

Whitford Country Club

A Database Project by Mark Miller

Table of Contents:

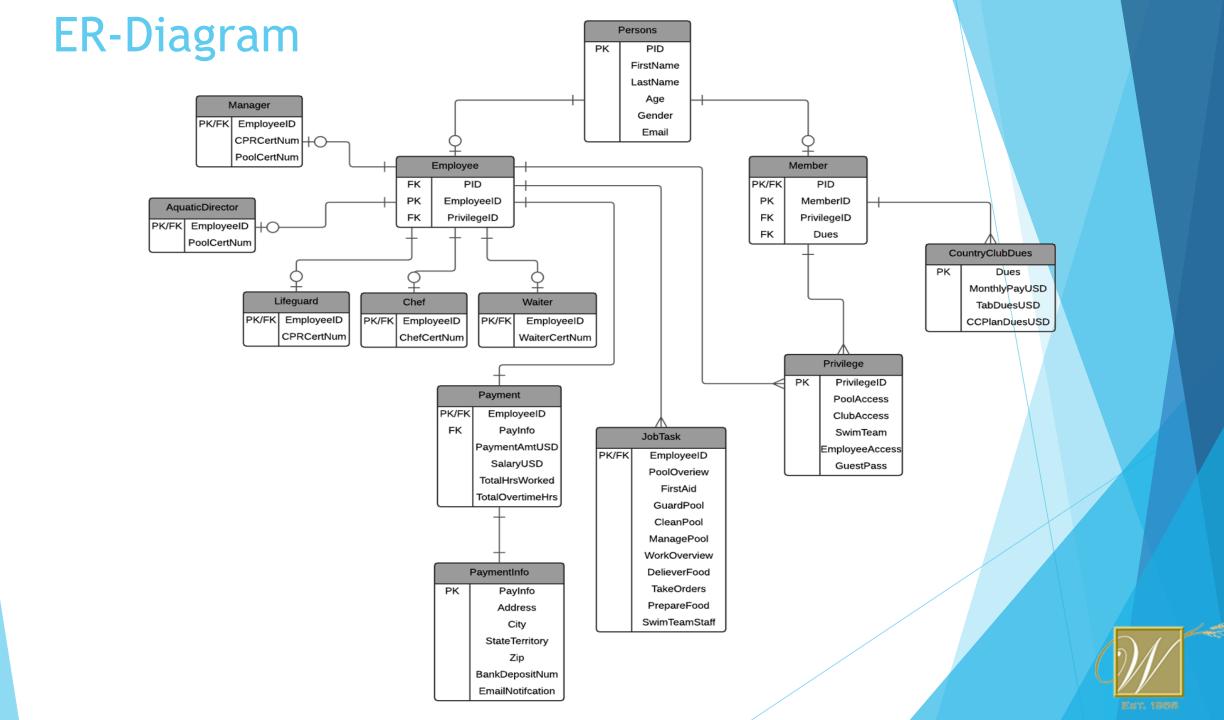
Cover Pagepg	g 1	ChefInfo View	pg 20
Table of Contentspg		WaiterInfo View	
Executive Summarypg		ManagerInfo View	
ER Diagrampg		CCMemberInfo View	
Tablespg	g 5	PayDeterminate View	pg 24
Persons Tablepg	g 5	CCMemberDues View	pg 25
Employee Tablepg		ed Procedures	pg 20
Member Tablepg	g 7	getPersonInfoByName	pg 26
AquaticDirector Tablepg	8	getEmployeeInfo	
Lifeguard Tablepg		getMemberInfo	pg 28
Chef Table pg 1	0 Rep	orts	pg 29
Waiter Tablepg 1	1	Employee Payment Info	pg 29
Manager Table pg 1.	2	Member Dues Info	pg 30
Privilege Tablepg 13	3 Trig	ger	pg 31
JobTask Table pg 14	4	Trigger Functions	pg 3
CountryClubDues Table pg 15	5	Trigger Function	Pg 32
Payment Tablepg 16	5	Inserts for Trigger	pg 3.
PaymentInfo Tablepg 17	7	Sample Data for Trigger	pg 33
Views pg 18	3 Seci	ırity	pg 34
LifeguardInfo Viewpg 18	8		
AquaticDirectorInfo View pg 19	9		

Executive Summary:

Exton, is a pristine Country Club with a prestigious golf course for the area along with a fantastic runs the outside pool in the summer, yet has had trouble in the past with managing all of its Employees. So I decided to go ahead and make a database proposal for the CC.

