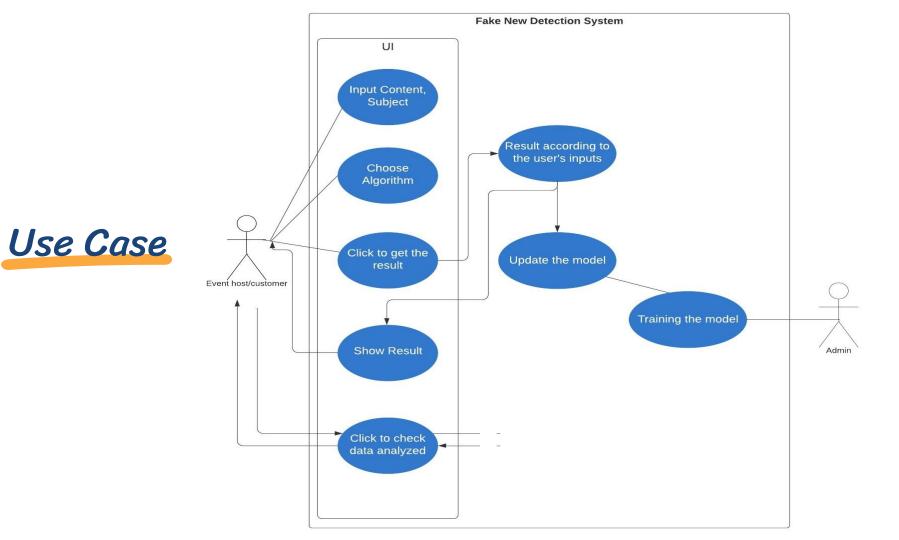
CSYE 7200 - COURSE PROJECT Team - 5

Naveen - 001582394 Vignesh - 001220018 Jaeline - 001257108

Table of Contents





Project Goals

• A Interactive page to accept the user input

• A well trained model to analyze the characteristics

• A higher probability output of the data provided

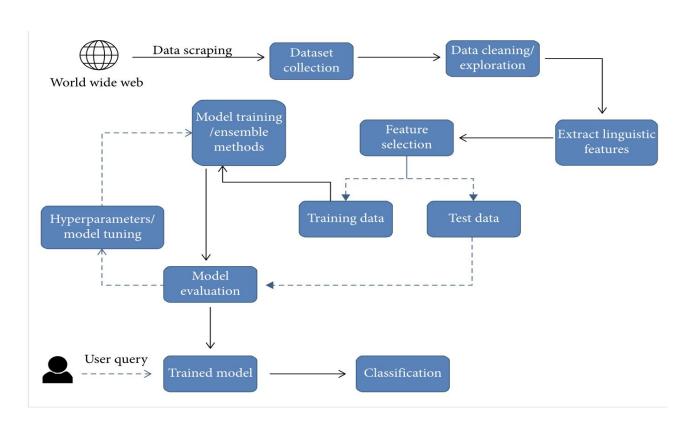
UI Design



Random Forest >
Random Forest
Naive Bayes



Methodology



Data Source

Data ~ 44898 rows

```
titlel
                                   text
                                             subject
As U.S. budget fi... WASHINGTON (Reute... | politicsNews | December 31, 2017 |
U.S. military to ... WASHINGTON (Reute... | politicsNews | December 29, 2017 |
                                                                           0 I
|Senior U.S. Repub...|WASHINGTON (Reute...|politicsNews|December 31, 2017 |
                                                                           01
FBI Russia probe ... | WASHINGTON (Reute... | politicsNews | December 30, 2017 |
|Trump wants Posta...|SEATTLE/WASHINGTO...|politicsNews|December 29, 2017 |
                                                                           01
|White House, Cong...|WEST PALM BEACH, ...|politicsNews|December 29, 2017 |
                                                                           0 I
Trump says Russia...|WEST PALM BEACH, ...|politicsNews|December 29, 2017 |
                                                                           01
|Factbox: Trump on...|The following sta...|politicsNews|December 29, 2017 |
                                                                           01
|Trump on Twitter ...|The following sta...|politicsNews|December 29, 2017 |
                                                                           0 I
01
only showing top 10 rows
```



