

Winning Space Race with Data Science

Marcos HSQ 14/04/2022



Outline

- Executive Summary
- Introduction
- Methodology
- Results
- Conclusion
- Appendix

Executive Summary

- Collected data from public SpaceX API and SpaceX Wikipedia page. Explored data using SQL, visualization, Folium maps, and dashboards. Gathered relevant columns to be used as features. Changed all categorical variables to binary using one hot encoding. Standardized data and used Grid Search CV to find best parameters for machine learning models. Visualize accuracy score of all models.
- Four machine learning models were produced: Logistic Regression, Support Vector Machine, Decision Tree Classifier, and K Nearest Neighbors. All produced similar results with accuracy rate of about 83.33%. All models overpredicted successful landings. More data is needed for better model determination and accuracy.

Introduction

Project background and context:

- Commercial Space Age is Here;
- SpaceX has best pricing (\$62 million vs. \$165 million USD);
- Largely due to ability to recover part of rocket (Stage 1);
- Space Y wants to compete with SpaceX.

Problems you want to find answers:

 Space Y tasks us to train a machine learning model to predict successful Stage 1 recovery.



Methodology

Executive Summary

- Data collection methodology:
 - Describe how data was collected
- Perform data wrangling
 - Describe how data was processed
- Perform exploratory data analysis (EDA) using visualization and SQL
- Perform interactive visual analytics using Folium and Plotly Dash
- Perform predictive analysis using classification models
 - How to build, tune, evaluate classification models

Data Collection

The data collection process involved a combination of API requests from SpaceX public API and web scraping data from a table in SpaceX's Wikipedia entry.

The next slide will show the flowchart of data collection from API, and the one after will show the flowchart of data collection from web scraping.

SpaceX API Data Columns:

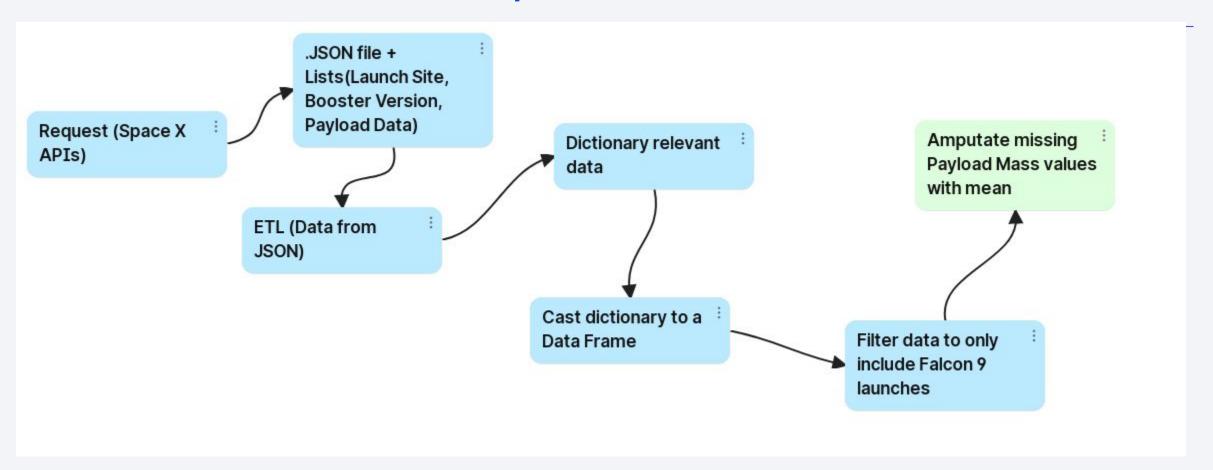
Flight Number, Date, Booster Version, Payload Mass, Orbit, Launch Site, Outcome, Flights, Grid Fins,

Reused, Legs, Landing, Block, Reused Count, Serial, Longitude, Latitude

Wikipedia Web scrape Data Columns:

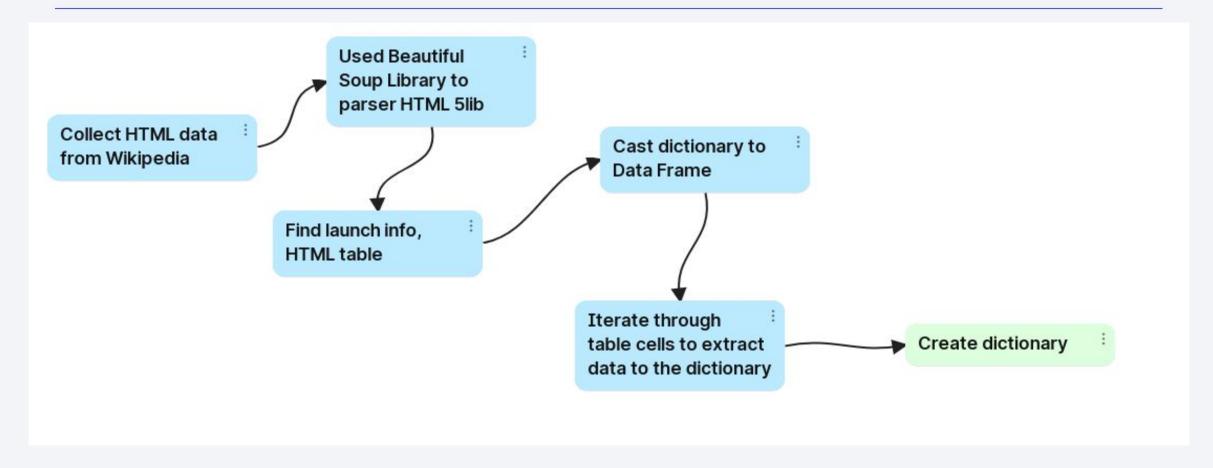
Flight No., Launch site, Payload, Payload Mass, Orbit, Customer, Launch outcome, Version Booster, Booster landing, Date, Time

