

# XDM Series Digital Multimeter Programming Manual

- XDM3051
- XDM3041

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Introduction to the SCPI Language

**Introduction to the SCPI Language** 

Syntax

SCPI commands present a hierarchical tree structure and contain multiple sub-systems, each of

which is made up of a root keyword and one or more sub-keywords. The command string usually

starts with ":", the keywords are separated by ":" and are followed by the parameter settings

available, "?" is added at the end of the command string to indicate guery and the command and

parameter are separated by "space".

For example:

SENSe:VOLTage:DC:RANGe {<range>|MINimum|MAXimum}

SENSe:VOLTage:DC:RANGe? [{MINimum|MAXimum}]

SENSe is the root keyword of the command. VOLTage and DC are the second-level and

third-level keywords respectively. The command string starts with ":" which separates the

multiple-level keywords. <range> represents parameters available for setting, "?" represents

the command SENSe:VOLTage:DC:RANGe query and and the parameter

{<range>|MINimum|MAXimum} are separated by "space".

**Syntax Rules** 

SCPI language itself defines a group of sub-system keywords, and at the same time allows users

to add or reduce keywords. Those keywords can be some meaningful English words and are easy

to remember, which are called mnemonics. Mnemonic has long and short types. The short are

the abbreviation of the long. Use specific character to separate keywords, data and sentences.

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#### **Rule to format mnemonics**

- 1) If the letter number of an English word is less than or equal to 4, then the word itself can be the mnemonic.(such as "Free" can be "FREE");
- 2) If the letter number of an English word exceeds 4, then the first four letters will be the mnemonic.(such as "Frequency" can be "FREQ" );
- 3) If the forth letter is vowel, then mnemonic uses the former three letters. Vowels consists of a, e, i, o, and u.(such as "Power" can be "POW" );
- 4) If it is not a word but a sentence, then use the first letters of the former words and the whole of the last word. (such as "Input Voltage" can be "IVOLtage")

## **Usage of symbols**

1) Space

The space is used to separate command and parameter.

2) Colon:

If the colon is in front of the first character, it means the following is Root Command. When the colon is set between two keywords, then it means moving from the current level to the next level.

3) \*asterisk

The commands start with asterisk are named Common Command, which is used to execute IEEE488.2 common commands.

4) Braces{}

The parameters enclosed in the braces are optional and are usually separated by the vertical bar

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"|". When using this command, one of the parameters must be selected.

5) Vertical Bar |

The vertical bar is used to separate multiple parameters and one of the parameters must be

selected when using the command.

6) Triangle Brackets < >

The parameter enclosed in the triangle brackets must be replaced by an effective value.

#### **Parameter Type**

#### 1) Value

The command required to use value type parameter. It's compatible with all the common decimal display terms including optional symbol, decimal point, scientific notation and etc.

Specific value such as MIN, MAX and DEF are available.

VOLTage:{AC|DC}:RANGe {<range>|MINimum|MAXimum}

#### 2) Discrete

The parameter should be one of the values listed. For example,

TEMPerature:RTD:UNIT {C|F|K}

#### 3) Integer

Unless otherwise noted, the parameter can be any integer (NR1 format) within the effective value range. Note that, do not set the parameter to a decimal, otherwise errors will occur.

#### 4) **Bool**

Introduction to the SCPI Language

The parameter could be "OFF", "ON", for example,

TEMPerature:RTD:NULL {OFF|ON}

**Command Abbreviation** 

Each SCPI command can be written mixed with uppercase and lowercase according to the syntax

rules, and the capital letter part is just the abbreviation of the command. If abbreviation is used,

all the capital letters in the command must be written completely. For parameters with units,

please refer to the detail parameter specifications in the sub-system.

VOLTage:DC:RANGe

Abbreviation Below:

VOLT:DC:RANG

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**Third-party API** 

The SCPI protocol of this product adopts USB port or LAN port to communication.

If you want to use the software of our company, after you open the software, click to enter

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remote control, then click the SCPI command on the remoter control interface to enable SCPI protocol and communicate through SCPI protocol.

## **IEEE488.2 Common Commands**

#### \*CLS

Clear all the event registers in the register set and clear the error queue.

#### \*IDN

Return the ID character string of the instrument

## Description

The query returns the ID character string of the instrument.

#### **Return Format**

OWON, < model >, < serial number >, X.XX.XX, {1|2}

<model> : the model number of the instrument

<serial number> : the serial number of the instrument

X.XX.XX: the software version of the instrument.