The objective of this proposal is first to make sure all information is persevered and never lost. They had an incident in which some important data was lost and unable to be recovered. Secondly, to organize the data so it is easier to view and understand. Finally, the last was to all around create a better more organized database for the Whitford Country Club.

Whitford Country Club, located in the small town of The Database is currently a work in progress but is a general idea and layout that is meant to server as a proposal for a new Database system. As we move community. WCC is also home to a terrific staff that forward we will continue to add, update, and revise the Database in order to make it the best possible solution for the problems that Whitford Country Club faces.



Persons Table

This is the most important table as it is the beginning in which we distinguish every person with a PID, name and important information about themselves. The PID is the primary key as it acts as the beginning to distinguishing a member from an employee.

```
CREATE TABLE Persons(

PID int not null unique,
FirstName varchar not null,
LastName varchar not null,
Age int not null,
Gender char(6) not null,
Email varchar not null,
unique (PID),
primary key (PID)
);
```

Functional Dependencies: PID → FirstName, LastName, Age, Gender, Email

pid integer	firstname characte	lastname characte	age integer	gender character	email characte
1	Mark	Miller	19	Male	markmille
2	Chris	Kolimingo	18	Male	chriskol1
3	Mike	Love	18	Male	mikelove
4	Joey	Baldja	19	Male	joeybaldj
5	Stephen	Miller	26	Male	stephen
6	Kerry	Schubert	24	Male	kerrysch
7	Tori	Flaherty	19	Female	tori.flahe
8	Sara	Schubert	26	Female	SaraSchu
9	Kelsey	Smith	18	Female	kelseysm
10	Alan	Labouseur	40	Male	www.3N



Employee Table

The Employee Table places a crucial role as it links many of the other tables that are associated with an employee. We also define and store the EmployeeID into this table. This table references the Persons table through the PID and uses the EmployeeID as its primary key. There is a decision node placed on the employee side because of the choice between a employee or member.

```
CREATE TABLE Employee(
   PID int not null references Persons(PID),
   EmployeeID varchar not null unique,
   PrivilegeID int not null references Privilege(PrivilegeID),
   unique (EmployeeID),
   primary key (EmployeeID)
);
```

Functional Dependencies: EmployeeID → PID, PrivilegeID

pid integer	employe characte	privilegeid integer
1	1000	100
2	1001	101
3	1002	102
4	1003	103
5	1004	104
6	1005	105
7	1006	106



Member Table

Another crucial table as it links all member related table to it by a MemberID. The MemberID servers as the primary key and references the Persons table by the PID. Again we place a decision node on the member side because you can either be a member or an employee.

```
CREATE TABLE Member(
   PID int not null references Persons(PID),
   MemberID Serial not null unique,
   Dues varchar not null references CountryClubDues(Dues),
   PrivilegeID int not null references Privilege(PrivilegeID),
   primary key (MemberID)
);
```

Functional Dependencies:

MemberID → PID, Dues, PrivilegeID

pid integer	memberid integer	dues characte	privilegeid integer
12	1	d0001	111
23	2	d0002	122
25	3	d0003	124
26	4	d0004	125



AquaticDirector Table

This is one of many jobs that are associated with being an Employee. EmployeeID is again the primary key and references the Employee Table. The AqauticDirector also has a Pool Certificate Number associated with him. A decision node is placed on this side as it is a job decision.

```
CREATE TABLE AquaticDirector(
    EmployeeID varchar not null references Employee(EmployeeID),
    PoolCertNum int not null,
    primary key (EmployeeID)
);
```

Functional Dependencies: EmployeeID → PoolCertNum

employe characte	poolcert integer
1015	123456789
1020	190123456



Lifeguard Table

Another job associated with being an Employee and follows the same principles as the AquaticDirector table. It references EmployeeID and has an CPR Certificate Number associated with it too. We again place a decision node on this side of the table to show the choice of being a lifeguard.

```
CREATE TABLE Lifeguard(
    EmployeeID varchar not null references Employee(EmployeeID),
    CPRCertNum int not null,
    primary key (EmployeeID)
);
```

Functional Dependencies: EmployeeID → CPRCertNum

employe characte	cprcertn integer
1000	234567890
1001	345678901
1002	456789012
1003	567890123
1008	678901234
1012	789012345



