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Abbreviations

Abbreviations

aMM asymptomatic Multiple Myeloma	91
BM Bone Marrow	88
	81
BMPC Bone Marrow Plasma Cell	5
BMSC Bone Marrow Stromal Cell	4
CAD Cell Adhesion Dynamics	vii
CM hMSC-conditioned medium	30
CM-INA6 MSC-Conditioned-Medium-treated INA-6	43
	vii
	63
	85
EMT Epithelial-Mesenchymal Transition	92
FACS Fluorescence-Activated Cell Sorting	76
GUI Graphical User Interface	63
hMSC human Mesenchymal Stromal Cell	80
LLM Large Language Model	63
MA MSC-adhering	38
MACS Magnetic-Activated Cell Sorting	83
MSC Mesenchymal Stromal Cell	81
MGUS Monoclonal Gammopathy of Undetermined Significance	91
MM Multiple Myeloma	89
MMR Multiple Myeloma Relapse	91
MBD Multiple Myleoma related Bone Disease	9
NDMM Newly Diagnosed Multiple Myeloma	3
nMA non-MSC-adhering	38
OS Overall Survival	46
PCL Plasma Cell Leukemia	90
PFS Progression-Free Survival	46
sMM smouldering Multiple Myeloma	2
SP Solitary Plasmacytoma	2
SASP Senescence-Associated Secretory Phenotype	9
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Notes

¹³ Cell Interaction Scenario (specified in this work): The type of cellular interactions and adhesions between cells of the same type (homotypic interaction), different types (heterotypic interaction), or between cells and the substrate. Complex interaction scenarios can combine all these types at the same time. When interaction scenarios emerge from cell division, the term growth conformation can be used as well (see Chapter 1)

¹⁴ Cell Adhesion Dynamics (CAD) (specified in this work): The observation and measurement of time-dependent changes in cell adhesion and detachment events. CAD expands traditional cell adhesion by a time component and implies an intention to predict the timepoint of detachment events. Such focus on dynamics is especially relevant for suspension cells that exhibit intricate adhesion behaviors. Chapter 1 also refers to CAD as attachment/detachment dynamics.

¹⁵CAD dramatype (specified in this work): Specific CAD behavior caused by proximate environmental factors. A CAD dramatype is characterized by the duration cells spend in distinct adhesive states or interaction scenarios¹³, and the cause of transitions between these states and scenarios. Adhesive states include attached, migrating, or detached; interaction scenarios include homotypic, heterotypic or substrate interactions. CAD dramatypes are associated with molecular signatures, such as Cell Adhesion Molecule (CAM) expression patterns or signal transduction mediated by proximate environmental factors.

¹⁶ Adhesion dramatype (specified in this work): Short version for CAD dramatype¹⁵. Since the term dramatype implies dynamic changes, CAD dramatypes and adhesion dramatypes are interchangable.

¹⁷Wilmore & Allman (2017): "We suggest that it is reasonable to approach the notion of physical plasma cell survival niches with some skepticism. It is clear that most BM plasma cells rely heavily on access to APRIL or BLyS (66, 70), and it appears that mature plasma cells are relatively stationary (59). However to us, that plasma cells must remain indefinitely in physical survival niches to survive is less obvious."

¹⁸S. Gupta et al. (2022): "Our analysis concluded that the gain of CD44, loss of CD56, loss of very late antigen-4 (VLA-4), imbalance of the chemokine receptor-4-chemokine ligand-12 (CXCR4-CXCL12) axis, [...] show an increased propensity [...] to leave the bone marrow and hone in extramedullary sites giving rise to more aggressive extramedullary diseases."

¹⁹Paiva et al. (2013): "Our results show that CTCs typically represent a unique subpopulation of all BM clonal PCs, characterized by downregulation (P < .05) of integrins (CD11a, CD11c, CD29, CD49d, CD49e), adhesion (CD33, CD56, CD117, CD138), and activation molecules (CD28/CD38/CD81)."

²⁰Shen et al. (2021): "A total of 28 genes were then computationally predicted to be master regulators (MRs) of MM progression. HMGA1 and PA2G4 were validated in vivo [...], indicating their role in MM progression and dissemination. Loss of HMGA1 and PA2G4 also compromised the proliferation, migration, and adhesion abilities of MM cells in vitro."

²¹Terpos et al. (2016): "Patients with NDMM had increased VCAM-1 and ICAM-1 compared with MGUS and sMM patients. [...] MM patients at first relapse had increased levels of ICAM-1 and L-selectin, even compared with NDMM patients and had increased levels of VCAM-1 compared with MGUS and sMM."

²²Pérez-Andrés et al. (2005): "Clonal PC from all MG [Monoclonal Gammopathies] displayed significantly increased levels of CD56, CD86 and CD126, and decreased amounts of CD38 (P < 0.001). Additionally, HLA-I and β 2-microglobulin were abnormally highly expressed in MGUS, while CD40 expression was decreased in MM and PCL (P < 0.05). Interestingly, a progressive increase in the soluble levels of β 2-microglobulin was found from MGUS to MM

and PCL patients (P < 0.03). In contrast, all groups showed similar surface and soluble amounts of CD126, CD130 and CD95, except for increased soluble levels of CD95 observed in PCL."

²³Uthamacumaran & Zenil (2022): "These predominant snapshot approaches are fundamental limiting factors in the advancement of precision oncology since they are causal agnostic, i.e., they remove the notion of time (dynamics) from cancer datasets. [...] The lack of time-series measurements in single-cell multi-omics (e.g., gene expression dynamics, protein oscillations, histone marks spreading, etc.) and cell population fluctuations (i.e., ecological dynamics), in patient-derived tumor and liquid biopsies, remains a central roadblock in reconstructing cancer networks as complex dynamical systems."

Introduction

Aims

This PhD thesis is designed to bridge significant gaps in the understanding and analysis of myeloma cell behavior and the handling of complex biomedical datasets. The specific aims are as follows:

- Develop an *in vitro* model to elucidate the mechanisms of myeloma cell dissemination in interaction with mesenchymal stromal cells (hMSCs), focusing particularly on:
 - Observing and quantifying cell proliferation, attachment, and detachment dynamics using time-lapse microscopy.
 - Isolating and characterizing distinct myeloma subpopulations interacting with hMSCs to understand differential gene expression related to cell adhesion and patient survival.
- Design and implement a Python-based software tool, plotastic, to facilitate the analysis of multidimensional datasets generated in biomedical research. This tool will aim to:
 - Streamline the data analysis process, making it more efficient and reproducible.
 - Integrate visualization and statistical analysis capabilities to ensure that data analysis
 protocols are aligned with the ways in which data is visualized.
 - Provide a case study demonstrating the application of plotastic in the analysis of in vitro dissemination experiments, emphasizing the tool's ability to handle semi-big data and enhance reproducibility.
- Synthesize the findings from the experimental and software development components to advance
 the understanding of myeloma dissemination and improve research practices in biomedical data
 analysis.

