



SMIA –  
S2  
Corrigé série 1 S2

Informatique 2  
2021-2022

# Exercise 1

(1) $C + 3$	13	int
(2) $B + 1$	68	int
(3) $C + B$	77	Int
(4) $D + A$	5.5	float
(5) $3 * E + 2 + B$	$9 + 2 + 67 = 78$	int
(6) $2 * E + (A + 10) / C$	$4 + (5 + 10) / 10 = 19 / 10 = 1$	long
(7) $2 * E + (A + 10.0) / C$	$4 + (5 + 10.0) = 19.0 / 10 = 1.9$	double

# Exercise 2

1) $n + q$	12	long
(2) $n + x$	11.75	float
(3) $n \% p + q$	4	long
(4) $n < p$	0	int
(5) $n \geq p$	1	int
(6) $n > q$	1	int
(7) $q + 3 * (n > p)$	5	long
(8) $q \&\& n$	1	int
(9) $(q-2) \&\& (n-10)$	0	int
(10) $x * (q==2)$	1.75	float
(11) $x * (q=5)$	8.75	float

# Exercice 3

(1) $n = n + q$	12	Long puis int	$n = 12$
(2) $x += n$	13.75	float	$x = 13.75$
(3) $n \% = (p + 3)$	5	int	$n = n \% (p + 3) = 12 \% (4 + 3) = 5$
(4) $n \% = q + 1$	2	Long puis int	$n = n \% (q + 1) = 5 \% (2 + 1) = 2$
(5) $p = ++ n$	3	int	$p = 3$ puis $n = 3$
(6) $q = n++$	3	long	$q = 3$ puis $n = 4$
(7) $n = ++ p + q++$	7	int	$p = 4$ $n = 4 + 3 = 7$ $q = 4$
(8) $x = -- n * q++ - -- p$	21.0	float	$n = 6$ puis $p = 3$ $x = 6 * 4 - 3 = 21.000$ $q = 5$
(9) $n * = -- p + x++$	138	int	$p = 2$ $n = n * (2 + 12) = 6 * (2 + 21)$ $x = 22.0$

# Exercise 4

(1) $(5 * X) + 2 * ((3 * B) + 4)$	(1) 98
(2) $5 * (X + 2) * 3 * (B + 4)$	(2) 1890
(3) $A == (B = 5)$	(3) 0
(4) $A += (X + 5)$	(4) 37
(5) $A != (C * = (-D))$	(5) 1
(6) $A * = C + (X - D)$	(6) 1110
(7) $A \% = D++$	(7) 0
(8) $A \% = ++D$	(8) 0
(9) $(X++) * (A + C)$	(9) 240
(10) $A = X * (B < C) + Y * !(B < C)$	(10) 13
(11) $!(X - D + C)    D$	(11) 1
(12) $A \& \& B    !0 \& \& C \& \& !D$	(12) 1
(13) $((A \& \& B)    (!0 \& \& C)) \& \& !D$	(13) 0
(14) $((A \& \& B)    !0) \& \& (C \& \& (!D))$	(14) 0