

Appendix S1 - Efficiency of metrics to distinguish between weighted random and nested matrices

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METHODS

In our novel perspective, the main function of a nestedness metric is to distinguish between matrices with randomly distributed cell values (non-significant nestedness, equiprobable null model), matrices in which cell values are partially defined by the marginal sums (significant nestedness), and matrices in which cell values are fully determined by marginal sums (nested matrices, proportional null model). Here, we analyzed the capacity of several indices in distinguishing these topologies.

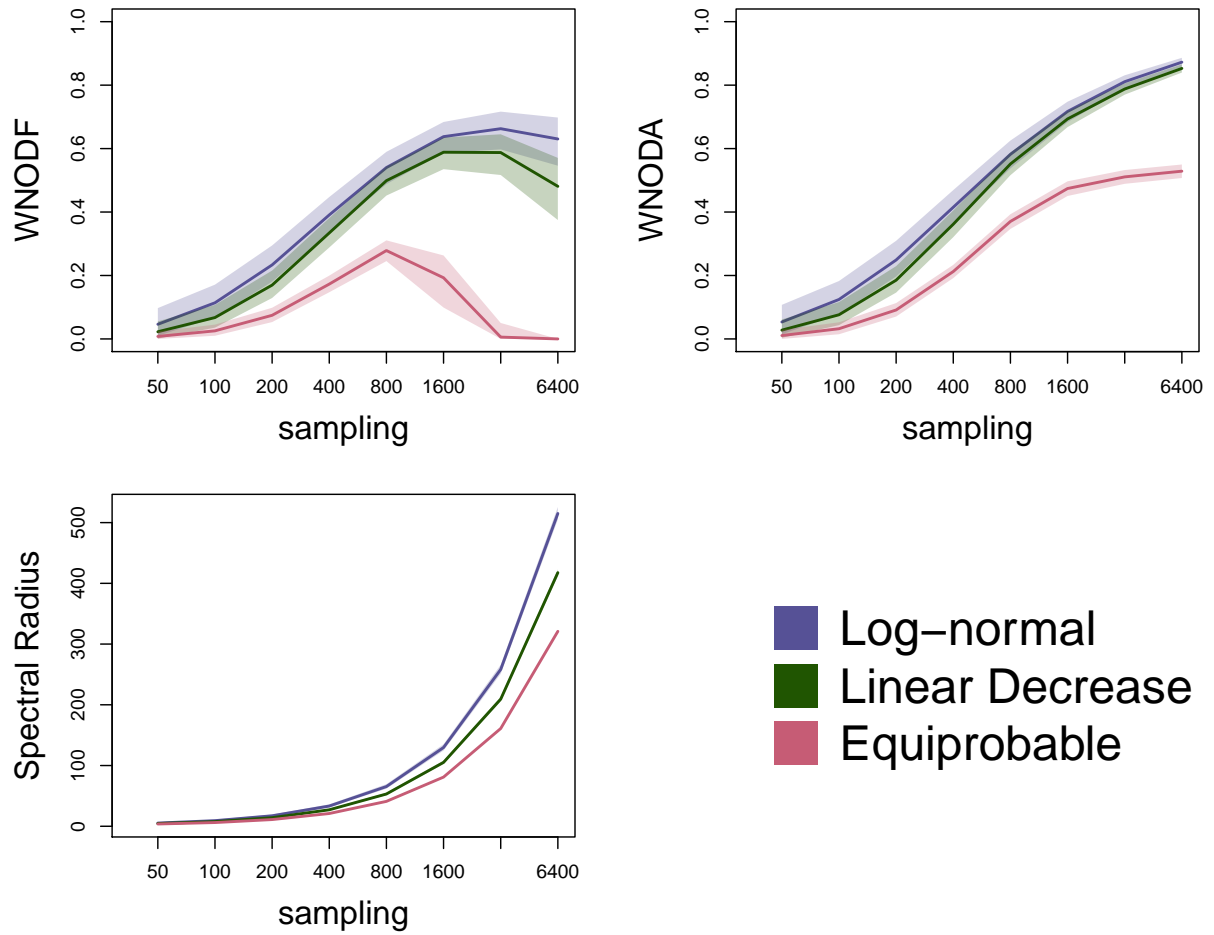
We produced probability matrices with dimensions: 5x5, 10x10, and 20x20, based on three different marginal probabilities: lognormal, linear decrease, and equiprobable. Then, we generated matrices from these probability matrices with different total samplings: 50, 100, 200, 400, 800, 1600, 3200, and 6400. For each unique setup we produced 10,000 matrices. For each matrix we calculated a set of nestedness indices (Table 1 in Methods).

