EE101 Final Project Report

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1 Overview

1.1 Project File Tree

1.2 Develop Environment

2 Front-end

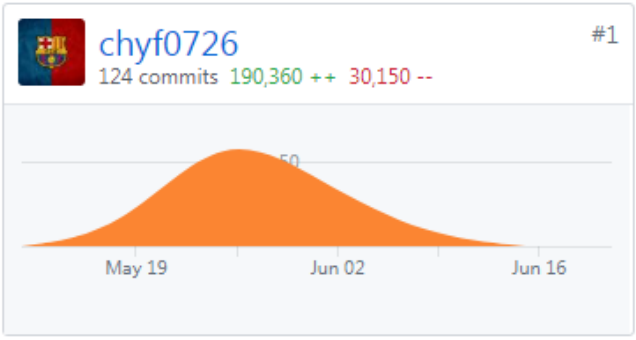
written by Yifu Chen

2.1 Overview

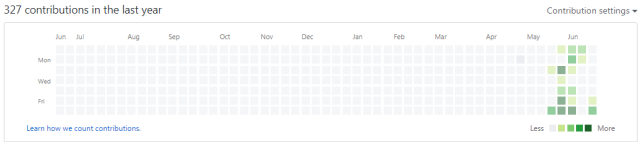
2.1.1 Basic Idea

I was in charge of the front-end part.I mainly used CSS and BOOTSTRAP to beauify our websitek.In my opinion,I hope my websites be plain and straight-forward,so I did not decorate our websites deliberately,and this my idea of designing the layout fo our websites.

2.1.2 Process of development

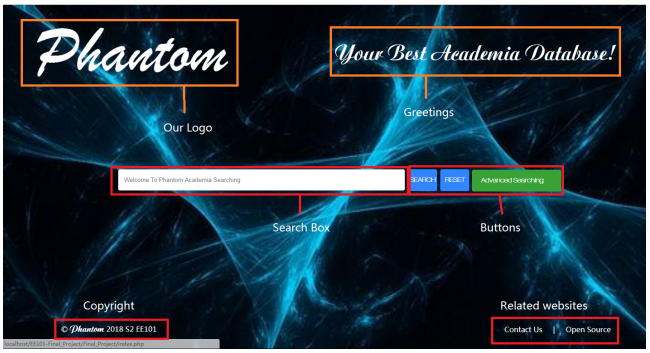


We took the advantage of *Github* to promote our cooperation.During the period, I wrote down about 200,000 lines of codes which was mostly written independently,and I was the number 1 contributor in our team.



I started my job on 26th May and ended on 8th June and I will introduce my job in the following part.

2.2 Index.php



Our index page is shown above.First of all,I would like to introduce the process of my designing our home page.At first,there were three search boxes in the page.The search box "Author","Title" and "conference",and the layout of the index.php was settled.Then,we decided to use multi-searching.Therefore I cut down the number of search boxes into one.Finally,I polished the index.php and the page became what you can see now.

The elements the index page consists of was shown in the graph above,ang I am going to introduce every part respectively.

By the way,the favicon of our websites was *Raffaello*'s *The School of Athens*.

2.2.1 Logo

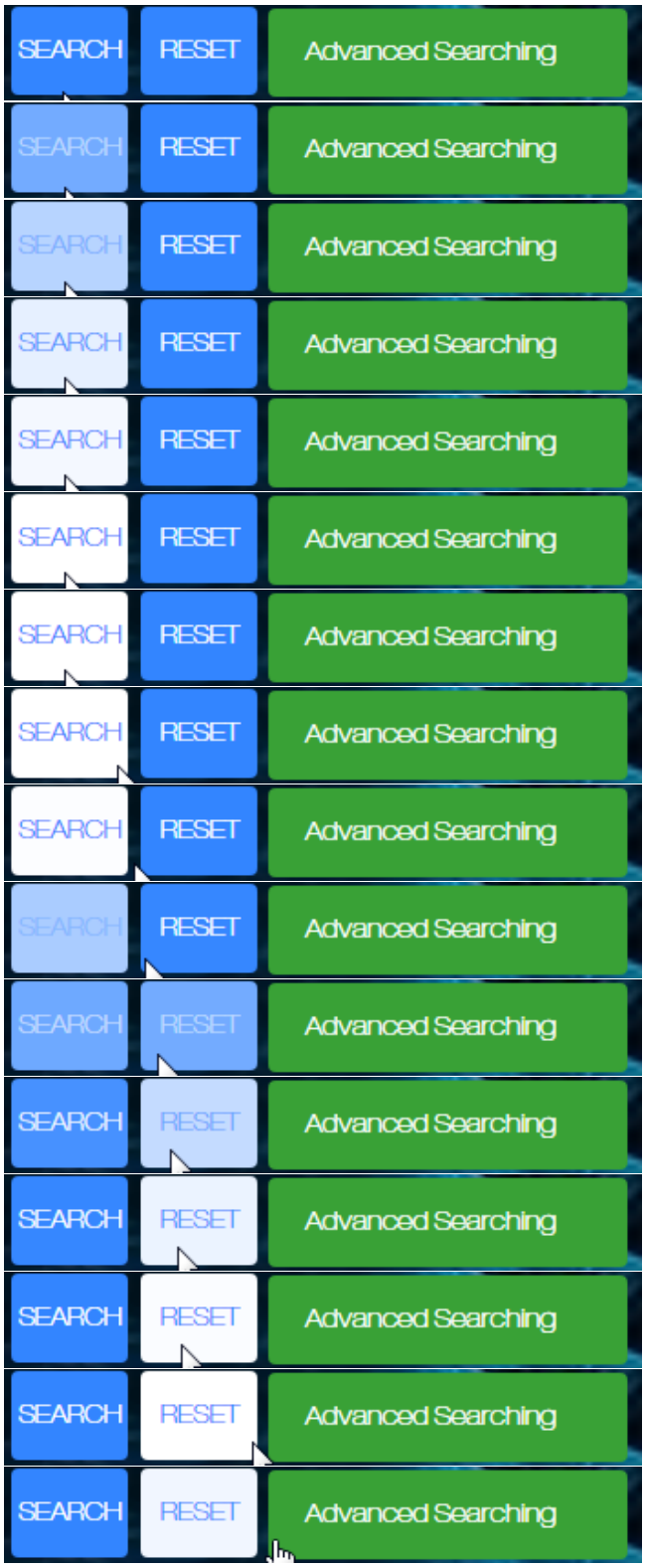
The name of our search engine came from *The Phantom of the opera*,one of my favorite films,and I hope that the speed of our searching engine can be as fast as a phantom.It took me so much time to find a appropriate font to display our logo.Finally I found out a font "书体坊兰亭体".However,the words could not be shown in terms of vector graph,which meant that the edge of the words were not smooth,and that is a defect a our logo.