{1|2}: 1(3041) 2(3051)

## **Example**

OWON,XDM3051,1546011,V2.0.2.0,2

OWON,XDM3051,1546011,V2.0.2.0,1

#### \*OPC?

Query whether the current operation is finished.

## **Explanation**

Note the difference between the \*OPC? and \*OPC commands: the latter sets the "Operation Complete" bit (bit 0) in the standard event register to 1 after the current operation is finished.

#### **Return Format**

The query returns "1" if the current operation is finished, otherwise returns "0".

#### \*RST

Restore the instrument to its default value.

## **SCPI Command List**

#### **SENSe command subsystem**

SenSe subsystem configuration. The basic SenSe command is [SENSe:]FUNCtion[1|2], which can choose main display and sub display measurement function. FUNCtion[1|2] to switch mode. Other SenSe command only change specific mode parameter, don't change mode, for example: 
VOLT:AC:RANGE:AUTO ON command will start AC voltage mode and auto-measure, but don't switch to AC voltage mode.

## [SENSe:]FUNCtion[1|2]

#### **Command format**

[SENSe:]FUNCtion[1|2] "<function>"

[SENSe:]FUNCtion[1|2]?

## **Function description**

Select measure function, some functions can only be selected as main display.

#### **Parameter**

## [1|2]

1 for main display, 2 for sub display. If leave out this parameter, display defaults at 1 (main display).

# The parameter for [SENSe:]FUNCtion[1|2] "<function>", that is, can both been used as main or sub display:

Name	Туре	Parameter	Measure Function
		VOLTage:AC	AC voltage
			measure
<function></function>	discrete	VOLTage[:DC]	DC voltage
			measure
< Turiculon >		CURRent:AC	AC current measure
		CURRent[:DC]	DC current measure
		FREQuency	Frequency measure
		PERiod	Period measure

# The parameter for [SENSe:]FUNCtion[1] "<function>", that is, can only been used as main display :

Name	Туре	Parameter	Measure Function
	discrete	CAPacitance	Capacitor measure
		CONTinuity	Continuity test
		DIODe	Diode test
<function></function>		FRESistance	Four-wire
< Turiculon>			Resistance measure
		RESistance	Resistance measure
		TEMPerature:RTD	Temperature
			measure

The parameter for [SENSe:]FUNCtion[2] "<function>", that is, can only been used as sub display :

Name	Туре	Parameter	Measure Function
<function></function>	discrete	NONe	close sub display

## **Return format**

Use quotation to keep abbreviated selected return function, no available keyword.

Return value	Measure function	
VOLT AC	AC voltage measure	
VOLT	DC voltage measure	

CURR AC	AC current measure
CURR	DC current measure
FREQ	Frequency measure
PER	Period measure
САР	Capacitance measure
CONT	Continuity test
DIOD	Diode test
FRES	Four-wire Resistance
FRES	measure
RES	Resistance measure
ТЕМР	Temperature measure

For FUNCtion2? command, if not start dual display, then return NONe.

[SENSe:]VOLTage:{AC|DC}:RANGe

## **Syntax**

 $[SENSe:] VOLTage: \{AC|DC\}: RANGe \ \{< range > |MINimum|MAXimum\}$ 

[SENSe:]VOLTage:{AC|DC}:RANGe? [{MINimum|MAXimum}]

## Description

Select valid measuring range for AC or DC voltage measure

Name	Туре	Range
------	------	-------

	> discrete	3051:
<range></range>		AC: 200E-3(200mV), 2(2V), 20(20V), 200(200V), 750(750V)
		DC: 200E-3(200mV), 2(2V), 20(20V), 200(200V), 1000(1000V)
		3041:
		AC: 600E-3(600mV), 6(6V), 60(60V), 600(600V), 750(750V)
		DC: 600E-3(600mV), 6(6V), 60(60V), 600(600V), 1000(1000V)

## **Return format**

Return query result by scientific notation.

[SENSe:]VOLTage:{AC|DC}:RANGe:AUTO

## **Syntax**

[SENSe:]VOLTage:{AC/DC}:RANGe:AUTO {OFF/ON}

[SENSe:]VOLTage:{AC/DC}:RANGe:AUTO?

