## **Python Programming Fundamentals Cheat Sheet**

Package/Method	Description	Syntax and Code Example Syntax:
AND	Returns 'True' if both statement1 and statement2 are 'True'. Otherwise returns 'False'.	1. 1 1. statement1 and statement2  Copied!  Example:  1. 1 2. 2 3. 3 4. 4
		<pre>1. marks = 90 2. attendance_percentage = 87 3. 4. if marks &gt;= 80 and attendance_percentage &gt;= 85: 5.    print("qualify for honors") 6. else: 7.    print("Not qualified for honors") 8. 9. # Output = qualify for honors  Copied!</pre>
Class Definition	Defines a blueprint for creating objects and defining their attributes and behaviors.	Syntax:  1. 1  1. class ClassName: # Class attributes and methods  Copied!  Example:  1. 1 2. 2 3. 3 4. 4  1. class Person: 2. definit(self, name, age): 3. self.name = name 4. self.age = age  Copied!  Syntax: 1. 1
Define Function	A `function` is a reusable block of code that performs a specific task or set of tasks when called.	<ol> <li>def function_name(parameters): # Function body</li> <li>Copied!</li> <li>Example:</li> <li>1</li> </ol>
Equal(==)	Checks if two values are equal.	<pre>1. def greet(name): print("Hello,", name)  Copied! Syntax: 1. 1 1. variable1 == variable2  Copied!  Example 1: 1. 1 1. 5 == 5  Copied!</pre>
		returns True Example 2:

1. 1

```
Copied!
                                                                                                returns False
                                                                                                Syntax:
                                                                                                  1. 1
                                                                                                  1. for variable in sequence: # Code to repeat
                                                                                                Copied!
                                                                                                Example 1:
                                                                                                  1. 1
2. 2
                                                                                                   1. for num in range(1, 10):
                        A 'for' loop repeatedly executes a block of code for a specified number
                                                                                                   2.
                                                                                                          print(num)
For Loop
                        of iterations or over a sequence of elements (list, range, string, etc.).
                                                                                                 Copied!
                                                                                                Example 2:
                                                                                                  2. 2
3. 3
                                                                                                   1. fruits = ["apple", "banana", "orange", "grape", "kiwi"]
                                                                                                   2. for fruit in fruits:
                                                                                                   3.
                                                                                                          print(fruit)
                                                                                                Copied!
                                                                                                Syntax:
                                                                                                  1. 1

    function_name(arguments)

                                                                                                Copied!
                        A function call is the act of executing the code within the function
Function Call
                        using the provided arguments.
                                                                                                Example:
                                                                                                  1. 1

    greet("Alice")

                                                                                                Copied!
                                                                                                Syntax:
                                                                                                   1. 1
                                                                                                   1. variable1 >= variable2
                                                                                                Copied!
                                                                                                Example 1:
                                                                                                   1. 1
                                                                                                  1. 5 >= 5 and 9 >= 5
                                                                                                Copied!
Greater Than or Equal Checks if the value of variable 1 is greater than or equal to variable 2.
To(>=)
                                                                                                returns True
                                                                                                Example 2:
                                                                                                  1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
                                                                                                  1. quantity = 105
2. minimum = 100
                                                                                                   3. quantity >= minimum
                                                                                                 Copied!
                                                                                                returns True
Greater Than(>)
                        Checks if the value of variable 1 is greater than variable 2.
                                                                                                Syntax:
                                                                                                  1. 1

    variable1 > variable2

                                                                                                Copied!
                                                                                                Example 1: 9 > 6
                                                                                                returns True
```

