

Data Management and Data Cleaning for Scientists I

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Contents

| Lecture | Topics |
|---------|----------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Structuring data and analyses |
| 2 | Reproducibility and introduction to R |
| 3 | Data cleaning 1: raw data, data validation |
| 4 | Data cleaning 2: fixing errors, missing data |





Materials for these lectures

github.com/markvanderloo/UFPEL2019







The faces of data



What do we mean when we say 'data'?

Data are a representation of information.





What a user of data wants

CO₂ emission (fictional)

| (11011011) | | | |
|--------------------------------|----------|--|--|
| fuel | emission | | |
| Petrol | 215 | | |
| of which bio | 75 | | |
| Diesel | 456 | | |
| - of which bio | 89 | | |





Example: IBGE

| | A | В | C | D | E | F | G | H | 1 |
|---|------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|-------------------|--------|
| | Tab | ela 1.2 - Número | de empr | esas, pes | soal ocup | oado tota | l, pessoa | l ocupado | assala |
| | | | segund | o as seçõe | es da clas | sificação | de ativi | dades e as | faixas |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | N | lúmero de emp | resas, por tip | os de eventos | demográfico | S | |
| | Seções da classificação de atividades | Faixas de pessoal | | Entradas | | | | | |
| | seções da classificação de dividades | ocupado assalariado | Total | Total | Nascimento S | Reentradas | Saídas | Sobrevivente S | Tota |
| | Total | Total | 4 458 678 | 676 444 | 503 212 | 173 232 | 699 376 | 3 782 234 | 38 35 |
| | Total | 0 | 2 058 400 | 499 557 | 357 848 | 141 709 | 579 351 | . 1 558 843 | 2 85 |
| | Total | 1 a 9 | 1 944 144 | 161 548 | 131 874 | 29 674 | 113 548 | 1 782 596 | 8 91 |
|) | Total | 10 ou mais | 456 134 | 15 339 | 13 490 | 1 849 | 6 477 | 440 795 | 26 59 |
| 1 | A Agricultura, pecuária, produção florestal, pesca e aquicultura | Total | 33 110 | 5 704 | 4 307 | 1 397 | 5 029 | 27 406 | 48 |
| 2 | A Agricultura, pecuária, produção florestal, pesca e aquicultura | 0 | 15 040 | 4 138 | 3 019 | 1 119 | 4 201 | . 10 902 | 2 |
| 3 | A Agricultura, pecuária, produção florestal, pesca e aquicultura | 1 a 9 | 13 085 | 1 327 | 1 071 | 256 | 755 | 11 758 | (|
| | A Agricultura, pecuária, produção florestal, pesca e aquicultura | 10 ou mais | 4 985 | 3 239 | 217 | 22 | 73 | 4 746 | 38 |
| 5 | B Indústrias extrativas | Total | 10 067 | 1 315 | 859 | 456 | 1 510 | 8 752 | 20 |
| 5 | B Indústrias extrativas | 0 | 4 266 | 1 056 | 675 | 381 | 1 298 | 3 210 | |
| 7 | B Indústrias extrativas | 1 a 9 | 3 862 | 2 237 | 165 | 72 | 188 | 3 625 | 1 |

Figure 1



What an analyst wants

| fuel | emission | | fuel | type | emission |
|--------------------------------|----------|-------------------|--------|---------|----------|
| Petrol | 215 | | Petrol | regular | 140 |
| of which bio | 75 | \longrightarrow | Petrol | bio | 75 |
| Diesel | 456 | | Diesel | regular | 367 |
| - of which bio | 89 | | Diesel | bio | 89 |





What a web developer wants

```
[{"fuel":"petrol","type":"regular","emission":140},
   {"fuel":"petrol","type":"bio","emission":75},
   {"fuel":"diesel","type":"regular","emission":367},
   {"fuel":"diesel","type":"bio","emission":89}]
```



