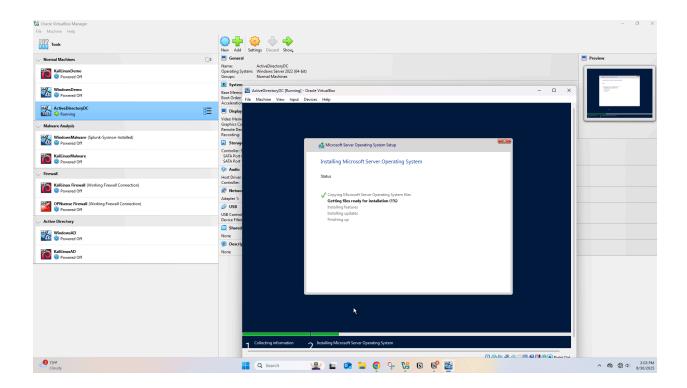
Active Directory - a database that contains users, computers, groups, etc.

Windows Server 2022 Installation

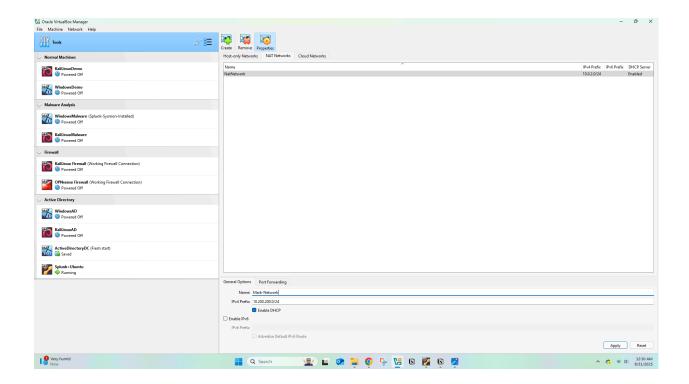
- In order to use active director a server must install a service called active directory domain services (ADDS). The service must be promoted to a Domain Controller (DC) to grant us capability of performing authentication using a protocol called Kerberos and authorization for our domain. All iso files are downloadable online and will be placed into our virtual box machines
- AD DS Objects
 - Users
 - Computer
 - Groups
- The objects will contain attributes (information about the object like metadata)
- ex: Object: User-Bob , Atribute first name: Bob, last name: Smith

Tools

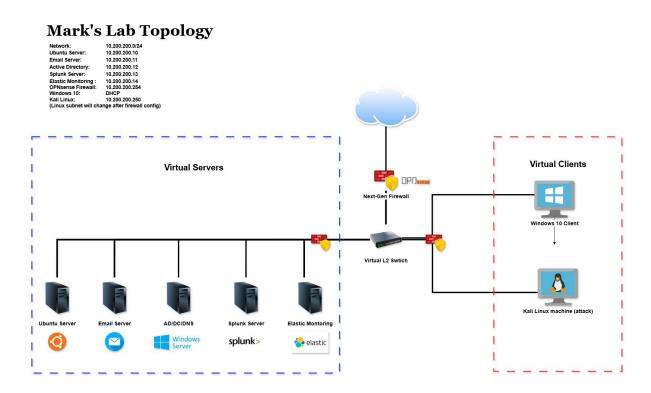
- Windows 10 (target machine)
- Kali Linux (attacker machine)
- Windows Server 2022 (Active Directory)
- Ubuntu Server (Splunk)
- Virtual Box



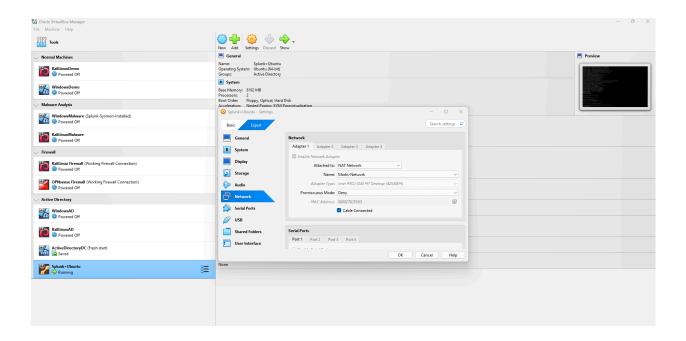
- After downloading the Windows Server 2022 ISO file I import it into virtual box.
- We will then make sure ubuntu is downloaded and splunk is configured



