BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Application of Southern California Edison Company (U338E) for Approval of its Energy Savings Assistance and California Alternate Rates for Energy Programs and Budgets for Program Years 2015-2017.

Application 14-11-007 (Filed November 18, 2014)

And Related Matters.

Application 14-11-009 Application 14-11-010 Application 14-11-011

ANNUAL REPORT OF PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY (U 39 M) ON THE RESULTS OF ITS ENERGY SAVINGS ASSISTANCE AND CALIFORNIA ALTERNATE RATES FOR ENERGY PROGRAMS

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Dated: May 1, 2018

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In accordance with Decisions 12-08-044 and 16-11-022, and the annual reporting directives contained therein, Pacific Gas and Electric Company files this Annual Report on the results of its Energy Savings Assistance and California Alternative Rates for Energy program efforts for the 2017 program year.

Respectfully submitted:

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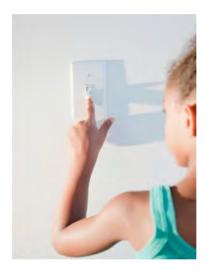
ENERGY SAVINGS ASSISTANCE PROGRAM AND CALIFORNIA ALTERNATE RATES FOR ENERGY PROGRAM

2017 ANNUAL REPORT

May 1, 2018













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2017 Energy Savings Assistance Program and California Alternate Rates for Energy Program Highlights

Pacific Gas and Electric Company (PG&E)'s Energy Savings Assistance (ESA) Program has offered free energy efficiency programs to income-qualified customers in its 48 counties since 1983, serving 2,052,510 households. In 2017, PG&E's ESA Program provided 87,052 homes with energy efficiency improvements and services. Cumulatively, ESA participants saved over 69 mWh and 1.6 million therms.

The ESA Program's objective is to assist income-qualified customers in reducing their energy consumption and costs while increasing their comfort, health and safety. The ESA Program utilizes a prescriptive, direct install approach to provide free home weatherization, energy efficient appliances and energy education to income-qualified customers throughout PG&E's service area.

The ESA Program is available to income-qualified PG&E customers living in single family, multifamily, and mobile homes, including homeowners and renters. To qualify for the ESA Program, the total customer household income must be equal to or less than 200 percent of the Federal Poverty Guidelines, with income adjustments for family size.

Table 1 below provides a summary of Program Year (PY) 2017 ESA expenditures and accomplishments. Additional details on PG&E's ESA program are included in Section 1 of this annual report.

Summary Table 1 - ESA Program

| 2017 Energy Savings Assistance Program Summary | | | | | |
|--|--|---------------|------|--|--|
| 2017 | Authorized / Planning Assumptions ³ | Actual | % | | |
| Budget ¹ | \$154,671,971 | \$122,778,059 | 79% | | |
| Funded from 2009-2016 Unspent Funds ² | \$30,416,596 | \$2,377,763 | 8% | | |
| Summary Homes Treated | 90,030 | 87,052 | 97% | | |
| Summary kWh Saved | 47,000,000 | 59,263,365 | 112% | | |
| Summary kW Demand Reduced | 55,000 | 69,550 | 126% | | |
| Summary Therms Saved | 2,000,000 | 1,651,228 | 83% | | |
| First Touches Homes Treated ⁴ | | 51,442 | | | |
| - kWh Saved | | 31,457,458 | | | |
| - kW Demand Reduced | | 33,528 | | | |
| - Therms Saved | | 1,002,633 | | | |
| Go-Backs/Retreated Homes ⁵ | | 35,610 | | | |
| - kWh Saved | | 27,805,907 | | | |
| - kW Demand Reduced | | 36,022 | | | |
| - Therms Saved | | 648,595 | | | |

¹2017 ESA Program budget from D.16-11-022 and updated by Commission Resolution G-3531 (December 21, 2017). Includes employee benefit costs approved in D.17-05-013, and a \$5,159 carry-forward adjustment, as described in ESA Table 1 footnotes 1-3, and ESA Table 12.

²Unspent funds authorized in Resolution G-3531 are shown in ESA Table 1A.

³There were no authorized planning assumptions for First Touch or Re-TreatedReTreated homes in D.16-11-022.

⁴59% of customers treated in 2017 were First Touch customers.

⁵41% of customers treated in 2017 were Go-Back customers.

In addition to the ESA program, PG&E has also administered the California Alternate Rates for Energy (CARE) program since 1989. The CARE program provides a monthly discount on energy bills for qualifying residential single-family households, tenants of sub-metered residential facilities, nonprofit group living facilities, agricultural employee housing facilities and migrant farm worker housing centers throughout PG&E's service area.

By year-end 2017, nearly \$8.8 billion in cumulative subsidies have been provided to PG&E's CARE customers. PG&E estimates that nearly 1.6 million of its customers with PG&E's territory are eligible for the CARE discount. As of 2017, over 1.4 million PG&E customers are enrolled in PG&E's CARE program. This signifies nearly 89% of the PG&E's qualified customers have been successfully outreached and enrolled in the CARE program.

Table 2 below provides a summary of Program Year (PY) 2017 CARE Program expenditures and activities.

Summary Table 2 - CARE Program

| 2017 CARE Program Summary | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| 2017 | Authorized Budget | Actual | % | | |
| Administrative Expenses | \$18,060,001 | \$13,168,911 | 73% | | |
| Subsidies and Benefits | \$580,353,000 | \$643,538,184 | 111% | | |
| Total Program Costs and Discounts | \$598,413,001 | \$656,707,096 | 110% | | |
| 2017 CARE New Enrollments | Automatically Enrolled via Data Sharing, ESA Participation, etc. | Self Certified as Categorically Eligible | Self Certified as Income Eligible | | |
| Method | 16,314 | 93,628 | 140,061 | | |
| 2017 CARE Penetration | Estimated Eligible Participants | Participants | Penetration Rate | | |
| Total Enrolled | 1,588,016 | 1,406,396 | 89% | | |

1. Energy Savings Assistance (ESA) Program

ESA Program 2017 Overview

Pacific Gas and Electric Company (PG&E)'s Energy Savings Assistance (ESA) Program has offered free energy efficiency programs to income-qualified customers in its 48 counties since 1983, serving 2,052,510 households. In 2017, PG&E's ESA Program provided 87,052 homes with energy efficiency improvements and services, including energy education, energy efficient appliances, and home weatherization. Cumulatively, ESA participants saved over 69 mWh and 1.6 million therms.

The ESA Program's objective is to assist income-qualified customers in reducing their energy consumption and costs while increasing their comfort, health and safety. The ESA Program, formerly known statewide as the Low Income Energy Efficiency (LIEE) program and marketed as Energy Partners prior to 2011, 1 utilizes a prescriptive, direct install approach to provide free home weatherization, energy efficient appliances and energy education to income-qualified customers throughout PG&E's service area.

The ESA Program is available to income-qualified PG&E customers living in single family, multifamily, and mobile homes, including homeowners and renters. To qualify for the ESA Program, the total customer household income must be equal to or less than 200 percent of the Federal Poverty Guidelines, with income adjustments for family size. Income guidelines are updated annually by the California Public Utility Commission (CPUC or Commission)'s Energy Division, becoming effective in June each year,

ESA Program Regulatory Background and 2017 Activity

PG&E filed an ESA Program Application in November 2014 in which it proposed new ESA budgets, targets, strategies, studies and pilots for 2015-2017. Authorization of this application was delayed, and bridge funding extended the ESA and CARE programs in 2015 and 2016 as additional years in the 2012-2014 program cycle.

The 2017-2020 ESA Program was authorized by Commission Decision 16-11-022 (D.16-11-022 or Decision), issued on November 21, 2016. The program cycle was extended from 2017 to December 31, 2020 and included significant program changes. The total 2017 ESA Program budget authorized in D.16-11-022--including employee benefit costs approved in General Rate Case D.14-08-032--was \$152,928,421.

The Decision removed restrictions on re-treating customer homes that had been treated since 2002, while preserving the California Energy Efficiency Strategic Plan mandate that all eligible and willing customers be offered the opportunity to participate in ESA by 2020. The Decision also removed the three measure minimum requirement for participation in ESA and caps on the number of measures offered. The Decision established an ESA common area measure initiative for qualifying deed-restricted multifamily buildings, and leveraging and data sharing goals with the California Department of Community Services and Development (CSD)'s low income programs. The Decision established an ESA

_

¹ D.08-11-031 and D.09-10-012 mandated that PG&E and the other investor-owned utilities develop a new statewide name and brand identity for the LIEE program. The investor-owned utilities (IOU) worked with Energy Division (ED) to develop a new statewide name during 2010, the Energy Savings Assistance Program. This name was implemented in 2011.

energy savings target, and set new homes treated targets for the 2017-2020 program cycle. PG&E's homes treated target for 2017 was 90,030 homes.

On March 24, 2017, the Joint Investor-Owned Utilities (IOUs)² filed a Joint Petition for Modification (PFM) of D.16- 11-022. The following requests for clarification were included in the PFM:

- Develop mobile versioning to allow CARE and ESA customers to enroll from mobile devices;
- Provide CARE funding for Lifeline Smart Phones;
- Develop and file Marketing and Outreach Plans;
- File water leveraging plans;
- File Programmable Communicating Thermostat (PCT) Pilot plans; and
- Conduct a statewide Request for Proposal (RFP) to procure a remote disaggregation/non-obtrusive load monitoring vendor to generate end-use profiles for CARE and ESA customers.

The Decision directed PG&E to file a Tier 2 "Conforming Advice Letter" to conform final program energy savings goals and budgets to the directives in the Decision, including program costs for approved measures, penetration goals, cost- effectiveness values and any other updated factors. PG&E filed Advice 3830-G/5043-E on April 3, 2017. New program costs included: new approved measures that were not in PG&E's application, new penetration goals, and costs for other new directives. PG&E used unspent funds to cover all new ESA activities as directed by the Decision. PG&E filed a supplemental advice letter (Advice 3830-G-A/5043-E-A) on June 20, 2017 to address additional items requested by Energy Division.

PG&E's ESA budgets were approved in Commission Resolution G-3531, issued on December 21, 2017. PG&E's total authorized ESA budget for 2017 was \$185,083,407, including unspent funds and employee benefits costs approved in PG&E's General Rate Case (D.17-05-013). Decision 17-12-009 resolving petitions for modification of D.16-11-022 was issued on December 20, 2017.

Several directives in the Decision did not begin in 2017 while the IOUs awaited clarification and resolution of PFM issues. In addition, other activities--including initiation of multifamily common area initiatives, PCT pilots and remote disaggregation/non-obtrusive load monitoring--were not begun in 2017 while PG&E awaited resolution and approval of budgets and program plans proposed in its Conforming Advice Letter. These ESA activities will begin in 2018.

PG&E worked with Energy Division and the Mid-Cycle Working Group to update reporting requirements and tables consistent with D.16-11-022 and 17-12-009 requirements. This 2017 Annual Report uses the new reporting templates approved by Energy Division.

1.1. Alignment of ESA Program with Strategic Plan Goals and Strategy

The long-term California Energy Efficiency Strategic Plan (CEESP)³ vision for the ESA Program is to have 100 percent of all eligible and willing low-income customers receive

² The Joint IOUs are: PG&E, Southern California Gas Company, San Diego Gas & Electric Company, and Southern California Edison Company.

all cost-effective ESA Program measures by 2020. The CEESP lays out two goals in achieving the ESA Program vision: (1) by 2020, all eligible customers will be given the opportunity to participate in the ESA Program; and (2) the ESA Program will be an energy resource by delivering increasingly cost-effective and longer-term savings.

