

# CERAFAK 106

Wax dispersion on the basis of an EVA copolymer wax for solvent-borne effect coating systems, especially for automotive coatings. Improves the orientation of effect pigments and reduces settling in the container.

## Product Data

### Composition

Ethylen-Vinylacetat-Copolymerwachsdispersion (EVA)

### Typical Properties

The values indicated in this data sheet describe typical properties and do not constitute specification limits.

Non-volatile matter:	6 %
Carrier:	Xylene/butyl acetate/n-butanol 7/8/1
Melting point (wax content):	221 °F
Particle size (Hegman):	20 µm
Viscosity (73 °F):	10 mPa·s

### Food Contact Legal Status

For the current food contact legal status, please contact our product safety department or visit [www.byk.com](http://www.byk.com) for further information.

### Storage and Transportation

Temperature sensitive. Do not store or transport above 35 °C (95 °F). Stir before processing.

### Storage and Transport

Test method: seeding

The wax additive is homogenized with a dissolver for 5 min at 4 m/s, then diluted with 20 % n-butyl acetate and stirred for a further 2 min at about 4 m/s. A draw down is then made on a glass panel with a 100 µm doctor blade. The resulting film must be clear and free of seeds during drying.

Test method: particle size measurement with grind-gauge according to ISO 1524

The wax additive is homogenized with a dissolver for 5 min at 4 m/s. A draw down is then made on a 50 µm grind-gauge. Result: 20 µm particle size.

## Applications

### Coatings Industry

#### Special Features and Benefits

The additive improves the orientation of effect pigments (e.g. aluminum, mica) and enhances the flip-flop effect. Short wave defects (mottling, Bénard cells) are minimized and leveling of the subsequent clear coat layer is improved. Settling in the container is also reduced.

### Recommended Use

CERAFAK 106 is recommended for solvent-borne base coats and one coat metallic top coats for automotive coatings.

### Recommended Levels

50 % additive (as supplied) based upon the solid binder.

The above recommended levels can be used for orientation. Optimal levels are determined through a series of laboratory tests.

### Incorporation and Processing Instructions

The wax additive must be homogenized before use with a dissolver (4 m/s) and then added to the binder solution under agitation. In systems with CAB, the CAB solution must first be incorporated homogeneously in the binder solution at high shear forces ( $> 5$  m/s) before the stirred wax additive, the effect pigment slurry and the solvent can be added under agitation.