2.2.2 Greeting Words

To display the greeting words,I also spent plenty of time to find a approriate fonts.Finally, I found a font named "ChannelSlanted2" to present the greeting words.

2.2.3 Search box & buttons

The search box and the buttons are the key part of the page,and I beautified the buttons,and the result was shown in the following pictures.


SEARCH
RESET
Advanced Searching

SEARCH RESET Advanced Searching >>
SEARCH RESET Advanced Searching >>
SEARCH RESET Advanced Searching >>
SEARCH RESET Advanced Searching >>
SEARCH RESET
SEARCH RESET Advanced Searching
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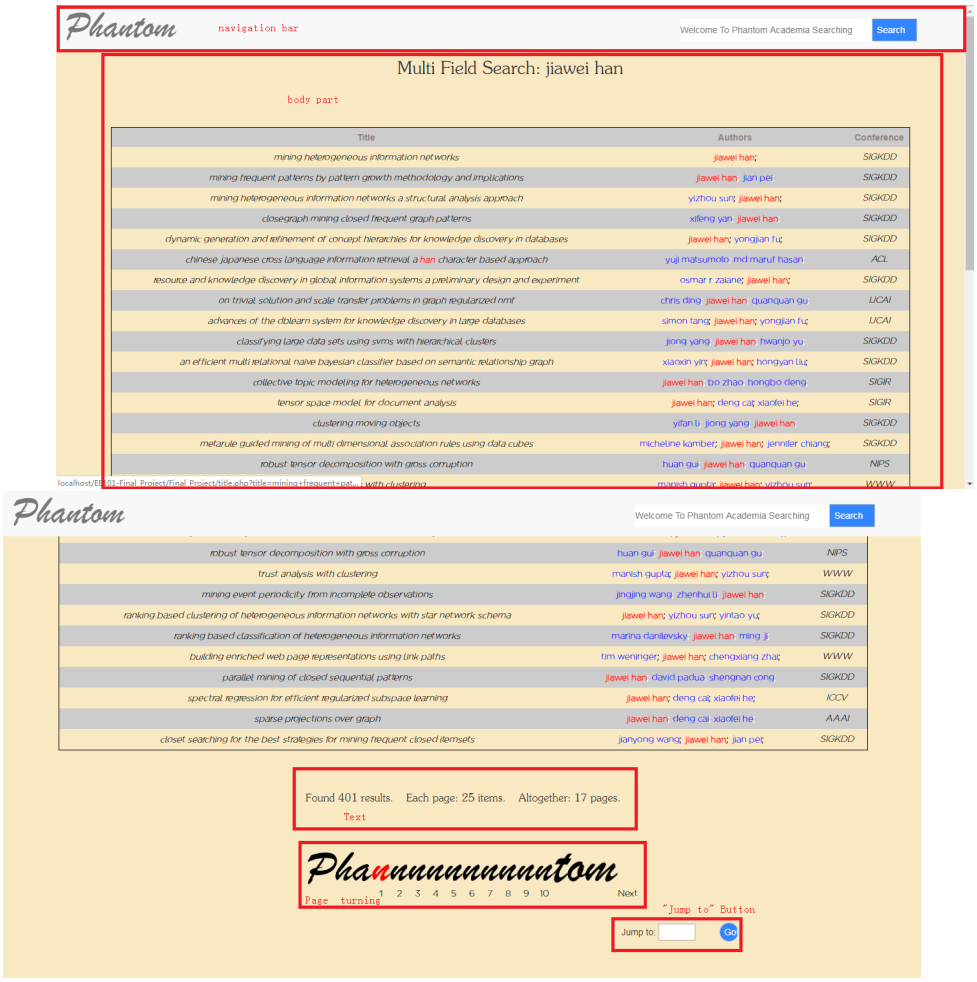
SEARCH RESET Advanced Searching >>
SEARCH RESET Advanced Searching >>

2.2.4 Copyright & Related Websites

These two parts were mainly written by Ziliang Guo and Aofan Jiang and Hyperlinks were set on the texts "Contact Us" and "Open source".

