream"?
- 9. What are histones, chromosomes and genome?
- 10. What is the translation?
- 11. What is a codon?
- 12. What are the differences between DNA and RNA?
- 13. What is a protein?
- 14. What do each amino acid consist of?
- 15. What are the five different groups of amino acids?
- 16. What is a peptide bond?
- 17. What is the primary structure of a protein?
- 18. What is the secondary structure of a protein?
- 19. What is the tertiary structure of a protein?
- 20. What is the quarternary structure of a protein?

Lecture 2

- 1. What is the DNA alphabet? The RNA alphabet? The protein alphabet?
- 2. Why is it interesting to look at sequence alignments?
- 3. Why are dot plots useful when looking at sequences?
- 4. How can you identify internal repeats in a dot plot?

- 5. Show an example of a dot plot with identical sequences.
- 6. Show an example of a dot plot of an alignment with several gaps.
- 7. Show a dot plot showing an alignment of inverted segments?
- 8. What is the edit distance?
- 9. What does a low edit distance indicate?
- 10. What are the 4 fates for a symbol during evolution?
- 11. What is an "indel"?