JavaScript - 01

Conditional statements

if...else statement

```
const age = 18;
if (age ≥ 18) {
   console.log("You can vote");
} else {
   console.log("Too young to vote");
}
```

Ternary operator

```
const score = 85; const result = score \geq 60 ? "Pass" : "Fail"; console.log(result); // Pass
```

Switch statement

```
const day = "Monday";
switch (day) {
    case "Monday":
        console.log("Start of work week");
        break;
    case "Friday":
        console.log("TGIF!");
        break;
    case "Saturday":
    case "Sunday":
        console.log("Weekend!");
        break;
    default:
        console.log("Regular day");
}
```

While and Do

number--;
} while (number > 0);

While loop

```
let count = 0;
while (count < 3) {
    console.log(`Count is: ${count}`);
    count++;
}
// Output: Count is: 0, Count is: 1, Count is: 2

Do...While loop
let number = 5;</pre>
```

console.log(`Number is: \${number}`);

// Output: Number is: 5, 4, 3, 2, 1

For Loops & Iteration

For Loop

```
for (let i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
    console.log(`Index: ${i}`);
}
// Output: Index: 0, Index: 1, Index: 2

For...In Loop

const person = { name: "John", age: 30, city: "NYC" };
for (let key in person) {
    console.log(`${key}: ${person[key]}`);
}
// Output: name: John, age: 30, city: NYCs

For...Of Loop

const colors = ["red", "green", "blue"];
for (let color of colors) {
    console.log(`Color: ${color}`);
}
// Output: Color: red, Color: green, Color: blue

ForEach Method

const numbers = [1, 2, 3];
numbers.forEach((num, index) =>>{
    console.log(`Number ${num} at index ${index}`);
};
// Output: Number 1 at index 0,
    Number 2 at index 1,
    Number 3 at index 2
```

Break & Continue

Break

```
for (let i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
    if (i === 3) break;
    console.log(i); // 0, 1, 2
}</pre>
```

Continue

```
for (let i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
    if (i === 2) continue;
    console.log(i); // 0, 1, 3, 4</pre>
```