1.1.1. Please identify the IOU strategies employed in meeting Goal 1: Improve Customer Outreach

PG&E provides the following updates to the Implementation Plan and Timeline from the CEESP. The low income strategies and term (2017-2020) were established in the CEESP.

| Implementation Plan and Timeline | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Strategies | Term 2017-2020 | IOU Strategy Employed This Program Year | | | |
| 1: Strengthen ESA Program outreach using segmentation analysis and social marketing tools. | Continue to assess and evaluate customer-behavior and energy savings; improve upon outreach to eligible communities. | In 2017, PG&E continued and optimized multi-touch customer marketing and outreach, which included: direct mail, email, bill inserts, digital (including social media) campaigns, PG&E's digital newsletter and other integrated marketing touchpoints. These are discussed in Section 1.3. The outreach was targeted to CARE-enrolled customers living in ESA-eligible homes with a high propensity for participation based on data modeling. | | | |
| 1.2: Develop a recognizable and trustworthy Brand/Tagline for the ESA Program. | Evaluate progress/refine strategy. | PG&E continued to use the Energy Savings Assistance Program statewide name and brand identity developed in 2010 (see footnote 1). PG&E continued to refine its Marketing strategy to offer excellent customer services throughout 2017. Marketing and outreach strategies are discussed in Section 1.3. | | | |
| 1.3: Improve program delivery | Ongoing: Use information from segmentation analysis to achieve efficiencies in program delivery. Ongoing: Leverage with local, | The ESA Program outreach team leveraged various community organizations' programs and knowledge of their communities to promote and enroll customers in the ESA Program throughout 2017. | | | |

³ California Energy Efficiency Strategic Plan. California Public Utilities Commission. July 2008, updated January 2011.

| Implementation Plan and Timeline | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| Strategies | Term 2017-2020 | IOU Strategy Employed This Program Year | | | |
| | state, and federal agencies as well as other organizations to increase seamless coordination, efficiency and enrollment. | Leveraging and integration efforts are described in Sections 1.6. and 1.7. | | | |
| 1.4: Promote the growth of a trained ESA Program workforce. | Implement ESA Program workforce education and training. Coordinate ESA Program workforce and service providers with broader market. | PG&E continued to implement education and training for the Energy Specialists, Weatherization Specialists, Duct Test and Seal technicians and NGAT technicians in the ESA program, and trained 223 ESA contractors in 2017. These efforts are discussed in Section 1.8. | | | |

1.1.2. Please identify the IOU strategies employed in meeting Goal 2: ESA Program Is an Energy Resource

PG&E provides the following updates to the Implementation Plan and Timeline from the CEESP. The low income strategies and term (2017-2020) were established in the Plan.

| Implementation Plan and Timeline | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Strategies | Term 2016-2020 | IOU Strategy Employed This Program Year | | | |
| 2.1: Increase collaboration and leveraging of other low income programs and services | Continue to expand partnerships with stakeholders and seek new opportunities for data sharing. | As part of Residential Rate Reform education campaign efforts, the ESA and CARE Programs partnered with other community based organizations and other PG&E programs in strategic community events across PG&E's service area. See Sections 1.6 and 1.7 for other examples of ESA leveraging and partnerships. | | | |
| 2.2: Coordinate and communicate between ESA Program, energy efficiency and Demand-Side Management (DSM) programs to achieve service offerings that are seamless for the customer. | Continually reevaluate and update programs to take advantage of new technologies. | In 2017, LEDs and Tier 2 power strips were added to the program. ESA continued to collaborate with its EE program and products groups to consider new technologies that may be ripe for inclusion in the ESA Program. If appropriate, these products will be included in the mid-cycle process authorized in D.16-11-022 and D.17-12-009. | | | |

| Implementation Plan and Timeline | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Strategies | Term | IOU Strategy Employed This | | | |
| | 2016-2020 | Program Year Marketing and outreach for the low income programs—including the ESA Program, CARE and the low income CSI Program—continued to be implemented by PG&E's Community Engagement and Solutions Marketing teams in 2017, allowing better integration of messaging and customer education. See Section 1.3. PG&E's ESA team continued to participate in working groups to propose AB793-compliant energy management technology for the Program. | | | |
| 2.3: Provide low income customers with measures that result in the most savings in the ESA Program. | Continue to assess and evaluate opportunities to incorporate new energy efficiency measures into the ESA Program, e.g., plug-load reduction, new HVAC technology. | D.16-11-022 authorized new ESA program measures and pilots proposed in PG&E's 2015-2017 ESA Application in November 2016, and PG&E transitioned to implement new measures and processes during 2017. PG&E's ESA team continued to meet with the other IOU ESA teams in 2017 to discuss potential new measures for inclusion in the ESA Program, and PG&E began meeting with the Mid-Cycle and Cost Effectiveness Working Groups in 2017. PG&E is also anticipating preliminary new impacts from the 2017 Impact Evaluation in Q2 2018. Recommendations from these Working Groups as well as new impacts will be used as appropriate in PG&E's Mid-Cycle update Advice Letter filing in July 2018. See Sections 1.13 and 1.10. | | | |
| 2.4: Increase delivery of efficiency programs by identifying segmented concentrations of customers. | Continue to evaluate approach to determine whether additional segments are needed. | In 2017, PG&E continued to provide targeted referral lists to ESA subcontractors to help them locate and target high-poverty areas. Additionally, PG&E managed automated outbound voice, text messaging and direct mail campaigns in areas where customers were likely to qualify for the program. PG&E continued to use its ESA propensity model. This model was | | | |

| Implementation Plan and Timeline | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Strategies | Term 2016-2020 | IOU Strategy Employed This Program Year | | | |
| | | optimized in 2016 with a wider array of data variables for both the customer and the home. The model focuses marketing investment among customers with the highest propensity to participate, enhancing media targeting and lowering marketing costs. See Section 1.3. | | | |

1.2. Energy Savings Assistance Program Overview

1.2.1. Provide a summary of the Energy Savings Assistance Program elements as approved in D.12-08-044.

D.16-11-022 authorized ESA budgets and targets for PY2017. The updated ESA budgets proposed in PG&E's Conforming Advice Letter filings⁴ were not authorized until December 21, 2017, and were thus not in effect during 2017. Not having all ESA funding authorized until the December 2017 contributed to PG&E's underspending in 2017, as this budget was not available until the end of the year. In addition, PG&E was unable to begin work on various ESA program initiatives (such as the multifamily common area initiative) in 2017 while awaiting resolution of its Petition to Modify D.16-11-022 and Conforming Advice Letter. Finally, PG&E prioritized and phased in the new ESA directives over the course of 2017 while also preparing to transition to a new program database. PG&E will prepare an Advice Letter to carry-over into 2018 authorized funding that was not spent in 2017, and will also discuss any adjustments, recommendations or process improvements in its Mid-Cycle Update Advice Letter in 2018.

The budget shown below was authorized in the Decision and includes adjustments and unspent funding authorized in Commission Resolution G-3531.

The PY2017 ESA Program Summary Table below compares PY2017 results to PY2017 budgets and targets authorized in D.16-11-022, as updated in Resolution G-3531.

Table 1.2: 2017 ESA Program Summary

| PY 2017 ESA Program Summary | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|-----|--|--|
| | Authorized/ Planning Assumptions | Actual | % | | |
| Budget [1] | \$154,671,971 | \$122,778,059 | 79% | | |
| Budget from Unspent Funds [2] | \$30,416,596 | \$2,377,763 | 8% | | |
| Homes Treated | 90,030 | 87,052 | 97% | | |
| kWh Saved | NA | 59,263,365 | NA | | |
| kW Demand Reduced | NA | 69,550 | NA | | |
| Therms Saved | NA | 1,651,228 | NA | | |

⁴ PG&E Advice 3830-G/5043-E (April 3, 2017) and Advice 3830-G-A/5043-E-A (June 20, 2017).

[1] 2017 ESA Program budget from D.16-11-022 and updated by Commission Resolution G-3531 (December 21, 2017). Includes employee benefit costs approved in D.17-05-013, and a \$5,159 carry-forward adjustment, as described in ESA Table 1 footnotes 1-3, and ESA Table 12. This amount does not include unspent funds authorized in Resolution G-3531.

[2] Unspent funds authorized in Resolution G-3531. These are shown in ESA Table 1A.

1.3. Marketing, Education and Outreach

1.3.1. Provide a summary of the geographic segmentation strategy employed, (i.e., tools and analysis used to segment "neighborhoods," how neighborhoods are segmented and how this information is communicated to the contractor/CBO).

PG&E and the other California IOUs used the joint utility methodology adopted by the CPUC in D.01-03-028 for developing eligibility estimates by geographic area in 2017. This method entails an annual estimation of eligibility for CARE, ESA, and other income-by-household size parameters at the small area (block group, census tract, ZIP+2, etc.) for each IOU territory and for the state as a whole. The joint utility methodology is further described in CARE Section 2.1.2.

Using the 2017 geographic area list of ESA-eligible customers, PG&E broke out ZIP-7 areas eligible for "self-certification" enrollment (by having over 80 percent of households living at or below 200 percent of the Federal Poverty Guideline Level). These ZIP-7 geographic area lists were provided to ESA Program contractors, so they could be specifically targeted for enrollment. Most implementation contractors then scheduled their appointments geographically to minimize costs and typically worked through their assigned areas geographically for the same reason.

PG&E Marketing aligned county-level penetration data next to CARE penetration rates and counties with rural and high-poverty areas. The analysis revealed good penetration rates among most rural and high-poverty areas and highlighted areas of opportunity to increase penetration among eligible households. In 2017, PG&E Marketing ran a successful digital campaign targeted to four counties identified through this analysis (Alameda, Contra Costa, San Joaquin and Stanislaus Counties).

1.3.2. Provide a summary of the customer segmentation strategies employed (i.e., tools and analysis used to identify customers based on energy usage, energy burden and energy insecurity) and how these customer segments are targeted in program outreach.

ESA Program outreach employs multiple strategies to reach income qualified customers with high energy use and energy burden, including integration with CARE high usage communications.

PG&E's ESA Program propensity model considers multiple customer data points, including energy usage, bill amount, payment patterns and CARE data model scores to ensure that PG&E is reaching customers who could most benefit from the ESA Program.

Additionally, PG&E identified CARE-enrolled customers within six priority categories, including:

- New CARE customers
- CARE customers with high energy usage >400% for electric service
- CARE customers with high energy usage >200% for gas service

- CARE customers who recently moved
- CARE customers who have provided income documentation for the program's post-enrollment verification process
- CARE customers on the program 6+ years

The ESA database was enhanced to capture data on these six priority categories and customers that fell into one or more category were flagged. ESA program sub-contractors were instructed to focus their outreach efforts on the customers within these priority categories. PG&E also prioritized direct marketing outreach to high-propensity customers in these categories.

2017 ESA Marketing and Outreach Highlights

PG&E continued to use methods that have accomplished current high awareness and acquisition levels and evolved specific elements of our messaging and outreach to speak more specifically to the remaining eligible customers and the nuanced barriers they are experiencing.

Marketing strategy leveraged the power of repetition in the right channels, reaching customers through the channels they prefer and engaging them with relevant messages. PG&E leverages customer insights and a test, learn and optimize approach to continually improve marketing effectiveness.