These aims are crafted to address both the biological and technical challenges in current cancer research methodologies and data science applications in biomedicine, fostering advancements that could lead to novel therapeutic strategies and more robust scientific inquiries.

Summarising Discussion

The subsequent sections will discuss the chapters presented earlier, focusing on how they fit within current scientific fields and the technical and academic challenges encountered during this project. Given the extensive scope of the topics covered, this discussion is divided into three main sections: Data analysis, microscopy and cancer cell biology. Each section will detail key experiments that led to shifts in understanding and present intermediary conclusions to ensure clarity on broad topics.

Isolating & Quantifying Subpopulations within Cells in Direct Contact with MSCs

This project aimed to develop methodologies for isolating cells after direct contact with human Mesenchymal Stromal Cells (hMSCs). The primary challenge was the scarcity of *in vitro* methods that could effectively separate and isolate adhering cell subpopulations for subsequent molecular analysis. Most available techniques predominantly focus on the quantification of cell adhesion (Khalili & Ahmad, 2015; Kashef & Franz, 2015), and often employ indirect contact setups, complex micromanipulation, or are unsuitable for using live hMSCs as the immobilizing surface. To address the limitations of current adhesion assays, we developed and enhanced innovative methodologies, specifically the Well Plate Sandwich Centrifugation (WPSC) and V-Well adhesion assays.

Variability of Washing Steps: Given the complexity of the requirements, this project first attempts relied on simple and traditional adhesion assays that rely on manual washing steps (Humphries, 2009). Washing involves aspirating the medium, dispensing washing buffer, and potentially repeating these steps multiple times. This introduces variability due to differences in pipetting techniques, which affect the accuracy of volume transfer (Guan et al., 2023; Pushparaj, 2020). However, adhesion assays don't rely on precise volume transfer, but accurate detachment of cells adhering at the well bottom. This introduces a new set of considerations for the pipetting technique, especially since cells are highly sensitive to shear forces applied by fluid flow. From the author's experience with washing experiments and subsequent microscopic evaluations (data not shown), several factors could contribute to the variability of washing steps:

- 1. The distance of the pipette tip from the well bottom, which decreases during aspiration.
- 2. The position of the pipette tip relative to the well bottom (center or edge).
- 3. The angle of the pipette tip.
- 4. The speed of aspiration.
- 5. Accidental or intended contact between the pipette tip and the cell layer.
- 6. The residual volume left after aspiration.
- 7. The same considerations apply when dispensing the washing buffer.

In addition to user-dependent factors, other variables such as the cells' position on the well bottom can significantly impact the outcome. To the author's experience, cells located at the edge of the well don't detach as easily as those in the center, while cells touching the edge are almost impossible to remove. This phenomenon is likely related to the *boundary layer effect*, where fluids slow down near the edges of the well (Weyburne, 2014).

Together, since both user-dependent and independent factors can affect the outcome of washing steps, adhesive assays that replace washing are highly desirable. Still, since washing is straightforward

and some variability is alleviated by the disciplined execution of washing protocols, it remains a common method for adhesion assays.

Directly Interacting Cells Contain Unexplored Interaction Scenarios: It is evident that direct and indirect contact to Mesenchymal Stromal Cells (MSCs) have varying effects on myeloma cells. That difference is crucial for understanding changes in the Bone Marrow Microenvironment (BMME) during MM progression (Fairfield et al., 2020; Dziadowicz et al., 2022). These studies utilize well-inserts to co-culture myeloma cells in close—indirect—contact with MSCs. However, such comparison of indirect vs. direct co-culturing methods might not fully represent the complexity of intercellular interactions scenarios¹³ found in the BMME. This is exemplified by this project, as it relied on the complex growth behavior: INA-6 cells aggregated homotypically in direct proximity to those adhering heterotypically to hMSCs, and detached through cell division. Furthermore, such methods fail to capture the subtle variations in paracrine signaling concentrations, where even a few micrometers of distance could significantly alter cellular responses.

Such knowledge shifted this project's point of view as well: Initially, our hypothesis focused on direct heterotypic interactions, not expecting a nMA-INA6 population, but rather subpopulations within MA-INA6 cells that are separable by varying adhesion strengths. Hence, our assay employed strict conditions favoring one growth scenario—heterotypic interactions—, with co-cultures providing unlimited hMSC-surface availability causing predominantly heterotypic adhesion, while the short incubation time prevented the formation of aggregates. Despite these measures, our assay still captured cells emerging from recent cell divisions rather than from weak heterotypic adherence as initially hypothesized. This demonstrates the robustness of our method in separating subpopulations that arising from unexpected intercellular interaction scenarios. This can be a major an advantage over methods that summarize direct interactions as one population. Analysing the non-adhering subpopulation within directly interacting cells could provide valuable insights not just in multiple myeloma, but also metastasis of other cancer types.

Minimizing Variability: There are innovative adhesion assays that both support the isolation of nonadherent subpopulations from directly interacting cells, and avoid variability introduced by washing steps.

One simple method involves flipping over a 96-well plate, with surface tension preventing medium spills as non-adhering cells fall to the surface for collection (Zepeda-Moreno et al., 2011). However, we found that the medium in fact did spill occasionally (not shown). Other approaches involve sealing the plate, such as with PCR plate seals, and using centrifugation to separate cells (Reyes & García, 2003; Y. Chen et al., 2021). Despite our efforts, we could not consistently avoid air bubbles, which,

¹³ Cell Interaction Scenario (specified in this work): The type of cellular interactions and adhesions between cells of the same type (homotypic interaction), different types (heterotypic interaction), or between cells and the substrate. Complex interaction scenarios can combine all these types at the same time. When interaction scenarios emerge from cell division, the term *growth conformation* can be used as well (see Chapter 1)

after flipping, would contact the cell layer and create dry regions during centrifugation.

The V-Well adhesion assay does not flip, but collects non-adhering cells into the nadir of V-shaped wells during centrifugation (Weetall et al., 2001). This work profited greatly from this method, while—to our knowledge—being the first to use cell monolayers as the immobilizing surface. We value this method for its precision, as centrifugation applies a uniform and configurable force, while the readout remains straightforward, relying on the total fluorescent brightness rather than individual cell counting.