Chef Table

Following the other job tables, this table sets the primary key as the EmployeeID and references the Employee table with it. The Chef table also has a Chef Certificate Number within it. The decision node is used on this side of the table to show the choice of being a chef.

```
CREATE TABLE Chef(
    EmployeeID varchar not null references Employee(EmployeeID),
    ChefCertNum int not null,
    primary key (EmployeeID)
);
```

Functional Dependencies: EmployeeID → ChefCertNum

employe characte	chefcert integer
1004	123000000
1005	124000000
1007	125000000
1016	126000000
1017	127000000
1019	128000000

Waiter Table

The waiter table follows all other job tables in that we set the EmployeeID as the primary key and reference the Employee table to get it. The Waiter table also as a Waiter Certificate number corresponding with it. A decision node is used to show a decision is made on choosing this job.

```
CREATE TABLE Waiter(
    EmployeeID varchar not null references Employee(EmployeeID),
    WaiterCertnum int not null,
    primary key (EmployeeID)
);
```

Functional Dependencies: EmployeeID → WaiterCertNum

employe characte	waiterce integer
1006	234000000
1013	235000000
1014	236000000
1018	237000000
1021	238000000

Manager Table

The final job table is the Manager table. This again sets the EmployeeID to be the primary key and references the Employee table to get it. It then also has both a CPR and Pool Certificate Number in its table. Like the rest a decision node is used to represent the choice between a manager or any other job.

```
CREATE TABLE Manager(
    EmployeeID varchar not null references Employee(EmployeeID),
    CPRCertNum int not null,
    PoolCertNum int not null,
    primary key (MemberID)
);
```

Functional Dependencies: EmployeeID → PoolCertNum, CPRCertNum

employe characte	cprcertn integer	poolcert integer
1009	44444444	22222222
1010	55555555	111111111
1023	66666666	333333333

Privilege Table

The privilege table represents the privileges that each employee or member has access to. The PrivilegeID is stored within this table and is referenced in both the employee and member table. The PrivilegeID is used as the primary key in this table.

```
CREATE TABLE Privilege(
    PrivilegeID int not null unique,
    PoolAccess boolean not null,
    ClubAccess boolean not null,
    SwimTeam boolean not null,
    EmployeeAccess boolean not null,
    GuestPass boolean not null,
    unique (PrivilegeID),
    primary key (PrivilegeID)
);
```

Functional Dependencies:
PrivilegeID → PoolAccess, ClubAccess, SwimTeam,
EmployeeAccess, GuestPass

privilegeid integer	poolacce boolean	clubaccess boolean	swimteam boolean	employe boolean	guestpass boolean
100	true	false	true	true	false
101	true	false	true	true	false
102	true	false	true	true	false
103	true	false	true	true	false
104	false	true	false	true	false
105	false	true	false	true	false
106	true	true	false	true	false
107	false	true	false	true	false
108	true	false	true	true	false
109	true	true	true	true	true
110	true	true	true	true	true
111	true	true	true	false	true
112	true	false	true	true	false
113	true	true	false	true	false



JobTask Table

This table is very similar to the Privilege table in that it defines all of the job task assigned to a specific person. We use the EmployeeID as the primary key and references the Employee table once again.

```
CREATE TABLE JobTask(
    EmployeeID varchar not null references Employee(EmployeeID),
    PoolOverview boolean not null,
    FirstAid boolean not null,
    GuardPool boolean not null,
    CleanPool boolean not null,
    ManagePool boolean not null,
    WorkOverview boolean not null,
    DelieverFood boolean not null,
    TakeOrders boolean not null,
    PrepareFood boolean not null,
    SwimTeamStaff boolean not null,
    primary key (EmployeeID)
);
```

Functional Dependencies:

EmployeeID → PoolOverview, FirstAid, GuardPool, CleanPool, ManagePool, WorkOverview, DelieverFood, TakeOrders, SwimTeamStaff

employe characte	poolover boolean	firstaid boolean	guardpool boolean	cleanpool boolean	manage boolean	workove boolean	delieverf boolean	takeord boolean	preparef boolean	swimtea boolean
1000	false	true	true	true	false	false	false	false	false	false
1001	false	true	true	true	false	false	false	false	false	false
1002	false	true	true	true	false	false	false	false	false	false
1003	false	true	true	true	false	false	false	false	false	false
1004	false	false	false	false	false	false	false	false	true	false