PG&E focused outreach efforts on CARE-enrolled customers living in homes not yet treated by the ESA Program. The multi-touch, multi-channel approach included direct marketing, digital campaigns, bill inserts, and PG&E-owned assets such as our residential newsletter and website.

PG&E continued coordinated marketing and generated 85,777 leads for Richard Heath and Associates (RHA), the ESA program administrator, throughout 2017.

Direct outreach

PG&E deployed two direct marketing campaigns to CARE-enrolled, ESA-eligible customers in 2017. Direct campaign response in 2017 was nearly triple (18% response rate) the 2016 average (6.7% response rate Q1-3) due to testing and optimization to streamline both the offer and the response form.

Offers continued to be bi-lingual English/Spanish, with personalized pre-filled response forms. PG&E utilized a new optimized email template to increase click-through and response rates.

Direct mail sample creative:





Sample email creative:



Energy Statement Inserts

PG&E deployed energy statement inserts to CARE-enrolled customers twice in 2017 both to maintain high awareness of the ESA Program among eligible customers and to generate leads for subcontractor follow-up. The piece is bi-lingual with English on one side and Spanish on the other.

Sample artwork:





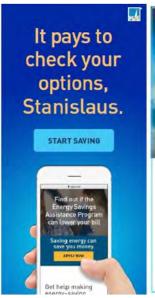
Digital media

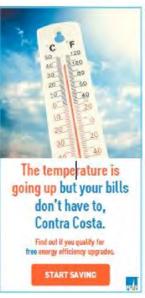
PG&E deployed a new digital media campaign in 2017, focusing specifically on four counties with lower ESA penetration among eligible households. The four counties are: Alameda, Contra Costa, San Joaquin and Stanislaus. The strategy included advertisement in digital display, social media and search, testing hyperlocal and social norming messages.

Customers were more likely to respond to city-level messages, and more likely to convert on social norming creative that corresponds with situational timing (in this example, a heat wave).

Sample creative:







Community events

PG&E hosted outreach booths during the month of January at Chinese Lunar New Year events and local grocery stores that serve the Chinese community. The events focused on promotion of PG&E's low income programs and offered in-person application assistance. Radio promotions were used to drive awareness of, and traffic, to the event.

PG&E media and owned assets

PG&E continued the monthly digital newsletter targeting customers with a high propensity for eligibility in CARE and the ESA program with the purpose of building awareness for both programs and providing relevant energy management tips and tools.

Low income customers receiving a Home Energy Report were also provided an offer to participate in the ESA program. ESA was also periodically featured on the pge.com homepage in an effort to increase the visibility of the program.

PG&E continued to participate in media interviews throughout the territory to promote the ESA Program with a focus on Spanish and Chinese in-language media including: KSFO, KMYX, Fil AM Radio, KCSO Telemundo, KMJE FM, KXVS Voice of Stockton Radio, KFTV Univision, and Radio Bilingue.

1.3.3. Describe how the current program delivery strategy differs from previous years, specifically relating to Identification, Outreach, Enrollment, Assessment, energy Audit/Measure Installation, and Inspections.

Identification: In 2017, PG&E prioritized marketing and outreach to CARE-enrolled customers with certain attributes such as being new to the program, a high energy user, or completing the post-enrollment verification process. Customers are highly engaged with the company during these shifts in status and may be more likely to take advantage of ESA program benefits. PG&E plans to optimize this audience targeting in 2018, building upon the foundational work completed in 2017.

Outreach: PG&E streamlined direct mail and email to clearly articulate the benefits of the program for customers who are short on time and with competing demands for their attention.

The ESA digital campaign featuring new hyperlocal and social norming messages enhanced the program positioning and captured customer attention. PG&E plans to continue testing in additional geographies and find opportunities to test a similar strategy in other channels.

Bulk Purchasing

PG&E launched a bulk purchasing program in 2017 to ensure all customers participating in the ESA program are receiving consistent quality products at optimal and controlled pricing. Bulk purchasing also provides increased transparency of materials cost and increased inspection efficiency. In this model, ESA Contractors purchase materials from an identified supplier to be installed in the ESA Customer's home. The products that were identified to be part of the bulk purchasing program included LEDs, microwaves, power strips, attic insulation, wall/window ACs, aerators, showerheads, and smoke alarms. Not all materials used in the Program are supplied through the bulk program, for example, caulking, doors, and glass are not part of the bulk program as those materials have too much variety to efficiently provide in bulk. The program was launched in three phases

between January 2, 2017 (with the launch of LEDs) and May 1, 2017. Complete phase-out of non-supplied products was complete September 1, 2017.

Minor Fail Initiative

In order to improve customer satisfaction, the PG&E ESA Team launched an initiative in the North Valley Region (per CIP territory boundaries) aimed at reducing return visits to the customer's home. The initiative will determine the success of CIP correcting a certain amount of minor fails in order to prevent a return trip to the customer by the ESA Contractor. In order for CIP to correct minor fails, the CIP Inspector must verify there are no other fails present at the customer's home before implementing this minor fail procedure. The initiative was launched in late 2017. An evaluation of data will be done at the end of Q2 2018.

This initiative procedure was only applicable to the following measures:

- Cover plates
- Gaskets
- LED A-lamps
 - 1.3.4. Track Costs of AB 793 related Energy Management Technologies programs (identify all of the programs or initiatives that will be able to benefit from the availability of the end-use and electric usage profiles, and to coordinate with the relevant proceedings so that the relevant costs can be considered in those proceedings' cost-effectiveness decision-making), including costs for Energy Education.

During 2017, PG&E prepared to offer several new Energy Management Technology-related measures and initiatives in ESA. However, none of these were implemented in 2017, and no costs were incurred in 2017.

In 2017, PG&E collaborated with the other IOUs to develop new Energy Education training materials. The new Enhanced Energy Education will launch in Q1 of 2018.

PG&E worked with the other IOUs in 2017 to further develop the Programmable Communicating Thermostat Pilot (PCT Pilot) directed in D.16-11-022. PG&E's re-named Smart Thermostat TOU Pilot is expected to launch in 2018.

PG&E began to collaborate with the other IOUs during 2017 to develop a request for proposal for a load disaggregation vendor to offer end-use and electric usage profiles. A vendor will be selected in 2018. PG&E is actively consulting with other demand response and energy efficiency programs to determine how they can benefit from this offering, once launched.

1.4. ESA Program Customer Enrollment

1.4.1. Distinguish between customers treated as "retreated or go backs" and "first touch" customers so that the Commission has a clear idea of how many new customers the IOUs are adding to the ESA Program.

Go-Back customers are customers that have been retreated by ESA since 2002. Although these previously-treated customers are eligible to be treated again, D.08-11-031 stressed that the IOUs should first seek out new households that have not yet been

treated, and report previously treated customers in ESA Annual Reports. In 2017, PG&E treated 35,610 "Go-Back" customers.

In D.16-11-022, the Commission removed restrictions against going back to re-treat customers treated after 2002. These Go-Back customers that had been ineligible to participate again in the ESA Program, became eligible again in 2017, and PG&E began implementing Go-Back retreatments in May 2017. Forty-one percent of the homes treated in 2017 were Go-Back customers, and 59 percent were First Touch customers.

PG&E remains on target to meet the 2020 Strategic Initiative goal of offering ESA to all willing and eligible customers by 2020.

1.4.2. Please summarize new efforts to streamline customer enrollment strategies, including efforts to incorporate categorical eligibility and self-certification.

In 2017, PG&E's ESA Program contractors continued to streamline customer enrollment strategies by incorporating categorical eligibility and self-certification into ESA Program processes, where applicable. Contractors worked with property agents to get signed Property Owner Waivers for entire multifamily complexes in order to perform work on all of the units at the same time.

PG&E customers may enroll through categorical eligibility by providing documents proving participation in one of the Commission-approved State or Federal public assistance programs. This allows eligible customers to skip showing proof of household income.

PG&E continued to encourage contractors to work in the 80 percent self-certification areas⁵ by providing them with breakdowns of estimated eligible customers by ZIP-7 to use in their customer recruitment activities. PG&E discussed targeting strategies at contractor meetings and helped plan enrollment events with contractors and community organizations.

1.4.3. If the IOU has failed to meet its annual goal of number of households served, please provide an explanation of why the goal was not met. Explain the programmatic modifications that will be implemented in order to accomplish future annual goals of number of households served.

PG&E treated 87,052 customer homes in PY2017, reaching 97 percent of the annual goal authorized in D.16-11-022 and updated in D.17-12-009. PG&E's ESA target for 2017 was 90.030.

PG&E experienced a slow ramp-up in 2017, as contractors transitioned to implementation of new ESA rules authorized in D.16-11-022, including: removal of three measure minimums, measure caps, and the ban on re-treated homes treated after 2002. In addition to ESA rule changes, PG&E also transitioned to a new bulk purchasing model described in Section 1.3.3.

⁵ Customers living in Zip codes having 80% or more households at or below the ESA-qualifying 200% of Federal Poverty Guideline Level are allowed to self-certify their eligibility, per D.08-11-031, OP6.

PG&E is very close to the end of the Commission's 2020 Strategic Initiative to provide the ESA Program to 100% of eligible and willing low income customers. PG&E is still on target to meet this ambitious 2020 goal despite the slow ramp-up in activity in 2017. Go-Back customers that were ineligible to participate again in the 2016 ESA Program, were eligible to be re-treated in 2017. PG&E homes treated goals include a mix of both new customers that count towards the 2020 goal and previously treated customers. PG&E will make up the 3% 2017 homes treated shortfall over the course of three remaining years of this 2017-2020 cycle.

1.5. Disability Enrollment Efforts

1.5.1. Provide a summary of efforts to which the IOU is meeting the 15 percent penetration goal.

Disabled customers made up 25 percent of the ESA Program enrollees in 2017, exceeding the 15 percent penetration goal.⁶ Because contractors may not ask about disabled inhabitants, households with disabled occupants are counted and recorded by ESA contractors based on visual observations, or unsolicited comments by inhabitants. Thus, participation of households with a disabled inhabitant is likely to be higher than recorded.

1.5.2. Describe how the ESA Program customer segmentation for ME&O and program delivery takes into account the needs of persons with disabilities.

PG&E's ESA Program regularly takes the needs of persons with disabilities into account. PG&E provides specialty measure enhancements to ESA customers with disabilities. For example, side-by-side and bottom mount refrigerators are available to customers with disabilities, and in 2017 ESA installed 701 of these special-order refrigerators. PG&E produces ESA program materials to help customers with impaired vision. A large-print ESA fact sheet is available on PG&E's website, and printed copies are provided to the ESA contractors. In 2017, PG&E's ESA program also introduced a Braille version of the ESA fact sheet which is made available to the ESA contractors as well as the community outreach partners.

1.5.3. Identify the various resources the IOUs utilize to target the disabled community and the enrollments as a result.

| 2017 Disability Enrollments | | | | | |
|---|--------|--------|-----|--|--|
| Source Total Disability % of Disability Enrollments Enrollment Enrollment | | | | | |
| Various contractor recruiting and sign-ups | | | | | |
| Total Enrollment Rate | 87,052 | 21,987 | 25% | | |

Table 1.5.3: 2017 Disability Enrollments

PG&E's community and outreach strategy includes collaboration with strategic community partners to provide energy education as well as facilitate enrollment in various

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⁶ PG&E does not have disability data to determine the eligible disabled population, and so uses enrollment data as a proxy to calculate a "penetration" rate.