2.3 Search.php

I am going to introduce every part of search.php respectively.



2.3.1 Navigation Bar

I used css and bootstrap to construct the navigation bar.I thought there was no need to build a that complicated navigation bar,so I just put our logo in the top left corner of the screen and set it with a hyperlink to the homepage,and in the top right corner if the screen was a search box to conduct multi-search.

2.3.2 Body Part & Text

I selected the font "Regencie" to beaufy the table and "书体坊赵九江钢笔楷书" to beatufy the texts.

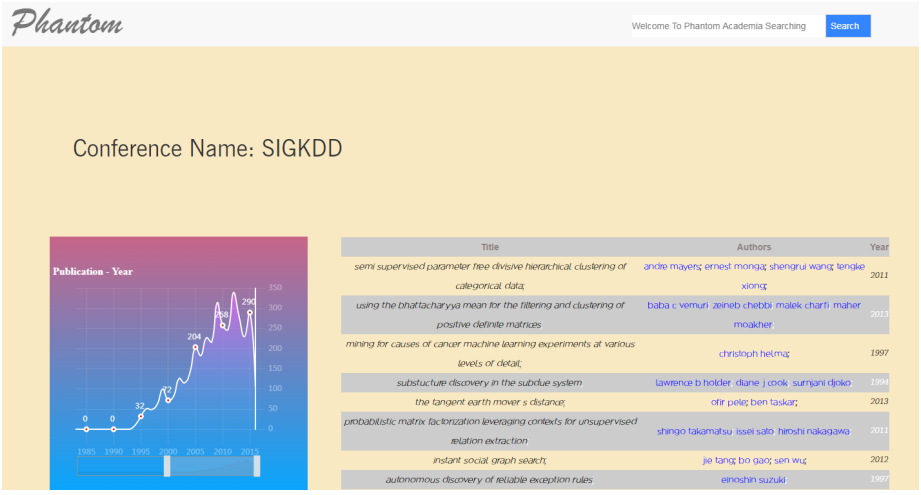
2.3.3 Paper Turning & "Jump to" Button

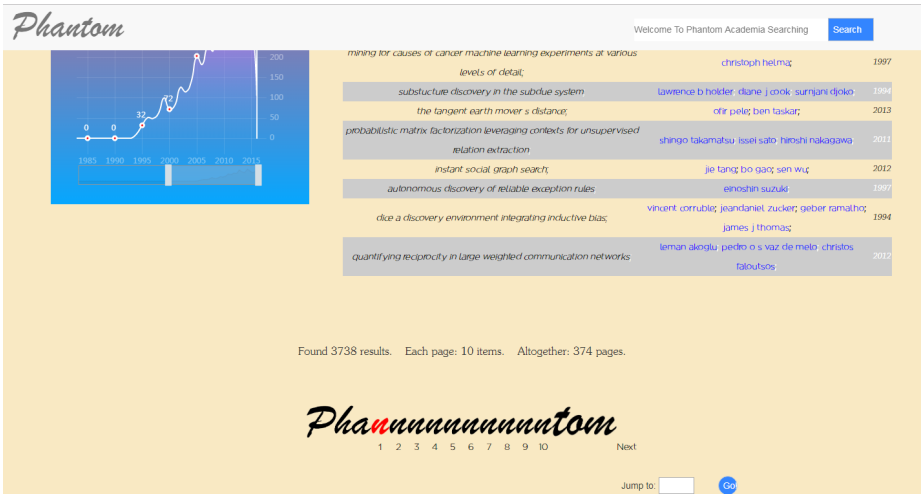
Our idea to design the pattern of the Paper Turning is to imitate *Google*'s pattern.

Therefore,I photoshopped some pictures and realized this idea.

I beautfied the "Jump to" box,and the button "Go!" was modified by Aofan Jiang.