CountryClubDues Table

This table signifies all of the payments that a member must make to the Country Club. We use Dues as the primary key and store it within this table. Dues is referenced by the Member table in order to gain access.

```
CREATE TABLE CountryClubDues(
    Dues varchar not null unique,
    MonthlyPayUSD int not null,
    TabDuesUSD int not null,
    CCPlanDuesUSD int not null,
    unique (Dues),
    primary key (Dues)
);
```

Functional Dependencies:
Dues → MonthlyPay, TabDues, CCPlanDues

dues characte	monthly integer	tabdues integer	ccplandu integer
d0001	300	100	200
d0002	500	50	200
d0003	250	100	200
d0004	300	150	200

Payment Table

This table uses a EmployeeID once again as its primary id and describes all of the factors that go into your payments and the total payment that you get.

```
CREATE TABLE Payment(
    EmployeeID varchar not null references Employee(EmployeeID),
    PayInfo char(50) not null references PaymentInfo(PayInfo),
    PaymentAmtUSD int not null,
    SalaryUSD int not null,
    TotalHrsWorked int not null,
    TotalOvertimeHrs int not null,
    primary key (EmployeeID)
);
```

Functional Dependencies: EmployeeID → PAyInfo, PaymentAmt, Salary, TotalHrsWorked, TotalOvertimeHrs

employe characte	payinfo character	payment integer	salaryusd integer	totalhrs integer	totalove integer
1000	Mark-Mill	5454	9	600	6
1001	Chris-Koli	2700	9	300	0
1002	Mike-Lov	2520	9	280	0
1003	Joey-Bal	3240	9	360	0
1004	Stephen	2320	8	290	0
1005	Kerry-Sc	1680	8	210	0
1006	Tori-Flah	1200	8	150	0
1007	Sara-Sch	3392	8	410	14
1008	Kelsey-S	440	8	55	0
1009	Alan-Lab	1000000	1000000	1	0



PaymentInfo Table

The final table in our database is the PaymentInfo table which specifies all of the needed information when a employee is being paid. The primary key is the PayInfo which is unque for every person.

```
CREATE TABLE PaymentInfo(
    PayInfo char(50) not null unique,
    Address char(25) not null,
    City char(25) not null,
    StateTerritory char(50) not null,
    zip int not null,
    BankDepositNum int not null,
    EmailNotification char(50) not null,
    primary key (PayInfo)
);
```

Functional Dependencies:
PayInfo → Address, City, StateTerritory, zip, BankDepositNum, EmailNotification

payinfo character	address character	city character	stateterr character	zip integer	bankdep integer	emailnot character
Mark-Mill	37 Hawk	Poughke	NY	12601	11011	markmille
Chris-Koli	2 Rando	Downing	PA	19335	11012	chriskol1
Mike-Lov	3 Rando	Downing	PA	19335	11013	mikelove
Joey-Bal	4 Rando	Downing	PA	19335	11014	joeybaldj
Stephen	5 Nowhe	Poughke	NY	12601	11015	stephen
Kerry-Sc	6 Nowhe	Poughke	NY	12601	11016	kerrysch

LifeGuardInfo View

This View displays all employees who have the same privileges and job tasks that fits the Lifeguard description. It identifies them by their name and lists there EmployeeID in ascending order.

Sample data:

Jample dat	a.							
firstname characte	lastname characte	employe characte	guardpool boolean	cleanpool boolean	firstaid boolean	poolacce boolean	swimteam boolean	employe boolean
Mark	Miller	1000	true	true	true	true	true	true
Chris	Kolimingo	1001	true	true	true	true	true	true
Mike	Love	1002	true	true	true	true	true	true
Joey	Baldja	1003	true	true	true	true	true	true
Kelsey	Smith	1008	true	true	true	true	true	true
Alan	Labouseur	1009	true	true	true	true	true	true
Lauren	Kennen	1010	true	true	true	true	true	true
Erica	Marie	1012	true	true	true	true	true	true
Matt	Lake	1023	true	true	true	true	true	true