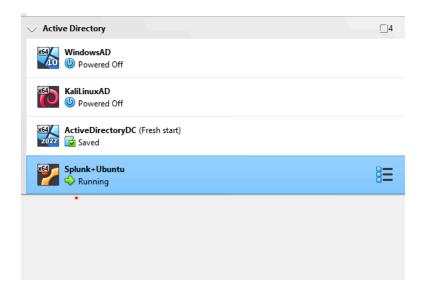
- In the screen shot above I am creating a network called Marks-Network where I will house the Active directory VMs and other servers and devices within my lab.
- This is also on my lab topology below



For this specific project since its our first time working with AD we are going to choose a different network set up. After this project I will connect everything to follow the lap toplogy above



 We will be using a NAT network type for this project which means all the devices including the host machine are on the same network and can communicate to eachother.



- For this project we will just work with just Active directory, splunk and ubuntu, I only use the VMs I have set up specifically for AD which is in the screenshot above. I will later link the networks to create the original lab topolgoy.
- All of these VMs for now will be set on the NAT network

Now in my splunk+ubuntu virtual machine I will create my static IP address which was listed in the lab toplogy.



- Using: sudo nano /etc/netplan/50-cloud-int.yaml
- Allowed me to get into this file and change dhcp4 from no to yes and adding an address section with my new static ip address, in order to change the

originial ip address that was given

```
Splunk+Ubuntu (Running) - Oracle VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

GNU nano 7.2

network:

version: 2
ethernets:
enp0s3:
dhcp4: no
addresses: [10.200.200.13/24]
nameserver:
addresses: [8.8.8.8]
route:
- to: default
via: 10.200.200.1
```

• In the image above I am also adding the DNS ip [8.8.8.8] and the gateway 10.200.200.1

I now see my IP address for splunk as updated (which I highlighted in yellow)

Now at this point I can actually install Splunk

I will download splunk enterprise, deb file from their website.

```
Pie Machie Vew Input Divises Help
merkshilteensphinit** 18 -1a 1

total 40

total 40

merkshilteensphinit** 18 -1a 1

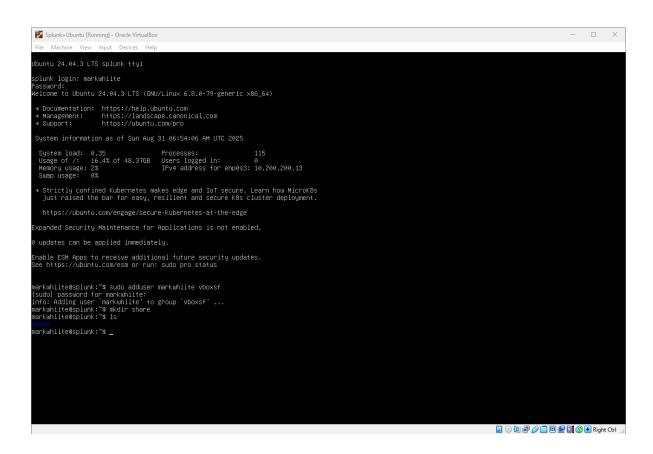
door-va-vs Semanhilteensphinitee 4959, Aug 31 06:50

door-va-vs Semanhilteensphinitee 20 Mea 31 06:50

door-va-vs Semanhilteensphinitee 30 Mea 31 06:50

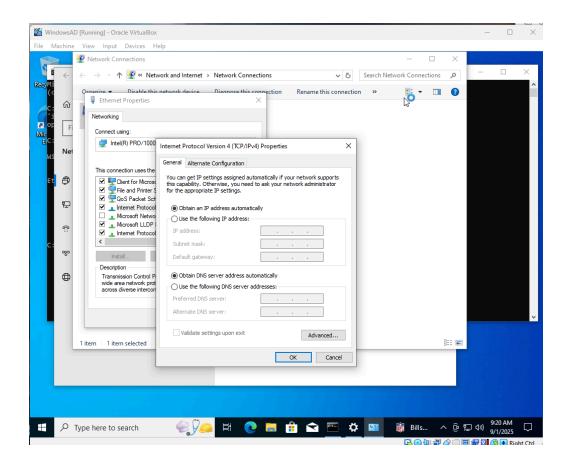
door-va-vs Semanhilteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensphiniteensp
```

 In the image above I am searching through my file directory using ubuntu (CLI version) to open the installation file

