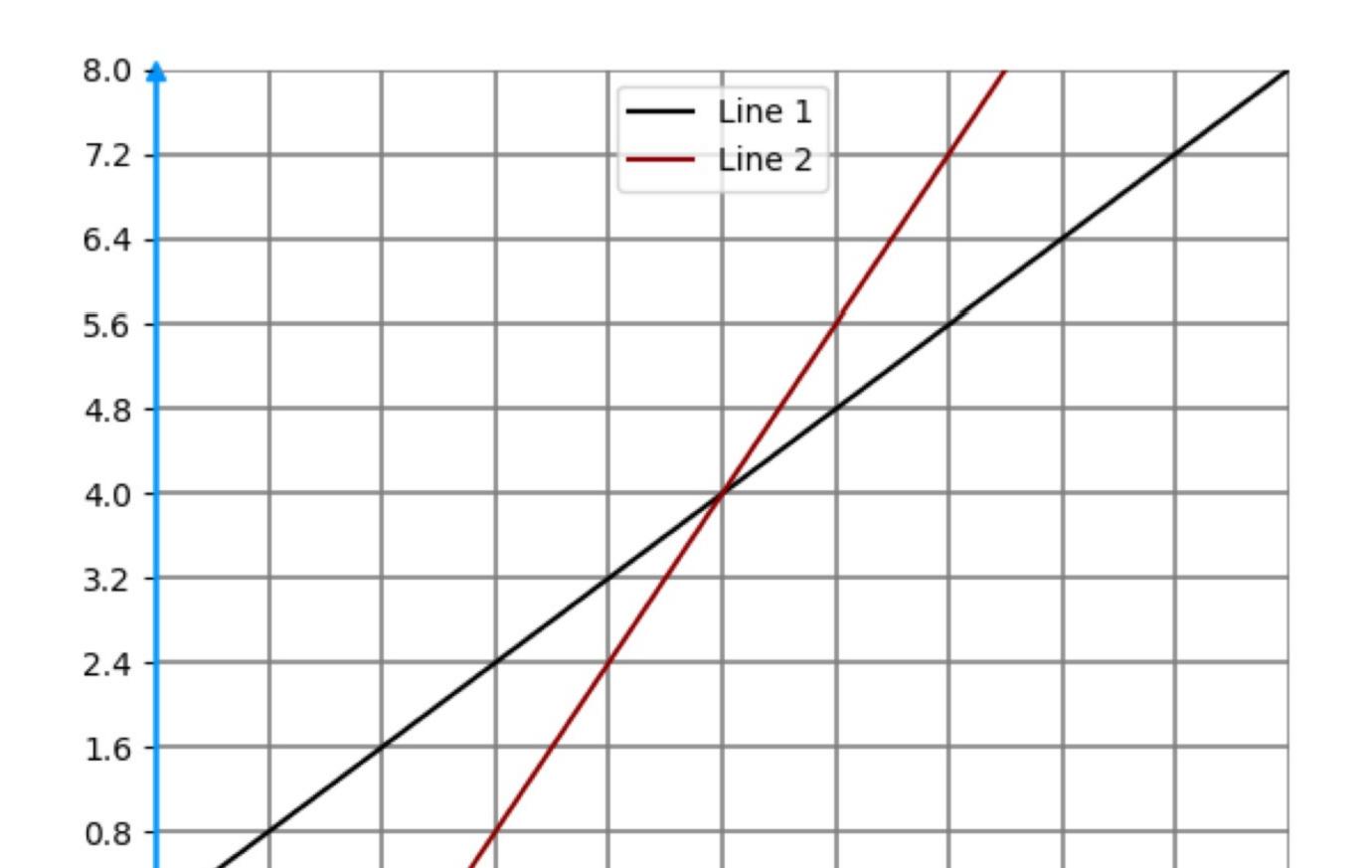
Grade received 80% To pass 80% or higher

1/1 point

1/1 point

1. Consider the following lines.



2.0

2.4

2.8

3.2

3.6

4.0

What can be said about their slopes at their intersection?