CREATE VIEW LifeGuardInfo AS select Persons.FirstName, Persons.LastName, Employee.EmployeeID, JobTask.GuardPool, JobTask.CleanPool, JobTask.FirstAid, Privilege.PoolAccess, Privilege.SwimTeam, Privilege.EmployeeAccess from Persons, JobTask, Privilege, Employee where Employee.EmployeeID = JobTask.EmployeeID and Employee.PrivilegeID = Privilege.PrivilegeID and Persons.PID = Employee.PID and JobTask.GuardPool = true and JobTask.CleanPool = true and JobTask.FirstAid = true and Privilege. PoolAccess = true and Privilege.SwimTeam = true and Privilege.EmployeeAccess = true order by EmployeeID;

CREATE VIEW AquaticDirectorInfo AS select Persons.FirstName, Persons.LastName, Employee.EmployeeID, JobTask.PoolOverview, JobTask.SwimTeamStaff, JobTask.WorkOverview, Privilege.PoolAccess, Privilege.ClubAccess, Privilege.EmployeeAccess from JobTask, Privilege, Employee, Persons where Employee.EmployeeID = JobTask.EmployeeID and Employee.PrivilegeID = Privilege.PrivilegeID and Persons.PID = Employee.PID and JobTask.PoolOverview = true and JobTask.SwimTeamStaff = true and JobTask.WorkOverview = true and Privilege.PoolAccess = true and Privilege.ClubAccess = true and Privilege.EmployeeAccess = true

Sample data:

AquaticDirectorInfo View

them by their name and lists there

EmployeeID in ascending order.

This View displays all employees who have

Aquatic Director description. It identifies

the same privileges and job tasks that fits the

firstname characte	lastname characte	employe characte	poolover boolean	swimtea boolean	workove boolean	poolacce boolean	clubaccess boolean	employe boolean
Alan	Labouseur	1009	true	true	true	true	true	true
Lauren	Kennen	1010	true	true	true	true	true	true
Matt	Lake	1023	true	true	true	true	true	true

order by EmployeeID;

ChefInfo View

This View displays all employees who have the same privileges and job tasks that fits the Chef description. It identifies them by their name and lists there EmployeeID in ascending order.

firstname characte	lastname characte	employe characte	preparef boolean	employe boolean	clubaccess boolean
Stephen	Miller	1004	true	true	true
Kerry	Schubert	1005	true	true	true
Sara	Schubert	bert 1007 true		true	true
Alan	Labouseur	1009	true	true	true
Lauren	Kennen	1010	true	true	true
Matthew	Read	1016	true	true	true
Kate	Kolosecke	1017	true	true	true
Andrew	Austria	1019	true	true	true
Matt	Lake	1023	true	true	true

WaiterInfo View

This View displays all employees who have the same privileges and job tasks that fits the Waiter description. It identifies them by their name and lists there EmployeeID in ascending order.

```
CREATE VIEW WaiterInfo AS
    select Persons.FirstName,
           Persons.LastName,
           Employee.EmployeeID,
           JobTask.TakeOrders,
           JobTask.DelieverFood,
           Privilege.EmployeeAccess,
           Privilege.ClubAccess
    from JobTask, Privilege, Employee, Persons
   where Employee.EmployeeID = JobTask.EmployeeID
     and Employee.PrivilegeID = Privilege.PrivilegeID
     and Persons.PID = Employee.PID
     and JobTask.TakeOrders = true
     and JobTask.DelieverFood = true
     and Privilege.EmployeeAccess = true
     and Privilege.ClubAccess = true
     order by EmployeeID asc;
```

firstname characte	lastname characte	employe characte	takeord boolean	delieverf boolean	employe boolean	clubaccess boolean
Tori	Flaherty	1006	true	true	true	true
Alan	Labouseur	1009	true	true	true	true
Lauren	Kennen	1010	true	true	true	true
Minion	Liengtira	1013	true	true	true	true
Mason	Murphy	1014	true	true	true	true
Andrew	Gorr	1018	true	true	true	true
Marc	Christen	1021	true	true	true	true
Matt	Lake	1023	true	true	true	true



ManagerInfo View

This View displays all employees who have the same privileges and job tasks that fits the Manager description. It identifies them by their name and lists there EmployeeID in ascending order.

firstname characte			poolover boolean	firstaid boolean	guardpool boolean		manage boolean	workove boolean	swimtea boolean	poolacce boolean	clubaccess boolean	swimteam boolean	employe boolean
Alan	Labouseur	1009	true	true	true	true	true	true	true	true	true	true	true
Lauren	Kennen	1010	true	true	true	true	true	true	true	true	true	true	true
Matt	Lake	1023	true	true	true	true	true	true	true	true	true	true	true