1. age = 25 age == 30

```
Example 2:
                                                                                                           1. 1
                                                                                                           2. 2
3. 3
                                                                                                           1. age = 20
2. max_age = 25
                                                                                                           3. age > max_age
                                                                                                        Copied!
                                                                                                        returns False
                                                                                                        Syntax:
                                                                                                           1. 1
                                                                                                           1. if condition: #code block for if statement
                          Executes code block 'if' the condition is 'True'.
If Statement
                                                                                                        Example:
                                                                                                           1. 1
2. 2
                                                                                                           1. if temperature > 30:
                                                                                                           2. print("It's a hot day!")
                                                                                                         Copied!
                                                                                                        Syntax:
                                                                                                           1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. 5
6. 6
7. 7
8. 8
                                                                                                           1. if condition1:
                                                                                                           2. # Code if condition1 is True
3.
                                                                                                           4. elif condition2:
                                                                                                           5. # Code if condition2 is True
                                                                                                           6.
                                                                                                           7. else:
                                                                                                           8. # Code if no condition is True
                                                                                                         Copied!
                          Executes the first code block if condition1 is 'True', otherwise checks
If-Elif-Else
                          condition2, and so on. If no condition is 'True', the else block is
                                                                                                        Example:
                          executed.
                                                                                                           1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
                                                                                                           6. 6
7. 7
8. 8
                                                                                                           1. score = 85  # Example score
2. if score >= 90:
3.    print("You got an A!")
                                                                                                           4. elif score >= 80:
                                                                                                                   print("You got a B.")
                                                                                                           6. else:
7. pr
                                                                                                                   print("You need to work harder.")
                                                                                                           9. # Output = You got a B.
                                                                                                         Copied!
                          Executes the first code block if the condition is 'True', otherwise the
If-Else Statement
                                                                                                        Syntax:
                          second block.
                                                                                                           1. 1
                                                                                                           1. if condition: # Code, if condition is True
                                                                                                           2. else: # Code, if condition is False
                                                                                                         Copied!
                                                                                                        Example:
                                                                                                           2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
                                                                                                           1. if age >= 18:
2. print("You're an adult.")
```

```
print("You're not an adult yet.")
                                                                                                         Copied!
                                                                                                         Syntax:
                                                                                                            1. variable1 <= variable2</pre>
                                                                                                         Copied!
                                                                                                         Example 1:
                                                                                                            1. 5 <= 5 and 3 <= 5
                                                                                                          Copied!
Less Than or Equal
                          Checks if the value of variable 1 is less than or equal to variable 2.
To(\leq=)
                                                                                                         returns True
                                                                                                         Example 2:
                                                                                                            1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
                                                                                                            1. size = 38
2. max_size = 40
3. size <= max_size
                                                                                                          Copied!
                                                                                                         returns True
                                                                                                         Syntax:
                                                                                                            1. 1
                                                                                                            1. variable1 < variable2</pre>
                                                                                                         Copied!
                                                                                                         Example 1:
                                                                                                            1. 1
                                                                                                            1. 4 < 6
                                                                                                         Copied!
Less Than(<)
                          Checks if the value of variable 1 is less than variable 2.
                                                                                                         returns True
                                                                                                         Example 2:
                                                                                                            1. 1
                                                                                                            2. 2 3. 3
                                                                                                            1. score = 60
                                                                                                            2. passing_score = 65
                                                                                                            3. score < passing_score</pre>
                                                                                                          Copied!
                                                                                                         returns True
Loop Controls
                          'break' exits the loop prematurely. 'continue' skips the rest of the
                                                                                                         Syntax:
                          current iteration and moves to the next iteration.
                                                                                                            1. 1
                                                                                                            2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. 5
6. 6
7. 7

    for: # Code to repeat
    if # boolean statement

                                                                                                            2.
3.
                                                                                                                         break
                                                                                                            4.
                                                                                                            5. for: # Code to repeat
                                                                                                                    if # boolean statement
                                                                                                                         continue
                                                                                                         Copied!
                                                                                                         Example 1:
                                                                                                            1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
```

3. else:

```
print(num)
                                                                                                   Copied!
                                                                                                  Example 2:
                                                                                                     1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
                                                                                                     1. for num in range(1, 6):
2. if num == 3:
                                                                                                      3.
                                                                                                                 continue
                                                                                                      4.
                                                                                                             print(num)
                                                                                                   Copied!
                                                                                                  Syntax:
                                                                                                     1. 1
                                                                                                     1. !variable
                                                                                                  Copied!
                                                                                                  Example:
NOT
                        Returns 'True' if variable is 'False', and vice versa.
                                                                                                      1. 1
                                                                                                     1. !isLocked
                                                                                                   Copied!
                                                                                                  returns True if the variable is False (i.e., unlocked).
                                                                                                     1. 1
                                                                                                     1. variable1 != variable2
                                                                                                   Copied!
                                                                                                  Example:
                                                                                                     1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
                                                                                                     1. a = 10
2. b = 20
3. a != b
Not Equal(!=)
                        Checks if two values are not equal.
                                                                                                   Copied!
                                                                                                  returns True
                                                                                                  Example 2:
                                                                                                     1. 1
2. 2
                                                                                                     1. count=0
2. count != 0
                                                                                                   Copied!
                                                                                                  returns False
                                                                                                  Syntax:
                                                                                                     1. 1
                                                                                                      1. object_name = ClassName(arguments)
                                                                                                   Copied!
Object Creation
                        Creates an instance of a class (object) using the class constructor.
                                                                                                  Example:
                                                                                                     1. 1
                                                                                                     1. person1 = Person("Alice", 25)
                                                                                                   Copied!
OR
                        Returns 'True' if either statement1 or statement2 (or both) are 'True'.
                                                                                                  Syntax:
                        Otherwise, returns 'False'.
                                                                                                     1. statement1 || statement2
                                                                                                   Copied!
```