0.8

0.4

1.2

1.6

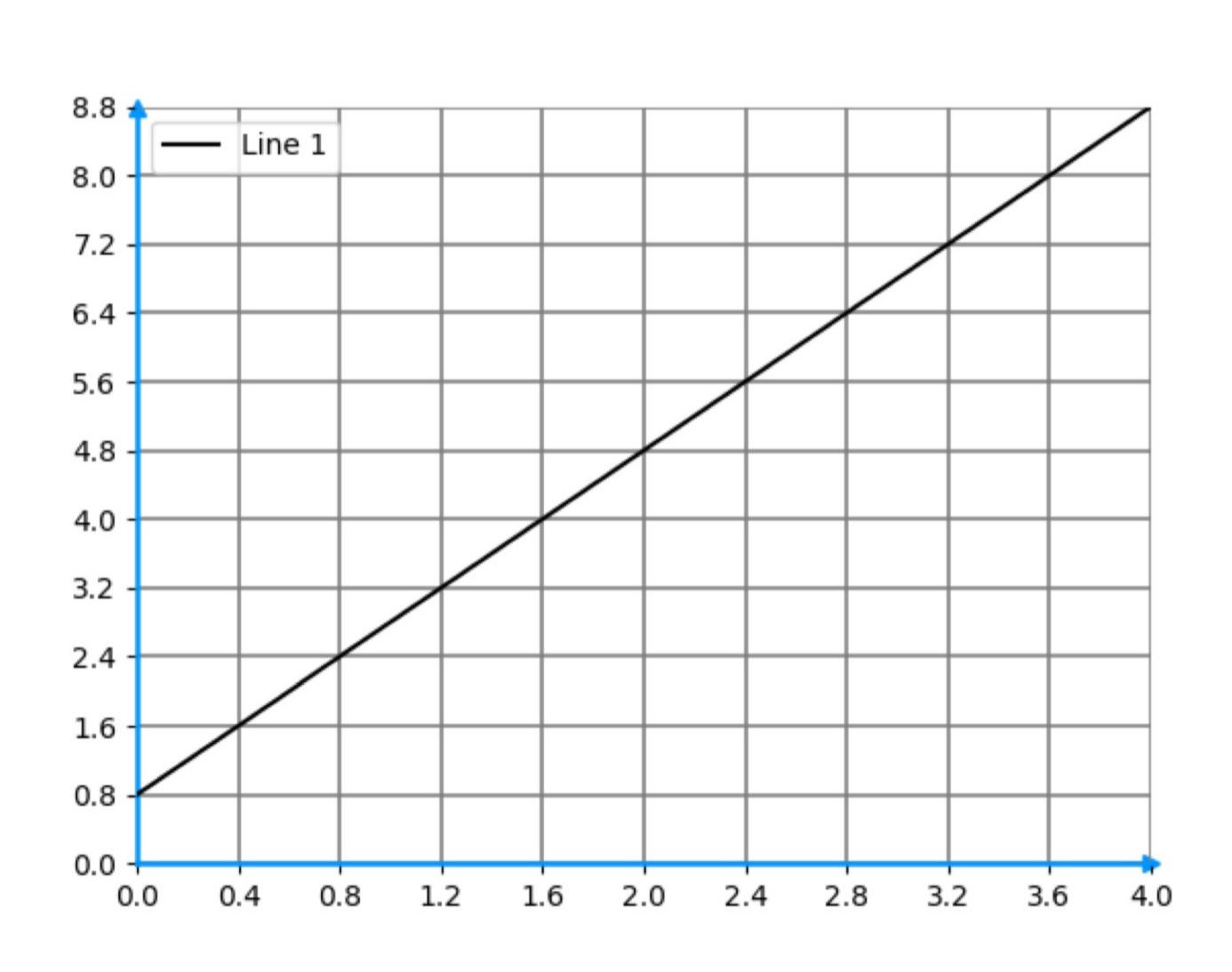
- Slope(Line 1) > Slope(Line 2).
- Slope(Line 1) < Slope(Line 2).
- Slope(Line 1) = Slope(Line 2).
- It is impossible to infer anything with the given information.
- **⊘** Correct

0.0

0.0

Correct! Line 1 is steeper than Line 2, therefore its slope is higher.