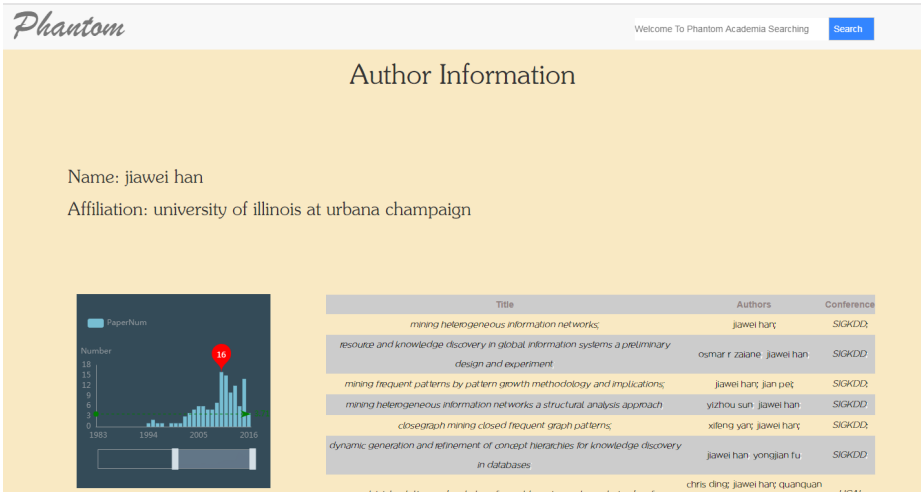
2.4 Conference.php

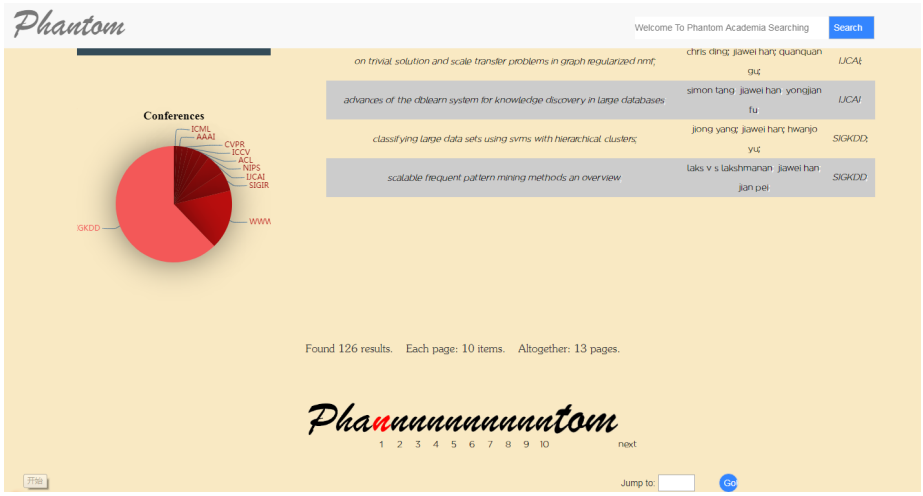




The beautification of Conference.php was similiar to the search.php.Therefore I will not go into details here.

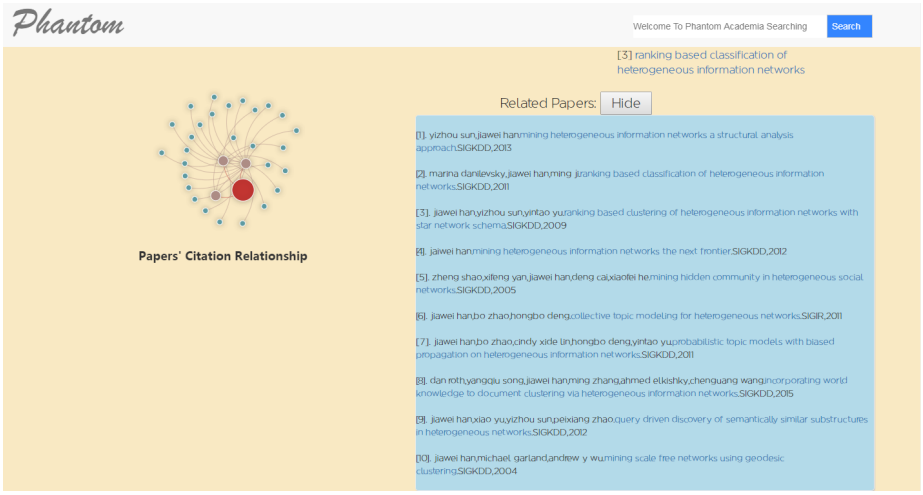
2.5 Author.php





The beautification of the page author was similiar to the search.php.Therefore I will not go into details here as well.

2.6 Title.php



I set the texts of the website in a conspicuous position,and the all the texts in the page were shown in selected fonts.I beautified the "Show" button as well.

2.7 Acknowledgment

I would like to talk about what I learnt after taking the course *Introduction to Engineering for Electronic Information (B)*.Well,I have to say that this course is a little challenging.The 3 labs and the final projects all covered the fields that I was not familiar with or even never heard about.All these tasks needed me to solve tons of problems and many of them made me mad.However,I got through all these problems with my own effort and the help from my roommates,my classmates and TAs.So here I want to say "Thank You" to all that helped me.I especially want to express my gratitude to TA *Hui Xu*.It was his help and patience that benefited me a lot.I remembered that I met a problem in lab3,and I spent about 4 days solving the problem,but it was still unsolved.Then I turned to TA Xun,and we solved the problem together and finally worked it out.

Then I would like to talk about my work in the final project.As my roommate took the compulsory parts of the final projects,I "had to" do the beautification.I do not think beautification is a job of difficulty,but it required patience.I usually spent plenty of time searching for a awesome fonts and racked my brains to think how can do the webpage better,but when writing this report,I really found it difficult to present my job,for what I have done are only about the layout of the website and some trivial details.I cannot write something like "I used xxx to quicken the search" or "I modified my algorithm with this bright idea".Beautification work is trivial,time-consuming and requires patience but I think I really learn a lot form the work.