CREATE VI	EW ManagerInfo AS
select	Persons.FirstName,
	Persons.LastName,
	Employee.EmployeeID,
	JobTask.PoolOverview,
	JobTask.FirstAid,
	JobTask.GuardPool,
	JobTask.CleanPool,
	JobTask.ManagePool,
	JobTask.WorkOverview,
	JobTask.SwimTeamStaff,
	Privilege.PoolAccess,
	Privilege.ClubAccess,
	Privilege.SwimTeam,
	Privilege.EmployeeAccess
	JobTask, Privilege, Employee, Persons
	Employee.EmployeeID = JobTask.EmployeeID
	<pre>Employee.PrivilegeID = Privilege.PrivilegeID</pre>
	Persons.PID = Employee.PID
	JobTask.PoolOverview = true
	JobTask.FirstAid = true
	JobTask.GuardPool = true
	JobTask.CleanPool = true
	JobTask.ManagePool = true
	JobTask.WorkOverview = true
	JobTask.SwimTeamStaff = true
	Privilege.PoolAccess = true
	Privilege.ClubAccess = true
	Privilege.SwimTeam = true
order	<pre>by EmployeeID asc;</pre>

CCMemberInfo View

This view displays all of the current Country Club Members and identifies that they all have access to the specified Member privileges.

firstname characte	lastname characte	memberid integer	poolacce boolean	clubaccess boolean	swimteam boolean	guestpass boolean
Jack	Ryan	4	true	true	true	true
Andrew	Arrigo	3	true	true	true	true
Rob	Lynch	2	true	true	true	true
Conor	Tunno	1	true	true	true	true

PaymentDeterminate View

In this View we are listing all of there names and employee numbers in a descending order. Then were are display the main components that going into factoring the persons total pay (PaymentAmt). These are the determinates used to find the total pay for that employee.

firstname characte	lastname characte	employe characte	salaryusd integer	totalove integer	totalhrs integer
Matt	Lake	1023	8	0	200
Marc	Christen	1021	6	0	380
Brian	Brucker	1020	6	0	400
Andrew	Austria	1019	7	0	200
Andrew	Gorr	1018	7	0	120

CCMemberDues View

This view does the same as the PayDeterminate Table, but instead it list all of the members. It then displays their MemberID and then displays each of the payments that add up to there total Dues.

firstname characte	lastname characte			tabdues integer	ccplandu integer
Conor	Tunno	1	300	100	200
Rob	Lynch	2	500	50	200
Andrew	Arrigo	3	250	100	200
Jack	Ryan	4	300	150	200

getPersonInfoByName Stored Procedure

This stored procedure takes a first name and last name and searches through the Persons table and finds all matches. When it finds this match it list the persons PID, first name, last name age, email, and gender.

5 Stephen

Miller

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION getPersonInfoByName (TEXT, TEXT, REFCURSOR) RETURNS refcursor AS
   $$
   declare
       PersonFName
                                 Text
                                               := $1;
                                               := $2;
       PersonLName
                                 Text
       ResultSet
                            refcursor
                                               := $3;
   begin
       open ResultSet for
            select *
            from Persons
            where FirstName like
                                      PersonFName
            and
                LastName like
                                      PersonLName:
       return ResultSet;
   end;
   $$
   language plpgsql;
 Sample data:
select getPersonInfoByName('%', 'Mil%', 'ref');
fetch all from ref;
pid
         firstname
                   lastname
                            age
                                      gender
                                               email
integer
         characte..
                   characte.
                                     character
                                               characte.
                            integer
       1 Mark
                   Miller
                                  19 Male
                                               markmille..
```

stephen...

26 Male

getEmployeeInfo Stored Procedure

This stored procedure takes a first name and last name and searches through the Employee table and finds all matches. When it finds this match it list the Employees information.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION getEmployeeInfo(TEXT, TEXT, REFCURSOR) RETURNS refcursor AS
declare
    PersonFName
                             Text
                                         := $1;
    PersonLName
                             Text
                                         := $2;
    ResultSet
                        refcursor
                                         := $3;
begin
    open ResultSet for
        select
               Persons.FirstName,
               Persons.LastName,
               Persons.Email,
               Persons.Gender,
               Persons.Age,
               Employee.PrivilegeID,
               Employee.EmployeeID,
               Payment.PayInfo,
               Payment.PaymentAmtUSD,
               Payment.SalaryUSD,
               Payment. Total Hrs Worked,
               Payment.TotalOvertimeHrs
        from Persons, Employee, Payment
        where Persons.PID = Employee.PID
              Employee.EmployeeID = Payment.EmployeeID
              FirstName like
                                 PersonFName
              LastName like
                                 PersonLName;
    return ResultSet;
end;
language plpgsql;
```

```
select getEmployeeInfo('Al%', 'L%','ref');
fetch all from ref;
```