In this analysis we used both weighted and binary indices. However, the models were always produced using the weighted information, and indices are compared between matrices with fixed sampling (instead of connectance). For a comparison of binary indices in matrices with fixed connectances, see Appendix S2.

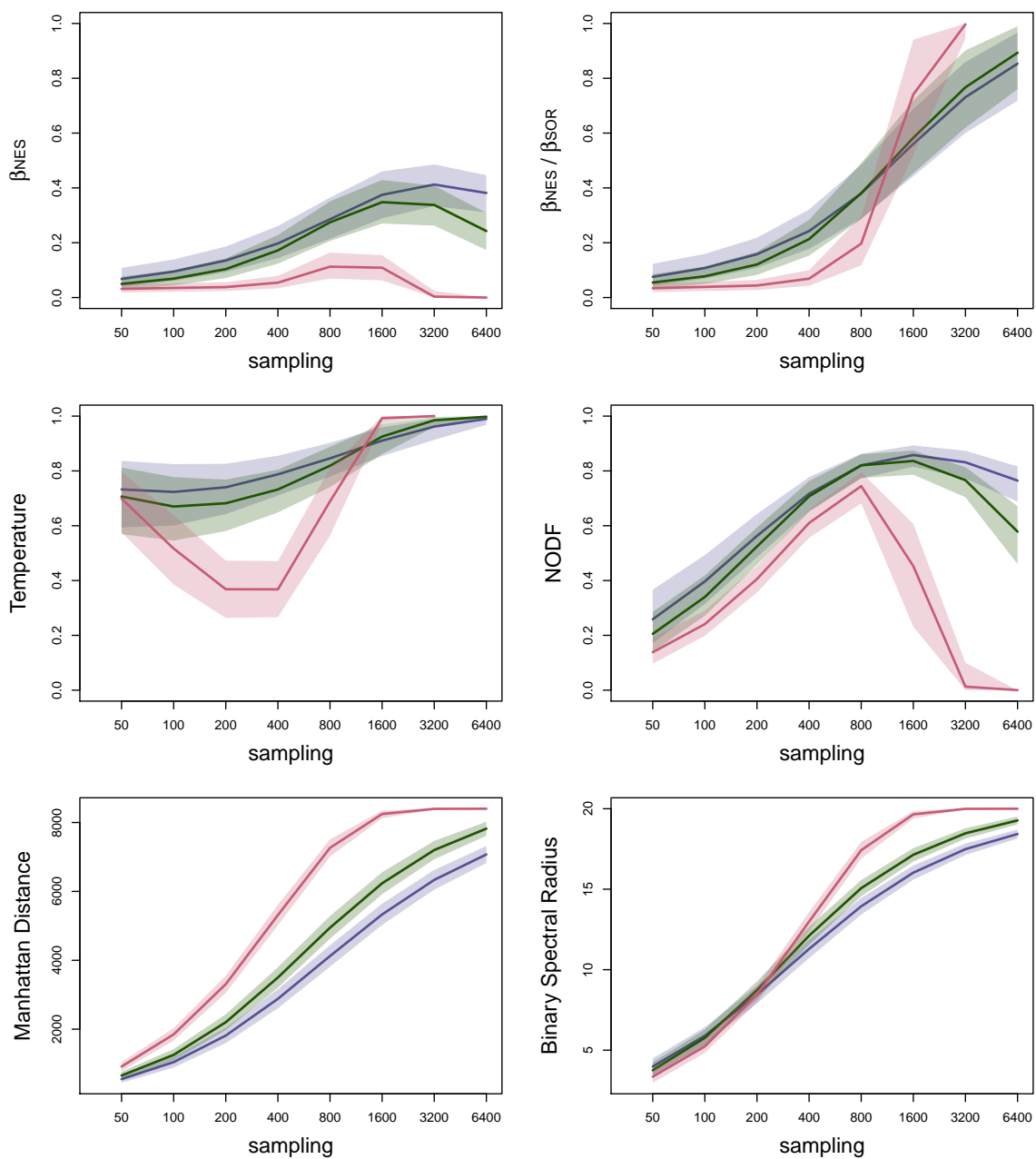
Here we present plots for a graphical evaluation of the capacity of binary indices to separate between the proportional (lognormal and linear decrease) and the equiprobable null models. Indices in the y-axis and sampling (total weights on the matrix) on the x-axis. Each plot present median and intervals containing 95% of points. NODF, WNODF and WNODA values were divided by 100. For temperature we present 1 minus the raw value divided by 100 (so that it is directly related to nestedness).

