## Quiz 3: do it yourself; use the course notes – Res... ×

## Attempt 1 of 2

Written May 24, 2024 8:55 PM - May 24, 2024 9:30 PM

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Attempt Score 9.75 / 11 - 88.64 %

Overall Grade (Highest Attempt) 9.75 / 11 - 88.64 %
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Question 1 2 / 2 points

Create a code with five codewords that has a Hamming Distance of 4 bits. Show / explain how you know the Hamming Distance is 4 bits.

My Code:

Codeword 1 = 00000000

Codeword 2 = 111111111

Codeword 3 = 00001111

Codeword 4 = 11110000

Codeword 5 = 001111100

The Hamming Distance of a code is the minimum number of bits between the closest two codewords. An example of the closest two codewords in this code are codewords 2 & 3 which have a hamming distance of 4 bits as there is a difference of 4 bits between the two words.

The correct answer is not displayed for Written Response type questions.

Question 2 1 / 2 points

Create the Hamming codeword (using even parity) for the dataword 1010101. Show your work and clearly identify the parity bits. If you want, hand-write it and upload an image.

Hamming codeword = 11110100101

The correct answer is not displayed for Written Response type questions.

Question 3 2 / 2 points

Does the Hamming codeword 0000011 (made using odd parity) have errors in it? Where? What was the original dataword supposed to be? Show all your work

Yes, it has errors. Error is at 2 + 4 = 6th bit.

The original dataword was supposed to be 0001

The correct answer is not displayed for Written Response type questions.

Question 4 2 / 2 points

If a code has a Hamming distance of 11 bits, how many errors can it detect? Why can it not detect more than that?

It can detect a maximum 10 bits. It cannot detect more than that many bits as it will the exact opposite of the originally sent code which cannot be detected as an error.

The correct answer is not displayed for Written Response type questions.

Question 5 2 / 2 points

If a code has a Hamming distance of 26 bits, how many errors can it correct? Why can it not correct more than

Error correcting ability is < H/2. Thus, it can correct maximum of 12 bit errors. It cannot correct more than that many bits as more than 50% error bits will be ambiguous and considered as the opposite codeword.

The correct answer is not displayed for Written Response type questions.

Question 6 0.75 / 1 point

Which bits are checked by parity bit 4, in a 12-bit-long codeword? bits 5,6,7,12

The correct answer is not displayed for Written Response type questions.

**▼** Hide question 6 feedback

Bits: 4, 5, 6, 7, and 12 are checked by parity bit 4
The Hamming algorithm works only because parity bits check
themselves