## Description

Close or start auto-scale for AC or DC voltage measurement

#### **Parameter**

Name	Туре	Range	Default
<bool></bool>	Bool	{OFF ON}	ON

## **Return format**

Return 0 (OFF) or 1 (ON) after query

[SENSe:]VOLTage:{AC|DC}:NULL

## **Syntax**

[SENSe:]VOLTage:{AC|DC}:NULL {OFF|ON}

## Description

Close or start relative value for AC or DC measurement.

#### **Parameter**

Name	Туре	Range	Default
<bool></bool>	Bool	{OFF ON}	OFF

#### **Return format**

Return 0 (OFF) or 1 (ON) after query

[SENSe:]VOLTage[:DC]:FILTer

## **Syntax**

[SENSe:]VOLTage[:DC]:FILTer[:STATe] {OFF|ON}

[SENSe:]VOLTage[:DC]:FILTer[:STATe]?

## Description

Close or start simulated filter for DC measurement

## **Parameter**

Name	Туре	Range	Default
<bool></bool>	Bool	{OFF ON}	ON

#### **Return format**

Return 0 (OFF) or 1 (ON) after query

[SENSe:]VOLTage[:DC]:IMPedance:AUTO

**Syntax** 

[SENSe:]VOLTage[:DC]:IMPedance:AUTO {OFF|ON}

[SENSe:]VOLTage[:DC]:IMPedance:AUTO?

Description

Close or start auto input impedance mode for DC measurement

**Parameter** 

 Name
 Type
 Range
 Default

 <bool>
 bool
 {OFF|ON}
 OFF

Note

OFF: for all the measuring range, DC voltage input impedance is fixed at 10  $M\Omega$ 

ON: DC voltage measurement input impedance changes in accordance with measuring range.

Input impedance is 10 G $\Omega$  at 200mV and 2V measuring range, 10 M $\Omega$  at 20V, 200V and 1000V

measuring range.

**Return format** 

Return 0 (OFF) or 1 (ON) after query

[SENSe:]CONT:THREshold

**Syntax** 

[SENSe:]CONT:THREshold <values>

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## **Description**

Sets the continuity threshold.

## [SENSe:]CURRent:{AC|DC}:RANGe

## **Syntax**

[SENSe:]CURRent:{AC|DC}:RANGe {<range>|MINimum|MAXimum} [SENSe:]CURRent:{AC|DC}:RANGe? [{MINimum|MAXimum}]

## **Description**

Select fixed measuring range for AC/DC current measurement

#### **Parameter**

Name	Туре	Range
<range></range>	discrete	3051:
		AC: 20E-3(20mA), 200E-3(200mA), 2(2A), 10(10A)
		DC: 200E-6(200uA), 2E-3(2mA), 20E-3(20mA), 200E-3(200mA), 2(2A),
		10(10A)
		3041:
		AC: 60E-3(60mA), 600E-3(600mA), 6(6A), 10(10A)
		DC: 600E-6(600uA), 6E-3(6mA), 60E-3(60mA), 600E-3(600mA), 6(6A),
		10(10A)

## **Return format**

Return query result by scientific notation.

## [SENSe:]CURRent:{AC|DC}:RANGe:AUTO

## **Syntax**

[SENSe:]CURRent:{AC/DC}:RANGe:AUTO {OFF|ON}

[SENSe:]CURRent:{AC|DC}:RANGe:AUTO?

## Description

Close or start auto-scale adjustment for AC/DC current measurement

#### **Parameter**

Name	Туре	Range	Default
<bool></bool>	Bool	{OFF ON}	ON

#### **Return format**

Return 0 (OFF) or 1 (ON) after query

[SENSe:]CURRent:{AC|DC}:NULL

## **Syntax**

[SENSe:]CURRent:{AC|DC}:NULL {OFF|ON}

## Description

Close or start relative value for AC/DC current measurement

#### **Parameter**

Name	Туре	Range	Default
<bool></bool>	Bool	{OFF ON}	OFF

## **Return format**

Return 0 (OFF) or 1 (ON) after query

[SENSe:]CURRent[:DC]:FILTer

#### **Syntax**

[SENSe:]CURRent[:DC]:FILTer[:STATe] {OFF|ON}

[SENSe:]CURRent[:DC]:FILTer[:STATe]?

## **Description**

Close or start the simulated filter for DC current measurement.

