Introduction to data validation and validate

Mark van der Loo

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Getting Started

- 1. Go to https://github.com/markvanderloo/2024uRos
- 2. Follow the instructions of the README to clone this repository into an RStudio project
- 3. Open the file assignments/01_validate.R





Goals of this presentation

- Define data validation formally
- Insight into the workings of validate and its syntax





Data Validation





Some examples from a survey amongst the ESS member states

- If a respondents has *income from other activities*, fields under *other activities* must be filled.
- Yield per area must be between 40 and 60 metric tons
- A person of age under 15 cannot take part in an economic activity
- The field type of ownership (of a building) may not be empty
- The regional code must be in the code list.
- The *current average price* divided by *last period's average price* must lie between 0.9 and 1.1.





Definition (European Statistical System)

Definition of data validation

Data Validation is an activity verifying whether or not a combination of values is a member of a set of acceptable combinations.

Di Zio et al Methodology of Data Validation (ESS Handbook, 2016)





Formal definition (sort of)

A data validation function is a function that accepts a data set and returns True (valid) or False (invalid)

Notes

- We skip some fine-print, such as the domain of a data validation function
- There is no real difference between data validation functions and data validation rules:

$$\mathsf{Age} \geq 0 \iff f(\mathsf{Age}) = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathtt{True} \ \mathsf{if} \ \mathsf{Age} \geq 0 \\ \mathtt{False} \ \mathsf{otherwise} \end{array} \right.$$





Examples of validation rules

Single variable; multiple variables

$$Age \geq 0$$
; $Age < 15 \Rightarrow Has_Job = no$

Multiple entities

 $mean(Profit) \ge 10$

Multiple times or domains

 $0.9 < \mathrm{mean}(Profit_{2018})/\mathrm{mean}(Profit_{2017}) < 1.1$





Assessing the complexity of data validaton rules

- 1. Answer with s or m: do we need values from
- a single, or multiple entity types (populations) U?
- a single, or multiple measurements τ ?
- a single, or multiple population units u?
- a single, or multiple variables X?
- 2. The *complexity label* is the 4-tuple of s's and m's
- 3. The *complexity level* is the number of m's counted

MPJ van der Loo, E de Jonge (2020). Data Validation. In Wiley StatsRef: Statistics Reference Online





Examples: $U\tau uX$ classification of data validation rules

Single variable; multiple variables

- $Age \ge 0$: ssss, level 0
- $Age < 15 \Rightarrow Has_Job = no: ssssm$, level 1

Multiple entities

• $mean(Profit) \ge 10 \ ssms$, level 1

Multiple times or domains

• $0.9 < \text{mean}(Profit_{2018})/\text{mean}(Profit_{2017}) < 1.1$: smss, level 1





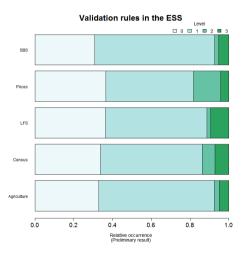
Possible validation rule classes

Validation level				
0	1	2	3	4
SSSS	sssm	ssmm	smmm	mmmm
	ssms	smsm	msmm	
	smss	smms		





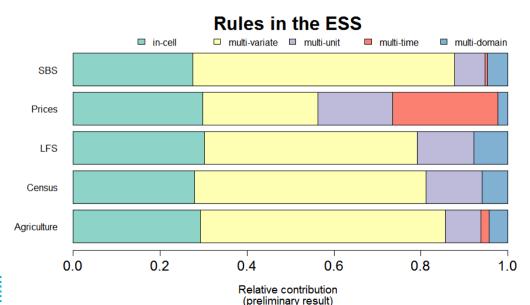
Validation rules in the ESS (1/3)







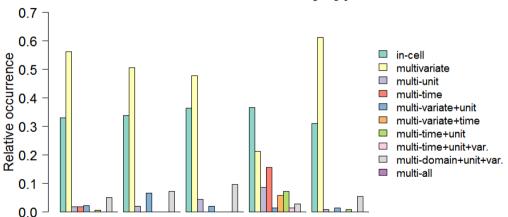
Validation rules in the ESS (2/3)



Validation rules in the ESS (3/3)

Validation rules in the ESS by type

LFS



Prices

SBS



Agriculture

Census



Quizz (1)

What is the $U\tau uX$ single/multi classification of the following rule?

 $\operatorname{mean}(price) \geq 1$





Quizz (2)

What is the $U \tau u X \ single/m$ ulti classification of the following rule?

$$\frac{\text{mean}(price_{2018})}{\text{mean}(price_{2017})} \leq 1.1$$





Quizz (3)

What is the $U\tau uX$ single/multi classification of the following rule?

$$\max\left(\frac{x}{\mathrm{median}(X)}, \frac{\mathrm{median}(X)}{x}\right) < 10$$





Quizz (4)

What is the $U\tau uX$ single/multi classification of the following rule?

$$\underbrace{COE + GOS + GMI + T_{P\&M} - S_{P\&M}}_{\text{GDP, Income approach}} = \underbrace{C + G + I + (X - M)}_{\text{GDP, expenditure approach}}$$

- COE: Compensation of employees
- GOS: Gross operating surplus
- GMI: Gross mixed income
- $T_{P\&M} S_{P\&M}$: Taxes minus subsidies on production and import
- C: Consumption by households
- ullet G: Government consumption & investment
- I: Gross private domestic investment
- ullet X-M: Export minus Imports of goods and services





The validate R package





validate: data validation infrastructure for R

A domain-specific language for rule definition

Define any check on your data, using the full power of the R language.