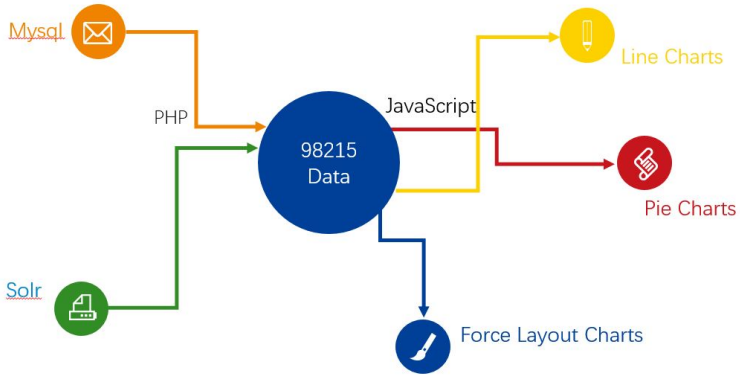
Finally,I want to say sorry for my absence of the last course.I do not want to explain anything.The only thing I want to clarify is that I never have any disrespect to Professor Wang and all TAs,and I feel regretful for my absence and apologize sincerely.

Thanks again to all those who have helped me!

3 Graphs

[Start] — By Jialong Guo 518030910272 —

3.1 Overview



When it comes to our graph part, it can be chiefly divided into three parts:

The first of which is to get all the data we need in order to draw a graph.

The second part of which is to format all the data into the form that the corresponding graph is needed.

The last part of which is just to use specific javascript library to create graphs and make them beautiful.

3.2 Design

In author page' s left part, I add a collumn graph, which displays the number of publication the author has yearly and shows the trend of his/her academic activity to give users a clear impression about the author' s research fruit and the frequency of his/her delivery.

In author page' s left part, I also add a pie graph, which showcases how many papers the author publishs in a conference which brings a clear view on the author is mostly connected with what conference.

In paper page's upper part, there' s a line-collumn graph showing its yearly

citations, from which we can gain a insight into the popularity of its research field.

In paper page's lower part, I use a force directed graph to display the relations between similar papers. It gives a convience way to find related papers and messages.

In conference page, a line graph of its yearly amount of papers may reveal its academic influence.

3.3 Searching Data

In this subsection I mainly discuss the first part of graph drawing, get data from database. Since diverse graphs need diverse data, here I just demonstrate a specific example of getting data, which can mostly stand for my means of searching data.

3.3.1 From Mysql to Solr

Taking time cost into consideration, we may need to import data into solr from mysql in advance, for searching from solr will spend more time than from mysql. Thereby, it is required that we write the referenceID of reference papers into solr's schema, which allows us to search the reference papers of a paper just from solr when needed.

The final data we put in solr is formed in this way:

```
with codecs.open(FP_out, 'w', 'utf-8-sig') as f:
    data = {"PaperID": result[0][0],
            "Title": result[0][1],
            "Authors'ID": [result[0][2]],
            "Authors'Name": [result[0][3]],
            "ConferenceID": result[0][4],
            "ConferenceName": result[0][5],
            "Year": result[0][6],
            "ReferenceID":[result[0][7]]}
#            "AffiliationID":[result[0][8]]}
    for i in range(1, len(result)):
        out_print = False
        if result[i][0] == data["PaperID"]:
            if (result[i][2] not in data["Authors'ID"]):
                data["Authors'ID"].append(result[i][2])
            if (result[i][3] not in data["Authors'Name"]):
                data["Authors'Name"].append(result[i][3])
            if (result[i][7] not in data["ReferenceID"]):
                data["ReferenceID"].append(result[i][7])
```

You can refer to the codes attached for detailed information.

3.3.2 Searching in Solr

The first step is getting value form user's input, then create the url link to search in solr. After this step, we can get a .json file with the result.

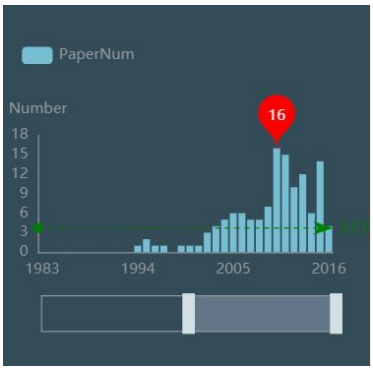
3.4 Formatting Data

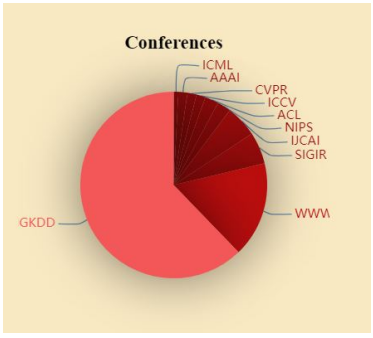
In this section, we mainly discuss how to change the search result into suitable formation of drawing a graph.