Specializing in Quantifying Adhesion or Isolating Subpopulations: Most adhesion assays primarily focus on quantification rather than isolation. The author attempted to combine both quantification and isolation, but found that the two goals can be mutually exclusive. The author summarizes the key differences between quantification and isolation approaches as such:

- Cell Manipulation for Harvest vs. Readout:
 - Isolation methods are designed to manipulate cells for easy harvest. For instance, the
 WPSC method uses a catching plate to collect non-adherent cells for subsequent analysis.
 - Quantification methods, on the other hand, manipulate cells to simplify the readout process. For example, the V-Well assay, which pellets cells into a single location, allowing for a pooled fluorescence measurement without the need for extensive cell handling.
- Optimization for Subsequent Analysis vs. Sample Throughput:
 - Isolation methods are optimized for detailed subsequent analyses, such as RNA or protein analysis. For example, WPSC minimizes the introduction of biases such as those from fluorescent staining, making it suitable for downstream molecular assays.
 - Quantification methods are optimized for high sample throughput. The V-Well assay, as
 an end-point assay, is designed to efficiently handle multiple treatments simultaneously,
 providing quick and comparative results with lower cell numbers.
- Handling of Cell Numbers:
 - Isolation methods, such as WPSC, require multiple wells (e.g., 96 wells) to gather a sufficient amount of cells per subpopulation, which is crucial for robust downstream analyses.
 - Quantification methods, exemplified by the V-Well assay, are highly efficient even with low cell numbers.

Thus, this adopted two distinct techniques for isolating and quantifying directly interacting subpopulations, each optimizing for different outcomes, but also supporting the separation of subpopulations within direct intercellular interactions.

Still, it is theoretically possible to insert microscopy steps into the WPSC method to scan the well bottom for later cell counting. Also, this work effectively isolated cell pellets from the V-well plate for subsequent fixation and cell cycle profiling. The process was tedious and required multiple

technical replicates to achieve sufficient cell numbers for analysis. It also required removing hMSC from the V-well nadir to prevent contamination during pellet aspiration.

Together, while both methods can combine quantification and isolation, they are optimized towards either of them. Knowing these strengths and weaknesses could help to advance these methods in future studies.

Rationales of the Well Plate Sandwich Centrifugation: Inspired by the principles of both flipping and V-Well adhesion assays, we developed the Well Plate Sandwich Centrifugation (Well Plate Sandwich Centrifugation (WPSC)) method to address the challenges of isolating cell populations. This method innovatively combines elements from both techniques to provide a more reliable approach to cell isolation. One of the key advantages of WPSC is its ability to reduce the variability commonly introduced by manual pipetting. Instead of relying on aspiration, which introduce variability in cell collection and requires touching the well bottom for complete removal of medium, WPSC employs centrifugation to remove non-adhering cells. Medium is then returned by pipetting to repeat the process and maximize non-adhering cell collection, as the number of detachable cells plateau after few rounds of centrifugation. Hence, this approach compromises between minimizing washing variability and isolating larger quantities of cells.

The 96 well plate format has advantages, reducing spilling when flipping the sandwich, as surface tension kept fluids in place. The 96 well plate format also reduces per-well variability by performing the same washing procedure up to 96 times.

The slow centrifugation speeds used during WPSC are also decided after thorough consideration. For this, one has to discuss how exactly non-adhering cells detach during centrifugation. While centrifugal force is an obvious factor, the properties of cell adhesion are unclear under dry conditions during centrifugation. The author assumed that the cells are being pulled along by the medium as it is centrifuged into the catching plate. Hence, the centrifugation speed was chosen as fast enough to transfer the medium, without completely drying the co-culture plate and minimizing overall cell stress.

A significant challenge in WPSC is the dissociation of MA-INA6 from the hMSC monolayer. WPSC employs two distinct techniques to achieve this dissociation. The first technique involves repeated treatment with the gentle digestive enzyme Accutase followed by Magnetic-Activated Cell Sortings (MACSs). MACS, despite being effective, is costly, time-consuming, reduces overall cell yield, and potentially introduces biases due to CD45 antibody selection and the requirement for cold-treatment. The second technique utilizes strong pipetting to physically detach non-adhering cells (termed 'Wash'). It is important to note that these techniques did not affect the protocol on detaching nMA-INA6 from the co-culture, hence providing for a consistent ratio of isolated MA-INA6 to nMA-INA6 across all experiments. Ultimately, we preferred Wash, as MACS had to be performed on all samples to ensure comparability, reducing overall cell yield which became limiting for downstream

applications, especially for nMA-INA6 cells. Both methods achieved comparable purity of MA-INA6 cells, with few hMSCs per 10e4 MA-INA6 cells (purity assessment not shown). Wash probably posited from the highly durable nature of primary hMSC monolayers, whereas MACS required dissociation of the co-culture.

Together, WPSC offers a versatile solution for isolating hMSC-interacting myeloma cells. It successfully balances the need for precision with the ability to handle larger cell quantities. WPSC could be adapted to other cell types that combines monolayer forming and suspension cells.

Key Points: Ultimately, this work established two methodologies that could represent a significant advancement in the field of adhesion assays, providing cost-effective, precise, reliable, and reproducible techniques for both isolating and quantifying subpopulations within co-cultures of directly interacting cell types. They offered valuable insights into the mechanisms of MM detachment and are potentially applicable to other research questions that focus on growth and interaction scenarios involving multiple cell types.

Integrating Evidence and Hypotheses for a Mechanistic Understanding of Dissemination

The results outlined in Chapter 1 encompass various aspects of multiple myeloma research, including colonization of the BMME, myeloma-MSC interactions, and the association of adhesion factor expression with patient survival and disease stages. Such a broad scope invites the formulation of generalized conclusions, potentially compromising scientific rigor. The following sections aim to clearly separate hypotheses from evidence to guide further research on myeloma dissemination.