MATRIX SIZE: 20 x 20

Weighted indices



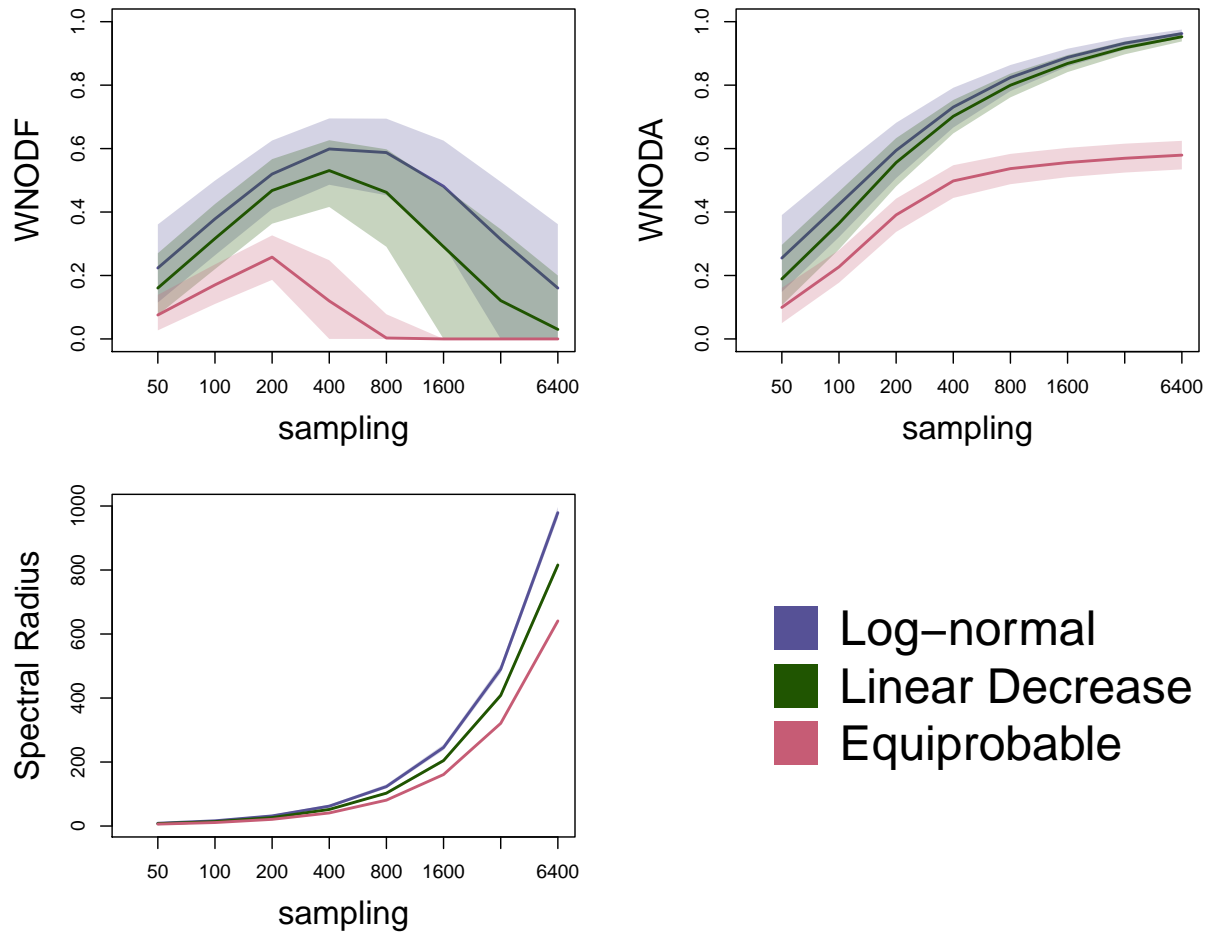
Binary indices