Rules as first-class citizens

- CRUD operations (create, read, update, delete) on rules
- Summarize, plot, investigate rules
- Rich metadata, support for SDMX

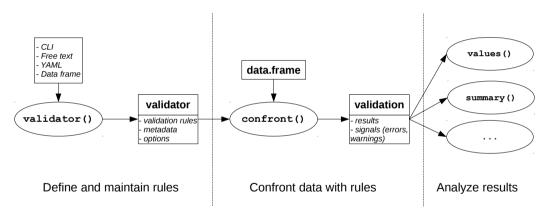
Validate data

- · Confront data with rules
- CRUD on results, summarize, plot
- Export to ESS standard reporting format





The validate package







Reading rules from file

```
### myrulez.R
# some basic checks
staff >= 0
turnover >= 0
other.rev \geq = 0
# account balance checks
turnover + other.rev == total.rev
# other commom sense stuff
if (staff >= 1) staff.costs >= 1
rulez <- validator(.file="myrulez.R")</pre>
```





Domain Specific Language

Validation DSL

Any R statement resulting in a logical.

Examples

```
# Range checks
has_job %in% c('yes','no')
turnover >= 0
# Multivariate checks
abs(profit) <= 0.6 * turnover
# Multi-row checks
mean(profit) > 10
# Logical implications
if (staff > 0) staff.costs > 0
```



Validation DSL

Comparisons

```
>, >=,==, <=, <, %in%
```

Boolean operations

```
!, all(), any(), &, &&, |, ||, if () else
```

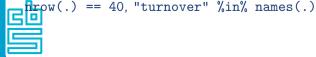
Text search

grepl

Functional dependencies (Armstrong)

```
city + zipcode ~ streetname
```

Refer to the dataset with .





SDMX support

```
global_codelist("CL_AGE") # lats version from global SDMX registry
## [1] "Y" "M" "W" "D" "H"
Use SDMX code lists straight in your validation rules
```

Notes

- Needs internet connection
- Uses per-session caching of codelists

Age %in% global codelist("CL AGE")

- Access any SDMX endpoint with sdmx_codelist()
- Get all rules from a DSD with validator_from_dsd()





Transient assignments (macros) using :=

Example 1

$$\max\left(\frac{x}{x^*}, \frac{x^*}{x}\right) \le 10$$

```
med := median(turnover,na.rm=TRUE)
hb := pmax(turnover/med, med/turnover, na.rm=TRUE)
hb <= 10</pre>
```

Example 2

```
beta_2 := coefficients(lm(turnover ~ profit))[2]
beta_2 >= 0
```





Variable groups

Many variables, same rule

```
G := var_group(staff, turnover, other.rev, total.costs)
G >= 0
```





Error handling

```
out <- check_that(women, hite > 0, weight>0)
out
## Object of class 'validation'
## Call:
       check that (women, hite > 0, weight > 0)
##
##
## Rules confronted: 2
     With fails : 0
##
##
     With missings: 0
     Threw warning: 0
##
     Threw error : 1
##
errors(out)
```





Assignment (1)

Preparation

Open the data validation cookbook: data.cleaning.github.io/validate/

Assignment (1)

- 1. Create a new textfile
- 2. Define at least 10 rules for the retailers. Include at least the following checks:
 - zipcode is 4 figures and two capitals
 - id consists of 4 integers
 - range checks, balance checks
- 3. Provide rationales in comments
- 4. Read, and confront rules with data
- 5. Summarize and plot the results.
- 6. Use as.data.frame and View to convert and display the results.
- 以. Make a plot of the validator object.
- **ELL**ou are familiar with rmarkdown: create a data quality report.



More on the validate DSL

There are many utilities, including for

- Field format, ranges, completeness, code lists
- Time series (ranges, completeness, aggregates)
- Data in 'long' format
- Properties relying on grouped data
- Comparing datasets with respect to a rule set
- import/export
- metadata for rules (e.g. from YAML files)
- ...





Assignment (2)

Preparation

Open the data validation cookbook: data.cleaning.github.io/validate/

In groups (you will be assigned)

- Take 15 minutes to go through the cookbook
- Design 2 multiple-choice (a-b-c) questions about the validate package





Thank you for your attention

Documentation*

- Data Validation Cookbook: data-cleaning.github.io/validate/
- MPJ van der Loo, E de Jonge (2021). Data Validation Infrastructure for R. Journal of Statistical Software 1–22 97.
- MPJ van der Loo, E de Jonge (2020). Data Validation. In Wiley StatsRef: Statistics Reference Online, pages 1-7.
- Statistical Data Cleaning with Applications in R (Wiley, 2018)

More data validation packages

- validatetools (Edwin de Jonge): find inconsistencies, redundancies in data validation rules
- validatesuggest (Edwin de Jonge): Derive rules from example data