PG&E programs. Community Outreach Contractors help drive participation in low income programs. Traditional marketing channels such as print materials as well as one-on-one direct interaction at local community outreach events and lobby assistance days are effective at targeting the disabled community.

1.5.4. If participation from the disabled community is below the 15 percent goal, provide an explanation why.

As stated above, PG&E's 2017 ESA Program disabled community participation was 25 percent – above the Commission's 15 percent goal.

1.6. Leveraging Success, Including Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)

D.08-11-031 defined leveraging as "an IOU's effort to coordinate its ESA Program with programs outside the IOU serving low income customers. These include programs offered by the public, private, non-profit or for-profit, local, state, and federal government sectors that result in energy efficiency measure installations in low income households." Progress will be measured by tracking the following criteria:

- Dollars saved. Leveraging efforts are measurable and quantifiable in terms of dollars saved by the IOU (Shared/contributed/ donated resources, elimination of redundant processes, shared/contributed marketing materials, discounts or reductions in the cost of installation, replacement and repair of measures, among others are just some examples of cost savings to the IOU).
- **Energy savings/benefits**. Leveraging efforts are measurable and quantifiable in terms of home energy benefits/savings to the eligible households.
- **Enrollment increases**. Leveraging efforts are measurable and quantifiable in terms of program enrollment increases and/or customers served.

In 2017, PG&E continued to leverage resources to support low income customers. In most cases, PG&E was unable to collect and track data to calculate all of these leveraging criteria. PG&E had the most data to report regarding enrollments resulting through referrals into other programs, including LIHEAP, REACH, Modesto Irrigation District (MID), Turlock Irrigation District (TID), Medical Baseline, and California American Water Company programs. PG&E estimated savings from its refrigerator leveraging contracts with LIHEAP providers (see Section 1.6.3) and its water partnership initiative (see Section 1.6.4). Results of 2017 leveraging activities are shown in ESA Table 14.

1.6.1. Describe the efforts taken to reach out and coordinate the ESA Program with other related low income programs offered outside the IOU that serve low income customers.

PG&E continues to proactively seek out and take advantage of leveraging opportunities for ESA with other programs offered in California. Following are three examples of PG&E leveraging activities in 2017.

SASH Leveraging. (See Section 1.7.6 and 1.7.7)

Redding Electric Utility. In 2017, the PG&E ESA Program coordinated with Redding Electric Utility to launch a joint weatherization program for income-qualified customers. The collaborative program offers natural gas and electricity saving measures to customers served by both PG&E and REU. Income-qualified natural gas customers that participate in the PG&E ESA Program are automatically enrolled in REU's program and receive all feasible electric measures in addition to those offered by PG&E. The joint program leverages training, processes, and customer touches to minimize program implementer costs and resources, while providing maximum benefit to customers.

Tribal. In 2017 PG&E identified that since program inception and through November of 2017, 52.9% of the estimated number of ESA-eligible customers living on tribal lands in PG&E's service area have been treated. This penetration is based on census data provided by Athens Research. D.17-12-009 specifically required the utilities to update their goals based on information gleaned from rectifying potential discrepancies between addresses used by ESA and the addressing system of a given tribe. This rectification was unnecessary because PG&E used GPS located meter records correlated with official tribal boundaries to determine the total number of meters in each of the tribal lands served by PG&E. These treated meters were then correlated with census data as per the official penetration rate methodology.

In 2017 PG&E contracted with Redbridge consulting to develop an approach to tribal outreach. Based on Redbridge's recommendations PG&E has begun a prioritization of tribal outreach focusing on the areas identified with the highest poverty (per census data), the lowest penetration rate and with existing connections to PG&E or one of PG&E's partners. Consultations will occur with all tribes, in parallel to specific targeted efforts. Of special interest is working directly with CSD to explore the possibility of leveraging their tribal connections to more quickly engage ESA with tribes through a trusted intermediary.

1.6.2. In addition to tracking and reporting whether each leveraging effort meets the above criteria in order to measure the level of success, please describe the Other Benefits resulting from this particular partnership not captured under the 3 criteria described above.

See ESA Program Table 14 – Leveraging & Integration.

1.6.3. Please provide a status of the leveraging effort with CSD. What new steps or programs have been implemented for this program year? What was the result in terms of new enrollments?

PG&E continued to implement its refrigerator leveraging program with LIHEAP providers. Through this leveraging program, LIHEAP agencies in PG&E's service area that are not ESA contractors can receive ESA Program funding to purchase refrigerators for qualified PG&E electric customers, thus freeing up more LIHEAP funding to provide other services to low income households. PG&E counts these refrigerators and their savings, but not the CSD "treated" home. In 2017, 26 ESA refrigerators (\$21,000 in funding) were funded through LIHEAP leveraging contracts, resulting in savings of 20,000 kWh and 4 kW.

Additionally, ESA Program implementation contactors referred 354 customers to LIHEAP in 2017⁷ and an additional 2.377 to other low-income programs.⁸

⁷ Self-reported from implementation contractors

⁸ Other programs include Investor Owned Utility ESA Programs

D.16-11-022 directed four leveraging and data sharing activities to be incorporated in ESA budgets or described through a Conforming Advice Letter:

- 1. Prepare CSD/ California Energy Commission (CEC)/ California Department of Water Resources (DWR) Drought coordinated budget. IOUs are to track and report households treated under Drought funding separately. These treated households will count toward IOU homes treated goals (OP32).
- 2. Prepare CSD-Low Income Weatherization Program (LIWP) coordinated budget for treating multifamily whole buildings using similar tracking and reporting as directed for Drought funding (page 202).
- 3. Describe CSD-Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP) coordinated referral process for customers with high energy burden and non-IOU fuels (page 368).
- 4. Describe CSD access to customer-specific usage data for CSD-treated households (page 369).

In Q4 2016 the IOUs and CSD began working to implement D.16-11-022 leveraging requirements: to share IOU data usage information for CSD clients, and to fund ESA measures currently offered by ESA for multifamily customer households participating in CSD's LIWP for multifamily buildings. PG&E, SCE, SDG&E and SoCalGas met with CSD staff throughout 2017 to discuss data sharing, CSD's multifamily property LIWP leveraging, and other opportunities, in compliance with D.16-11-022 directives.

Drought Mitigation Coordination. PG&E had several discussions with CSD regarding coordinating their anticipated drought mitigation and toilet work in early 2017. CSD clarified that D.16-11-022 mischaracterized the amount of drought mitigation funding they received; CSD did not receive CEC drought funds. The Decision discussed a CEC plan for a \$15 million infusion to bolster offerings of CSD's weatherization assistance programs to include water saving devices and measures. Unfortunately, the Budget Act of 2016 did not appropriate such funding to the CEC, thus the funding for CSD from the CEC never materialized.

The drought mitigation funding CSD received from DWR was nearly expended by the time PG&E filed its Conforming Advice Letter on April 3, 2017. CSD Chief Deputy Director Jason Wimbley clarified the status of CSD's DWR-funded Low- Income Toilet Replacement Program (TRP), explaining that this program has been in operation for many months and was scheduled to conclude on June 30, 2017. Given the rate of current expenditure and anticipated ramp down of local operations over ensuing months, CSD believed the window of opportunity to accomplish any meaningful leverage of TRP funds and/or services was closed by the time of PG&E's Conforming Advice Letter filing, and CSD did not request ESA leveraging funds for Drought Mitigation projects.

OP. 32 clearly indicated that funding for Drought Mitigation efforts was coincident with CSD, CEC, and DWR efforts and would end when these efforts concluded:

...This shall be a one-time effort with a sunset date that will coincide with the conclusion of the CSD, CEC and DWR efforts. Any unspent ratepayer funds remaining at the conclusion of the Utility Drought Mitigation Program will be returned to the ESA Program balancing account, in concurrence with the sunset date outlined in the guidelines for the CSD, CEC, and DWR.⁹

⁹ D.16-11-022, OP.32.

For these reasons, and in agreement with CSD, PG&E did not allocate Drought Mitigation funding to CSD.

LIWP Multifamily Whole Building Coordination. D.16-11-022 required PG&E to fund ESA measures currently offered by ESA for multifamily customer households participating in CSD's Low Income Weatherization Program (LIWP) for multifamily buildings. PG&E worked with CSD to project and calculate a funding level for coordinating with CSD's LIWP multifamily whole building efforts. CSD estimated the number of multifamily buildings to be treated in PG&E's service area, and PG&E determined a budget based on projecting the number of ESA measures anticipated to be installed through this coordinated effort, including costs for both labor and measures. As directed by the Decision, PG&E's LIWP coordination budget will be used to fund only measures currently offered by the ESA Program and approved for multifamily households, thereby preserving the remaining CSD funds for use to install central systems and common area measures not provided by the ESA Program. PG&E's budget for this effort was included in its Conforming Advice Letter submitted on April 3, 2017, 10 and supplemented on June 20, 2017, 11 and was authorized by Commission Resolution G-3531 issued December 21, 2017. Since working with CSD to develop a budget for LIWP leveraging efforts, PG&E ESA Program Management, Legal, and Sourcing staff have been actively working with CSD teams to complete contract / agreement terms necessary to begin leveraging funds. PG&E expects to begin implementation in 2018.

WAP Referral Process. PG&E continued collaborating with CSD throughout 2017 to develop coordination plans between the ESA Program and CSD's WAP to facilitate a referral process for customers identified with high energy burden and non-IOU fuel sources. PG&E, CSD and the other IOUs continue to meet and are working together to establish and align reporting requirements that will better enable referrals between CSD and PG&E programs. PG&E entered into non-disclosure agreements with CSD to facilitate individual data sharing agreements. PG&E and CSD are currently working to designate priority areas, to begin developing specific coordination plans targeting customers in those areas.

Customer Usage Data Sharing. PG&E met with CSD throughout 2017 to implement a data exchange process to provide customer-specific usage data and information for CSD-treated households. D.16-11-022 specified the IOUs' Green Button/Connect My Data program as a means through which to coordinate data exchange, however, following discussion with CSD about their data analysis needs and how Green Button works, it appeared that this data program would not facilitate sharing data for multiple customers through a single data pull, but rather provides data for one customer at a time.

PG&E worked with CSD in 2017 to provide the required data through the most expedient means. On February 2, 2018, per D.17-12-009, Attachment 1, OP.183, PG&E and CSD entered into a non-disclosure agreement (NDA) for data sharing purposes.

PG&E and CSD continue to actively explore opportunities for increased leveraging, and PG&E is working closely with CSD to pursue new approaches and partnerships during this 2017-2020 cycle, including collaborating on PG&E's Consumption-Driven Weatherization project and leveraging tribal outreach efforts.

¹⁰ PG&E Advice 3830-G/5043-E (April 3, 2017).

¹¹ PG&E Advice 3830-G-A/5043-E-A (June 20, 2017).

Leveraging with Other IOUs

PG&E continued to work with the other IOUs in 2017 to share successful leveraging models and duplicate leveraging effort successes per D.12-08-044, OP.21. ESA program mangers held regular conference calls throughout 2017 to discuss program implementation and strategies. In addition, ESA program staff from the utilities met in person several times to develop ESA multifamily plans, share outreach strategies and lessons learned, and discuss potential collaboration opportunities.