Data Collection – SpaceX API



https://github.com/marcoshsq/IBM_Data_Science_Certificate_Projects/blob/main/Capstone%20Project/Week%201%20Introduction/Data_Collection_Api_.ipynb_ - Data Collection_Notebook_repository_link.

Data Collection - Scraping



Data Wrangling

- Create a training label with landing outcomes where successful = 1 & failure
 = 0.
- Outcome column has two components: 'Mission Outcome' 'Landing Location'
- New training label column 'class' with a value of 1 if 'Mission Outcome' is True and 0 otherwise. Value Mapping:
- True ASDS, True RTLS, & True Ocean set to -> 1
- None None, False ASDS, None ASDS, False Ocean, False RTLS set to ->
- Github repository link:

 https://github.com/marcoshsq/IBM_Data_Science_Certificate_Projects/blob/main/Capstone%20Project/Week%201%20Introduction/Data_wrangling_.ip_ynb

EDA with Data Visualization

- Exploratory Data Analysis performed on variables Flight Number, Payload Mass, Launch Site, Orbit, Class and Year.
- Flight Number vs. Payload Mass, Flight Number vs. Launch Site, Payload Mass vs. Launch Site, Orbit vs. Success Rate, Flight Number vs. Orbit, Payload vs Orbit, and Success Yearly Trend
- Scatter plots, line charts, and bar plots were used to compare relationships between variables to
- decide if a relationship exists so that they could be used in training the machine learning model
- Github: <u>https://github.com/marcoshsq/IBM_Data_Science_Certificate_Projects/blob/main/Capstone%20Project/Week%202%20EDA/EDA_with_Visualization.ipynb</u>

EDA with SQL

- Loaded data set into IBM DB2 Database.
- Queried using SQL Python integration.
- Queries were made to get a better understanding of the dataset.
- Queried information about launch site names, mission outcomes, various pay load sizes of customers and booster versions, and landing outcomes
- Github:

https://github.com/marcoshsq/IBM_Data_Science_Certificate_Projects/blob/main/Capstone%20Project/Week%202%20EDA/EDA_with_SQL.ipynb

Build an Interactive Map with Folium

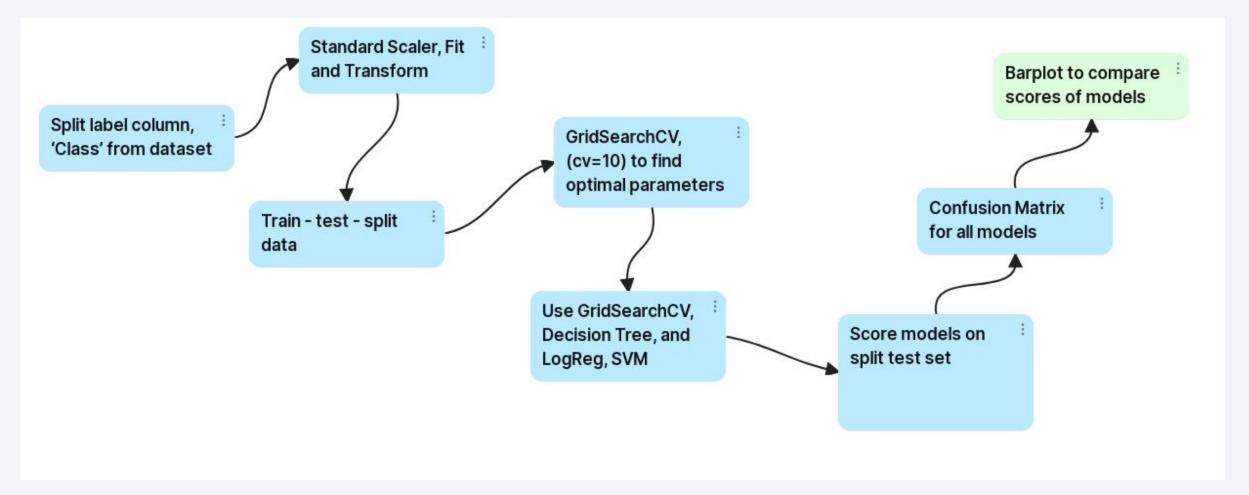
- Folium maps mark Launch Sites, successful and unsuccessful landings, and a proximity example to key locations: Railway, Highway, Coast, and City.
- This allows us to understand why launch sites may be located where they are.
 Also visualizes successful landings relative to location.
- Github:

https://github.com/marcoshsq/IBM Data Science Certificate Projects/blob/main/Capstone%20Project/Week%203%20Interactive%20Visual%20Analytics%20and%20Dashboard/Interactive Visual Analytics with Folium.ipynb