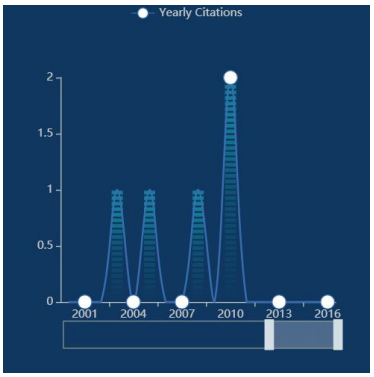
3.5 Drawing Graph

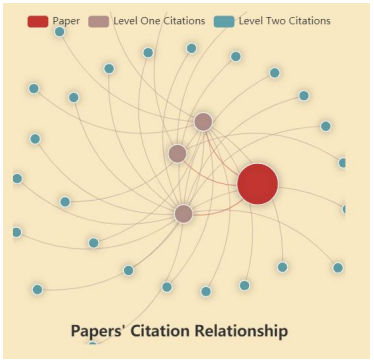
In the section, the process of drawing with echarts is mainly discussed.

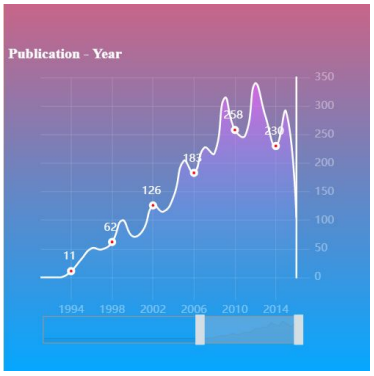
3.6 Fruits' Display











[End] — By Ziliang Guo 5180309102273 —

4 Overview

[Start] — By Ziliang Guo 518030910273 —

(1) I took the initiative that we take full advantage of Github to accelerate our project. I also create a document to take notes of the porblems we met and the solutions.

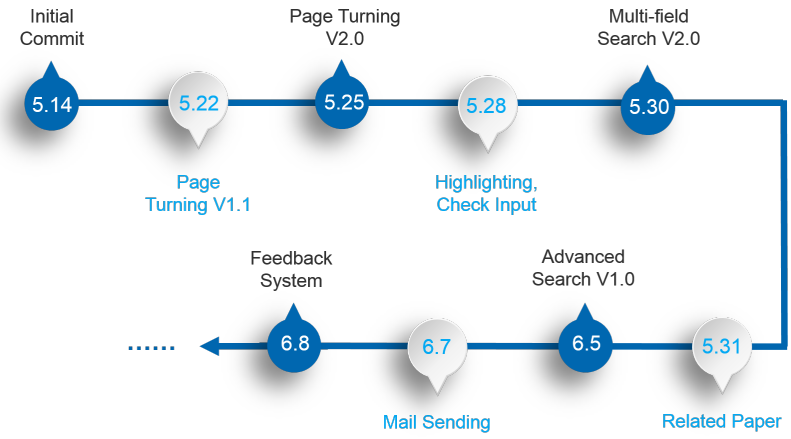
(2) Actually, I wrote the manual and uploaded my Lab 01 - 03 codes to unify the databases.

(3) I mainly focus on the back-end development.

(4) Of all my codes, I wanna highlight that approximately 85% are mainly created independently. For the remaining codes, modification is applied, with reference to some online blogs.

(5) Meanwhile, during my coding, I always remember to leave interfaces for my collaborators.

(6) As is vividly depicted in the timeline graph, I realized and improved different sections separately, in other words, term by term. Of course, my constant improvements are shown.



5 Keyword Highlighting

I adopted the “hl” settings of Solr. It is somehow very simple. Just echo the corresponding urls will do.

However, please notice that, for multivalued fields such as Authors_Name, only the highlighted part is returned. So I made judgements in such special cases.

Codes:

```
$url = "http://localhost:8983/solr/
    lab02/select?indent=on&q=Title:".$query."
    ^1+OR+Authors_Name:".$query."^0.7+OR+ConferenceName:
    ".$query."^0.5&start=".($page_limit*($page-1))."
    &rows=".$page_limit."&wt=json&hl=on&hl.fl=Title,Auth
ors_Name,ConferenceName&hl.simple.post=<%2Fb><%2Ffont>&h
l.simple.pre=<font%20color%3D%23FF0000><b>";
```

