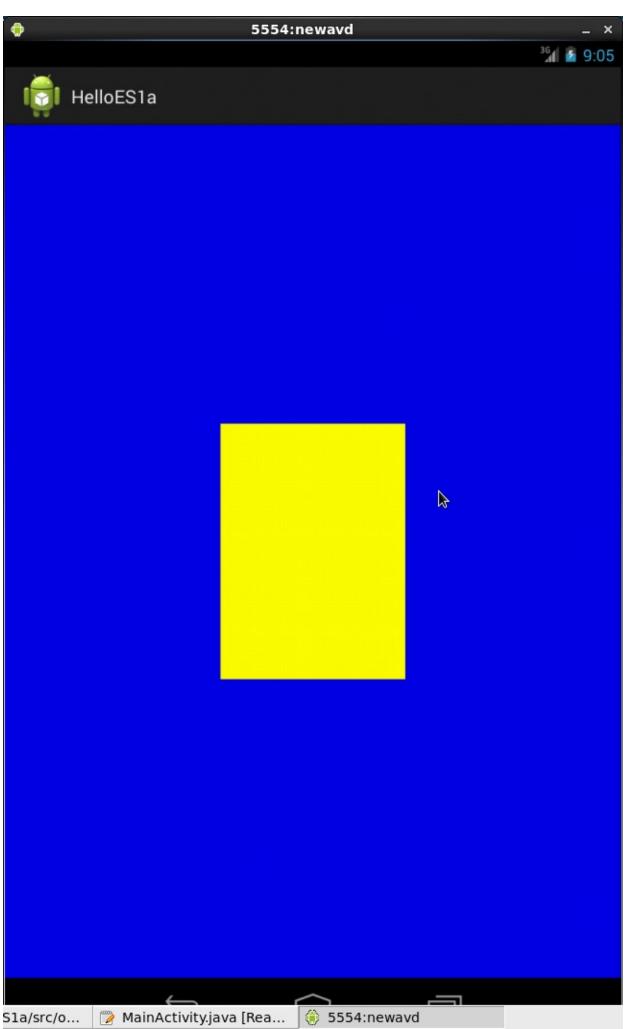
CSE520 Samuel Marrujo Professor Yu Lab 02

## Draw a square with Android

In this lab, we are to take triangles and create a yellow square using the Android libraries and using the Eclipse IDE. I have successfully completed this task, and here is a picture of the following:



## Main Activity Code:

```
package opengl.helloes1a:
import android.app.Activity;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.content.Context;
import android.opengl.GLSurfaceView;
public class MainActivity extends Activity {
private GLSurfaceView mGLView;
@Override
public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
// Create a GLSurfaceView instance and set it
// as the ContentView for this Activity.
mGLView = new HelloESSurfaceView(this);
setContentView(mGLView);
@Override
protected void onPause() {
super.onPause();
// The following call pauses the rendering thread.
mGLView.onPause();
}
@Override
protected void onResume() {
super.onResume();
// The following call resumes a paused rendering thread.
mGLView.onResume();
class HelloESSurfaceView extends GLSurfaceView {
public HelloESSurfaceView(Context context){
super(context);
// Set the Renderer for drawing on the GLSurfaceView
setRenderer(new HelloESRenderer());
}
}
}
Renderer Code:
package opengl.helloes1a;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.app.Activity;
import android.view.Menu;
import java.nio.ByteBuffer;
import java.nio.ByteOrder;
import java.nio.FloatBuffer;
import javax.microedition.khronos.egl.EGLConfig;
import javax.microedition.khronos.opengles.GL10;
import android.opengl.GLSurfaceView;
public class HelloESRenderer implements GLSurfaceView.Renderer {
    private FloatBuffer triangle;
    private FloatBuffer triangle2;
    public void onSurfaceCreated(GL10 gl, EGLConfig config) {
```

```
// Set the background frame color to blue
    gl.glClearColor(0.0f, 0.0f, 0.9f, 1.0f);
    // initialize the triangle vertex array
    initShapes();
    initShapes2();
    // Enable use of vertex arrays
    gl.glEnableClientState(GL10.GL VERTEX ARRAY);
public void onDrawFrame(GL10 ql) {
    // Redraw background color
    gl.glClear(GL10.GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT | GL10.GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT);
    // Draw the triangle using green color
    gl.glColor4f(1.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f);
    gl.glVertexPointer(3, GL10.GL_FLOAT, 0, triangle);
    gl.glDrawArrays(GL10.GL_TRIANGLES, 0, 3);
    gl.glVertexPointer(3, GL10.GL_FLOAT, 0, triangle2);
    gl.glDrawArrays(GL10.GL TRIANGLES, 0, 3);
public void onSurfaceChanged(GL10 gl, int width, int height) {
    gl.glViewport(0, 0, width, height);
private void initShapes(){
    float vertices[] = {
    // (x, y, z) of triangle
    -0.3f, -0.3f, 0, 0.3f, 0.3f, 0.3f, 0.3f, 0.3f, 0.
    -0.3f, 0.3f, 0
};
// initialize vertex Buffer for triangle
// argument=(# of coordinate values * 4 bytes per float)
ByteBuffer vbb = ByteBuffer.allocateDirect(vertices.length*4);
// use the device hardware's native byte order
vbb.order(ByteOrder.nativeOrder());
// create a floating point buffer from the ByteBuffer
triangle = vbb.asFloatBuffer();
// add the coordinates to the FloatBuffer
triangle.put(vertices);
// set the buffer to read the first vertex coordinates
triangle.position(0);
private void initShapes2(){
  float vertices[] = {
  // (x, y, z) of triangle 2
  -0.3f, -0.3f, 0,
  0.3f, -0.3f, 0,
         0.3f, 0.3f, 0
 };
    // initialize vertex Buffer for triangle
    // argument=(# of coordinate values * 4 bytes per float)
    ByteBuffer vbb = ByteBuffer.allocateDirect(vertices.length*4);
    // use the device hardware's native byte order
    vbb.order(ByteOrder.nativeOrder());
    // create a floating point buffer from the ByteBuffer
    triangle2 = vbb.asFloatBuffer();
    // add the coordinates to the FloatBuffer
    triangle2.put(vertices);
    // set the buffer to read the first vertex coordinates
```

```
triangle2.position(0);
}
```