2. Given the following graph, what is the slope of the line? You can pick any two points to calculate the slope.



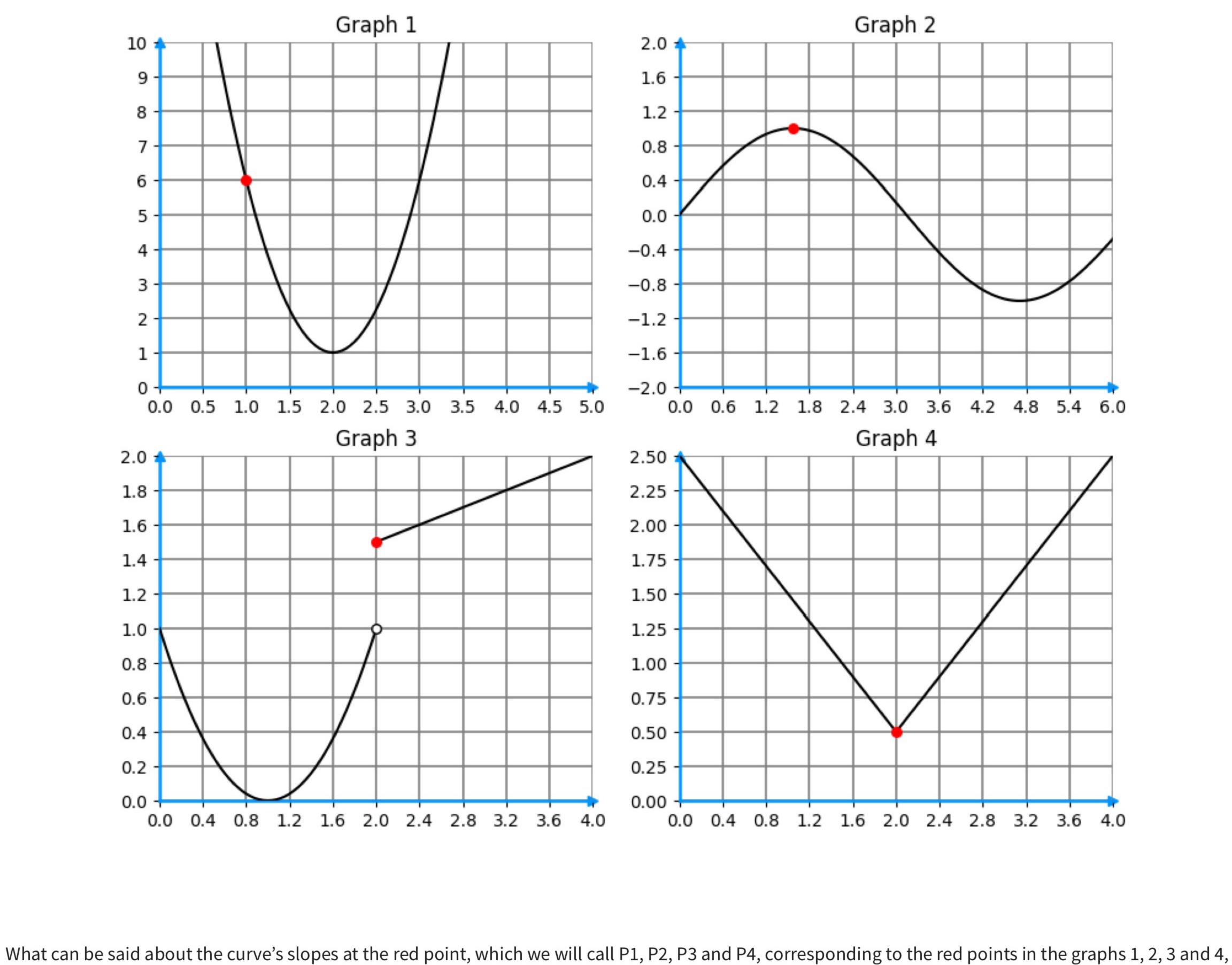
2

⊘ Correct

Correct! For a line, the slope is $\frac{\Delta f}{\Delta x}$.

3. Consider the graphs below

1/1 point



respectively? Slope(P1) > 0, Slope(P2) < 0, Slope(P3) does not exist, Slope(P4) = 0.

- Slope(P1) < 0, Slope(P2) = 0, Slope(P3) > 0, Slope(P4) does not exist.
- Slope(P1) < 0, Slope(P2) = 0, Slope(P3) does not exist, Slope(P4) does not exist.
- Slope(P1) < 0, Slope(P2) = 0, Slope(P3) does not exist, Slope(P4) > 0.
- Correct!

✓ Correct

The slope of y_1 is a.

4. Let $y_1=ax+b$ and $y_2=cx+d$, where $a,b,c,d\in\mathbb{R}$. Check all the sentences that are true.

0/1 point

1/1 point

⊘ Correct

 \square The slope of y_1 is $-\frac{b}{a}$.

Correct! For a line, its rate of change depends only on a, since it is the only factor that varies in the expression.

- If a>c then the slope of y_1 is greater than the slope of y_2 .
- Correct

The slope of y_1 does not depend on b.

Correct! Remember that the slope of a line is the value that comes with the x.

- **⊘** Correct Correct! In this case, b is a constant term, therefore, does not impact on the rate of change.

If the slope of a function is constant, then the function is constant.

5. Which of the following sentences are true (check all that apply)?

- If the slope of a function is always positive, then the function is always positive. Let f,g be real functions. If f'(x)>g'(x) then f(x)>g(x).
- This should not be selected

Keep in mind that the slope tells us about the rate of change of a function and not about its values.

Let f be a real function. If f'(x)>0 for every x in $\mathbb R$, then f is increasing.

Correct Correct! If the rate of change of a function is always positive, it means that it is always increasing.