Example: IBGE

```
{} [{"id":"1501", "nome": "Belém", "nivel": {"id": "7", "nome": "Região
metropolitana"}},
{"id": "2301", "nome": "Fortaleza", "nivel": {"id": "7", "nome": "Região
metropolitana"}},
{"id": "2601", "nome": "Recife", "nivel": {"id": "7", "nome": "Região
metropolitana"}},
{"id": "2901", "nome": "Salvador", "nivel": {"id": "7", "nome": "Região
metropolitana"}}, {"id":"3101", "nome": "Belo
Horizonte", "nivel":{"id":"7", "nome":"Região metropolitana"}},
{"id": "3301", "nome": "Rio de Janeiro", "nivel": {"id": "7", "nome": "Região
metropolitana"}}, {"id": "3501", "nome": "São
Paulo", "nivel": {"id": "7", "nome": "Região metropolitana"}},
{"id":"4101", "nome": "Curitiba", "nivel": {"id": "7", "nome": "Região
metropolitana"}}, {"id":"4301","nome":"Porto
Alegre", "nivel": {"id": "7", "nome": "Região metropolitana"}}]
```



```
[{"fuel":"petrol","type":"regular","emission":140},
   {"fuel":"petrol","type":"bio","emission":75},
   {"fuel":"diesel","type":"regular","emission":367},
   {"fuel":"diesel","type":"bio","emission":89}]
```



| fuel | type | emission |
|--------|---------|----------|
| Petrol | regular | 140 |
| Petrol | bio | 75 |
| Diesel | regular | 367 |
| Diesel | bio | 89 |



What a database designer sees

| Fuel | | | Тур | oe | |
|------|--------|---|-----|---------|----|
| id | name | _ | id | name | |
| 11 | petrol | , | 1 | regular | -, |
| 12 | diesel | | 2 | bio | |
| | | | | | |

| Emis | sion | | |
|------|------|------|--------|
| id | fuel | type | amount |
| 120 | 11 | 1 | 140 |
| 121 | 11 | 2 | 75 |
| 123 | 12 | 1 | 367 |
| 124 | 12 | 2 | 89 |





| Fue | | |
|-----|--------|---|
| id | name | |
| 11 | petrol | , |
| 12 | diesel | |

| Тур | e | |
|-----|---------|--|
| id | name | |
| 1 | regular | |
| 2 | bio | |
| | | |

Emission

| EIIIISSIOII | | | | | | | |
|-------------|------|------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| id | fuel | type | amount | | | | |
| 120 | 11 | 1 | 140 | | | | |
| 121 | 11 | 2 | 75 | | | | |
| 123 | 12 | 1 | 367 | | | | |
| 124 | 12 | 2 | 89 | | | | |



| fuel | type | emission |
|--------|---------|----------|
| Petrol | regular | 140 |
| Petrol | bio | 75 |
| Diesel | regular | 367 |
| Diesel | bio | 89 |





Summarizing

Presentation

- Convey a (single) message
- Human-readable

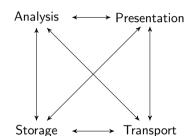
Analyses

- Reusable for (interactive) analyses
- Machine-readable, easy to manipulate

Transport

- Machine-readable
- Generic, language-independent format

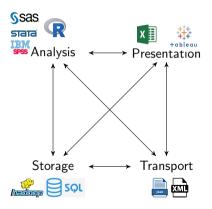
Storage







Examples of tools







Why choosing the right tool is important (NYT, 2013)

The New York Times

Opinion

PAUL KRUGMAN

The Excel Depression



By Paul Krugman

April 18, 2013









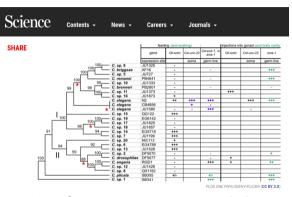
Why choosing the right tool is important (Nature, 2019)



6. Protect raw data

All data are precious, but raw data are irreplaceable: the only way to recreate them is to run the experiment again. These must therefore be backed up — and kept as read-only files. Wickes once had to kill a project because she opened a crucial file in Microsoft Excel, which automatically formatted a column, changing the values and ruining the underlying data set. So, protect your raw data, says Martinez, "no matter what".