firstname characte			_				payinfo character				totalove integer
Alan	Labouseur	www.3N	Male	40	109	1009	Alan-Lab	1000000	1000000	1	0



getMemberInfo Stored Procedure

Sample data:

firstname

characte..

Rob

fetch all from ref;

lastname

characte..

Lynch

email

characte.

rob.lynch...

gender

Male

character

age

This stored procedure takes a first name and last name and searches through the Member table and finds all matches. When it finds this match it list the Members information.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION getMemberInfo(TEXT, TEXT, REFCURSOR) RETURNS refcursor AS
                                             declare
                                                 PersonFName
                                                                          Text
                                                                                       := $1;
                                                 PersonLName
                                                                                       := $2;
                                                                          Text
                                                 ResultSet
                                                                     refcursor
                                                                                       := $3;
                                             begin
                                                 open ResultSet for
                                                      select
                                                             Persons.FirstName,
                                                             Persons.LastName,
                                                             Persons.Email,
                                                             Persons. Gender,
                                                             Persons.Age,
                                                             Member.PrivilegeID,
                                                             Member.MemberID,
                                                             Member.Dues,
                                                             CountryClubDues.MonthlyPayUSD,
                                                             CountryClubDues.TabDuesUSD,
                                                             CountryClubDues.CCPlanDuesUSD
                                                     from Persons, Member, CountryClubDues
                                                     where Persons.PID = Member.PID
                                                           Member.Dues = CountryClubDues.Dues
                                                            FirstName like
                                                                               PersonFName
                                                      and
                                                           LastName like
                                                                               PersonLName;
                                                      and
                                                 return ResultSet;
                                             end;
                                             language plpqsql;
select getMemberInfo('R%', 'L%', 'ref');
                                                   privilegeid
                                                             memberid
                                                                       dues
                                                                                 monthly.
                                                                                           tabdues..
                                                                                                     ccplandu.
                                        integer
                                                   integer
                                                             integer
                                                                                 integer
                                                                                           integer
                                                                                                     integer
                                                                       characte.
                                               20
                                                        122
                                                                    2 d0002
                                                                                       500
                                                                                                  50
                                                                                                           200
```



Report: Employee Payment Info

This Report returns all the employees that we currently have and returns there Payment Information (PaymentInfo) to us so we have easy access to it.

employe characte	payment integer	payinfo character	address character	city character	stateterr character	zip integer	bankdep integer	emailnot character
1000	5454	Mark-Mill	37 Hawk	Poughke	NY	12601	11011	markmille
1001	2700	Chris-Koli	2 Rando	Downing	PA	19335	11012	chriskol1
1002	2520	Mike-Lov	3 Rando	Downing	PA	19335	11013	mikelove
1003	3240	Joey-Bal	4 Rando	Downing	PA	19335	11014	joeybaldj
1004	2320	Stephen	5 Nowhe	Poughke	NY	12601	11015	stephen

Report: Member Dues Info

This Report returns all the Members that we currently have and returns there current dues they owe (CountryClubDues) to us so we have easy access to it.

pid integer	firstname characte	lastname characte	memberid integer	dues characte	monthly integer	tabdues integer	ccplandu integer
12	Conor	Tunno	1	d0001	300	100	200
23	Rob	Lynch	2	d0002	500	50	200
25	Andrew	Arrigo	3	d0003	250	100	200
26	Jack	Ryan	4	d0004	300	150	200

Trigger Functions

These are the functions that allow the trigger to work. They check all tables to see if the EmployeeID is already in it. If it is it then returns true otherwise returns false.