-extract features and find keywords

- TF(t,d) number of times a term t appears in document d
- DF(t,D) number of documents d that contains term t
- |D| is the total number of documents in the corpus

$$idf(t) = log(N/(df + 1))$$

$$tf$$
-idf(t, d) = $tf(t, d) * log(N/(df + 1))$

Natural Language Processing

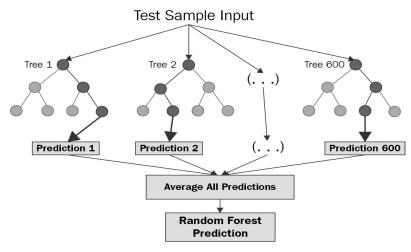
- Extract tokens from title
- Remove stop words from title
- Compute Term frequency from title
- Compute Term frequency-inverse document frequency from title
- Extract tokens from text
- Remove stop words from text
- Compute Term frequency from text
- Compute Term frequency-inverse document frequency text
- StringIndexer subject

Natural Language Processing

	okens text_ct_vectorized +	text_tfidf	title_words	title_sw_removed tit		title_tfidf
[cleveland, reute	9 (3,[0,1,2],[23.0, (3,[6				(3,[0],[1.0]) (3,[0],[1.1398993
[berlin, reuters, [berlin, reuters,	9 (3,[1],[4.0]) (3,[1	l],[1.2510729 [a,	long, way, to [l	ong, way, go, g	(3,[],[])	(3,[],[])
[yangon, reuters, [yangon, reuters,	6 (3,[1,2],[18.0,1.0]) (3,[1	L,2],[5.62982 [and	, then, they, [e	xploded, rohing	(3,[],[])	(3,[],[])
[reuters, u, s, s [reuters, u, sena	8 (3,[1],[9.0]) (3,[1	l],[2.8149141 [ash	amed, franken [a	shamed, franken	(3,[],[])	(3,[],[])
[washington, reut [washington, reut	8 (3,[0,1,2],[9.0,5 (3,[6	0,1,2],[6.368 [bob	by, three, st [b	obby, three, st	(3,[0],[1.0]) (3,[0],[1.1398993
[new, york, reute [new, york, reute	7 (3,[1],[2.0]) (3,[1	l],[0.6255364 [bri	dgegate, name [b	ridgegate, name	(3,[2],[1.0]) (3,[2],[2.1787106
[newark, n, j, re [newark, n, j, re	8 (3,[0,1],[1.0,6.0]) (3,[6	0,1],[0.70766 [bri	dgegate, witn [b	ridgegate, witn	(3,[],[])	(3,[],[])
[manila, reuters, [manila, reuters,	9 (3,[1],[7.0]) (3,[1	l],[2.1893776 [can	, i, get, it, [g	et, go, canada,	(3,[],[])	(3,[],[])
[geneva, reuters, [geneva, reuters,	9 (3,[1],[9.0]) (3,[1	l],[2.8149141 [con	sistent, patt [c	onsistent, patt	(3,[2],[1.0]) (3,[2],[2.1787106
[near, ramallah, [near, ramallah,	7 (3,[0,1,2],[1.0,2 (3,[6	0,1,2],[0.707 [day	, of, rage, a [d	ay, rage, knife	(3,[],[])	(3,[],[])
[brussels, reuter [brussels, reuter	6 (3,[1],[7.0]) (3,[1	l],[2.1893776 [dea	dline, of, de [d	eadline, deadli	(3,[],[])	(3,[],[])
[brussels, reuter [brussels, reuter	8 (3,[1,2],[8.0,1.0]) (3,[1	l,2],[2.50214 [des	pondent, may, [d	espondent, may,	(3,[],[])	(3,[],[])
[new, york, reute [new, york, reute	5 (3,[0,1],[3.0,7.0]) (3,[6	0,1],[2.12298 [eco	nomikes, the, [e	conomikes, gate	(3,[],[])	(3,[],[])
[boston, new, yor [boston, new, yor	7 (3,[0,1,2],[6.0,6 (3,[6	0,1,2],[4.245 [fis	t, bumps, at, [f	ist, bumps, hed	(3,[0],[1.0]) (3,[0],[1.1398993
[united, nations, [united, nations,	7 (3,[1],[3.0]) (3,[1	l],[0.9383047 [fix	, it, or, nix [f	ix, nix, netany	(3,[],[])	(3,[],[])
[bordeaux, france [bordeaux, france	7 (3,[0,1,2],[4.0,5 (3,[6	0,1,2],[2.830 [fra	nce, is, not, [f	rance, u, presi	(3,[2],[1.0]) (3,[2],[2.1787106
[brussels, reuter [brussels, reuter	8 (3,[0,1,2],[6.0,9 (3,[6	0,1,2],[4.245 [ful	ly, committed [f	ully, committed	(3,[2],[1.0]) (3,[2],[2.1787106
[geneva, reuters, [geneva, reuters,	8 (3,[1],[3.0]) (3,[1	l],[0.9383047 [gli	mmer, of, hop [g	limmer, hope, f	(3,[],[])	(3,[],[])
[jerusalem, guate [jerusalem, guate	9 (3,[0,1,2],[3.0,5 (3,[6	0,1,2],[2.122 [god	, bless, you, [g	od, bless, neta	(3,[],[])	(3,[],[])
[washington, reut [washington, reut	12 (3,[0,1,2],[7.0,4 (3,[6	0,1,2],[4.953 [goo	d, to, go, to [g	ood, go, top, t	(3,[0],[1.0]) (3,[0],[1.1398993