Build a Dashboard with Plotly Dash

- Dashboard includes a pie chart and a scatter plot.
- Pie chart can be selected to show distribution of successful landings across all launch sites and can be selected to show individual launch site success rates.
- Scatter plot takes two inputs: All sites or individual site and payload mass on a slider between 0 and 10000 kg.
- The pie chart is used to visualize launch site success rate.
- The scatter plot can help us see how success varies across launch sites, payload mass, and
- booster version category.
- Github: https://github.com/marcoshsq/IBM_Data_Science_Certificate_Projects/blob/main/Capstone%20Project/Week%203%20Interactive%20Visual%20Analytics%20and%20Dashboard/spacex_dash_app.py

Predictive Analysis (Classification)



Github Repository link:

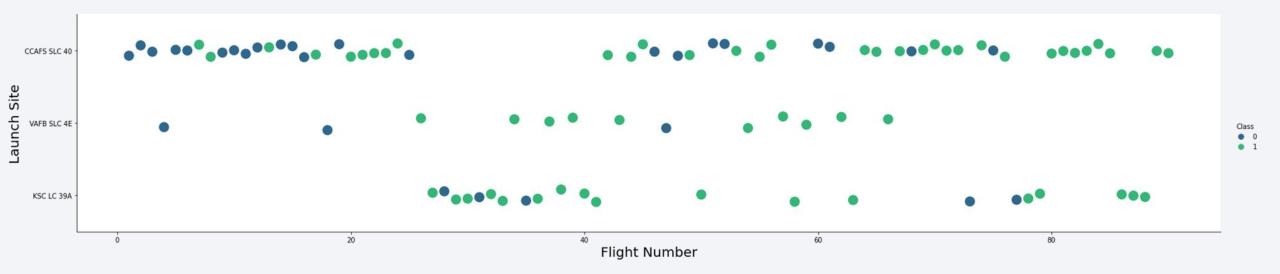
Results

This is a preview of the Plotly dashboard. The following sides will show the results of EDA with visualization, EDA with SQL, Interactive Map with Folium, and finally the results of our model with about 83% accuracy.



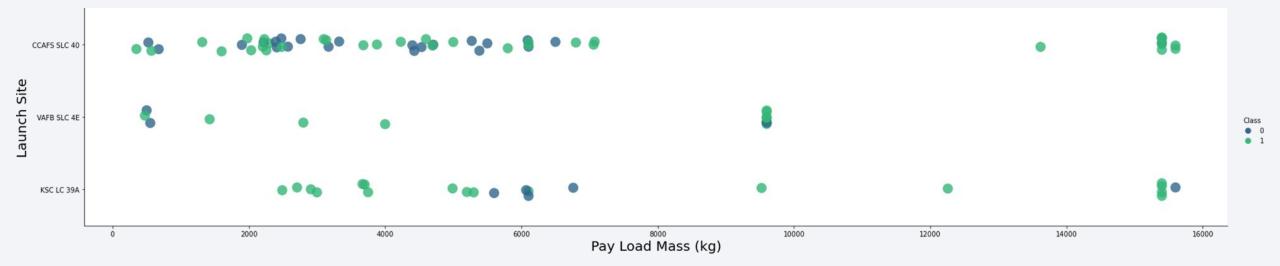


Flight Number vs. Launch Site



- Green indicates successful launch; Purple indicates unsuccessful launch.
- Graphic suggests an increase in success rate over time (indicated in Flight Number).
 Likely a big breakthrough around flight 20 which significantly increased success rate.
 CCAFS appears to be the main launch site as it has the most volume.