1. for num in range(1, 6):
2. if num == 3:

break

3.

```
1. 1
2. 2
                                                                                                 1. "Farewell Party Invitation"
                                                                                                 2. Grade = 12 grade == 11 or grade == 12
                                                                                               Copied!
                                                                                              returns True
                                                                                              Syntax:
                                                                                                 2. 2
3. 3

    range(stop)

                                                                                                 range(start, stop)
                                                                                                 range(start, stop, step)
                                                                                               Copied!
                       Generates a sequence of numbers within a specified range.
range()
                                                                                              Example:
                                                                                                 1. 1
                                                                                                 2. 2
                                                                                                 1. range(5) #generates a sequence of integers from 0 to 4.
                                                                                                 2. range(2), #generates a sequence of integers from 2 to 9.
3. range(1, 11, 2) #generates odd integers from 1 to 9.
                                                                                               Copied!
                                                                                              Syntax:
                                                                                                 1. 1
                                                                                                 1. return value
                                                                                                Copied!
                        'Return' is a keyword used to send a value back from a function to its
                                                                                              Example:
Return Statement
                                                                                                 2. 2

 def add(a, b): return a + b

 result = add(3, 5)

                                                                                               Copied!
                                                                                              Syntax:
                                                                                                 1. 1
                                                                                                 1. try: # Code that might raise an exception except
                                                                                                 ExceptionType: # Code to handle the exception
                                                                                               Copied!
                                                                                              Example:
                       Tries to execute the code in the try block. If an exception of the
Try-Except Block
                        specified type occurs, the code in the except block is executed.
                                                                                                 1. 1
                                                                                                 2. 2
3. 3
                                                                                                 4. 4
                                                                                                         num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
                                                                                                    except ValueError:
                                                                                                         print("Invalid input. Please enter a valid number.")
                                                                                               Copied!
Try-Except with Else
                       Code in the 'else' block is executed if no exception occurs in the try
                                                                                              Syntax:
Block
                       block.
                                                                                                 1. 1
                                                                                                 2. 2
3. 3
                                                                                                 1. try: # Code that might raise an exception except
                                                                                                 ExceptionType: # Code to handle the exception
                                                                                                 3. else: # Code to execute if no exception occurs
                                                                                               Copied!
                                                                                              Example:
                                                                                                 2. 2
                                                                                                 3. 3
```

4. 4

Example:

```
6. 6
                                                                                                    1. try:
2.    num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
                                                                                                     except ValueError:
                                                                                                           print("Invalid input. Please enter a valid number")
                                                                                                            print("You entered:", num)
                                                                                                  Copied!
                                                                                                  Syntax:
                                                                                                     1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
                                                                                                     1. try: # Code that might raise an exception except

    ExceptionType: # Code to handle the exception
    finally: # Code that always executes

                                                                                                  Copied!
                                                                                                  Example:
Try-Except with
                        Code in the 'finally' block always executes, regardless of whether an
                                                                                                     2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. 5
6. 6
7. 7
Finally Block
                        exception occurred.
                                                                                                    4. except FileNotFoundError:
                                                                                                     5. print("File not found.")
6. finally:
7. file.close()
                                                                                                   Copied!
                                                                                                  Syntax:
                                                                                                    1. 1
                                                                                                     1. while condition: # Code to repeat
                                                                                                  Copied!
                        A 'while' loop repeatedly executes a block of code as long as a
While Loop
                                                                                                  Example:
                        specified condition remains 'True'.
                                                                                                     1. 1
2. 2
                                                                                                     1. count = 0 while count < 5:</pre>
                                                                                                            print(count) count += 1
                                                                                                     2.
                                                                                                  Copied!
```



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