PG&E continues to actively explore new opportunities and coordinate program delivery to promote long-term enduring energy savings and cost efficiency.

1.6.4. Describe the coordination efforts with water agencies or companies (wholesalers or retailers).

In response to the Governor's Drought Emergency, PG&E began exploring leveraging opportunities to partner with water agencies in 2015. These activities continued throughout 2016 and 2017.

2017 Water Partnership Initiative

In 2015, PG&E began research on ways to work collaboratively with water agencies and other water industry stakeholders. The goal of this research initiative was to collect information to inform future program design for the integration of expanded water conservation program offerings. Since no new measures or unauthorized measures were included, this research initiative was funded through the ESA General Administration budget.

In the first phase of the leveraging research initiative, 250 water agencies within PG&E's service area were identified, and a comprehensive matrix of water conservation program offerings was developed. Informed by the research results, PG&E conducted outreach with twelve water agencies and seven water industry associations to solicit feedback on a framework for building collaborative programs that would leverage existing conservation efforts in both the water and energy areas. PG&E also held a Water Partnership Forum in 2016, to increase shared knowledge of water-energy collaboration experiences and develop overarching strategies for partnership. Feedback from the seven water agencies illuminated the differences between water agency and investor owned energy utilities funding and decision-making structures. The majority of water agencies were not very interested in spending a lot of resources on the residential sector that contributes to minimal water savings but were interested in low cost, collaborative programs.

Based on the information gathered, a test program was designed to complement existing offerings and augment water conservation efforts. The program incorporated options for indoor and outdoor water usage assessments, leak detection, enhanced water conservation education and incremental water conservation measures. This test program design was discussed with four water agencies and further refined to mitigate barriers to water agency participation. Barriers identified included: budget constraints, resource constraints, infrastructure differences, and data sharing issues.

An agreement was executed with California American Water to conduct test programs in multiple metropolitan areas. The test programs launched in Sacramento in late 2015, in Solano County in 2016, and in the Monterey/Salinas area in the fall of 2016. The test programs ran through December 2017.

In total, 1,394 households were served in the pilot. All households received an indoor water use assessment and water conservation education, co-funded by PG&E and the water agencies. Additionally, water agencies supported the costs to install cold water

measures: 181 inefficiency toilets were replaced with low-flow toilets, 44 leaky toilet flappers were replaced, 531 shower timers were installed and 207 hose nozzles were distributed during the test. These measures will result in an estimated savings of 6.5 million gallons of water and 7,583 kWh per year.

Thanks to the success of the test, PG&E will expand the partnership scope in 2018, working with more water agencies to expand the benefits to ESA household and maximize water conservation.

1.7. Integration Success

As defined in D.08-11-031, "Integration constitutes an organization's internal efforts among its various departments and programs to identify, develop, and enact cooperative relationships that increase the effectiveness of customer demand side management programs and resources. Integration should result in more economic efficiency and energy savings than would have occurred in the absence of integration efforts."

PG&E continued distribution of the redesigned customer-assistance-focused "Integrated Services Brochure" in multiple languages in 2017. This brochure offers enrollment information for the following programs, in addition to ESA:

- California Alternate Rates for Energy (CARE)
- Family Electric Rate Assistance (FERA)
- Relief for Energy Assistance through Community Help (REACH)
- Balanced Payment Program
- Payment Arrangements
- Bill Guaranty
- Third Party Notification (past due reminders)
- Pge.com/myaccount
- Cooling Centers
- Medical Baseline
- Rate Choices

1.7.1. Describe the new efforts in program year to integrate and coordinate the ESA Program with the CARE Program.

PG&E continued efforts to integrate ESA messaging into CARE outreach and offer ESA services to high-energy users on CARE in 2017. As discussed in Section 1.3.2, CARE-enrolled customers within six identified priority categories received PG&E direct marketing outreach and were targeted by the contractors in their outreach efforts. ESA contractors and CARE Community Outreach Contractors continued to cross-promote ESA and CARE programs at outreach events.

1.7.2. Describe the new efforts in program year to integrate and coordinate the ESA Program with the EE Residential Program.

PG&E's ESA program collaborated with the Energy Efficiency Residential Programs extensively throughout 2017. Some successful examples include:

Launched SPOC based on shared vision. PG&E's Single Point of Contact (SPOC) launched in 2017. The SPOC helps to facilitate the multifamily property owners' participation in other qualifying program resources and funding opportunities as applicable, including: PG&E energy efficiency programs such as Multifamily Upgrade

Program (MUP), On-Bill Financing (OBF), On Bill Repayment (OBR), Electric Vehicles, ESA, and Moderate Income Direct Install (MIDI).

The Table below shows referral contacts made in 2017, and includes: applications, preapplications, customers deemed ineligible, and customers not interested in applying to the referral program.

Program Customers **Buildings Dwelling Units Multifamily Upgrade** 3 **Program** 37 345 **ESA** 1 n/a n/a 1 **EV Charge Network** 13 100 **CA Multifamily New** Construction 1 1 6 1,095 On Bill Financing 12 55

Table 1.7.2: SPOC Referral Contacts

In 2017, PG&E requested unspent funds for SPOC implementation in its Supplemental Conforming Advice Letter (Advice 3830-G-A/5043-E-A). This was authorized in Resolution G-3531 and is included in Table 1A.

Multifamily Common Area Measure (CAM) Initiative. PG&E participated in quarterly Multifamily Working Group meetings as well as additional ad-hoc sessions to understand various multifamily stakeholder perspectives and share PG&E design plans for the directed CAM Initiative. During 2017, PG&E developed its CAM initiative designs. These were filed and approved in March 2018. PG&E will begin CAM implementation in 2018. For complete 2017 Working Group progress, see section 1.13.

My Account. In 2017, My Account was enhanced to provide more comprehensive self-service tools to all PG&E customers including ESA customers who are enrolled in My Account. Some key enhancements include bill journeys providing energy usage details and comparisons, Home Energy Check-ups including bill disaggregation, and personalized tips to help customers reduce their energy usage. My Account also began offering rate comparisons and a Bill Forecast Alert in 2017. By mid-2017, approximately 60,000 CARE customers had completed a Home Energy Check-up.

Residential Newsletter. As part of the Residential Integrated Campaign, the Residential Newsletter is sent out monthly to over 1.8 million residential customers, with approximately 748,000 receiving aversion tailored to low income customers. The goal of this effort is to go beyond a transactional one-time interaction with our customers in exchange for a continued dialogue about energy efficiency and management. Emails were sent out monthly to general population and low-income customers.

1.7.3. Describe the new efforts in program year to integrate and coordinate the ESA Program with the Energy Efficiency Government Partnerships Proram.

PG&E's Moderate Income Direct Installation (MIDI) program, previously an Energy Efficiency Government Partnership Program, is now managed by PG&E's Energy Efficiency Residential Team. See Section 1.7.4.

1.7.4. Describe the new efforts in program year to integrate and coordinate the ESA Program with any additional EE Programs.

In 2017, ESA staff worked closely with PG&E Energy Efficiency (EE) teams on Assembly Bill (AB) 793 implementation plans to incorporate energy management technologies into utility energy efficiency programs. Tier II Power Strips were launched in the ESA program in January. ESA staff continues to leverage EE strategies and approaches into the ESA program as appropriate.

The ESA Program continued to coordinate with the Moderate Income Direct Installation (MIDI) program throughout the year in 2017. (This program was previously a Government Partnership Program, but is now managed by PG&E's EE Residential Services Team.) The MIDI program was able to treat 434 households in 2017 using contractors who also provided ESA services.

1.7.5. Describe the new efforts in program year to integrate and coordinate the ESA Program with the DR Programs, including successes in Air Conditioning Cycling or other DR Programs.

ESA continued its integration efforts with the SmartAC Program in 2017. The SmartAC Program sought to increase customer participation by integrating ESA as a marketing and outreach channel.

In 2017, PG&E installed 716 SmartAC devices as part as the leveraging effort between the ESA Program and the DR team.

1.7.6. Describe the new efforts in program year to integrate and coordinate the ESA Program with the CSI Programs.

Single Family Affordable Solar Housing (SASH) Program

PG&E's ESA Program works with Grid Alternatives to deliver ESA services to customers that have been approved to participate in the Single Family Affordable Solar Homes (SASH) Program. On a regular basis, Grid Alternatives provides PG&E's ESA program with a list of SASH-eligible homes, prior to installing solar units. PG&E checks to see if any of these customers has participated in the ESA Program, and then notifies Grid Alternatives of the measures that were installed in the home. Grid Alternatives uses this data in their calculations to accurately size the SASH solar unit to be installed. In 2017, the ESA Program had treated 839 homes that were selected for SASH Program participation. PG&E also supplied ESA measure installation data for SASH-selected homes that were treated through the ESA Program in prior years.

1.7.7. Provide the number of referrals to the Single Family Affordable Solar Homes (SASH) Program Administrator.

Starting January 1, 2017, the electric IOUs were directed to provide to the Single-family Affordable Solar Homes Program Administrator, currently GRID Alternatives, with a monthly list of owner-occupied single-family households that have completed the ESA Program requirements of the CARE Program high usage process. The referral list contains, at a minimum, the ESA Program workflow outputs with the customer of record's name, address, phone number, preferred language, household income and size.

PG&E provided 3,954 referrals to GRID Alternatives in 2017.

1.8. Workforce Education and Training

1.8.1. Please summarize efforts to improve and expand ESA Program workforce education and training (WE&T). Describe steps taken to hire and train low income workers and how such efforts differ from prior program years.

In 2017, PG&E had 27 ESA contractors, with approximately 700 staff implementing the program in the field. PG&E's ESA Program implementation subcontractors hire most in-home workers from the communities in which they will be working. These ESA Program field personnel bring their local, in-language knowledge to help recruit participants from the communities in which they live and work. PG&E's training in ESA home assessment, energy education, weatherization services and measure installation, provides workers with skills and work experience that are transferable to other green jobs.

1.8.2. Please list the different types of training conducted and the various recruitment efforts employed to train and hired from the low income energy efficiency workforce.

PG&E's Energy Training Center (ETC) has supported training for the ESA Program continuously for over 34 years. The ETC provides training for the weatherization specialists (installation crews) and energy specialists (assessors/educators) that implement PG&E's ESA Program. The ETC trained over 223 contractor staff in 2017 to work as Energy Specialists, Weatherization Specialists, Duct Test and Seal technicians, and NGAT technicians¹² for the ESA Program. Each of the students attending sessions at the ETC were hired by a participating contractor prior to attending.

ESA contractor training conducted at the ETC in 2017 is shown in the following table:

2017 Lenath of Student Type of ESA Training Conducted **Employees Training Days** trained Energy Specialist (ES) Certification Training 8 dav 66 528 Weatherization Specialist (WS) Training 3 day 80 235 NGAT Training 13 6 day 60 360 **Duct Testing & Sealing** 1 day 9 9 **ESA Management Boot Camp** 8 16 2day

Table 1.8.2: 2017 ESA Program Training

ESA contractors were responsible for recruiting employees to implement the ESA Program. Contractors typically recruited and hired within their respective local communities, helping provide greater program awareness and acceptance within the communities served by the ESA contractor. These ESA Program field personnel bring their local, in-language knowledge and community ties to help locate and enroll ESA Program participants from the communities in which they live and work.

¹² NGAT training costs are recorded to PG&E's General Rate Case.