#### **Parameter**

Name	Туре	Range	Default
<bool></bool>	Bool	{OFF ON}	ON

#### **Return format**

Return 0 (OFF) or 1 (ON) after query

[SENSe:]{RESistance|FRESistance}:RANGe

## **Syntax**

[SENSe:]{RESistance|FRESistance}:RANGe {<range>|MINimum|MAXimum} [SENSe:]{RESistance|FRESistance}:RANGe? [{MINimum|MAXimum}]

## **Description**

Select fixed measuring range for RESistance or FRESistance

Name	Туре	Range
------	------	-------

#### **IEEE488.2 Common Commands**

<range></range>	Bool	3051: 200(200Ω), 2E3(2KΩ), 20E3(20KΩ), 200E3(200KΩ), 2E6(2MΩ), 10E6(10MΩ), 100E6(100MΩ)
		3041: 600(600Ω), 6E3(6KΩ), 60E3(60KΩ), 600E3(600KΩ), 6E6(6MΩ), 60E6(60MΩ), 100E6(100MΩ)

## **Return format**

Return query result by scientific notation.

[SENSe:]{RESistance|FRESistance}:RANGe:AUTO

## **Syntax**

[SENSe:]{RESistance|FRESistance}:RANGe:AUTO {OFF|ON}

[SENSe:]{RESistance|FRESistance}:RANGe:AUTO?

## Description

Close or start auto-scale adjustment for resistance measurement

#### **Parameter**

Name	Type	Range	Default
<bool></bool>	Bool	{OFF ON}	ON

### **Return format**

Return 0 (OFF) or 1 (ON) after query

[SENSe:]{RESistance|FRESistance}:NULL

## **Syntax**

[SENSe:]{RESistance|FRESistance}:NULL {OFF|ON}

## **Description**

Close or start relative value for resistance measurement.

#### **Parameter**

Name	Туре	Range	Default
<bool></bool>	Bool	{OFF ON}	OFF

#### **Return format**

Return 0 (OFF) or 1 (ON) after query

[SENSe:]{FREQuency|PERiod}:VOLTage:RANGe

## **Syntax**

[SENSe:]{FREQuency|PERiod}:VOLTage:RANGe {<range>|MINimum|MAXimum} [SENSe:]{FREQuency|PERiod}:VOLTage:RANGe? [{MINimum|MAXimum}]

## Description

Select fixed voltage measuring range for FREQuency or PERiod.

#### **Parameter**

Name	Туре	Range
<range></range>	Discrete	3051:
		200E-3(200mV), 2(2V), 20(20V), 200(200V), 750(750V)
		3041:
		600E-3(600mV), 6(6V), 60(60V), 600(600V), 750(750V)

#### **Return format**

Return query result by scientific notation.

[SENSe:]{FREQuency|PERiod}:VOLTage:NULL

## **Syntax**

[SENSe:]{FREQuency|PERiod}:VOLTage:NULL {OFF|ON}

## Description

Close or start relative value for FREQuency or PERiod measurement.

#### **Parameter**

Name	Туре	Range	Default
<bool></bool>	Bool	{OFF ON}	OFF

## **Return format**

Return 0 (OFF) or 1 (ON) after query

[SENSe:]CAPacitance:RANGe

## **Syntax**

[SENSe:]CAPacitance:RANGe {<range>|MINimum|MAXimum} [SENSe:]CAPacitance:RANGe? [{MINimum|MAXimum}]

## Description

Select fixed measuring range for capacitance measurement.

Name	Туре	Range				
<range></range>	Discrete	2E-9(2nF),	20E-9(20nF),	200E-9(200nF),	2E-6(2uF),	20E-6(20uF),

200E-6(200uF), 10E-3(10mF)

#### **Return format**

Return query result by scientific notation

[SENSe:]CAPacitance:RANGe:AUTO

## **Syntax**

[SENSe:]CAPacitance:RANGe:AUTO {OFF|ON}

[SENSe:]CAPacitance:RANGe:AUTO?

## **Description**

Close or start auto-scale adjustment for capacitance measurement.

#### **Parameter**

Name	Туре	Range	Default
<bool></bool>	Bool	{OFF ON}	ON

## **Return format**

Return 0 (OFF) or 1 (ON) after query

[SENSe:]CAPacitance:NULL

## **Syntax**

[SENSe:]CAPacitance:NULL {OFF|ON}

## Description

Close or start relative value for capacitance measurement.

#### **Parameter**

Name	Type	Range	Default
<bool></bool>	Bool	{OFF ON}	OFF

#### **Return format**

Return 0 (OFF) or 1 (ON) after query

[SENSe:]TEMPerature:RTD:TYPe

## **Syntax**

[SENSe:]TEMPerature:RTD:TYPe {<RTD Type>}

[SENSe:]TEMPerature:RTD:TYPe?