Why choosing the right tool is important (Science, 2016)



One in five genetics papers contains errors thanks to Microsoft Excel

By Jessica Boddy | Aug. 29, 2016, 1:45 PM

Homework assignment

Google 'excel disasters'

and spend 30 minutes reading what you find



A bit of terminology

Computer scientists \leftrightarrow Statisticians

Entity type $\ \leftrightarrow$ Population

 $\mbox{Entity} \ \ \, \leftrightarrow \ \ \, \mbox{Population unit}$

Attribute \leftrightarrow (Stochastic) variable

 $\mathsf{Value} \ \leftrightarrow \ \mathsf{Value}$



How to recognize whether data is suited for analysis¹

Boxes to tick

- 1. Does each row correspond to one entity?
- 2. Are all entities of the same type?
- 3. Is every entity represented only once?
- 4. Does every column correspond to a single property for each entity?
- 5. Are all elements of each column of the same and the correct type?
- 6. Is the data valid?

Rule of thumb

Can you make meaningful summary statistics over each column?





Quizz (1): Ready for analyes?

| | Alice | Bob | Carol |
|-----------|-------|------|-------|
| Shoe size | 38 | 43 | 41 |
| Income | 3300 | 2800 | 4000 |





Quizz (2): Ready for analyses?

| | Shoe size | Income |
|-------|-----------|--------|
| Alice | 38 | 3300 |
| Bob | 43 | 2800 |
| Carol | 41 | 4000 |





Quizz (3): Ready for analyses?

Income distribution

| | €14k – €20k | €20k – €40k | €40k – €80k | €80K+ |
|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| Amsterdam | 20% | 40% | 35% | 5% |
| Rotterdam | 30% | 30% | 38% | 2% |
| Den Haag | 25% | 35% | 30% | 10% |





Quizz (4): Ready for analyses?

| | Age | has job |
|------|-----|---------|
| Dave | 36 | No |
| Eve | 5 | Yes |



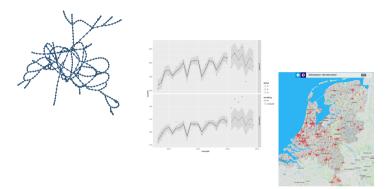
Quizz (5): Ready for analyses?

| | costs | profit |
|-------------|-------|--------|
| Retailers | 50 | 10 |
| Wholesalers | 20 | 5 |
| Total | 70 | 15 |





Not all data is 'simple rectangular'





Each data type consists of particular basic elements and is manipulated with particular basic operations.





The Statistical Value Chain



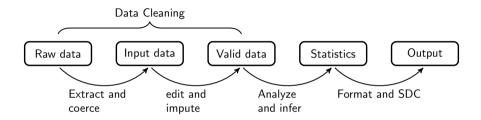
Value Chains

Porter's value chain (1985)

The idea of the value chain is based on the process view of organizations, the idea of seeing a manufacturing (or service) organization as a system, made up of subsystems each with inputs, transformation processes and outputs.



Statistical Value Chain



Notes

- This part only pertains to the data processing stage. Collection, design of experiments, dissemination of results, and so on are not included.
- The fixed points (half-fabricates) are well-defined statistical products.





Raw data



Your most valueable resource!

- Hard/expensive to obtain
- Keep unchanged
- Backup according to 3-2-1 principle







The importance of backups

Backblaze Lifetime Hard Drive Annualized Failure Rates

For hard drive models in service as of June 30, 2019 Reporting period April 2013 - June 2019 inclusive