Integrating Observations of INA-6 in the Multistep Dissemination Model: The results gained in this work fit well into the multistep model proposed by Zeissig et al. (2020). For most steps, observations were made that could inspire further hypotheses and research:

1. Retention:

- Observation: INA-6 cells attach quickly and strongly to hMSCs, forming stable aggregates.
- Hypothesis: Myeloma cells are retained in the bone marrow microenvironment (BMME) through strong adhesion to hMSCs and stable homotypic aggregation.
- Experiment: Inject INA-6 cells into mice and examine bone lesions. Compare the growth patterns in mice co-injected with an ICAM-1 or LFA-1 α antibody, which dissolve homotypic aggregates in vitro and prevent INA-6 growth in vivo (Kawano et al., 1991; Klausz et al., 2017). If disrupting aggregation leads to diffuse bone colonization rather than focal lesions, it supports the hypothesis that strong adhesion and aggregation are crucial for retention in the BMME.

2. Release:

- Observation: INA-6 cells detach from hMSCs through cell division, and external forces can detach single cells from INA-6 aggregates.
- Hypothesis: Myeloma cells detach from the BMME through cell division and external forces after reaching a minimal aggregate size.
- Experiment: Inject Bromodeoxyuridine (BrdU) stained INA-6 cells into mice and compare the cell cycle profiles and BrdU signals of circulating cells versus those in the bone marrow. Enrichment of G1/G0 cells among circulating cells would support the hypothesis that detachment is more likely shortly after cell division.

3. Intra-/Extravasation:

• This study did not make experiments to study for intra-/extravasation, but these phenomena could be explored with similar methods, if MSCs were replaced by endothelial cells.

4. Colonization:

- Observation: INA-6 cells exhibit quick attachment to hMSCs within one hour and rapidly upregulate numerous adhesion factors, including Extracellular Matrix (ECM) factors.
- Hypothesis: Quick attachment and fast expression of adhesion factors enhance the potential to colonize new niches. This is particularly relevant as INA-6 cells were isolated from the pleura, indicating an ability to colonize extramedullary sites (Burger, Günther, et al., 2001).
- Experiment: Inject INA-6 cells into mice and observe if they colonize extramedullary sites. Compare this to INA-6 cells with reduced adaptability to test the hypothesis. Research is required to find techniques to reduce such putative adaptability: One potential option is using XRK3F2 to inhibit p62, an upstream activator of NF-κB (Adamik et al., 2018). In fact, NF-κB signaling seems a robust target, given that it plays a role both in MM patients (Sarin et al., 2020), and inducing adhesion factor expression in INA-6 (this work). Other targetable genes are those proposed by Shen et al. (2021) to be master regulators of myeloma progression.

These hypotheses—based on observations from INA-6 cells—provide a starting point for understanding myeloma dissemination. While these insights are specialized for the INA-6 cell line, they inspire the development of a more generalized framework applicable to a broader range of myeloma cases.

Constructing a Generalizable Hypothetical Framework of Dissemination: A mechanistic understanding of myeloma dissemination remains elusive. Although Zeissig et al. (2020) described dissemination as a multistep process, evidence is largely collected for individual steps, leaving the connections between these steps unproven. As a result, the process of dissemination is a patchwork of

evidence fragments. The following sections aim to integrate such fragments, especially those derived from the INA-6 cell line in this work, to construct a more coherent understanding of myeloma dissemination. To do so, this work speficies new terminology, including Cell Adhesion Dynamics $(CAD)^{14}$ and CAD dramatype¹⁵ or short adhesion dramatype¹⁶.

Distinguishing Phenotype and Dramatype: INA-6 cells exhibited great reactivity to hMSCs. Describing this new state as a *phenotype* would correctly imply the influence of both genetic and environmental factors. However, this overloads the term *environmental factors*, as it includes the history of the donor, decade-long culturing conditions, the *in vitro* model simulating the BMME, and experimental conditions such as the ratio of MSCs to INA-6 cells. Animal studies faced a similar issue and hence coined the term *dramatype* (van Zutphen et al., 2001): The dramatype describes the state of the cells that is due to proximate environmental factors, whereas the phenotype summarizes the overall environmental background prior to entering that proximate environment. Cancer research uses the term dramatype rarely (Hino, 2004), or use combinations like *phenotype switching* (Wouters et al., 2020). However, given the micronevironmental and adhesional changes faced, the term *dramatype* could define distinct and potentially temporary adhesive behaviors of myeloma cells observed for each step of dissemination. This distinguishes the adhesion behavior and expression patterns from previous phenotypic characterizations of bulk myeloma samples without undermining their validity.

Introducing Adhesion Dramatypes: Cell Adhesion Dynamics (CAD)¹⁴ characterizes the time-dependent changes in cell adhesion and detachment, associating these phases with molecular signatures like CAM expression or cell signaling mediated by the microenvironment. Focusing on a time component is especially useful for predicting the behavior of suspension cells with intricate attachment and detachment behaviors like INA-6. In that sense, MA-INA6 and nMA-INA6 are two distinct in vitro adhesion dramatypes. The adhesion dramatype of MA-INA6 cells is characterized by adhesion factor expression and stable heterotypic adhesion to hMSCs. This addresses the retention and colonization steps during the multistep-model of dissemination. MA-INA6 cells then transition into another adhesion dramatype—nMA-INA6—through cell division and loss of MSC adhesion, and is characterized by unstable homotypic aggregation from which single cells detach. This could represent the release step of dissemination.

¹⁴ Cell Adhesion Dynamics (CAD) (specified in this work): The observation and measurement of time-dependent changes in cell adhesion and detachment events. CAD expands traditional cell adhesion by a time component and implies an intention to predict the timepoint of detachment events. Such focus on dynamics is especially relevant for suspension cells that exhibit intricate adhesion behaviors. Chapter 1 also refers to CAD as attachment/detachment dynamics.

¹⁵CAD dramatype (specified in this work): Specific CAD behavior caused by proximate environmental factors. A CAD dramatype is characterized by the duration cells spend in distinct adhesive states or interaction scenarios¹³, and the cause of transitions between these states and scenarios. Adhesive states include attached, migrating, or detached; interaction scenarios include homotypic, heterotypic or substrate interactions. CAD dramatypes are associated with molecular signatures, such as CAM expression patterns or signal transduction mediated by proximate environmental factors.

 $^{^{16}}Adhesion\ dramatype$ (specified in this work): Short version for CAD dramatype 15 . Since the term dramatype implies dynamic changes, $CAD\ dramatypes$ and $adhesion\ dramatypes$ are interchangable.

