# Implementation of exponential function in C

### Martin Aagaard

#### Abstract

In this short report an implementation of the exponential function will be investigated.

## 1 The exponential function

The exponential function is widely known and used and can be defined through the property that  $\frac{dy(x)}{dx} = y$  if  $y(x) = e^x$ . The exponential function appears many places e.g. in physics which necessitates an implementation in computer languages. One way to do this is through the taylor series of the exponential function,

$$e^x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{n!} \ . \tag{1}$$

## 2 Implementation

From the taylor series it is seen that one can take factor out factors of x and n leading to an expression on the following form:

$$1 + x \cdot (1 + \frac{x}{2} \cdot (1 + \frac{x}{3} \cdot (\dots))) . \tag{2}$$

This odd form of writing the series minimizes the number of time a program would need to multiply and through that minimizing the operation time. In C a final implementation could look like:

Here the if statements make sure that the value of x is significantly small. This allows us to include fewer terms of the taylor series.

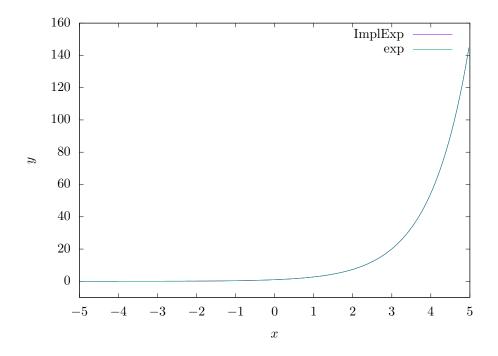


Figure 1: Implementated exponential function (Implexp) compared with the math.h implementation(exp) via gnuplot "latex" terminal.

## 3 Result

The implementation is now compared to the exp-function from math.h. The result is seen in figure (1)