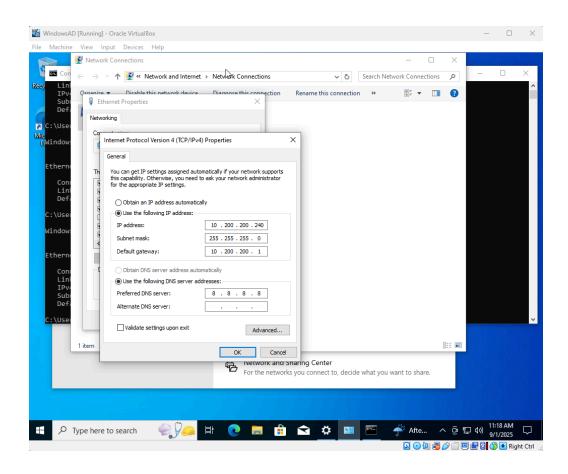


• In this image I am adding necessary users and directories to install splunk

• After we have splunk up and running we will install splunk universal forwader and sysmon on the target machine and server

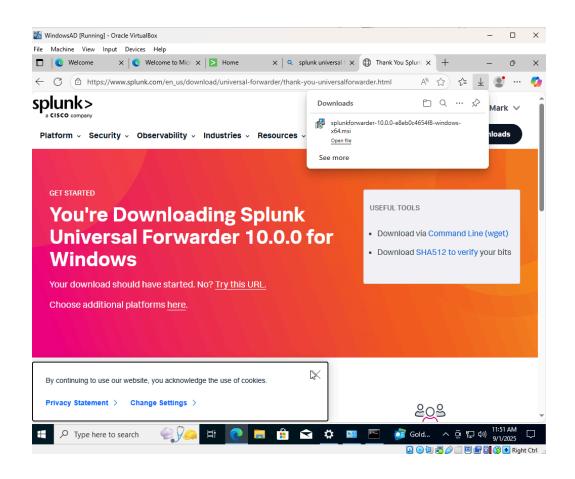


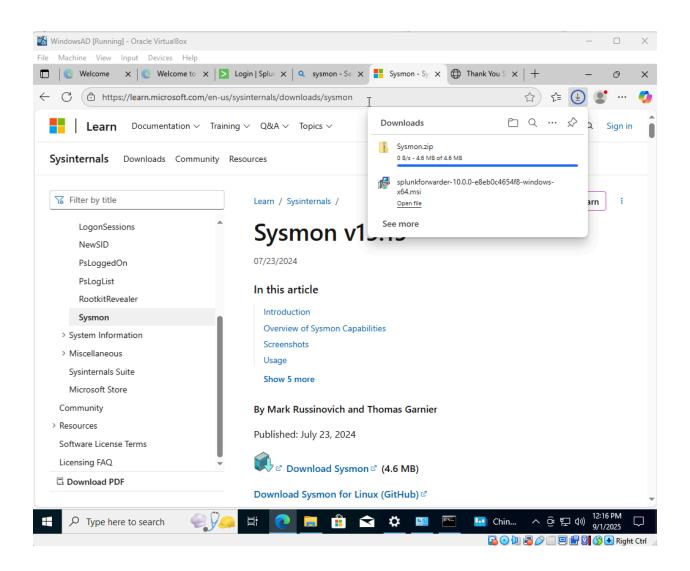
• I will then open up my Windows (target machine) and make sure the IP address is set to what I have created in my lab topology.

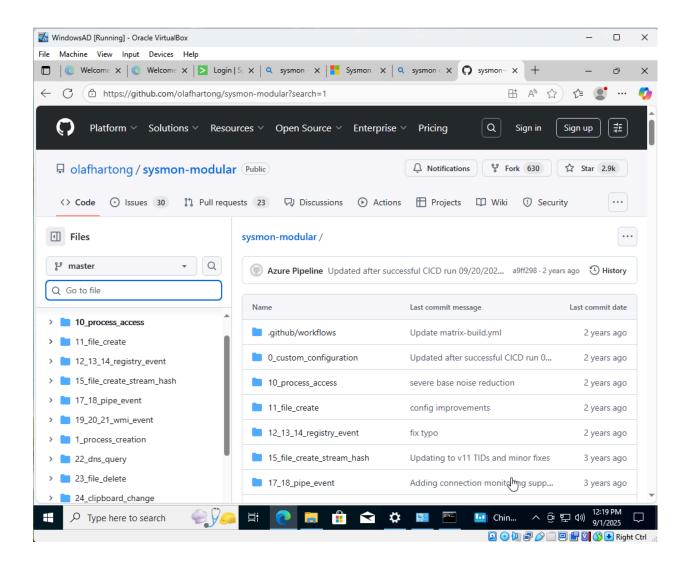


Once my windows, windows server 2022, and Splunk IP addresses are configured correctly I can continue.