[End] — By Ziliang Guo 518030910273 —

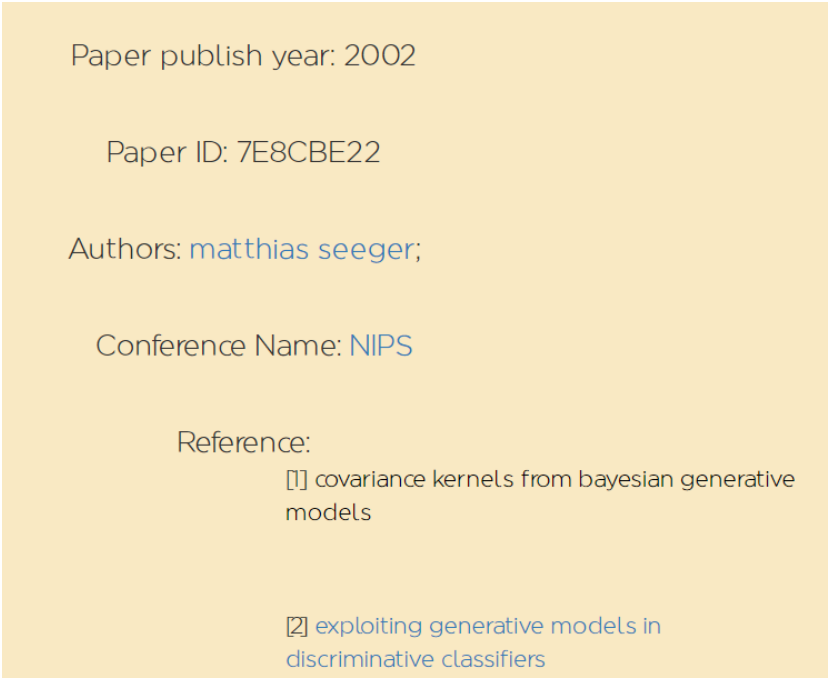
6 Hyperlinks

— By Aofan Jiang 518030910275 —

As required in the final project, I add the hyperlink of each title, author and conference. So the users can click to get more information about the result they want to search for.

6.1 Hyperlink of each title

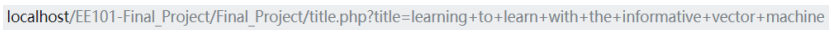
Different from the table about the information of key words, the title page is simply a series of main information about the corresponding paper. It includes the paper ID, the publish year, the authors, conference name, and reference papers. This can make the whole page clearer,just as the following picture.



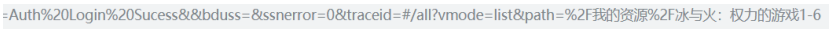
It might be ignored that the table of reference paper title of each paper is given in the original data. Although it is not required in the lab two, I still add it as a field in Solr to make sure that more detailed information can be gotten by the users. This explains the existence of references in the paper page.

What’s more, to make a user-friendly website, you can see in the following picture that at the top of website, the link information about the title. It’s also

clear and easy to find the information. It’ s linked by the symbol of addition.

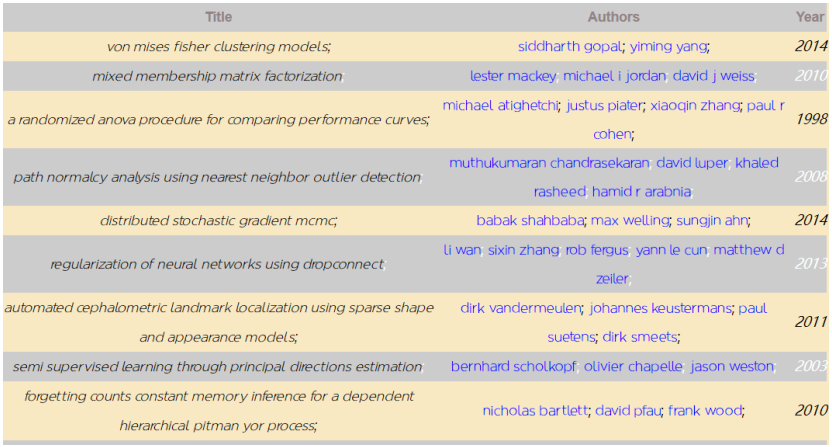


On the comparison, you can see even in Baidu NetDisk that the link is not so comfortable as ours. They are all connected with %2 while our website link are connected with + . Since all the information is imported in solr, the searching speed is quite fast with no delay.



6.2 Hyperlink of each conference

This page is also mainly an information table like the main searching page. It includes each paper’ s title, authors published on the given conference name. However, at the last column of table, the original conference name is replaced by the publish year of each paper published in this conference.



Title	Authors	Year
von mises fisher clustering models;	siddharth gopal; yiming yang;	2014
mixed membership matrix factorization	lester mackey; michael i jordan; david j weiss;	2010
a randomized anova procedure for comparing performance curves;	michael atighetchi; justus piater; xiaoqin zhang; paul r cohen;	1998
path normalcy analysis using nearest neighbor outlier detection	muthukumaran chandrasekaran; david luper; khaled rasheed; hamid r arabnia;	2008
distributed stochastic gradient mcmc;	babak shahbaba; max welling; sungjin ahn;	2014
regularization of neural networks using dropconnect	li wan; sixin zhang; rob fergus; yann le cun; matthew d zeiler;	2013
automated cephalometric landmark localization using sparse shape and appearance models;	dirk vandermeulen; johannes keustermans; paul suetens; dirk smeets;	2011
semi supervised learning through principal directions estimation	bernhard scholkopf; olivier chapelle; jason weston;	2003
forgetting counts constant memory inference for a dependent hierarchical pitman yor process;	nicholas bartlett; david pfau; frank wood;	2010

6.3 others

Even at different pages among paper, author, conferences. Almost all the items are hyperlinked. So it means you can jump to different pages in any given page. Here comes an example of authors’ information

Title	Authors	Conference
mining heterogeneous information networks;	jiawei han;	SIGKDD;
resource and knowledge discovery in global information systems a preliminary design and experiment	osmar r zaiane jiawei han	SIGKDD
mining frequent patterns by pattern growth methodology and implications;	jiawei han; jian pei;	SIGKDD;
mining heterogeneous information networks a structural analysis approach	yizhou sun jiawei han	SIGKDD
closegraph mining closed frequent graph patterns;	xifeng yan; jiawei han;	SIGKDD;
dynamic generation and refinement of concept hierarchies for knowledge discovery in databases	jiawei han yongjian fu	SIGKDD
on trivial solution and scale transfer problems in graph regularized nmf;	chris ding; jiawei han; quanquan gu;	IJCAI;

7 Code optimization

7.1 Solr

By testing, I find that the searching speed by solr is faster than mysql. So all the places that can be used in solr are changed from mysql.