Key Hypotheses: The author introduces the *Dynamic Adhesion Hypothetical Framework for Myeloma Dissemination*, which leverages direct observations of CAD¹⁴, and is structured around four key hypotheses. Each address fundamental aspects of myeloma cell dissemination based on both literature and the results of this work:

- 1. Myeloma cells change their adhesion dramatype during dissemination. In response to different environmental cues faced during dissemination, myeloma cells switch, change or adapt their CAD. These states are characterized by adhesion dramatypes¹⁶. Different steps in dissemination involve distinct adhesion dramatypes, or instance, one for specialized colonizing new sites and one specialized for vascular interactions.
- 2. Rapid CAD plasticity drives aggressive dissemination in myeloma. Dramatypic plasticity describes the overall repertoire of adhesion dramatypes¹⁶ that individual myeloma cells can deploy. However, such plasticity is limited by the rapidness of deploying a specialized adhesion dramatype during steps of dissemination.
- 3. CAD is highly diverse among patients. Adhesional diversity is reached through multiple mechanisms, including clonal heterogeneity within myeloma cell population, but also through dramatypic plasticity of individual cells.
- 4. **Detachment is caused by multiple cues of varying nature.** Given the diversity of myeloma CAD, detachment could be both a consequence of ongoing processes, but also triggered by timely defined events. Both could combine external mechanical forces, cell division, loss of CAM expression, or even pure chance.

This framework sets the stage for a detailed exploration of each hypothesis, linking empirical data with hypothetical constructs to provide a comprehensive framework that can help to identify commonalities in myeloma dissemination, but also inform the development of targeted therapies.

Hypothesis 1: Cells Change their Adhesion Dramatype during Dissemination

As presented in Chapter 1, MA-INA6 cells exhibited upregulation of both adhesion factors and chemoattractants, switching their CAD adhesion dramatype from homotypic aggregation to MSCs adhesion. Given that INA-6 cells were isolated from an extramedullary site—the pleura—(Burger, Guenther, et al., 2001), such changes likely facilitate colonization of new microenvironments. This section explores the hypothesis that MM cells adapt or change their adhesion dramatype not only during colonization, but at each step of dissemination.

Adhesion Dramatypes Assume Distinguishable Niches: The multistep model proposed by Zeissig et al. (2020) posits that myeloma cells acquire regulatory mechanisms specialized for each step

of dissemination. The author hypothesizes that the different niches involved in these steps are unique enough to induce distinct adhesion dramatypes. This requires thorough knowledge of separate niches. Granata et al. (2022) categorizes the Bone Marrow (BM) into sinusoidal, arteriolar, and endosteal niches, each spatially and molecularly distinguishable. The endosteal niche is home to MSC and a majority of plasma cells¹⁷, and the vascular niches—sinusoidal and arteriolar—include endothelial cells (Zehentmeier et al., 2014; Wilmore & Allman, 2017). Other niches encountered during dissemination include peripheral blood, lymph nodes, and extramedullary sites. Comprehensive mapping and characterization of these niches, including their adhesion molecules and soluble factors, is necessary to understand the adhesion requirements for each niche. This is a highly complex task, yet summarizing available information per niche could provide a powerful basis.

Distinct Adhesion Dramatypes Transitioning between Niches: Adhesion processes are well-documented in MM progression, particularly within the BMME (Bou Zerdan et al., 2022). However, the dynamism of these processes remains unclear. Overall, Frede et al. (2021) have shown that individual myeloma cells can switch between alternate transcriptional states through differential epigenetic regulation. Such states were associated with distinct transcriptioal signatures like those of enothelial progenitors or enhancers linked to CXCR4. This is indicative of myeloma cells having different CAD dramatypes. In other cancers, different adhesive phenotypes and transitions, such as those seen in epithelial-mesenchymal transition (EMT), are common (Geng et al., 2014). For myeloma, EMT-like phenotypes have been described, but a clear association with distinct adhesion behaviors is hindered by the cells maintaining their suspension state (Roccaro et al., 2015; Qian et al., 2023). This work might be the first to identify adhesion dramatypes through functional separation of detachable myeloma cells. As presented earlier, expanding these findings could reveal transitions between adhesion dramatypes during MM dissemination, such as overcoming retention, initiating release, and establishing colonization.

Extramedullary Niche: Changing adhesion dramatypes predicts a specialized set of adhesion factors for extramedullary niches. A distinct phenotype has been proposed for extramedullary myeloma¹⁸, characterized by changes in expression of CD44, CD56, VLA-4, and CXCR4 (S. Gupta et al., 2022). In support of this, (Hathi et al., 2022) demonstrated that VLA-4 seems to direct myeloma cells to the BM, since ablating VLA-4 reduced medullary disease, but increased extramedullary involvement. Furthermore, the role of CXCR4 in mediating adhesion factor expression is well established, particularly in extramedullary MM cells (Roccaro et al., 2015; S. Gupta et al., 2022): Ex-

¹⁷Wilmore & Allman (2017): "We suggest that it is reasonable to approach the notion of physical plasma cell survival niches with some skepticism. It is clear that most BM plasma cells rely heavily on access to APRIL or BLyS (66, 70), and it appears that mature plasma cells are relatively stationary (59). However to us, that plasma cells must remain indefinitely in physical survival niches to survive is less obvious."

¹⁸S. Gupta et al. (2022): "Our analysis concluded that the gain of CD44, loss of CD56, loss of very late antigen-4 (VLA-4), imbalance of the chemokine receptor-4-chemokine ligand-12 (CXCR4-CXCL12) axis, [...] show an increased propensity [...] to leave the bone marrow and hone in extramedullary sites giving rise to more aggressive extramedullary diseases."

tramedullary myeloma cells overexpress CXCR4, making them more responsive to cues that induce adhesion factor expression, such as CD44/H-CAM.

Vascular Niche: Changing adhesion dramatypes predicts a specialized set of adhesion factors for endothelial interaction, supporting intravasation and extravasation. Although not assessed in this thesis, the vascular niche is a popular therapeutic target for preventing dissemination (Neri & J. Bahlis, 2012). Key adhesion factors like JAM-A and N-Cadherin have been highlighted as potential targets (Solimando et al., 2020; Mrozik et al., 2015). These factors were not differentially expressed between subpopulations isolated in Chapter 1, suggesting distinct regulatory mechanisms for vascular versus MSC interactions.

Circulating MM: Changing adhesion dramatypes would predict that circulating MM cells lose adhesion factors. Studies confirm that—compared to BM-resident cells—circulating Multiple Myeloma (MM) cells exhibit reduced expression of multiple adhesion factors ¹⁹, including $\alpha 4\beta 1$ and CD138/Syndecan-1 (Paiva et al., 2013, 2011; Akhmetzyanova et al., 2020). Evidence suggests that a dynamic loss of CD138/Syndecan-1 and gain of JAM-C causes intravasation, circulation, and dissemination of MM cells (Akhmetzyanova et al., 2020; Brandl et al., 2022). This thesis also shows that nMA-INA6 cells, after emerging as daughter cells from MA-INA6, not only lose adhesion factor expression but also exhibit increased survival during IL-6 deprivation, potentially aiding survival in circulation.

