

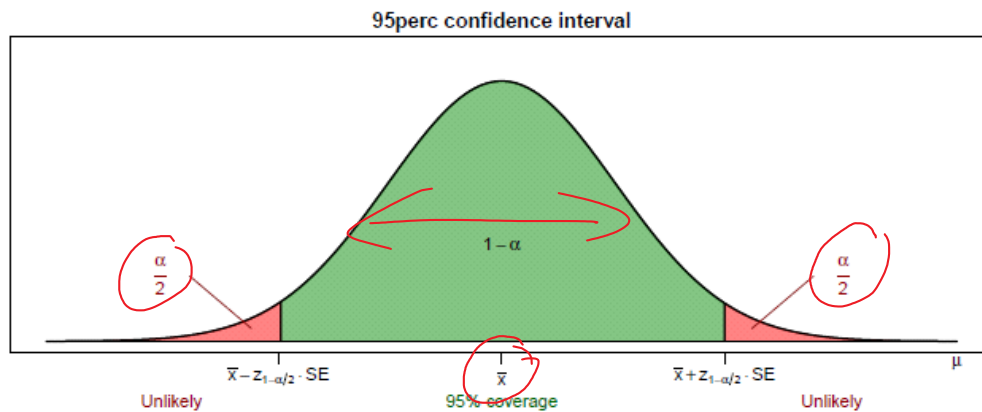
Hypothesis Testing

Dienstag, 27. Oktober 2020 10:40

$$P(\mu - z_{1-\alpha/2} \cdot SE < \bar{x} \leq \mu + z_{1-\alpha/2} \cdot SE) = 1 - \alpha$$

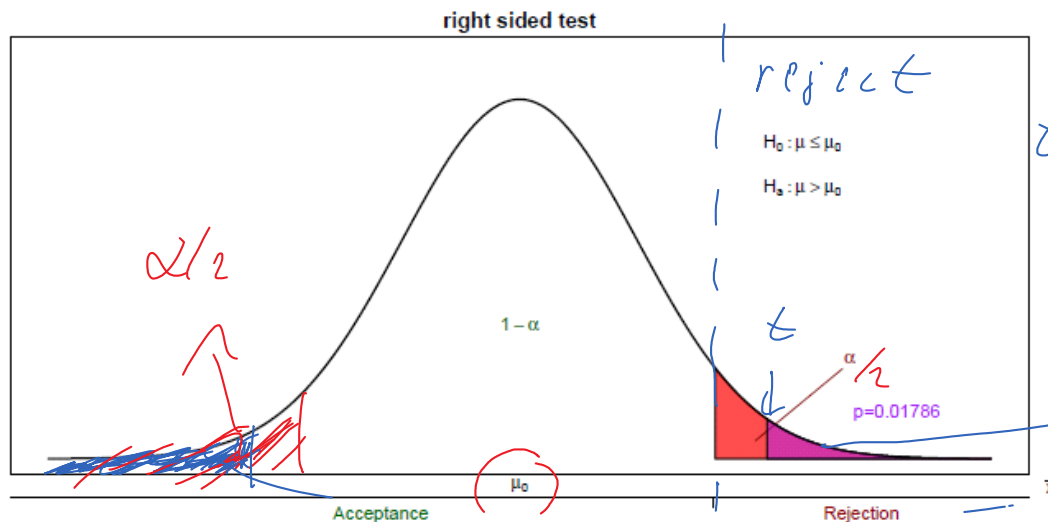
$$\Leftrightarrow$$

$$P(\bar{x} - z_{1-\alpha/2} \cdot SE \leq \mu < \bar{x} + z_{1-\alpha/2} \cdot SE) = 1 - \alpha$$



For $t = 2.1$ and $\alpha = 0.05$

$$SE = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$$



$$t = \frac{\bar{x} - \mu_0}{SE}$$

$$p = 2 \times \dots$$

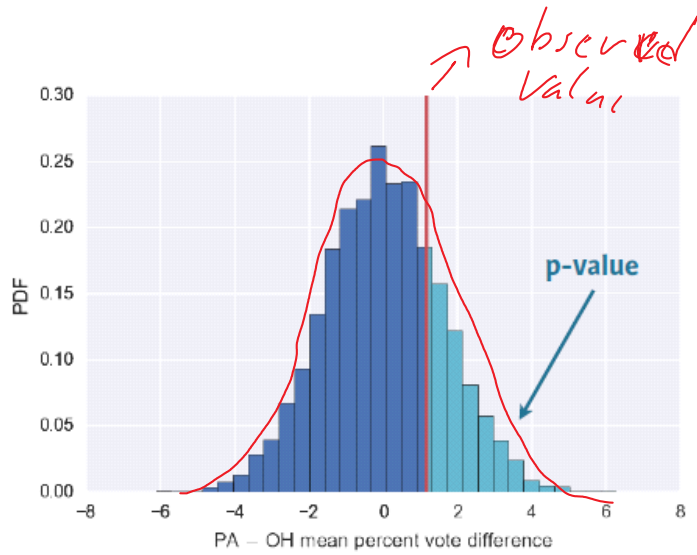
reject H_0 if $P < \alpha$
 ~~$\bar{p} < \alpha/2$~~

critical Value

Mean vote difference under null hypothesis

- observed

mean vote difference under null hypothesis



$$\begin{aligned}
 &\rightarrow H_0: \mu \leq 50 \rightarrow pval = (repl. < \bar{x}) \\
 &\rightarrow H_0: \mu \geq 50 \rightarrow pval = (repl. > \bar{x}) \quad \checkmark \\
 &\rightarrow H_0: \mu = 50 \rightarrow pval = (|repl. - \bar{x}| > \bar{x}) \\
 &\quad \underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{repl. < -\bar{x} \text{ or } repl. > \bar{x}}
 \end{aligned}$$