## Description

Select RTD type for temperature measurement.

#### **Parameter**

Name	Туре	Range
<rtd type=""></rtd>	Discrete	KITS90, NITS90, EITS90, JITS90, TITS90, SITS90, RITS90, BITS90, W5_26,
		W3_25, PT100, PT10, Cu100, Cu50

## **Return format**

Return the query result by character.

## [SENSe:]TEMPerature:RTD:NULL

## **Syntax**

[SENSe:]TEMPerature:RTD:NULL {OFF|ON}

## Description

Close or start relative value for temperature measurement.

#### **Parameter**

Name	Туре	Range	Default
<bool></bool>	Bool	{OFF ON}	OFF

## **Return format**

Return 0 (OFF) or 1 (ON) after query

## [SENSe:]TEMPerature:RTD:UNIT

## **Syntax**

[SENSe:]TEMPerature:RTD:UNIT {C|F|K}

## Description

 $Select\ temperature\ unit\ for\ temperature\ measurement,\ optional\ for\ C\ (Celsius),\ F(Fahrenheit),$ 

K(Kelvin).

#### **Return format**

Return the query result by character

## [SENSe:]TEMPerature:RTD:SHOW

#### **Syntax**

[SENSe:]TEMPerature:RTD:SHOW {TEMP|MEAS|ALL}

## Description

Select temperature measurement display mode, optional for TEMP (only display temperature),

MEAS (only display measured value), ALL (display both temperature and measured value)

#### **Return format**

Return the query result by character

## **CONFigure command sub system**

CONFigure sub system is used to switch measure mode

CONFigure[:SCALar][:VOLTage]:{AC|DC}

## **Syntax**

CONFigure[:SCALar][:VOLTage]:{AC|DC} [{<range>|MINimum|MAXimum|DEF|AUTO}]

## Description

Restore all the measurement and trigger parameters to default, process AC/DC voltage measurement. Then set the measuring range.

Name	Туре	Range
<range></range>	Discret	3051:

е	AC: 200E-3(200mV), 2(2V), 20(20V), 200(200V), 750(750V)
	DC: 200E-3(200mV), 2(2V), 20(20V), 200(200V), 1000(1000V)
	3041:
	AC: 600E-3(600mV), 6(6V), 60(60V), 600(600V), 750(750V)
	DC: 600E-3(600mV), 6(6V), 60(60V), 600(600V), 1000(1000V)

## **CONFigure[:SCALar]:CURRent:{AC|DC}**

## **Syntax**

CONFigure[:SCALar]:CURRent:{AC|DC} [{<range>|MINimum|MAXimum|DEF|AUTO}]

## Description

Restore all the measurement and trigger parameters to default, process AC/DC current measurement. Then set the measuring range.

#### **Parameter**

Name	Туре	Range
<range></range>	Discret	3051:
	е	AC: 20E-3(20mA), 200E-3(200mA), 2(2A), 10(10A)
		DC: 200E-6(200uA), 2E-3(2mA), 20E-3(20mA), 200E-3(200mA), 2(2A), 10(10A)
		3041:
		AC: 60E-3(60mA), 600E-3(600mA), 6(6A), 10(10A)
		DC: 600E-6(600uA), 6E-3(6mA), 60E-3(60mA), 600E-3(600mA), 6(6A), 10(10A)

## **CONFigure**[:SCALar]:{RESistance|FRESistance}

## **Syntax**

CONFigure[:SCALar]:{RESistance|FRESistance} [{<range>|MINimum|MAXimum|DEF|AUTO}]

## Description

Restore all the measurement and trigger parameters to default, process RESistance and FRESistance measurement. Then set the measuring range.

#### **Parameter**

Name	Туре	Range
<range></range>	Discrete	3051:
		$200(200\Omega)$ , $2E3(2K\Omega)$ , $20E3(20K\Omega)$ , $200E3(200K\Omega)$ , $2E6(2M\Omega)$ , $10E6(10M\Omega)$ ,
		100E6(100MΩ)
		3041:
		$600(600\Omega)$ , $6E3(6K\Omega)$ , $60E3(60K\Omega)$ , $600E3(600K\Omega)$ , $6E6(6M\Omega)$ , $60E6(60M\Omega)$ ,
		100E6(100MΩ)

## CONFigure[:SCALar]:{FREQuency|PERiod}

## **Syntax**

CONFigure[:SCALar]:{FREQuency|PERiod} [{<range>|MINimum|MAXimum|DEF|AUTO}]

## Description

Restore all the measurement and trigger parameters to default, process FREQuency/PERiod measurement. Then set the measuring range.