^{13 &}lt;sub>Ibid.</sub>

Some of the techniques used by ESA Program contractors to recruit potential employees include the following:

- Placing ads on Craig's List and other similar on-line sites
- Advertising in local newspapers
- Recruiting ESA program participants who express an interest in being an Energy or Weatherization Specialist
- Word of mouth within their respective communities

In addition to the ESA contractor training conducted above, PG&E's ETC and ESA Program worked together throughout 2017 to develop a new enhanced energy education curriculum. PG&E decided to include demand response and Time-Of-Use education as part of its new Enhanced Energy Education. PG&E also chose this timeline to correspond with the timing of the general Time-Of-Use default pilot¹⁴, assuring correlated messaging to customers. The ESA Enhanced Energy Education curriculum will focus training on energy saving tools for energy specialists to incorporate into their home assessment/educator role, with the overall goal of helping low-income customers to better understand and control their energy use and expenses. PG&E's ESA energy specialists will provide information to eligible customers about other programs and tariffs for which they might qualify, including demand response and Time-Of-Use. ESA customers are encouraged to enroll into PG&E low income, energy efficiency, and demand response programs, and PG&E will track and report on how many of these customers enroll in specific programs, in compliance with D.17-12-009 directives when Enhanced Energy Education is implemented. Enhanced Energy Education will be launched in 2018.

1.9. Legislative Lighting Requirements Status

1.9.1. Provide a summary on current and future compact fluorescent lamp (CFL) supply issues, as experienced by the IOU. Any current/future problems as well as potential solutions should be discussed in this paragraph.

In 2017, PG&E continued to provide low income customers participating in the ESA Program free CFLs. In late 2015, several lighting manufacturers announced they would stop manufacturing CFLs by the end of 2016 and would advocate LEDs as the preferred energy efficient household product. This led to the beginning of CFL supply issues in late 2016 and significant shortages starting in early 2017. The ESA Program 2015-2017 application proposed transitioning to LED lamps as a means of addressing potential CFL supply issues. D.16-11-022 approved transitioning to LEDs in 2017, and the ESA Program worked to have LEDs included in the Program in 2017. LEDs were introduced into the program on January 2, 2017 and CFLs were fully phased out September 30, 2017.

1.9.2. Provide a summary explaining how IOU promotes the recycling/collection rules for CFLs.

PG&E continued to provide a CFL Recycling fact sheet to all ESA Program participants in 2017. This was provided and discussed by the ESA Program Energy Specialist during the energy education/energy assessment home visit. The fact sheet explains what mercury is and why it is harmful to people and the environment, and describes safe CFL

¹⁴ D.15-07-001 Authorized the general Time-Of-Use default pilot.

removal and storage practices, including safe disposal of used CFLs and what to do when a CFL breaks. Currently, ENERGY STAR® requires manufacturers to print a CFL recycling resource website on CFL packages. Safe CFL recycling practices are also covered during ESA Program contractor training modules.

1.9.3. Complete Table 15 (in Appendix). In addition, please briefly summarize the CFL procurement process for the IOU, including manufacturers, distributors, warehousing, and contractor delivery.

During PY2017, ESA Program contractors directly purchased CFLs and other CFL lighting products used in the ESA Program through wholesale materials vendors and big box retail outlets. In addition, LEDs were all purchased through a bulk materials supplier.

1.10. Studies

1.10.1. For each Study, provide (1) a summary describing the activities undertaken in the study since its inception; (2) the study progress, problems encountered, ideas on solutions; and (3) the activities anticipated in the next quarter and the next year.

Four statewide studies were proposed by the IOUs for the 2015-2017 ESA Program cycle following the procedures in the Guidance Document issued in D.14-08-030. These statewide, joint IOU studies were: (1) a low income needs assessment (LINA) study; (2) an impact evaluation of the 2015 ESA Program (Impact Evaluation); (3) a non-energy benefits (NEB) and equity criteria evaluation; and (4) a Phase II ESA energy education study. D.16-11-022 authorized three of the proposed studies: the LINA study, the Impact Evaluation, and the NEB study. The Phase II ESA energy education study was not authorized. The three authorized studies are discussed below.

Table 1.10.1 provides an overview of the Statewide ESA Studies.

Table 1.10.1: D.16-11-022 and D.17-12-009 Approved ESA Studies

| Study | Lead Consultant | Contracting IOU | Project Initiation | Project Completion | Statewide Budget | PG&E Budget ¹ |
|--|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|
| 2019 Statewide LINA | Research Into Action | SCE | 2/14/2018 | 12/2019 | \$500,000 | \$150,000 |
| PY2015 Statewide ESA Impact Evaluation | DNV GL | SoCalGas | 1/26/2017 | 2019 | \$550,000 | \$165,000 |
| Statewide NEBs Study | TBD | SDG&E | 2018 | 2018 | \$150,000 | \$45,000 |
| ESA Portion of the Statewide Energy Efficiency Potential Study | Navigant | N/A | TBD | TBD | \$300,000 | \$90,000 |
| Rapid Feedback Research & Analysis ² | TBD | N/A | TBD | TBD | N/A | \$200,000 |
| Total | | | | | \$1,500,000 | \$650,000 |

¹ This amount represents the total Joint Utility study budget, authorized in D.16-11-022. The authorized Joint Utility budget split for all studies is: PG&E--30%, SCE--30%, SCG--25%, and SDG&E--15%

Statewide Low Income Needs Assessment (LINA) Study

The LINA Study is mandated to be updated every three years per AB327 and PUC Sec. 382(d), Energy Division and the IOUs initiated the upcoming (2019) LINA with a public workshop on May 19, 2017 to discuss the scope of work for the LINA authorized in D.16-11-022. In March 2017 the Joint IOUs sought to have the recommended scope modified via a Petition for Modification. The Joint IOUs' Petition for this item was denied in December 2017. The Energy Division and Joint IOUs prepared and released a Request for Proposal (RFP) for this work in November 2017. Research Into Action was selected as part of the competitive bidding process in January 2018. SCE holds the contract which was completed in January 2018. A project initiation meeting was held in February 2018. A public workshop is anticipated to be held during Q2 2018 following the development of the draft research plan. The 2019 LINA Study will be completed by December 2019.

Statewide ESA Energy Savings Impact Evaluation

Current ESA impacts are necessary for planning the next program cycle, and following the direction of Energy Division, the Joint IOUs issued a RFP to conduct the time-sensitive statewide ESA impact evaluation in November 2015. The project was awarded via a competitive bid to DNV-GL in February 2016, pending authorization of the study by the Commission. The contract is held by SoCalGas and was finalized in January 2017 after official authorization via D.16-11-022. The study initiation meeting was held in February 2017. A public workshop on the research plan was held in September 2017. Initial results are anticipated in March 2018, to be used in the Mid-Cycle Update Advice

² Rapid Feedback Research & Analysis is not a statewide study. Each IOU has its own budget with which to propose research. During 2017, no rapid feedback studies or analyses were initiated by PG&E

Letter filing on July 16, 2018. The Final Report is expected to be completed in March, 2019.

Statewide ESA Non-Energy Benefits (NEB) and Equity Criteria Study

The scope of work for the ESA NEB Study was developed in consultation with the Cost Effectiveness Working Group in 2017. The joint IOUs released a RFP in 2018. SDG&E is the contract manager for this statewide study expected to commence in April 2018. The final report for this study is expected by Q.3 2018.

D.16-11-022 and D.17-12-009 Evaluation Requirements

D.16-11-022 and D.17-12-009 identify the benefit of following guidelines established in the mainstream Energy Efficiency proceeding. Studies are required to solicit public input on research and deliverables via workshops or webinars and the CPUC's public documents area at energydataweb. Parties are encouraged to submit written comments on the work before and/or after the public meetings; these comments will be posted on the public document website. Notice of the public meetings will be sent to subscribers on the public document website and to the applicable service. Beyond the authorized studies, any additional studies or analyses commenced via the ESA Program Rapid Feedback and Analysis funding adhere to on the project initiation and execution requirements outlined in Section 5 of Energy Division & Program Administrator Energy Efficiency Evaluation, Measurement and Verification Plan Version 5270.

1.10.2. If applicable, submit Final Study Report describing: (1) overview of study; (2) budget spent vs. authorized budget; (3) final results of study; and (4) recommendations.

No studies were completed in 2017.

1.11. Pilots

1.11.1. For each Pilot, provide (1) a summary describing the activities undertaken in the study since its inception; (2) the study progress, problems encountered, ideas on solutions; (3) the activities anticipated in the next quarter and the next year; and (4) status of Pilot Evaluation Plan (PEP).

Consumption Driven Weatherization (CDWx) Pilot

PG&E proposed a CDWx Pilot in its 2015-2017 ESA Program Application to selectively offer additional weatherization measures that fall outside current ESA Program guidelines for high usage, high potential customers identified via AMI analysis. D.16-11-022 Ordering Paragraph 144 directed a 12 month pilot implementation period to fully integrate AMI into the ESA Program as rate reform adjustments are underway. This pilot is anticipated to yield information that will help overall AMI integration and to identify steps to help reduce high energy use among CARE customers that leads to higher bills.

During 2017, PG&E discussed with the California State Department of Community Services and Development (CSD) opportunities to work together on this pilot, In December 2017, PG&E requested and was granted an extension to implement this pilot in 2018 so that CSD could be included in it. Following the expressed interest of CSD regarding ways to increase leveraging opportunities, CSD joined PG&E in this CDWx pilot offering. The pilot will now incorporate measures from CSD's Low-Income Home

Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) program. Collaborating with CSD provides increased opportunities to leverage both funding and data analysis, which is anticipated to result in more cost effective targeting as well as increased benefits to high-energy use low income customers. The CDWx pilot will continue to use data-driven analysis to target high usage customers to receive additional weatherization measures that fall outside current ESA Program guidelines, with the added benefit of including CSD's offerings and applying lessons learned from the previous PG&E-CSD Leveraging Pilot.

Implementation is planned to start in Q2 2018 and will continue through the end of Q3 2018, with evaluation of pilot starting Q4 2018 and continuing into Q1 2019. The pilot plans to weatherize 50 homes for qualified customers who are also high energy users. The customer data pull is complete and outreach is starting now.

1.11.2. If applicable, submit Final Pilot Report describing: (1) overview of pilot; (2) description of PEP; (3) budget spent vs. authorized budget; (4) final results of pilot (including effectiveness of the program, increased customer enrollments or enhanced program energy savings); and (5) recommendations.

No ESA Program pilots were completed in 2017.

1.12. "Add Back" Measures

For measures that fall below the cost effectiveness threshold under D.12-08-044, the Commission required additional reporting to show the cost, energy savings impacts, and related metrics, per D.12-08-044, OP 38b.

The previous ESA cost effectiveness framework focused on measures that met the minimum 0.25 cost effectiveness threshold, in compliance with D.12-08-044, OP 36 directives that the IOUs shall ensure installation of those measures. D.12-08-044 also "added-back" into PG&E's ESA Program some measures with cost effectiveness scores below the adopted threshold, based on perceptions that these add-back measures provided comfort, health, or safety non-energy benefits that may not have been adequately quantified in the ESA Program's cost effectiveness tests.