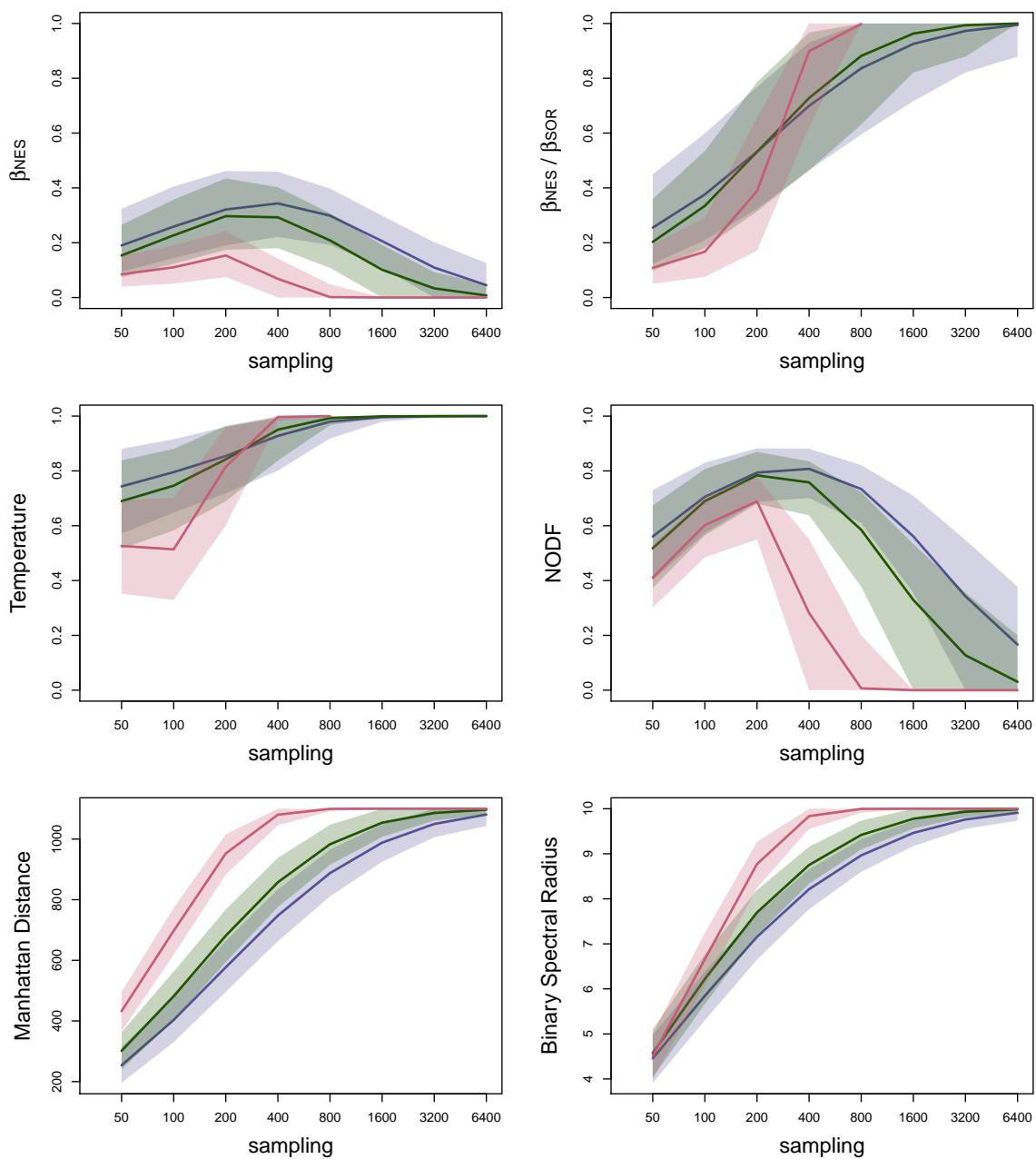
■ Log-normal
■ Linear Decrease
■ Equiprobable