Name	Туре	Range
<range></range>	Discrete	3051:
		200E-3(200mV), 2(2V), 20(20V), 200(200V), 750(750V)
		3041:
		600E-3(600mV), 6(6V), 60(60V), 600(600V), 750(750V)

## **CONFigure**[:SCALar]:CAPacitance

## **Syntax**

CONFigure[:SCALar]:CAPacitance [{<range>|MINimum|MAXimum|DEF|AUTO}]

## Description

Restore all the measurement and trigger parameters to default, process capacitance measurement. Then set the scale.

#### **Parameter**

Name	Туре	Range
<range></range>	Discret	2E-9(2nF), 20E-9(20nF), 200E-9(200nF), 2E-6(2uF), 20E-6(20uF), 200E-6(200uF),
	е	10E-3(10mF)

## CONFigure[:SCALar]:TEMPerature:RTD

## **Syntax**

CONFigure[:SCALar]:TEMPerature:RTD [{<RTD Type>}]

## Description

Restore all the measurement and trigger parameters to default, process temperature measurement. Then set the RTD type.

Name	Туре	Range
<rtd type=""></rtd>	Discret	KITS90, NITS90, EITS90, JITS90, TITS90, SITS90, RITS90, BITS90, W5_26,
	е	W3_25, PT100, PT10, Cu100, Cu50

CONFigure[:SCALar]:DIODe
Syntax  CONFigure[:SCALar]:DIODe
Description
Restore all the measurement and trigger parameters to default, process diode measurement.
Parameter
CONFigure[:SCALar]:CONTinuity
Syntax
CONFigure[:SCALar]:CONTinuity
Description
Restore all the measurement and trigger parameters to default, process continuity test.
Parameter

# **CALCulate command Subsystem**

CALCulate command is used to manage math function (Sum up, limit, db/dbm, relative value),

Function command is used to switch math mode (from four modes). AVERage, DB,DBM, LIMit,

IEEE488.2 Common Commands

NULL command is used to set corresponding function parameter, won't change the current math function.

**CALCulate:AVERage:ALL?** 

**Syntax** 

CALCulate: AVERage: ALL?

Description

Query returns the minimum value, maximum value, average value and count of all measurements taken since the statistics were last cleared.

**Parameter** 

(none)

**CALCulate:AVERage:AVERage?** 

**Syntax** 

CALCulate: AVERage: AVERage?

Description

Query returns the average value of all measurements taken since the statistics were last cleared.

**Parameter** 

(none)

CALCulate:AVERage:COUNt?
Syntax
CALCulate:AVERage:COUNt?
Description
Query returns the number of measurements taken since the statistics were last cleared.
Parameter
(none)
CALCulate: AVERage: MAXimum?
Syntax
CALCulate:AVERage:MAXimum?
Description
Query returns the maximum value of all measurements taken since the statistics were last
cleared.
Parameter
(none)

## **CALCulate: AVERage: MINimum?**

## **Syntax**

CALCulate: AVERage: MINimum?

## Description

Query returns the minimum value of all measurements taken since the statistics were last cleared.

#### **Parameter**

(none)

## **CALCulate:DB:REFerence**

## **Syntax**

CALCulate:DB:REFerence {<Ref R>|MINimum|MAXimum} CALCulate:DB:REFerence?

## Description

Set DB relative resistance.

Name	Туре	Range
<ref r=""></ref>	Discret	50, 75, 93, 110, 124, 125, 135, 150, 250, 300, 500, 600, 800, 900, 1000, 1200, 8000
	е	

#### **CALCulate:DBM:REFerence**

## **Syntax**

CALCulate:DBM:REFerence {<Ref R>|MINimum|MAXimum} CALCulate:DBM:REFerence?

## Description

Set DBM relative resistance.

#### **Parameter**

Name	Туре	Range
<ref r=""></ref>	Discret	50, 75, 93, 110, 124, 125, 135, 150, 250, 300, 500, 600, 800, 900, 1000, 1200, 8000
	е	

#### **CALCulate:FUNCtion**

## **Syntax**

CALCulate:FUNCtion {NULL|DB|DBM|AVERage|LIMIt}

CALCulate:FUNCtion?