Cost effectiveness for the 2017-2020 ESA program was based on a portfolio approach rather than on the cost effectiveness of individual measures, thus D.16-11-022 did not "add back" specific measures based on their cost effectiveness. PG&E's add-back measures for 2017 were determined by Appendix H.1 and Appendix H.2 in D.12-08-044. Add-back measures were measures having cost effectiveness scores below 0.25 in the Utility Cost Test and/or the Modified Participant Cost Test. Add-back measures included both measures that had been requested by PG&E and included in its 2012-2014 ESA budget application, as well as measures ordered through D.12-08-044 that were not included in PG&E's budget application.

The add-back measure expenditures (\$13,037,871) comprised 13 percent of PG&E's total \$101,135,407 ESA measure expenditure in 2017 and are well within the program's

¹⁵ Previously included ESA measures only had to pass the cost effectiveness threshold of 0.25 for one test; new measures proposed to be added into the 2012-2014 ESA Program were required to pass the cost effectiveness threshold for *both* of these two cost effectiveness tests authorized for the 2012-2014 ESA Program.

approved budget. See Table 16 – Add Back Measures for the cost, energy savings impacts, and related metrics.

1.12.1. If the "add-backs" compromise the IOUs' ability to meet the 2020 Plan goal that 100 percent of eligible and willing customers will have received all cost effective ESA Program measures, how does the IOU propose to address the shortfall in other parts of the ESA Program?

PG&E's 2017 ESA Program installed ESA authorized measures based on the cost effectiveness framework and impacts authorized for the 2017-2020 cycle. New cost effectiveness tests authorized for ESA in D.14-08-030, D.16-11-022, and D.17-12-009 were based on recommendations of the Cost Effectiveness Working Group formed pursuant to D.12-08-044. 16

PG&E used the new ESA Cost Effectiveness Test (ESACET) and Resource Measure Total Resource Cost Test (Resource Measure TRC) to assess cost effectiveness of the ESA Program. A significant difference from previous ESA program authorization was that ESA program approval in D.16-11-022 was based on the cost-effectiveness results of the entire program portfolio, rather than at the measure level. Thus, although measure level data and cost effectiveness thresholds were provided in PG&E's 2015-2017 Application (and are used by PG&E and the other IOUs to help them balance their ESA portfolios to increase overall program savings), individual measures were not "added back" into the program based on measure thresholds, as was previously the case for the 2012-2014 program cycle.

In July 2018, PG&E will file a Mid-Cycle Update Advice Letter, in compliance with D.17-12-009. PG&E is actively reviewing and reevaluating measures in its ESA portfolio to determine potential measures to add or retire to help meet the 2020 Plan goal that 100 percent of eligible and willing customers will have received all cost effective ESA Program measures.

1.13. Low Income Working Groups

D.12-08-044 authorized Energy Division to form three Working Groups during the 2012-2014 program cycle: (a) the ESA Cost-Effectiveness Working Group, (b) the ESA Workforce, Education and Training Working Group, and (c) the Mid-Cycle Working Group to review those components of the Commission's ESA and CARE Programs to make recommendations for refinements to improve, wherever possible, the design, administration, delivery and ultimate success of these programs. D.16-11-022 reconvened the Cost Effectiveness and Mid-Cycle Working Groups and convened a new Multifamily Working Group. 2017 Working Group activity is summarized below.

ESA Cost Effectiveness Working Group

Decision 16-11-022 instructed the Cost Effectiveness Working Group to reconvene and address the tasks outlined below. The members participating in the Working Group include representatives from the following organizations: CPUC Energy Division, CPUC Office of Ratepayer Advocates, National Resources Defense Council, The Utility Reform

¹⁶ Cost Effectiveness Working Group, Energy Savings Assistance Program Cost Effectiveness White Paper (February 14, 2013) and Addendum to the Energy Savings Assistance Program Cost Effectiveness Working Group White Paper: Working Group Final Recommendations (July 15, 2013).

Network, TELACU/ACCES/Maravilla, Synergy Companies, Southern California Edison, Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Gas Company, and San Diego Gas & Electric Company.

- a. Submit a proposed schedule and work plan to the low income proceeding service list no later than 60 days after the date of Decision approval.
- b. Provide recommendations on the following issues to be used to inform the next program cycle; these recommendations or a progress report are to be distributed to the service list no later than the second quarter of 2018.
 - i. Identify measures to include/exclude in the adjusted ESACET;
 - Determine how to exclude administrative costs and NEBs associated with excluded measures from the adjusted ESACET including program costs not tied to a specific measure;
 - Determine how to allocate administrative costs and NEBs across program measures;
 - iv. Determine how to incorporate revised NEB values into the adjusted ESACET;
 - v. Determine if and how to incorporate into the ESACET benefits and costs for ESA investment in other programs such as demand response; and
 - vi. Work with the IOUs to who will be conducting a NEB study.

Item A was submitted to the service list on January 11 2017. The Working Group met monthly through 2017 both by teleconference and in person to discuss the topics in Item B. The Working Group began drafting a report in quarter four of 2017 including all of the recommendations for Item B. Final recommendations will be finalized in 2018.

Mid-Cycle Working Group

D.16-11-022 tasked the Mid-Cycle Working Group with four deliverables:

- a. Making recommendations for updates to the Energy Savings Assistance (ESA) Statewide Policy and Procedure Manual, California Installation Standards Manual, and monthly and annual reporting criteria to align it with Decision D.16-11-022.
- b. Provide recommendations on the adoption of on line data reporting systems (ODRS) for the ESA Program to help the investor-owned utilities (IOUs) and Commission better understand how these systems collect and report workforce data. This assessment should help determine the value of adopting ODRS for the ESA Program into IOU operations, its cost benefits, and identify any administrative burdens to implement by either contractor or utility.
- c. Making recommendations for the household retreatment prioritization models, implementation and outreach strategies, and other aspects of the ESA Program.
- d. Investigate and make recommendations on how the ESA Program may be used to deploy tools to enable greater Energy Efficiency and Demand Response participation by California Alternate Rates for Energy (CARE) and ESA participants in recognition of the increased State goals detailed in SB 350.

Mid-Cycle Working Group member organizations are: CPUC Energy Division CPUC ORA, California Housing Partnership Corporation, Southern California Edison Company, Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Gas Company, San Diego Gas & Electric Company, Energy Efficiency Council, TELACU, and Proteus.

In April 2017, the Mid-Cycle Working Group submitted initial recommendations on each of these items. The Working Group met throughout 2017 to update the Statewide Policy and Procedure Manual and the California Installation Standards Manual, and provided

input on the monthly and annual reporting criteria. A public webinar on these manuals and reporting criteria was held on January 31, 2018. The Working Group plans to resolve its primary recommendations in the 2nd Quarter of 2018 for the IOUs to consider in their Mid Cycle update Advice Letters to be filed on July 16, 2018.

Multifamily Working Group

The MFWG was established to support the integration of common area measures for deed restricted multifamily (MF) properties into the Energy Savings Assistance (ESA) program and other MF directives as specified in Decision 16-11-022. PG&E participated in the Multifamily Working Group throughout 2017.

Multifamily Working Group member organizations include: CPUC Energy Division, CPUC ORA, Southern California Edison Company, Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Gas Company, San Diego Gas & Electric Company, California Housing Partnership Corporation, Natural Resources Defense Council, National Consumer Law Center, Community Housing Opportunities Corporation, TELACU, and Proteus.

The Multifamily Working Group detailed its 2017 activities in the MFWG 2017 Annual Report. Click here to view the document

Demand Analysis Working Group

D.17-12-009 Attachment 1, OP.8 identified a new Demand Analysis Working Group (DAWG) to act as the established forum for providing input into the scope, modeling and analysis of results associated with the Energy Efficiency Potential Study (EE Potential Study). Low income energy efficiency was included in the 2017 EE Potential Study as an input – i.e. the study did not identify optimal levels of low income energy efficiency savings to pursue. This was due to resource constraints within the 2017 EE Potential Study. More detailed modeling of low income energy efficiency is planned to be included in the next (2019) EE Potential Study, which uses the DAWG for stakeholder engagement and review of the study. The 2019 EE Potential Study would be due in May 2019, and is anticipated to begin in the fall of 2018.

1.14. Annual Public ESA-CARE Meeting

D.12-08-044 ordered the IOUs to convene a minimum of one public meeting per year, within 60 days of their filing of the annual report, and other public meetings as deemed necessary by the IOUs, the Energy Division, the ALJ, or the Commission.

In compliance with D.12-08-044, PG&E and the other IOUs held a public forum in San Francisco, California on June 22, 2017. The IOUs presented an overview of their 2016 ESA and CARE results.

1.15. Multifamily Properties

1.15.1. The IOUs shall conduct and report an annual analysis of the square footage, energy consumption, ESA Program participation, and time since the last retrofit of non-deed restricted multifamily properties with a high percentage of low income tenants.

PG&E did not begin this analysis in 2017. PG&E expects this analysis of non-deed restricted multifamily properties to rely on its Common Area Measure Initiative experience and learnings with deed-restricted properties.

D.17-12-009 also directed the IOUs to report on OBF participation of multifamily properties in their Annual Reports. No multifamily OBF applications were issued or reviewed in 2017.

1.15.2. Describe coordination efforts with the California Advanced Services Fund's new Broadband Public Housing Account.

PG&E did not begin this analysis in 2017. PG&E will explore coordination in 2018 as the Common Area Measure Initiative gets underway. Potential coordination efforts with the California Advanced Services Fund's Broadband Public Housing Account will also be discussed and considered by the Multifamily Working Group in 2018.

1.16. Natural Gas Appliance Testing (NGAT) Performed

The Statewide ESA Policies and Procedures Manual defines when homes should receive an NGAT: "After completion of weatherization that includes infiltration reduction measures, NGAT is performed for all natural gas appliances affecting the living space."

Table 1.16.1 outlines the NGAT tests performed in the ESA Program.

NGAT Tests Performed

Homes Requiring NGAT

51,525

NGAT Performed

43,630

NGAT Not Performed

7,895

NGAT not Performed due to customer refusal or contractor inability to get into the home

Table 1.16.1: NGAT Tests Performed

^{*} While these homes receive infiltration reduction measures, NGAT was not required in 7,576 homes because these homes were all electric or had no gas appliance affecting living space. No remediation was required.

2. California Alternate Rates for Energy (CARE) Program

CARE Program Overview

The CARE program provides a monthly discount on energy bills for qualifying residential single-family households, tenants of sub-metered residential facilities, nonprofit group living facilities, agricultural employee housing facilities and migrant farm worker housing centers throughout PG&E's service area. Since its inception, the CARE program has provided nearly \$8.8 billion in bill discounts to PG&E's qualified customers.

The CARE program was originally referred to as the Low Income Rate Assistance (LIRA) Program, as authorized in D.89-07-062 and D.89-09-044 by the CPUC on November 1, 1989, to provide a 15 percent discount on energy rates to residential households with income at or below 150 percent of the Federal Poverty Guidelines (FPG). The program name was later changed from LIRA to CARE as authorized in D.92-04-024.

In D.01-06-010 and D.02-01-040, the CPUC authorized an increase in CARE eligibility from 150 percent to 175 percent of FPG and the rate discount from 15 percent to 20 percent. The CARE eligibility level was later increased to 200 percent of the FPG in D.05-10-044.

Assembly Bill (AB) 327 (Perea 2013) revised Public Utilities Code Section 739.1. (a) to require that the CARE income eligibility level for one-person households to be based on two-person household guideline levels effective January 1, 2014. AB 327 also established that the CARE electric discount be no less than 30 percent and no greater than 35 percent of revenue.