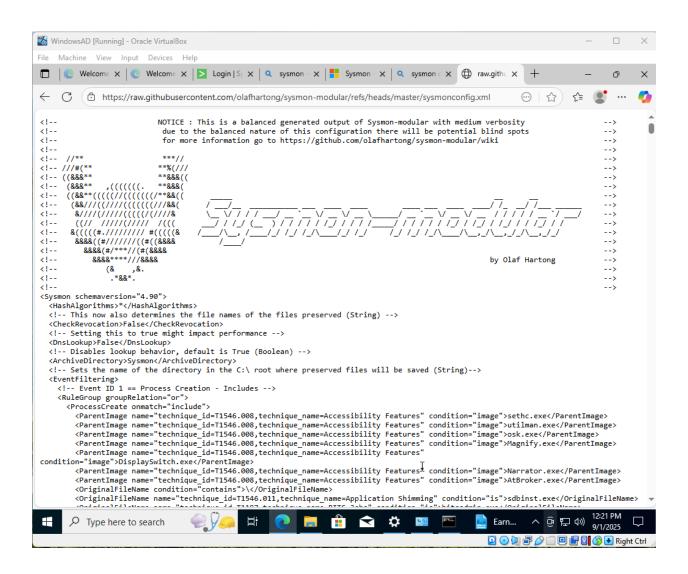
I will next install Splunk universal forwarder, which helps Splunk collect necessary logs and other data. Along with Sysmon, a windows system service and driver mainly used for monitoring and detailed event logs

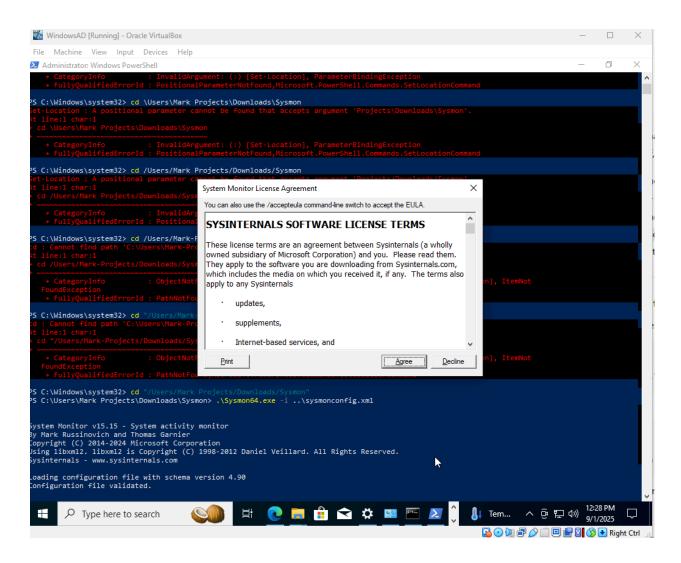




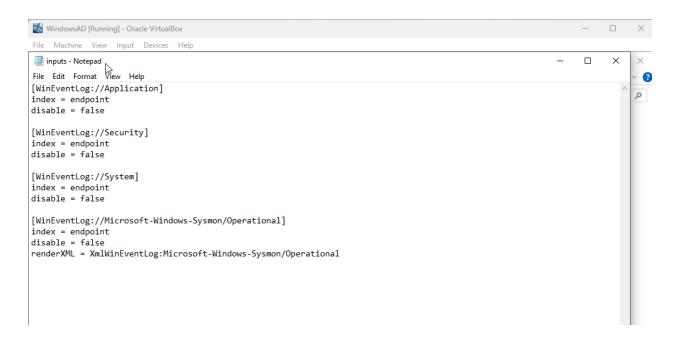


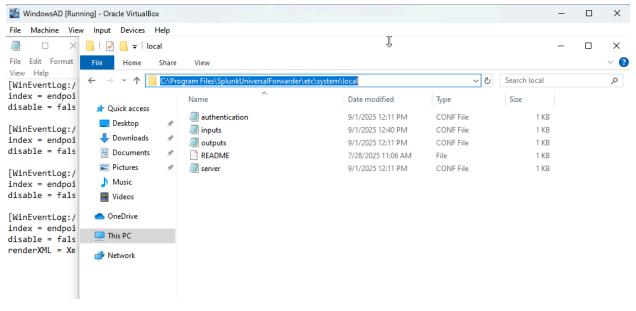
• We will also install a sysmon configuration by Olaf from their github