| | | Drive | Drive | Average | Drive | Drive | |
|---------|-----------------|--------|---------|---------|-------------|----------|-------|
| MFG | Model | Size | Count | Age | Days | Failures | AFR* |
| Toshiba | MG07ACA14TA | 14TB | 1,220 | 8.85 | 328,960 | 7 | 0.78% |
| HGST | HUH721212ALE600 | 12TB | 520 | 4.47 | 61,360 | 2 | 1.19% |
| HGST | HUH721212ALN604 | 12TB | 9,609 | 3.52 | 976,794 | 10 | 0.37% |
| Seagate | ST12000NM0007 | 12TB | 34,710 | 13.58 | 14,245,745 | 737 | 1.89% |
| Seagate | ST10000NM0086 | 10TB | 1,200 | 21.29 | 787,144 | 12 | 0.56% |
| HGST | HUH728080ALE600 | 8TB | 1,001 | 19.29 | 654,219 | 15 | 0.84% |
| Seagate | ST8000DM002 | 8TB | 9,875 | 33.26 | 10,003,569 | 280 | 1.02% |
| Seagate | ST8000NM0055 | 8TB | 14,380 | 23.90 | 10,532,321 | 336 | 1.16% |
| Seagate | ST6000DX000 | 6TB | 886 | 50.85 | 2,739,695 | 79 | 1.05% |
| HGST | HMS5C4040ALE640 | 4TB | 2,639 | 39.01 | 11,174,488 | 155 | 0.51% |
| HGST | HMS5C4040BLE640 | 4TB | 12,752 | 32.53 | 17,236,735 | 214 | 0.45% |
| Toshiba | MD04ABA400V | 4TB | 99 | 49.23 | 216,631 | 5 | 0.84% |
| Seagate | ST4000DM000 | 4TB | 19,570 | 44.41 | 49,043,264 | 3,652 | 2.72% |
| | | Totals | 108,461 | | 118,000,925 | 5,504 | 1.70% |

^{*} AFR - Annualized Failure Rate

BACKBLAZE

backblaze.com/blog/backblaze-hard-drive-stats-q2-2019/

Optimistically:

- On average $P(failure) \approx 0.001/\text{year}$.
- UFPEL has $\approx 20\,000$ students.
- We expect \approx 20 failures/year.



Input data



Technically 'clean' data

- File type is known and can be read
- · Data structured for analyses
- Variables are of correct type (number/date/text/categorical...)
- Records identified with statistical objects
- Variables identified with statistical properties

Rule of thumb

You can read this data into your favorite analyses tool, without errors, with a single



From raw to input, an example from the LATTES system





From raw to input, an example from the LATTES system





Producões Patentes e Registros | Inovação | Eventos | Orientações Bancas



From raw to input, an example from the LATTES system

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="ISO-8859-1" standalone="no"?><CURRICULO-VITAE SISTEMA-ORIGEM-XML="LATTES_OFFLINE" NUMERO-IDENTIF
ICADDR="6217846985830016" DATA-ATUALIZACAO="15102019" HORA-ATUALIZACAO="140645">CURRICULO-VITAE SISTEMA-ORIGEM-XML="LATTES_OFFLINE" NUMERO-IDENTIF
ICADDR="6217846985830016" DATA-ATUALIZACAO="15102019" HORA-ATUALIZACAO="140645">CURRICULO-VITAE SISTEMA-ORIGEM-TO="140645">CURRICULO-VITAE SISTEMA-ORIGEM-TO="140645">CURRICULO-VITAE SISTEMA-ORIGEM-TO="140645">CURRICULO-VITAE SISTEMA-ORIGEM-TO="140645">CURRICULO-VITAE SISTEMA-ORIGEM-TO="140645">CURRICULO-VITAE SISTEMA-ORIGEM-TO="1506-NASCIMENTO="SP" CID
ADE-NASCIMENTO="Santos" PERMISSAO-DE-DIVULGACAO="NAO" DATA-FALECIMENTO="" SIGLA-PAIS-NACIONALIDADE="BRA" PAIS-DE-NACIONALIDADE
="Brasil">CURRICULO-CV-RESUMO-CV-RH="Professora Associada, Departamento de Odontologia Restauradora da Faculdade de Odontologia da Universidade Federal de Pelotas. Graduada em Odontologia pela FOB/USP (2001), Especialista em Prótese Dentária pelo H
RAC/USP (2004), Mestre (2006) e Doutora (2008) em Clínica Odontológica/UNICAMP, com PDEE-CAPES na ACTA/Holanda (Nov/2006 a Out
/2007). Tem experiência nos seguintes temas: biofilme, ensaios clínicos randomizados e revisões sistemáticas. É membro do The
BRIGHTER (Bias, Reporting, Implementation, Guidance, ETHics, IntEgrity and Reproducibility in Research) Meta-Research Group In
titative, "TEXTO-RESUMO-CV-RH-EN="..."