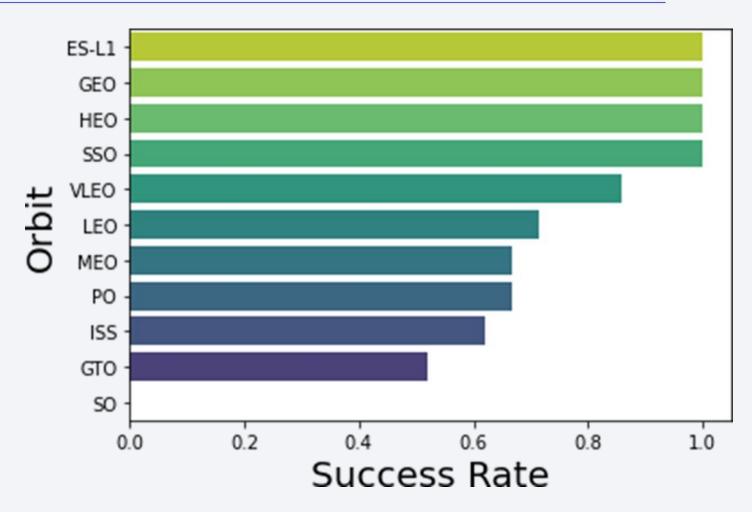
Payload vs. Launch Site



- Green indicates successful launch; Purple indicates unsuccessful launch.
- Payload mass appears to fall mostly between 0-6000 kg. Different launch sites also seem to use different payload mass.

Success Rate vs. Orbit Type

- Success Rate Scale with 0 as 0%
- 0.6 as 60% 1 as 100%
- ES-L1 (1), GEO (1), HEO (1)
 have 100% success rate (sample sizes in parenthesis) SSO (5)
 has 100% success rate
- VLEO (14) has decent success rate and attempts
- SO (1) has 0% success rate
- GTO (27) has the around 50% success rate but largest sample



Flight Number vs. Orbit Type



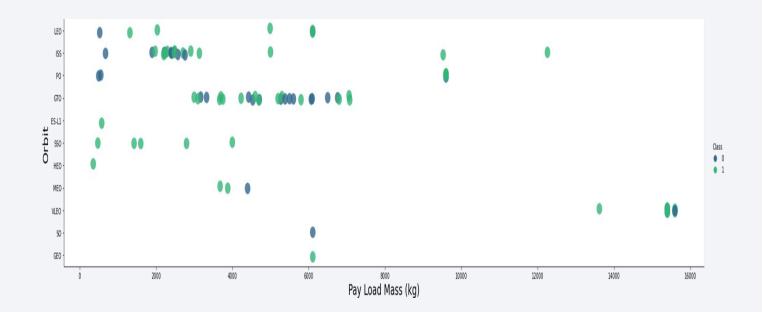
Green indicates successful launch; Purple indicates unsuccessful launch.

Launch Orbit preferences changed over Flight Number. Launch Outcome seems to correlate with this preference.

SpaceX started with LEO orbits which saw moderate success LEO and returned to VLEO in recent launches SpaceX appears to perform better in lower orbits or Sun-synchronous orbits

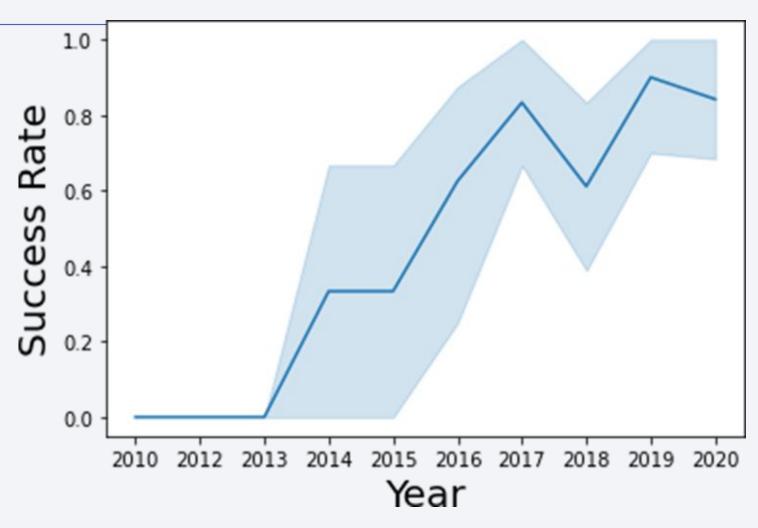
Payload vs. Orbit Type

- Payload mass seems to correlate with orbit
- LEO and SSO seem to have relatively low payload mass
- The other most successful orbit VLEO only has payload mass values in the higher end of the range



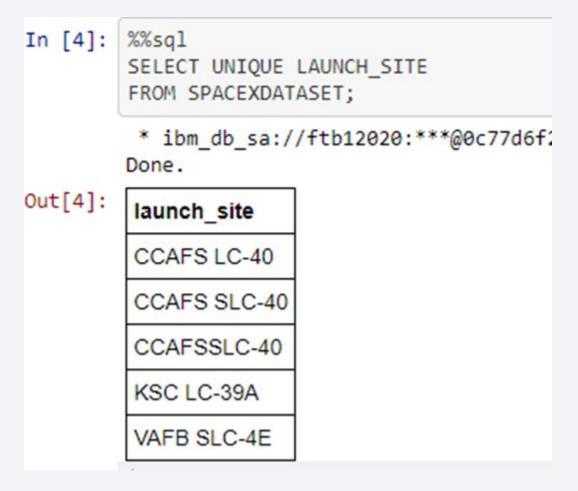
Launch Success Yearly Trend

- Success generally increases over time since
 2013 with a slight dip in
 2018
- Success in recent years at around 80%