7.2 Mysql

When using mysql, there are still some methods to improve the speed of program.

If the searching result is only one piece. For instance, the publish year, the affiliation and the conference and so on. We can limit the searching result numbers by add the code “LIMIT 1 ”. As a result, when mysql get one information about the result, it will stop the searching process, which is a great improvement in the speed of a program.

```
$result = mysqli_query($link, "SELECT AuthorName from authors where AuthorID='$author_id'limit 1");
```

Instead of using inner join, try to use more simple searching and output the result together is faster.

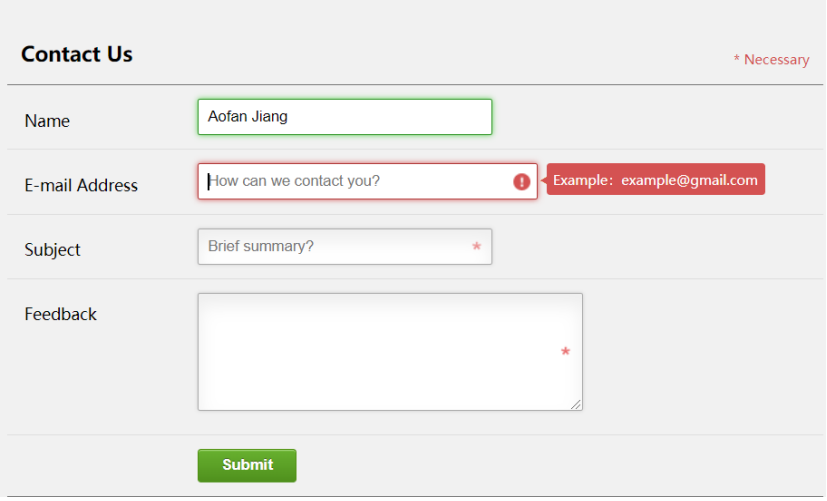
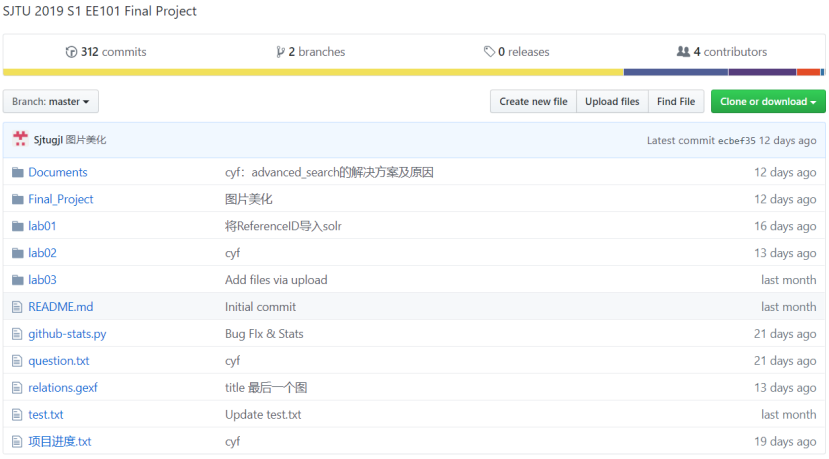
```
$affi_id_name_result = mysqli_query($link, "SELECT affiliations.AffiliationID, affiliations.
    AffiliationName from (select AffiliationID, count(*) as cnt from paper_author_affiliation
    where AuthorID='$author_id' and AffiliationID is not null group by AffiliationID order by cnt
    desc) as tmp inner join affiliations on tmp.AffiliationID = affiliations.AffiliationID");
```

```
$affi_id_row=mysqli_fetch_row(mysqli_query($link,"SELECT AffiliationID, count(*) AS count FROM
    paper_author_affiliation where AuthorID='$author_id'GROUP BY AffiliationID ORDER BY count DESC LIMIT 1"));
$affi_id=$affi_id_row[0];
$affi_id_name_result=mysqli_query($link,"SELECT AffiliationName from affiliations where AffiliationID='$
    affi_id'");
```

As for the code in php, we can choose to use mysqli_fetch_row rather than mysqli_fetch_array since the information class is of each column is known to us.

8 Contact and Open source

At the home page, you can find the word “contact us ”. After clicking it, you will jump to a new page with a sophisticated chart. You can input your information and your information, we will get your feedback after you clicking the submit button.



Also, you can find the word ” open source ”. After clicking it, you will jump to our project on Github website. At here, you can check all the detailed codes and corresponding documents.