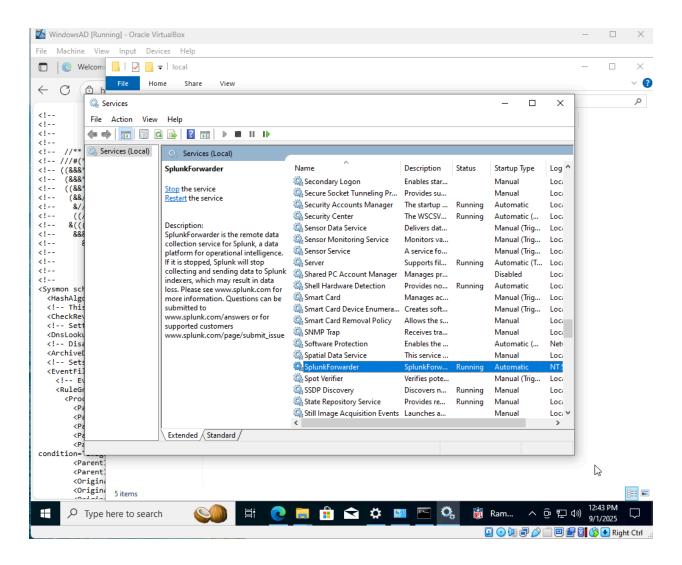




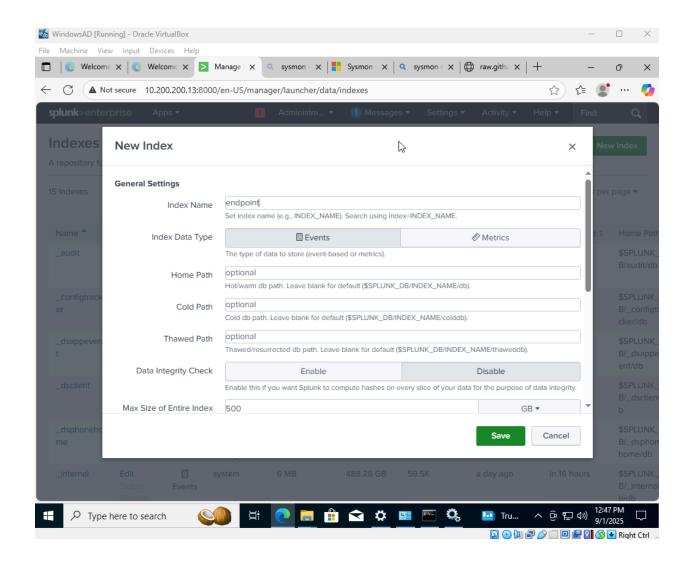
- Now we are officially downloading sysmon through powershell
- We will copy this txt file into Sysmon file folder so it can receive endpoint logs, naming it inputs.conf the restart splunks univseral forwarders service

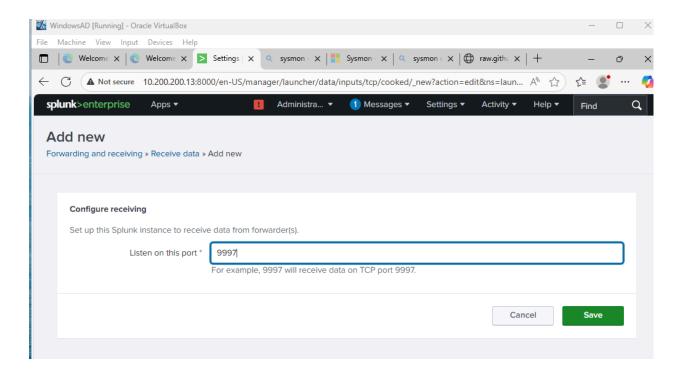






- Now the image above is us restarting the SplunkForwader after updating the input locally
- Next, inside of splunk we will create an endpoint index





 We will then enable our splunk server to receive the data (settings > forwading & receiveing > configure receiving > enter the port)