All Launch Site Names

- Query unique launch site names from database.
- CCAFS SLC-40 and CCAFSSLC-40 likely all represent the same
- launch site with data entry errors.
- CCAFS LC-40 was the previous name. Likely only 3 unique launch_site values:
 CCAFS SLC-40, KSC LC-39A, VAFB SLC-4E



Launch Site Names Begin with 'CCA'

First five entries in database with Launch Site name beginning with CCA.

```
In [5]: %%sql
         SELECT *
         FROM SPACEXDATASET
         WHERE LAUNCH_SITE LIKE 'CCA%'
         LIMIT 5;
          * ibm db sa://ftb12020:***@0c77d6f2-5da9-48a9-81f8-86b520b87518.bs2io90l08kqb1od8lcg.databases.appdomain.cloud:31198/bludb
         Done.
Out[5]:
                 time utc booster version launch site payload
                                                                                 payload mass kg
                                                                                                                        mission_outcome landing outcome
                                                                                                    orbit
                                                                                                           customer
         2010-
                                             CCAFS LC-
                                                         Dragon Spacecraft
                            F9 v1.0 B0003
                                                                                                     LEO
                  18:45:00
                                                                                 0
                                                                                                            SpaceX
                                                                                                                        Success
                                                                                                                                          Failure (parachute)
          06-04
                                                         Qualification Unit
                                                          Dragon demo flight C1,
                                                                                                            NASA
                                                                                                     LEO
                                             CCAFS LC-
          2010-
                  15:43:00
                             F9 v1.0 B0004
                                                         two CubeSats, barrel of
                                                                                                            (COTS)
                                                                                                                        Success
                                                                                                                                          Failure (parachute)
          12-08
                                                                                                     (ISS)
                                                         Brouere cheese
                                                                                                            NRO
          2012-
                                             CCAFS LC-
                                                                                                     LEO
                                                                                                            NASA
                 07:44:00
                             F9 v1.0 B0005
                                                         Dragon demo flight C2
                                                                                 525
                                                                                                                        Success
                                                                                                                                          No attempt
          05-22
                                                                                                     (ISS)
                                                                                                            (COTS)
                                             CCAFS LC-
         2012-
                                                                                                     LEO
                                                                                                            NASA
                 00:35:00
                                                         SpaceX CRS-1
                                                                                                                                          No attempt
                             F9 v1.0 B0006
                                                                                 500
                                                                                                                        Success
          10-08
                                             40
                                                                                                     (ISS)
                                                                                                            (CRS)
                                             CCAFS LC-
                                                                                                     LEO
                                                                                                            NASA
          2013-
                                                         SpaceX CRS-2
                 15:10:00
                             F9 v1.0 B0007
                                                                                 677
                                                                                                                                          No attempt
                                                                                                                        Success
         03-01
                                                                                                            (CRS)
                                                                                                     (ISS)
```

Total Payload Mass

- This query sums the total payload mass in kg where NASA was the customer.
- CRS stands for Commercial Resupply Services which indicates that these payloads were sent to the International Space Station (ISS).

```
%%sql
SELECT SUM(PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_) AS SUM_PAYLOAD_MASS_KG
FROM SPACEXDATASET
WHERE CUSTOMER = 'NASA (CRS)';

* ibm_db_sa://ftb12020:***@0c77d6f2-5da9-48a9-81f8-86
Done.

sum_payload_mass_kg
45596
```

Average Payload Mass by F9 v1.1

- This query calculates the average payload mass or launches which used booster version F9 v1.1
- Average payload mass of F9 1.1 is on the low end of our payload mass range

```
%%sql
SELECT AVG(PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_) AS AVG_PAYLOAD_MASS_KG
FROM SPACEXDATASET
WHERE booster_version = 'F9 v1.1'

* ibm_db_sa://ftb12020:***@0c77d6f2-5da9-48a9-81f8-86
Done.

avg_payload_mass_kg
2928
```

First Successful Ground Landing Date

- This query returns the first successful ground pad landing date.
- First ground pad landing wasn't
- until the end of 2015.
- Successful landings in general
- appear starting 2014.

```
%%sql
SELECT MIN(DATE) AS FIRST_SUCCESS
FROM SPACEXDATASET
WHERE landing_outcome = 'Success (ground pad)';

* ibm_db_sa://ftb12020:***@0c77d6f2-5da9-48a9-81
Done.

first_success
2015-12-22
```

Successful Drone Ship Landing with Payload between 4000 and 6000

 This query returns the four booster versions that had successful drone ship landings and a payload mass between 4000 and 6000 nonin clusively..

```
%%sql
SELECT booster_version
FROM SPACEXDATASET
WHERE landing_outcome = 'Success (drone ship)' AND payload_mass__kg_ BETWEEN 4001 AND 5999;

* ibm_db_sa://ftb12020:***@0c77d6f2-5da9-48a9-81f8-86b520b87518.bs2io90l08kqb1od8lcg.database
Done.

booster_version
F9 FT B1022
F9 FT B1026
F9 FT B1021.2
F9 FT B1031.2
```