```
create function insertIntoAquaticDirector(varchar) returns boolean AS
declare
    EmployeeInput text :=$1;
begin
    if exists (select EmployeeID from Lifequard where EmployeeID = EmployeeInput) then
        return true;
    elsif exists (select EmployeeID from Chef where EmployeeID = EmployeeInput) then
        return true;
    elsif exists (select EmployeeID from Waiter where EmployeeID = EmployeeInput) then
    elsif exists (select EmployeeID from Manager where EmployeeID = EmployeeInput) then
        return true:
    else
        return false:
    end if;
end;
language plpqsql;
create function insertIntoManager(varchar) returns boolean AS
$$
declare
    EmployeeInput text :=$1;
    if exists (select EmployeeID from AquaticDirector where EmployeeID = EmployeeInput) then
        return true;
    elsif exists (select EmployeeID from Lifequard where EmployeeID = EmployeeInput) then
    elsif exists (select EmployeeID from Chef where EmployeeID = EmployeeInput) then
    elsif exists (select EmployeeID from Waiter where EmployeeID = EmployeeInput) then
        return true;
    else
        return false:
    end if:
end;
language plpqsql;
```

Trigger Function

This function takes the previous trigger functions we created for this and use it in this trigger so that whenever we try to add into a job table it will automatically check to see if the Employee is already in another table or not.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION newEmployee() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$$
declare
    test1 boolean = insertIntoAquaticDirector(new.EmployeeID);
    test2 boolean = InsertIntoLifequard(new.EmployeeID);
    test3 boolean = InsertIntoChef(new.EmployeeID);
    test4 boolean = insertIntoWaiter(new.EmployeeID);
    test5 boolean = insertIntoManager(new.EmployeeID);
begin
    if (test1 = true) then
        raise exception 'This Employee is already in another table';
    elsif (test2 = true) then
        raise exception 'This Employee is already in another table';
    elsif (test3 = true) then
        raise exception 'This Employee is already in another table';
    elsif (test4 = true) then
        raise exception 'This Employee is already in another table';
    elsif (test5 = true) then
        raise exception 'This Employee is already in another table';
    else
        return new;
    end if;
end;
$$
language plpqsql;
```

Inserts for the Trigger and Sample Data

These are the inserts for the trigger so that the trigger will work properly.

```
create trigger newEmployee
before insert on AquaticDirector
for each row
execute procedure newEmployee();
create trigger newEmployee
before insert on Lifequard
for each row
execute procedure newEmployee();
create trigger newEmployee
before insert on Chef
for each row
execute procedure newEmployee();
create trigger newEmployee
before insert on Waiter
for each row
execute procedure newEmployee();
create trigger newEmployee
before insert on Manager
for each row
execute procedure newEmployee();
```

Sample Data For Trigger:

```
insert into AquaticDirector(EmployeeID, PoolCertNum) values
    ('1015','123456789');

ERROR: This Employee is already in another table
    CONTEXT: PL/pgSQL function newemployee() line 12 at RAISE
    ********** Error **********

ERROR: This Employee is already in another table
    SQL state: P0001
    Context: PL/pgSQL function newemployee() line 12 at RAISE
```

Security:

The Whitford Vice president is someone appointed by the President, usually a member and has some access. He is only allowed to access, insert, and update on people and the jobs that they have.

CREATE ROLE Whitford Administration; GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE ON ALL TABLES IN SCHEMA PUBLIC TO Whitford Administration;

TO Whitford Administration; CREATE ROLE Whitford Vice President; GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE ON Persons TO Whitford Vice President; GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE ON Member TO Whitford Vice President; GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE ON Employee TO Whitford Vice President; GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE on Lifequard TO Whitford Vice President; GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE ON Waiter TO Whitford Vice President; GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE ON Chef TO Whitford Vice President; GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE

TO Whitford_Vice_President; GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE

TO Whitford_Vice_President;
GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE

TO Whitford_Vice_President;
GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE

TO Whitford Vice President;

ON AquaticDirector

ON Waiter

ON Manager

ON JobTask

The Whitford Administration is a big help to the boss himself. They have access to all table but again they are only allowed to select, insert and update the tables. They do not have the the delete function.

CREATE ROLE Whitford_Administration;
GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE
ON ALL TABLES IN SCHEMA PUBLIC
TO Whitford_Administration;

The final security given is to the President or the Big Man on duty. He has access to all tables and all functions. He is the only one allowed to have access to the delete function in order to keep everything in tact.

CREATE ROLE Whitford_President; GRANT SELECT, UPDATE, INSERT, DELETE ON ALL TABLES IN SCHEMA PUBLIC TO Whitford President;