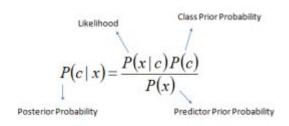
Random Forest Classifier

- builds multiple decision trees and merges them together to get a more accurate and stable prediction
- Given a input training dataset X = x1... xn with response Y = y1...yn, we select a random sample with replacement from the training dataset and fit the tree



Naive Bayes Classifier

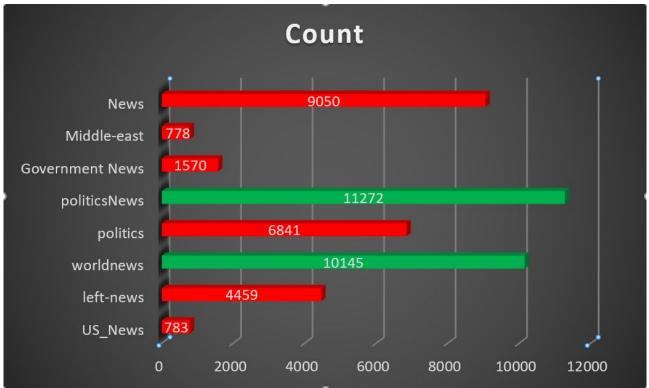
- We convert the input data into frequency table as from the TFIDF class
- Generate the Likelihood table by finding the probabilities.
- use <u>Naive Bayesian</u> equation to calculate the posterior probability for each class. The class with the highest posterior probability is the outcome of prediction.



$$P(c \mid X) = P(x_1 \mid c) \times P(x_2 \mid c) \times \dots \times P(x_n \mid c) \times P(c)$$

Visualization





Model Performance

Random Forest test set with title and subject_accuracy = 1.0

Naive Bayes test set with title and subject accuracy = 0.8906587272050615

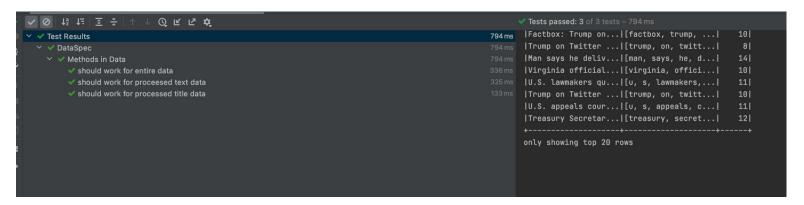
Random Forest test set with title accuracy = 0.8356959734580003

Naive Bayes test set with title accuracy = 0.7930031329255557

Random Forest test set Accuracy = 0.7827976324267626

Naive Bayes test set accuracy = 0.7273339821816276

Unit Testing





Acceptance Criteria

- UI to accept Users input and visualize the data
- Model Response < 5s
 - Response time achieved < 1s
- Model Accuracy



Accuracy achieved through models

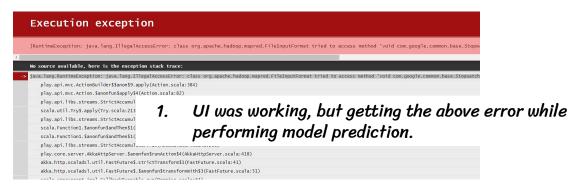


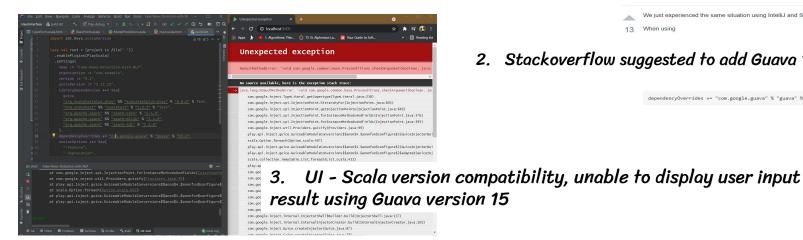
References

- https://spark.apache.org/docs/latest/ml-features.html
- https://www.tutorialspoint.com/apache_kafka/apache_kafka_real_time_ application.htm



Model prediction using Play Framework.







2. Stackoverflow suggested to add Guava 15(library)

dependencyOverrides += "com.google.guava" % "guava" % "15.0"