Total Number of Successful and Failure Mission Outcomes

- This query returns a count of each
- mission outcome.
- SpaceX appears to achieve its mission outcome nearly 99% of the time.
- This means that most of the landing
- failures are intended.
- Interestingly, one launch has an unclear payload status and unfortunately one failed in flight.

```
%%sql
SELECT mission_outcome, COUNT(*) AS no_outcome
FROM SPACEXDATASET
GROUP BY mission_outcome;
```

* ibm_db_sa://ftb12020:***@0c77d6f2-5da9-48a9-2 Done.

mission_outcome	no_outcome
Failure (in flight)	1
Success	99
Success (payload status unclear)	1

Boosters Carried Maximum Payload

- This query returns the booster versions that carried the highest payload mass of 15600 kg.
- These booster versions are very similar and all are of the F9 B5 B10xx.x variety.
- This likely indicates payload mass correlates with the booster version that is used.

```
%%sql
SELECT booster_version, PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_
FROM SPACEXDATASET
WHERE PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_ = (SELECT MAX(PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_) FROM SPACEXDATASET);
```

* ibm_db_sa://ftb12020:***@0c77d6f2-5da9-48a9-81f8-86b520b87518.bs2io90l08kqb1 Done.

booster_version	payload_masskg_
F9 B5 B1048.4	15600
F9 B5 B1049.4	15600
F9 B5 B1051.3	15600
F9 B5 B1056.4	15600
F9 B5 B1048.5	15600
F9 B5 B1051.4	15600
F9 B5 B1049.5	15600
F9 B5 B1060.2	15600
F9 B5 B1058.3	15600
F9 B5 B1051.6	15600
F9 B5 B1060.3	15600
F9 B5 B1049.7	15600

2015 Launch Records

This query returns the Month, Landing Outcome, Booster Version, Payload Mass (kg), and Launch site of 2015 launches where stage 1 failed to land on a drone ship.

There were two such occurrences

```
%%sql
SELECT MONTHNAME(DATE) AS MONTH, landing_outcome, booster_version, PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_, launch_site
FROM SPACEXDATASET
WHERE landing_outcome = 'Failure (drone ship)' AND YEAR(DATE) = 2015;
```

^{*} ibm_db_sa://ftb12020:***@0c77d6f2-5da9-48a9-81f8-86b520b87518.bs2io90l08kqb1od8lcg.databases.app Done.

монтн	landing_outcome	booster_version	payload_masskg_	launch_site
January	Failure (drone ship)	F9 v1.1 B1012	2395	CCAFS LC-40
April	Failure (drone ship)	F9 v1.1 B1015	1898	CCAFS LC-40

Rank Landing Outcomes Between 2010-06-04 and 2017-03-20

- This query returns a list of successful landings and between 2010-06-04 and 2017-03-20 inclusively.
- There are two types of successful landing outcomes: drone ship and ground pad landings.
- There were 8 successful landings in total during this time period

```
%%sql
SELECT landing_outcome, COUNT(*) AS no_outcome
FROM SPACEXDATASET
WHERE landing_outcome LIKE 'Succes%' AND DATE BETWEEN '2010-06-04' AND '2017-03-20'
GROUP BY landing_outcome
ORDER BY no_outcome DESC;
```

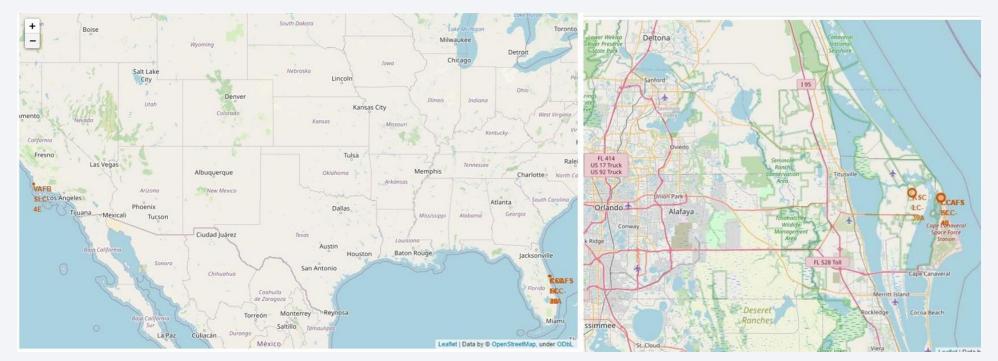
* ibm_db_sa://ftb12020:***@0c77d6f2-5da9-48a9-81f8-86b520b87518.bs2io90l08kqb1od8lcg Done.

landing_outcome	no_outcome	
Success (drone ship)	5	
Success (ground pad)	3	



<Folium Map Screenshot 1>

 The left map shows all launch sites relative US map. The right map shows the two Florida launch sites since they are very close to each other. All launch sites are near the ocean.