Intermediary Conclusion: Available Evidence of Adhesion Phenotypes Lacks Functional Characterization and Proof of Dramatypic Transitions: The concept of changing adhesion dramatypes is supported by the existence of distinct BM niches and the identification of separable adhesion phenotypes. However, most transitions between these phenotypes during dissemination are unexplored. Functional characterization of adhesive phenotypes and their transitions could provide a robust framework for understanding dissemination as a multistep process, reinforcing the dynamic adhesion hypothetical framework. Mapping adhesive properties for each involved niche could aid this endeavor.

Implications for Therapy: Adhesion molecules have been targeted for therapy for over a decade (Nair et al., 2012; Neri & J. Bahlis, 2012). Especially inhibiting adhesion molecules involved in interaction with the endothelium effectively reduces tumor burden in mouse models (Asosingh et al., 2001; Mrozik et al., 2015). A deeper understanding of how myeloma cells regulate CAD could be key to predicting and preventing dissemination. Changing adhesion dramatypes suggests that different adhesion factors should be either antagonized or agonized depending on their role. For instance, adhesion factors involved in intravasation and extravasation should be antagonized, while those facilitating BM retention should be agonized—Tab. 1 provides a list of potential retention

¹⁹Paiva et al. (2013): "Our results show that CTCs typically represent a unique subpopulation of all BM clonal PCs, characterized by downregulation (P < .05) of integrins (CD11a, CD11c, CD29, CD49d, CD49e), adhesion (CD33, CD56, CD117, CD138), and activation molecules (CD28/CD38/CD81)."

targets. However, care should be taken to not agonize adhesion factors that also provide survival signals.

Considerations for Research on Myeloma Cell Adhesion: The evidence presented here sets the stage for a more detailed exploration of adhesion factors in MM. Characterizations of bulk myeloma will not capture the dynamic changes in adhesion factor expression that occur during dissemination. Studying adhesion factors in MM in vitro requires considering the specific microenvironmental context. Some adhesion factors are not present in MM cells but can be rapidly expressed with appropriate signals. Also, further studies should differentiate between initial adhesion and upregulated adhesion factors. For example, performing a WPSC assay after 30 minutes of adhesion could separate INA-6-6 cells based on initial adhesion capability, with RNAseq of nMA-INA6 vs MA-INA6 identifying initial adhesion factors. This differentiation could be crucial for predicting colonization potential across niches, as initial adhesion is likely to be essential for subsequent growth in BM or extramedullary environments.

Concluding Remarks and Future Directions: The exploration of changing adhesion dramatypes across various niches reveals a complex interplay between myeloma cells and their environments, characterized by dynamic regulation of adhesion factors. This supports the hypothesis that myeloma cells adapt their adhesion dramatype in response to different microenvironments encountered during dissemination, suggesting potential therapeutic strategies targeting these specific adhesion mechanisms.

Distinguishing adhesion dramatypes among vascular, bone marrow, and extramedullary niches highlights the need for targeted therapy to either promote retention or prevent dissemination. Identifying bone marrow retentive factors that do not induce survival signaling is crucial—such as CXCR4 or CXCL12—, with the gene-list in Appendix A.2: Tab. 1 providing a strong starting point.

Future research should focus on clarifying the functional roles and transitions of these adhesion dramatypes through functional adhesion assays and live-cell imaging. This will validate the changing adhesion dramatype hypothesis and identify therapeutic targets to disrupt dissemination at various stages. Controlled *in vitro* studies simulating specific microenvironments, integrating RNA sequencing and live-cell imaging, will enhance understanding of adhesion factor regulation and inform the development of precise interventions for multiple myeloma management.

Hypothesis 2: Rapid CAD Plasticity Drives Aggression in Myeloma

Chapter 1 presented the intriguing observation of rapid CAD changes: Within 24 hours, INA-6 cells adapted their CAD from homotypic aggregation to MSC adhesion, then back to aggregation, followed by detachment of single cells. Since INA-6 were isolated from highly advanced Plasma Cell Leukemia (PCL) (Burger, Guenther, et al., 2001), this rapid CAD plasticity could be driving an ag-

gressive phenotype of myeloma.

Associating Adhesion Factors with Disease Progression & Aggressiveness: The hypothesis of rapid CAD plasticity is predicated on the association between adhesion factors and cancer aggressiveness. The transformative processes in MM pathogenesis have been recognized for decades, typically observed over months or years (Hallek et al., 1998). Much of this research has focused on transformations in resistance mechanisms acquired during chemotherapy, with cell adhesion factors being well-established drivers of survival signaling via NF- κ B and the selection of drug-resistant myeloma clones (Landowski et al., 2003; Solimando et al., 2022).

Recent research has provided detailed characterizations of adhesion factors driving myeloma aggressiveness. For instance, adhesion and migration have been associated with key regulators of myeloma progression²⁰(Shen et al., 2021). Additionally, a recent study identified 18 adhesion factors as the basis for a prognostic model to identify high-risk variants in newly diagnosed MM patients (Q. Hu et al., 2024).

This thesis contributes to this field by showing that bone-retentive adhesion factors and ECM proteins are continuously downregulated during Monoclonal Gammopathy of Undetermined Significance (MGUS), asymptomatic Multiple Myeloma (aMM), MM, and Multiple Myeloma Relapse (MMR). Other studies of bulk myeloma biopsies confirm changes in adhesion factor expression at some point between MGUS and $PCL^{21, 22}$, reporting increased levels of VCAM-1, ICAM-1, L-selectin, CD56, CD86, CD126, & CD95, decreased levels of CD38, HLA-I, β 2-microglobulin, & CD40, and no changes in CD130 (Terpos et al., 2016; Pérez-Andrés et al., 2005).

Intriguingly, not only the surface expression of adhesion factors plays a role during progression, but also the surrounding ECM. ECM from myeloma patients exhibits tumor-promoting properties, in stark contrast to the tumor-abrogating ECM from healthy donors (Ibraheem et al., 2019).