MATRIX SIZE: 10 x 10

Weighted indices



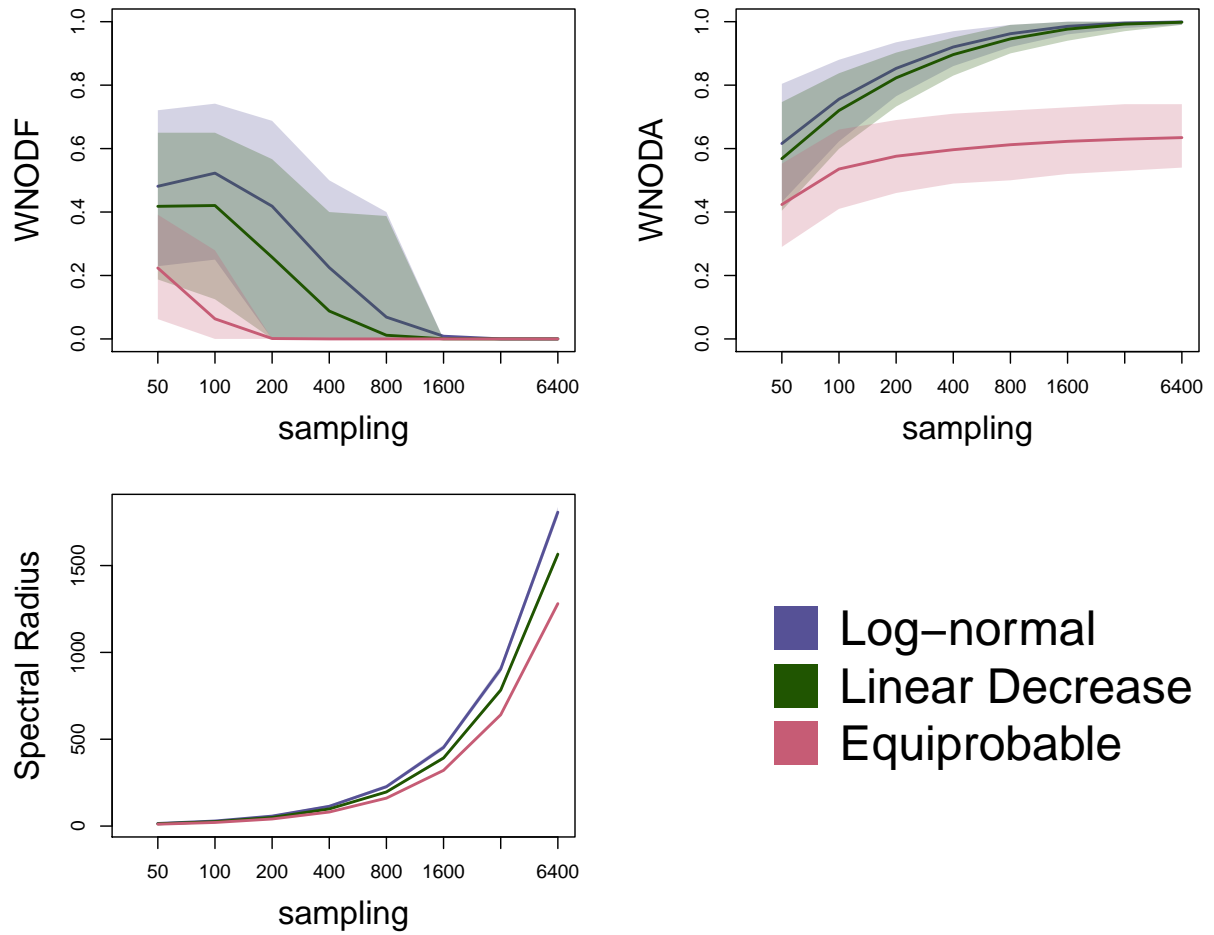
Binary indices



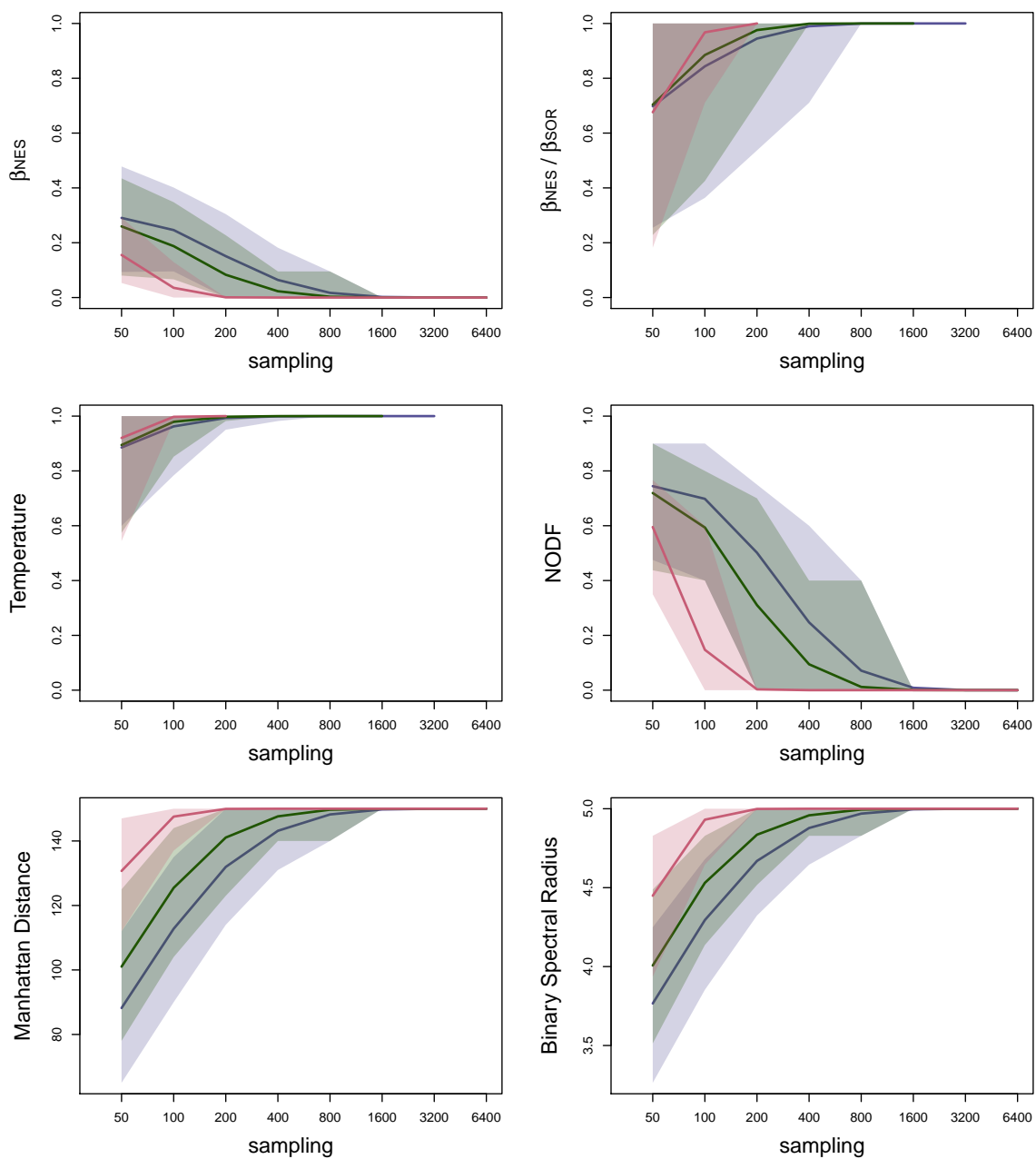
■ Log-normal
■ Linear Decrease
■ Equiprobable

MATRIX SIZE: 5 x 5

Weighted indices



Binary indices



■ Log-normal
■ Linear Decrease
■ Equiprobable