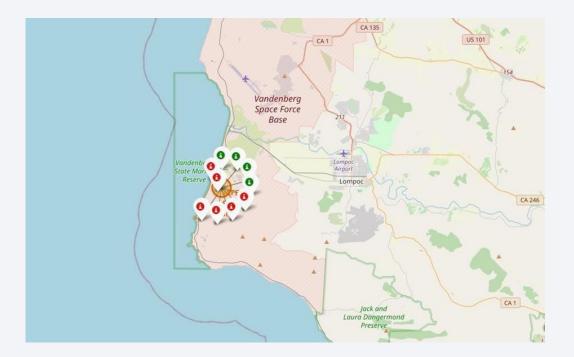


<Folium Map Screenshot 2>

 Clusters on Folium map can be clicked on to display each successful landing (green icon) and failed

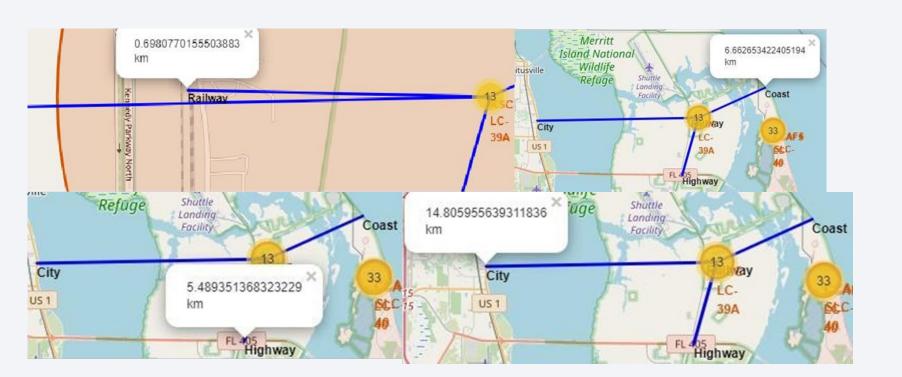
landing (red icon). In this example VAFB SLC-4E shows 4 successful landings

and 6 failed landings.



<Folium Map Screenshot 3>

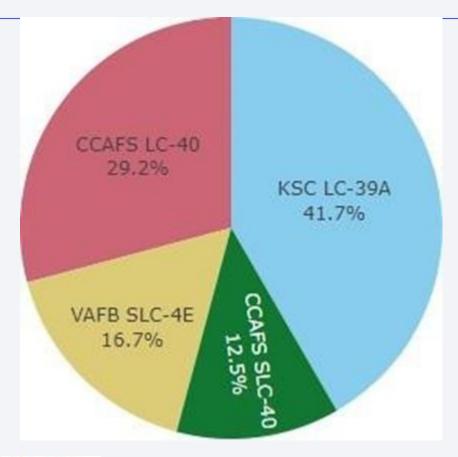
Using KSC LC-39A as an example, launch sites are very close to railways for large part and supply transportation. Launch sites are close to highways for human and supply transport. Launch sites are also close to coasts and relatively far from cities so that launch failures can land in the sea to avoid rockets falling on densely populated areas.

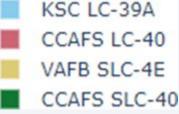




< Dashboard Screenshot 1>

• This is the distribution of successful landings across all launch sites. CCAFS LC-40 is the old name of CCAFS SLC-40 so CCAFS and KSC have the same amount of successful landings, but a majority of the successful landings where performed before the name change. VAFB has the smallest share of successful landings. This may be due to smaller sample and increase in difficulty of launching in the west coast.

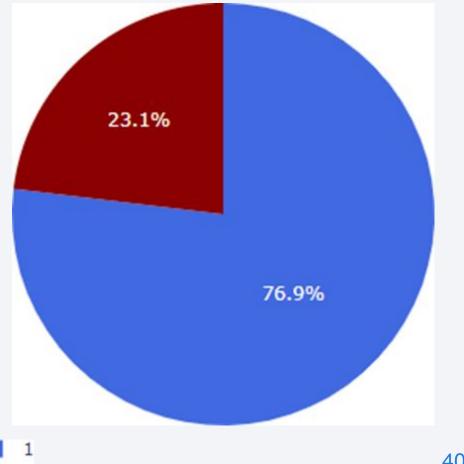




< Dashboard Screenshot 2>

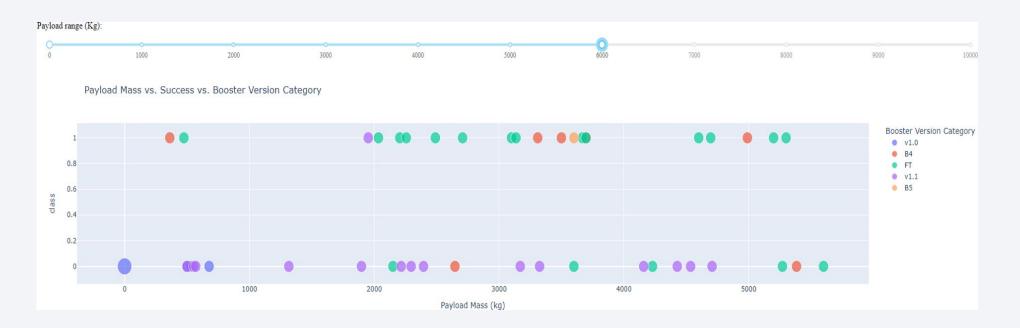
 KSC LC-39A has the highest success rate with 10 successful landings and 3 failed landings.