Together, recent advances have effectively associated changes in cell adhesion expression phenotypes with aggressive myeloma. Further insights can be drawn from the databases used in Chapter 1 (Seckinger et al., 2018), identifying adhesion genes differentially expressed between cohorts of different disease stages, followed by functional categorization into GO-terms associated with dissemination

²⁰Shen et al. (2021): "A total of 28 genes were then computationally predicted to be master regulators (MRs) of MM progression. HMGA1 and PA2G4 were validated in vivo [...], indicating their role in MM progression and dissemination. Loss of HMGA1 and PA2G4 also compromised the proliferation, migration, and adhesion abilities of MM cells in vitro."

²¹Terpos et al. (2016): "Patients with NDMM had increased VCAM-1 and ICAM-1 compared with MGUS and sMM patients. [...] MM patients at first relapse had increased levels of ICAM-1 and L-selectin, even compared with NDMM patients and had increased levels of VCAM-1 compared with MGUS and sMM."

 $^{^{22}}$ Pérez-Andrés et al. (2005): "Clonal PC from all MG [Monoclonal Gammopathies] displayed significantly increased levels of CD56, CD86 and CD126, and decreased amounts of CD38 (P < 0.001). Additionally, HLA-I and β 2-microglobulin were abnormally highly expressed in MGUS, while CD40 expression was decreased in MM and PCL (P < 0.05). Interestingly, a progressive increase in the soluble levels of β 2-microglobulin was found from MGUS to MM and PCL patients (P < 0.03). In contrast, all groups showed similar surface and soluble amounts of CD126, CD130 and CD95, except for increased soluble levels of CD95 observed in PCL."

steps. However, these studies do not focus on a mechanistic understanding of how cell adhesion drives aggressive dissemination, nor do they discuss the speed of adaptations in adhesion phenotypes.

CAD Plasticity and Speed: Clonal dynamics have established that rapid mutations can drive aggressive progression on a genomic scale (Keats et al., 2012; Evers et al., 2023). The hypothesis of CAD plasticity extends this idea to the activity of adhesion factors, encompassing dynamic (post-)transcriptional regulation and adhesion kinetics regulated at the protein level. In solid cancers, sufficient information on regulatory dynamics exists to train deep learning models that infer transcriptional changes over time from static single-cell RNAseq data (Tong et al., 2023). This study demonstrates that dynamic phenotypic changes can be projected along Epithelial-Mesenchymal Transition (EMT) and MET (Mesenchymal to Epithelial Transition) trajectories, aiding in the prediction of future detachment dynamics.

However, for hematological cancers such as MM, high time resolutions of up to minutes or even seconds might be required. The speed of phenotypic changes is often an overlooked dimension in molecular cancer research²³ (Uthamacumaran & Zenil, 2022). The author hypothesizes that this rapidness is crucial for colonizing new sites. CAD plasticity alone might not be sufficient for successful attachment or survival: INA-6 cells failed to adhere to MSC during live-cell imaging if the motorized stage top was moving too fast, necessitating decelerated microscopy configuration (data not shown). This indicates that colonization attempts are thwarted by fast-moving environments, despite strong MSC adhesion potential.

Similar to Hypothesis 1, the evidence for this hypothesis is limited by the current understanding of transitions between adhesion dramatypes. Hypothesizing the rapidity of such transitions adds further complexity, requiring a time-dimension for every experiment. Nonetheless, there is evidence of rapid transitions towards detaching and invasive dramatypes, implying swiftness in these processes: A sudden loss of the adhesion factor CD138 can occur either through antibody treatment or shedding by heparanase (Y. Yang et al., 2005; Akhmetzyanova et al., 2020). Exploring such rapid dynamisms is a major challenge for future research but also presents a significant opportunity to establish a new field of research in myeloma dissemination focused on CAD.

Potential Mechanisms Facilitating the Fast Switch of Adhesion Dramatypes: The hypothesis of rapid CAD plasticity suggests that aggressive myeloma cells can swiftly alter their adhesion dramatype, as observed in INA-6-MSC co-cultures. To facilitate such rapid changes, several molecular mechanisms might be utilized: Integrins can undergo rapid conformational changes from active to inactive forms, a process used to detach B-cell leukemia cells through small molecule treat-

²³Uthamacumaran & Zenil (2022): "These predominant snapshot approaches are fundamental limiting factors in the advancement of precision oncology since they are causal agnostic, i.e., they remove the notion of time (dynamics) from cancer datasets. [...] The lack of time-series measurements in single-cell multi-omics (e.g., gene expression dynamics, protein oscillations, histone marks spreading, etc.) and cell population fluctuations (i.e., ecological dynamics), in patient-derived tumor and liquid biopsies, remains a central roadblock in reconstructing cancer networks as complex dynamical systems."

ment (Ruan et al., 2022). Additionally, myeloma cells can express proteases like heparanase to shed adhesion factors from their cell surface (Y. Yang et al., 2005).

For INA-6 cells, the author proposes two mechanisms that could explain this swiftness: First, NF- κ B signaling is enriched in MA-INA6 cells. NF- κ B is known as one of the fastest signaling pathways, capable of regulating the transcription of target genes within seconds (Gallego-Selles et al., 2022; Zarnegar et al., 2008). This signaling pathway is relevant for both *in vitro* experiments and MM patients (Sarin et al., 2020), making its downstream effectors robust targets for treatment.

Second, asymmetric cell division could explain the rapid loss of adhesion gene mRNA transcripts observed in nMA-INA6 cells that emerged from MA-INA6 cells through cell division. This process was popularized by stem cell research for facilitating self-renewal (Shenghui et al., 2009), yet its underlying molecular mechanisms are conserved in asymmetrically dividing cells and cellular polarization processes as well (Inaba & Yamashita, 2012; St Johnston & Ahringer, 2010). Asymmetry can be established *intrinsically*, where factors are segregated between daughter cells, or *extrinsically*, by placing two daughters into distinct microenvironments (Inaba & Yamashita, 2012). It is debatable whether the definition of extrinsic asymmetric cell division is fulfilled by this work's observation of nMA-INA6 daughter cells emerging out of range of MSCs, thereby delaying direct adhesion until the nMA-INA6 re-attaches to an MSC.

Intrinsic mechanisms could be explored by live-cell imaging of cell division events in INA-6-MSC co-cultures, followed by *in situ* hybridization using fluorescently labeled antisense RNA probes. If successful, this could represent the first evidence for asymmetric cell division in MM, which could be useful for the popular *cancer stem cell hypothesis*. However, MA-INA6 cells do not currently fulfill the multipotency criterion required by stem cell terminology (Johnsen et al., 2016; Z. Li et al., 2022).