## Description

Set mathematic calculation as NULL, DB, DBM, AVERage or LIMIt.

#### **CALCulate:LIMit:FAIL?**

## **Syntax**

CALCulate:LIMit:FAIL?

## **Description**

Query returns the limit test results.

Pa	ra	m	Δt	۵	r
Гα	ıa		Cι	c	•

(none)

CALCulate:LIMit:{LOWer|UPPer}

## **Syntax**

CALCulate:LIMit:{LOWer|UPPer} {<value>|MINimum|MAXimum}

CALCulate:LIMit:{LOWer/UPPer}?

## **Description**

Set lower or upper line for limit value

#### **Parameter**

Name	Туре	Range
<value></value>		

**CALCulate:LIMit:RESet** 

## **Syntax**

CALCulate:LIMit:RESet

## **Description**

Clears the flag bit and count of limit test.

## **Parameter**

(none)

## **CALCulate:NULL:OFFSet**

## **Syntax**

CALCulate:NULL:OFFSet {<value>|MINimum|MAXimum}
CALCulate:NULL:OFFSet? [MINimum|MAXimum]

## Description

Set relative value.

#### **Parameter**

Name	Туре	Range
<value></value>		

## **CALCulate:STATe**

## **Syntax**

CALCulate:STATe {OFF}

## Description

Close MATH function

Name	Туре	Range
<bool></bool>	Boo1	{OFF}

## **SYSTem command Subsystem**

**SYSTem:BEEPer:STATe** 

## **Syntax**

SYSTem:BEEPer:STATe {ON|OFF}

SYSTem:BEEPer:STATe?

## Description

Start or close the buzzer

#### **Parameter**

Name	Туре	Range	默认值
<bool></bool>	Bool	{ON OFF}	ON

## **Return format**

Return 0 (OFF) or 1 (ON) after query.

#### SYSTem:DATE?

## **Syntax**

SYSTem:DATE?

## Description

Query date (includes year, month and day) inside device real-time clock

Return format
Return query result
SYSTem:TIME?
Syntax
SYSTem:TIME?
Description
Query time (includes hour, minute and second) inside device real-time clock
Parameter
rarameter
Return format
Return query result
SYSTem:VERSion?
STSTEIII.VERSIOII:
Syntax
SYSTem: VERSion?
Description
Query SCPI version
Parameter

Return format
Return query result
SYSTem:LOCal
313 Telli.LOCal
Syntax
SYSTem:LOCal
Description
Exit SCPI mode
Parameter
SYSTem:REMote
Syntax
SYSTem:REMote
Description
Enter SCPI mode
Parameter

## Other commands

,	Other commands				
4	AUTO				
	Syntax				
	AUTO AUTO?				
I	Description				
ı	Enable autos	scale			
I	Parameter				
Return format					
Return autoscale setting, 1 for auto, 0 for manual					
RANGE					
Syntax					
RANGE { <range1> DEF}</range1>					
	Description				
Description					
Set measuring range					
Parameter					
	Name	Туре	Range		
	<range1></range1>	Discre	DCV	3051 : 1(200mV), 2(2V), 3(20V), 4(200V), 5(1000V) 3041 : 1(600mV), 2(6V), 3(60V), 4(600V), 5(1000V)	

te	ACV	3051 : 1(200mV), 2(2V), 3(20V), 4(200V), 5(750V)
		3041 : 1(600mV), 2(6V), 3(60V), 4(600V), 5(750V)
	DCI	3051 : 1(200uA), 2(2mA), 3(20mA), 4(200mA), 5(2A), 6(10A)
		3041 : 1(600uA), 2(6mA), 3(60mA), 4(600mA), 5(6A), 6(10A)
	ACI	3051 : 1(20mA), 2(200mA), 3(2A), 4(10A)
		3041 : 1(60mA), 2(600mA), 3(6A), 4(10A)
	RES/FRES	3051 : 1(200Ω), 2(2ΚΩ), 3(20ΚΩ), 4(200ΚΩ), 5(2ΜΩ), 6(10ΜΩ),
		7(100ΜΩ)
		3041: 1(600Ω), 2(6ΚΩ), 3(60ΚΩ), 4(600ΚΩ), 5(6ΜΩ), 6(60ΜΩ),
		7(100MΩ)
	CAP	1(2nF), 2(20nF), 3(200nF), 4(2uF), 5(20uF), 6(200uF), 7(10mF)
	FREQ/PER	3051 : 1(200mV), 2(2V), 3(20V), 4(200V), 5(750V)
		3041 : 1(600mV), 2(6V), 3(60V), 4(600V), 5(750V)
	TEMP	1(KITS90),2(NITS90),3(EITS90),4(JITS90),5(TITS90),6(SITS90),7(RI
		TS90),8(BITS90),9(W5_26),10(W3_25),11(P
		T100),12(PT10),13(Cu100),14(Cu50)

## **RANGE1?**

Syntax

RANGE1?