KSC LC-39A Success Rate (blue=success)



<Dashboard Screenshot 3>

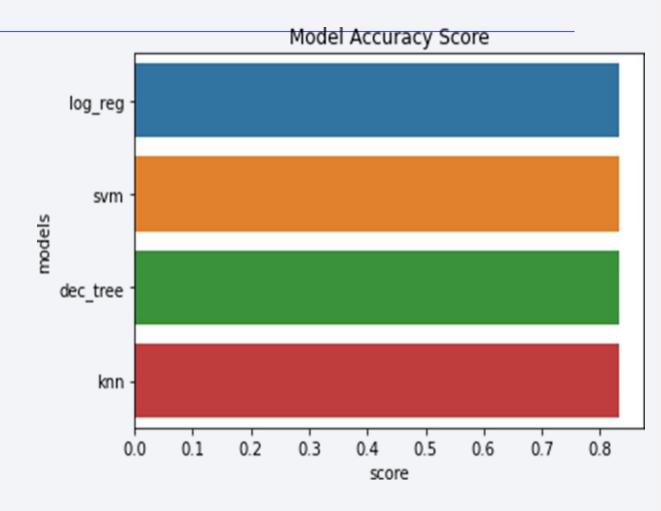
Plotly dashboard has a Payload range selector. However, this is set from 0-10000 instead of the max Payload of 15600. Class indicates 1 for successful landing and 0 for failure. Scatter plot also accounts for booster version category in color and number of launches in point size. In this particular range of 0-6000, interestingly there are two failed landings with payloads of zero kg.





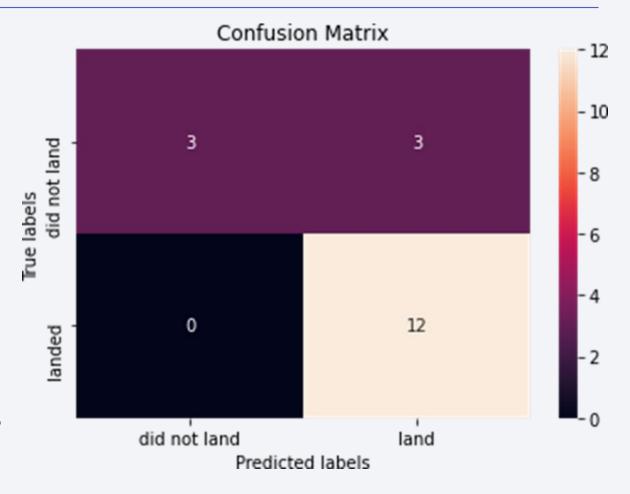
Classification Accuracy

- All models had virtually the same accuracy on the test set at 83.33% accuracy. It should be noted that test size is small at only sample size of 18.
- This can cause large variance in accuracy results, such as those in Decision Tree Classifier model in repeated runs.
- We likely need more data to determine the best model.



Confusion Matrix

- Since all models performed the same for the test set, the confusion matrix is the same across all models. The models predicted 12 successful landings when the true label was successful landing.
- The models predicted 3 unsuccessful landings when the true label was unsuccessful landing.
- The models predicted 3 successful landings when the true label was unsuccessful landings (false positives).
 Our models over predict successful landings.



Conclusions

- Our task: to develop a machine learning model for Space Y who wants to bid against SpaceX
- ∘The goal of model is to predict when Stage 1 will successfully land to save ~\$100 million USD
- Used data from a public SpaceX API and web scraping SpaceX Wikipedia page
- Created data labels and stored data into a DB2 SQL database
- Created a dashboard for visualization
- •We created a machine learning model with an accuracy of 83%
- Allon Mask of SpaceY can use this model to predict with relatively high accuracy whether a launch will have a successful Stage 1 landing before launch to determine whether the launch should be made or not
- • If possible more data should be collected to better determine the best machine learning model and improve accuracy

Appendix

- Special Thanks to All Instructors: Rav Ahuja, Alex Aklson, Aije Egwaikhide, Svetlana Levitan, Romeo Kienzler, Polong Lin, Joseph Santarcangelo, Azim Hirjani, Hima Vasudevan, Saishruthi Swaminathan, Saeed Aghabozorgi, Yan Luo
- Github repository:
 https://github.com/marcoshsq/IBM Data Science Certificate Projects