Implications for Future Research: Rapid CAD plasticity could explain the high variance of adhesion factor expression observed in myeloma patients. For instance, the interquartile range of CXCL12 fold-change expression spans more than one order of magnitude (Chapter 1, Fig. 6). Even within a single disease stage and niche, subsets of myeloma cells could exhibit rapidly interchanging adhesion dramatypes. This underscores the relevance of *in vitro* studies involving direct contact with stromal or endothelial cells, as they can capture subpopulations with different adhesion dramatypes, akin to MA-INA6 and nMA-INA6.

Rapid CAD plasticity also explains the paradoxical trend of decreasing retention factor expression during disease progression, as described in Chapter 1. Myeloma cells with the ability to rapidly switch adhesion dramatypes benefit from this capability in several ways. They can lose adhesion factors to facilitate release into circulation, and then quickly upregulate these factors when needed for colonization. This dynamic switching supports both survival signaling and the detachment of less adhesive cells, providing a competitive advantage in various microenvironments.

Implications for Therapy: Rapid CAD plasticity could significantly impact the development of targeted therapies: Different myeloma dramatypes might lack traditional prognostic markers but still possess the ability to rapidly express these markers, potentially leading to the misidentification of high-risk patients. Therefore, targeted therapies should incorporate multiple markers obtained from various tissue sources to enhance the accuracy of prognostic predictions. This dynamic approach could ensure that high-risk patients receive the most appropriate therapeutic interventions.

Concluding Remarks: The hypothesis of rapid CAD plasticity is supported by the association between adhesion factors and myeloma aggressiveness, although direct evidence for the speed of these adaptations remains limited. Advanced stages of myeloma and aggressive phenotypes are linked to distinct adhesion dramatypes. The scarce evidence of dramatype transitions only imply rapidness, lacking precise dynamics require. If proven true, this hypothesis underscores the need for future research to focus on the mechanisms and speed of these adhesion changes to develop robust personalised therapies.

Hypothesis 3: CAD is Highly Diverse Among Patients

- Describe different cell lines: MM1.S being plastic adhering moderately MSC-adhering non-aggregating, INA-6 being non adhering aggregate forming and MSC-adhering, U266 being plastic adhering, non MSC-adhering and non-aggregating.
 - patient derived myeloma sometimes aggregate, sometimes they don't (Kawano et al., 1991)
 - Results from this work: CXCL12 expression varies from QM between QM

One important dimension that is missing here is the genetic background of the myeloma cells. These are based on recurrent patterns of chromosomal aberrations or mutational signatures, defining structural and single nucleotide variants (Kumar & Rajkumar, 2018; Hoang et al., 2019). The prognostic value of genetic variants in MM is well established (Sharma et al., 2021), and their identification is becoming precise and cost-effective using *optical genome mapping*, making progress towards personalized therapies (Zou et al., 2024; Budurlean et al., 2024).

What markers can be used to categorize these differences? - Maybe IL-6 dependency/independency (Sprynski et al., 2009)? - *in vitro* growth characteristics: Plastic adherence, MSC ahderence, aggregation

Hypothesis 4: Detachment is Caused by Multiple Cues of Varying Nature

biological implications: - Different cues could trigger different adhesional changes - Soluble signals? - Detachment through intercellular effects: cell division, Saturation of hMSC adhesion surface-Detachment with mechanical influence: External forces and instability after aggregate size-

why is this important? The cues that trigger the detachment of MM cells are not well understood. It could be that MM cells detach due to a combination of factors, such as loss of adhesion factors, changes in the BM microenvironment, or cell division or even completely random. Knowing specific dissemination signals helps preventing dissemination.

Papers like Akhmetzyanova et al. (2020) make it seem as if there is one molecule that decides if a myeloma cell is circulating or not.

It's less about one clear (molecular) mechanism that decides that a myeloma cell decides to become a disseminating cell, but rather a indirect consequence of a combination of many processes. These processes are: - Loss of adhesion factors or dynamic expression of adhesion factors - Loss of dependency from bone marrow microenvironment - asdf

Our thesis postulates that there is no big switch that decides if a myeloma cell detaches from the bone marrow, but rather a prolonged process of continuisly downregulating adhesion factors, a dynamic upregulation of adhesion factors when they're needed, but the ultimate event that triggers release is better explained by external mechanical forces intercellular effects (cell division, saturation of adhesive surface and rising instability of aggregates after reaching a minimum size).

Detachment is triggered by external mechanical forces on cell conglomerates previously sensitized by changes in cell adhesion behaviour

Supporting Literature:

1. Cues or Processes

- This work showed that detachment happened mostly mechanically and cell biologically through cell division. - Detachment through intercellular effects: cell division, Saturation of hMSC adhesion surface - Detachment with mechanical influence: External forces and instability after aggregate size.
- Soluble signals within the BM microenvironment, such as cytokines and chemokines, play significant roles in modulating adhesion factor expression in MM cells (Aggarwal et al., 2006; Alsayed et al., 2007).
- CD138 was proposed as a switch between adhesion and migration in MM cells, its blockage

triggering migration and intravasation (Akhmetzyanova et al., 2020).

• Heparanase (Y. Yang et al., 2005)

How can this be studied?

Identifying such signals might be challenging without having understood the other two hypotheses about adaptability first.

What new implications do these dimensions have on targeting adhesion factors for therapy?

- It could represent a valid strategy to strengthen myeloma adhesion, provided that targeted adhesion molecule is proven to not be involved in other steps of dissemination, such as extravasation. Stimulating adhesion factor expression or activity is harder than inhibition, yet not impossible. For instance, the short polypeptide SP16 can activate the receptor LRP1—its high expression being associated with improved survival of MM patients in this work—, showing promising results during phase I clinical trial (Wohlford et al., 2021), but could potentially increase survival of MM through PI3K/Akt signaling (Potere et al., 2019; Heinemann et al., 2022) -
- One could also accept that many cues are simply not controllable, and hope for systemic therapies like CAR- T Cells

$Conclusion \ 3: \ The \ Dynamic \ Adhesion \ Hypothetical \ Framework for \ Myeloma \ Dissemination$

How does limited understanding of one dimension prevent the understanding of the other dimensions?

Location & Progression: If we don't know the expression profile of an MM cell depending on their source, results become incomparable.

Location & Cues: If we don't know the cues that trigger detachment, we can't predict where the MM cells will detach.

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Appendices

A Supplementary Data & Methods

A.1 Figures

A.2 Tables

A.3 Materials & Methods

B Documentation of plotastic