LATTES XML format: nodes and attributes



Structuring XML data using R

```
library(xm12)
xml <- read xml("curriculo.xml")</pre>
node <- xml_find_first(xml,"/CURRICULO-VITAE")</pre>
d <- data.frame(</pre>
    LattesId = xml attr(node, "NUMERO-IDENTIFICADOR")
  . Updated = xml attr(node, "DATA-ATUALIZACAO")
print(d)
```

```
## LattesId Updated
## 1 6217846985830016 15102019
```





Structuring XML data using R

```
library(lubridate)

# convert from text to proper data-time format
d$Updated <- dmy(d$Updated)

print(d)</pre>
```

```
## 1 6217846985830016 2019-10-15
```

LattesId Updated

```
# export to CSV format
write.csv(d, file="CV.csv")
```





##

With a little more work

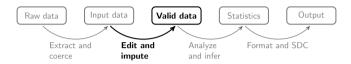
```
node <- xml find first(xml, "//ENDERECO-PROFISSIONAL")</pre>
d$Institute <- xml attr(node, "NOME-INSTITUICAO-EMPRESA")</pre>
d$Faculty <- xml attr(node, "NOME-ORGAO")
nodes <- xml find all(xml, "//ARTIGO-PUBLICADO")</pre>
d$Articles <- length(nodes)</pre>
nodes <- xml find all(xml, "//CAPITULO-DE-LIVRO-PUBLICADO")</pre>
d$BookChapters <- length(nodes)</pre>
print(d)
```

```
##
             LattesId Updated
                                                       Institute
## 1 6217846985830016 2019-10-15 Universidade Federal de Pelotas
##
                      Faculty Articles BookChapters
  1 Faculdade de Odontologia
                                   116
```





Valid data



Satisfy domain knowledge constraints

- The last update can not be in the future
- Full professorship under 24 is highly unlikely
- More than n papers/year is unlikely (depending on field)
- ...

Justification

Invalid data leads to invalid statistical results.



Statistics



Target output values (aggregates)

• The resulting numbers for publication

Note

• These also need to satisfy domain knowledge constraints.





Output



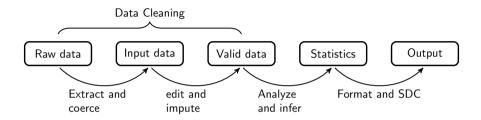
Your paper!

- · Formatted, annotated
- Data possibly treated with anonymization techniques (SDC = statistical disclosure control)





The SVC: Remarks

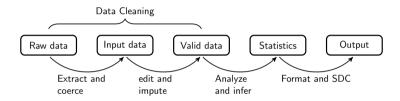


- Actual data processing is not linear, you will go round a few times.
 - Build up the SVC as your research project progresses.
- Add or remove stages as needed.
- This general idea scales really well.





Quizz (1)

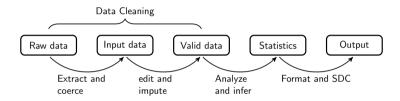


Where does the following activity take place?

Formatting date-time variable to ISO8106 format.



Quizz (2)

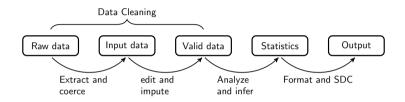


Where does the following activity take place?

Estimating effect of internationalization academic output.



Quizz (3)



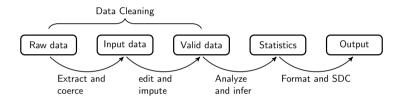
Where does the following activity take place?

Standardizing miss-spelled categories, e.g.

- "Sim","si" \rightarrow "sim"
- "NO", "Nao" ightarrow "não"



Quizz (4)

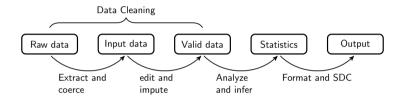


Where does the following activity take place?

Removing of fixing records where unemployed persons have a positive income from employment.



Quizz (5)



Where does the following activity take place?

Join data with a backbone using probabilistic linkage, based on approximate matches between various columns of the data and the backbone.



Implementation

Demo





Summary

- 1. Data represents information
- 2. It is important to choose a representation that suites analyses.
- 3. Obtaining, cleaning, analyzing data and reporting on results follow a value chain structure. It is useful to separate tasks accordingly.

There are free and open source tools supporting all necessary methods and transformations.