## Description

Query main display measuring range

## **Parameter**

## **Return format**

DCV	3051 : 1(200mV), 2(2V), 3(20V), 4(200V), 5(1000V) 3041 : 1(600mV), 2(6V), 3(60V), 4(600V), 5(1000V)
ACV	3051 : 1(200mV), 2(2V), 3(20V), 4(200V), 5(750V) 3041 : 1(600mV), 2(6V), 3(60V), 4(600V), 5(750V)
DCI	3051 : 1(200uA), 2(2mA), 3(20mA), 4(200mA), 5(2A), 6(10A) 3041 : 1(600uA), 2(6mA), 3(60mA), 4(600mA), 5(6A), 6(10A)
ACI	3051 : 1(20mA), 2(200mA), 3(2A), 4(10A) 3041 : 1(60mA), 2(600mA), 3(6A), 4(10A)
RES/FRES	3051 : 1(200Ω), 2(2ΚΩ), 3(20ΚΩ), 4(200ΚΩ), 5(2ΜΩ), 6(10ΜΩ), 7(100ΜΩ) 3041 : 1(600Ω), 2(6ΚΩ), 3(60ΚΩ), 4(600ΚΩ), 5(6ΜΩ), 6(60ΜΩ), 7(100ΜΩ)

## **IEEE488.2 Common Commands**

CAP	1(2nF), 2(20nF), 3(200nF), 4(2uF), 5(20uF), 6(200uF), 7(10mF)
FREQ/PER	3051 : 1(200mV), 2(2V), 3(20V), 4(200V), 5(750V)
	3041 : 1(600mV), 2(6V), 3(60V), 4(600V), 5(750V)
TEMP	1(KITS90),2(NITS90),3(EITS90),4(JITS90),5(TITS90),6(SITS90),7(RITS90),8(BITS90),9(W5_26),10(

If measure function is diode or continuity test, then return None.

#### **RANGE2?**

## **Syntax**

RANGE2?

## Description

Query sub display measuring range.

## **Parameter**

## **Return format**

DCV	3051 : 1(200mV), 2(2V), 3(20V), 4(200V), 5(1000V) 3041 : 1(600mV), 2(6V), 3(60V), 4(600V), 5(1000V)
ACV	3051 : 1(200mV), 2(2V), 3(20V), 4(200V), 5(750V) 3041 : 1(600mV), 2(6V), 3(60V), 4(600V), 5(750V)
DCI	3051 : 1(200uA), 2(2mA), 3(20mA), 4(200mA), 5(2A), 6(10A) 3041 : 1(600uA), 2(6mA), 3(60mA), 4(600mA), 5(6A), 6(10A)
ACI	3051 : 1(20mA), 2(200mA), 3(2A), 4(10A) 3041 : 1(60mA), 2(600mA), 3(6A), 4(10A)
FREQ/PER	3051 : 1(200mV), 2(2V), 3(20V), 4(200V), 5(750V) 3041 : 1(600mV), 2(6V), 3(60V), 4(600V), 5(750V)

If measure function is diode or continuity test, then return None.

RATE		
Syntax		
RATE <spec< td=""><td>ed&gt;</td><td></td></spec<>	ed>	
Descriptio	n	
Set speed.		
Parameter		
Name	Туре	Range
<speed></speed>	Discret e	F:high speed; M:middle speed; L:low speed
Return current MEAS?		ed, F for high speed, M for middle speed, L for low speed.
Syntax		
MEAS?		
Descriptio	n	
If start dua	l display,	return main and sub display measured value; or return main display measure
value.		
Parameter		
Return for	mat	

Return measured result by scientific notation. If start dual display, the return format is: main

display measured value, sub display measured value.
MEAS1?
Syntax
MEAS1?
Description
Return main display measured value
Parameter
Return format
Return measured result by scientific notation.
MEAS2?
Syntax
MEAS2?
Description
Return sub display measured value
Parameter

## **Return format**

Return measured result by scientific notation.