D.16-11-022, issued on November 21, 2016, adopted the 2017-2020 CARE Program. General Rate Case D.17-05-013 issued on May 18, 2017 approved employee benefit costs for 2017-2019.

D.17-12-009, issued on December 14, 2017, resolved two Petitions for Modification of D.16-11-022 which adopted budgets and program directives for 2017-2020 CARE Program.

D.15-12-047, issued on December 17, 2015, approved the Community Help and Awareness of Natural Gas and Electricity Services (CHANGES) as an ongoing statewide program, effective January 1, 2016. The CHANGES Pilot Program would continue on a month-to-month basis until the ongoing CHANGES program contract, including selection of Community-Based Organizations under the new consultant contract, can commence. D.16-11-022 approved the budget for on-going CHANGES program for 2017-2020, funded from the CARE Program until a long-term Commission funding source can be established through budgetary and/or legislative channels.

2.1. Participant Information

2.1.1. Provide the total number of residential CARE customers, including sub-metered tenants, by month, by energy source, for the reporting period and explain any variances of 5 percent or more in the number of participants.

See CARE-Table 8 – Participants per Month.

During the 2017 program year, no monthly variances of 5 percent or more occurred.

2.1.2. Describe the methodology, sources of data, and key computations used to estimate the utility's CARE penetration rates by energy source.

PG&E and the other California IOUs used the joint utility methodology adopted by the CPUC in D.01-03-028 for developing monthly penetration estimates in 2017. This method entails annual estimation of eligibility for CARE, ESA, and other income-by-household size parameters at the small area (block group, census tract, ZIP+2, etc.) for each IOU territory and for the state as a whole.

The requirements for 2017 eligibility, corresponding to the current estimation, again used the January Health and Human Services (HHS) Poverty Guidelines [Federal Register /Vol. 82, No. 19 /Tuesday, January 31, 2017 /Notices; p.8832], "bundling" one- and two-person households at the HHS-defined 200% FPG limit as required by AB 327.

Sources for the estimation include the current HHS guidelines, current year small area vendor marginal distributions on household characteristics, Census 2010 SF3 data, Census American Community Survey 2011-2015 Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) data, utility meter and master meter household counts, Department of Finance Consumer Price Index series, and various Geographic Information System sources. An important change has been implemented since 2011, which involves adjusting small area (block group) income distributions to match the latest American Community Survey distributions at the Public Use Microdata Area.

Estimates from the block group level are aggregated to county/utility and whole utility level, among other aggregations. Annually, PG&E applies county/utility level eligibility fractions to a new set of "technical eligibility counts" (for CARE these are metered and sub-metered occupied housing units) obtaining an estimate of income/demographic eligibility in household count form.

PG&E counts the number of households (by small area, by county, and overall) that are enrolled in CARE on a monthly basis. The CARE household total, including individually metered and sub-metered occupied housing units, is divided by the total income/demographic eligibility.

In 2009, the method was augmented to better incorporate the impact of labor force changes (unemployment and other forms of job separation, as well as positive changes that are expected to occur in California subsequent to the recession). The method adjusted block group marginal distributions on household income based on sub-state modeling that incorporated Current Population Survey, Integrated Public Use Microdata Survey data, American Community Survey Data, and California Employment Development Department county and Metropolitan Statistical Area level labor force series. This adjustment to block group income marginal is then incorporated into the otherwise "standard" estimation approach to produce small area estimates reflecting small area income changes due to labor market forces.

In 2012, Athens developed an improved method for estimation of payer status-specific eligibility. This method took into consideration American Community Survey microdata relationships between guideline status (above/below 200 percent FPG), tenure, and fuel payment relationships. These cross-classifications are fitted to small area (block group) marginal to produce payer-type specific distributions, which can be aggregated to various other geographical levels.

2.1.2.1. Describe how the estimates of current demographic CARE-eligibility rates, by energy source for the pre-June 1st periods, were derived.

The joint utility methodology, as described above, was used throughout 2017.

2.1.2.2. Describe how the estimates of current CARE-eligible meters were derived. Explain how total residential meters were adjusted to reflect CARE-eligible meters (i.e., master meters that are not sub-metered or other residential meter configurations that do not provide residential service.).

CARE eligibility rates by small and large areas are developed so that they apply to individual residential meters and sub-metered dwelling units only. Non sub metered master meters and other meters that do not provide residential service are not included in the "technical eligibility" meter counts.

2.1.2.3. Discuss how the estimates of current CARE-eligible households were developed.

See PG&E's response above to Section 2.1.2. Note that the methodology is based on estimating small area (block group) level household size by income and householder-age tabulations for the current year and connecting these estimates with small area counts of households that are individually metered or sub metered. Block group/utility-specific estimates are then disaggregated/aggregated to various geographic levels within a given utility area: zip+2, zip, tract, county, territory, etc. Statewide estimates, regardless of utility boundaries, are also provided at small and large area levels.

2.1.2.4. Describe how current CARE customers were counted.

PG&E runs a monthly report of the billing system for all accounts currently enrolled in CARE. This monthly report incorporates all CARE customer information necessary for reporting, including energy source information (electric, gas, or both) and CARE enrollment and recertification dates.

In the case of sub-metered tenants receiving CARE discounts from their master-metered facilities, PG&E runs a separate monthly report to count the number of sub metered dwelling units that are flagged as being enrolled in CARE.

2.1.2.5. Discuss how the elements above were used to derive the utility's CARE participation rates by energy source.

The participation rate by energy source is the total number of participating CARE customers by energy source divided by the estimated eligible CARE population by energy source.

2.1.3. Provide the estimates of current demographic CARE-eligibility rates by energy source at year-end.

Electric-only: 32.3%
Gas-only: 31.8%
Combined electric/gas: 27.9%
Total: 29.5%

2.1.4. Provide the estimates of current CARE-eligible sub-metered tenants of master-meter customers by energy source at year-end.

PG&E estimates that 52,908 electric and 40,178 gas sub metered tenants were eligible for CARE at year-end.

2.1.5. Provide the current CARE sub-metered tenant counts by energy source at year-end.

As of year-end 2017, there were 27,461 electric and 23,770 gas sub-metered tenants enrolled in CARE.

2.1.6. Provide the current CARE sub-metered penetration rates by energy source at year-end.

As of year-end 2017, approximately 52 percent of the estimated CARE eligible sub metered electric tenants and 59 percent of the estimated CARE eligible sub metered gas tenants were enrolled in CARE.

2.1.7. Discuss any problems encountered during the reporting period administering the CARE program for sub-metered tenants and/or master-meter customers.

To make the CARE program available to eligible tenants of sub-metered residential facilities, PG&E mails information packets containing program applications to landlords/managers annually. However, some of these packets are either returned or undelivered due to the high turnover of landlords/managers. This results in lower new enrollments than expected.

Some landlords/managers were concerned that their CARE-enrolled tenants used more energy than the average tenant in the facility. This resulted in the master metered customer having to pass on more of a discount than they received from PG&E. In these cases, PG&E explained to the landlord/manager how the sub metered discount works. If the landlords/managers were not satisfied, PG&E advised the landlords/managers to contact the CPUC or their County's Department of Weights and Measures.

Another problematic issue was the insufficient discount information on the tenant bill from the facility billing agency. For example, the CARE discount might not be shown as a separate line item, making it difficult for the tenant to verify whether they were receiving the discount. When a tenant called PG&E with questions, PG&E confirmed that the tenant was certified for the program and reviewed the bill with the tenant to ensure they were receiving the discount. If it appeared the tenant was not receiving the CARE discount, the tenant was advised to contact their manager or billing agency for further clarification. California Civil Code Section 798.43.1(c) requires that: "The management shall notice the discount on the billing statement of any homeowner or resident who has qualified for the CARE rate schedule as either the itemized amount of the discount or a notation on the statement that the homeowner or resident is receiving the CARE discount on the electric bill, the gas bill, or both the electric and gas bills."

If the tenant did not obtain resolution with their billing agency and/or sub-metered facility manager, PG&E advised the tenant to contact their County's Department of Weights and Measures (DWM). DWM helps tenants with meter reading accuracy/testing, proper meter installation, billing accuracy, and verification of correct rate. If contacting the DWM did not resolve the tenant's billing question, the tenant was advised to file a complaint with the CPUC.

PG&E provides a CARE certification report to landlords/managers at regular intervals. PG&E also requests landlords/managers to contact PG&E when updated information is needed. Nonetheless, some landlords/managers still fail to notify PG&E when a CARE certified tenant moves out of the facility. In order to solve this problem, PG&E provided detail instruction on the certification report cover letter that required the landlords/managers to notify PG&E in writing via email or fax if certified tenants have moved out.

PG&E observed a continued issue related to turnover within Mobile Home Park (MHP) ownership and management. When changes in ownership happened, PG&E worked with the new owners to transfer existing CARE certified tenant data to new accounts, and informed them about the CARE Program and the processes involved. When landlords change managers, they often fail to notify PG&E with new contact information which results in undelivered reports and delayed communications.

Some tenants move from one MHP to another MHP or from a residential house to a MHP and thought their CARE discount would automatically transfer. PG&E had to explain to them that their CARE discount was not transferable, and advised them to fill out a Sub-Meter application to re-apply for the CARE Program. Some new MHP owners or managers did not know how to calculate electricity and gas discounts for their tenants. PG&E's CARE staff provides high-level information regarding the tiered rate structure or refers them to the billing department for more detailed explanations.

Many MHPs have multiple account numbers or have different account numbers for either electric or gas which causes a great deal of confusion to MHP owners, tenants and CARE staff when enrolling and administrating the discount. The owner or the tenant often provides the wrong account number or does not provide all of the applicable account numbers during the enrollment process, resulting in CARE staff mis-certifying or not being able to certify the tenant on all accounts.

2.2. CARE Budget Summary

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|----------|----------|---------|------|---------|---------|----------|
| 2.2.1. F | itast | JIOVIUE | CARE | program | summary | / 60515. |

| CARE Budget Categories | Authorized Budget[1] | Actual Expenses[1] | % of Budget Spent |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| Outreach | \$10,043,108 | \$7,191,150 | 72% |
| Processing, Certification, Recertification | \$1,985,120 | \$1,069,201 | 54% |
| Post Enrollment Verification | \$1,611,838 | \$1,473,161 | 91% |
| IT Programming | \$1,843,221 | \$1,294,602 | 70% |
| Cooling Centers | \$137,447 | \$124,126 | 90% |
| CHANGES Pilot Program | \$532,126 | \$509,420 | 96% |
| Measurement and Evaluation | \$146,902 | \$134,677 | 92% |

| Regulatory Compliance | \$500,235 | \$374,176 | 75% |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|------|
| General Administration | \$1,132,004 | \$873,583 | 77% |
| CPUC Energy Division Staff | \$128,000 | \$124,817 | 98% |
| Total Expenses | \$18,060,001 | \$13,168,911 | 73% |
| Subsidies and Benefits | \$580,353,000 | \$643,538,184 | 111% |
| Total Program Costs and Discounts | \$598,413,001 | \$656,707,096 | 110% |

^[1] Program authorized budget per D.16-11-022, and actual expenses have been updated to include employee benefits costs approved in the GRC D.17-05-013.

2.2.2. Please provide the CARE program penetration rate to date.

| CARE Penetration | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--|
| Participants Enrolled | Eligible Participants | Penetration rate | Target Met?[1] | |
| 1,406,396 | 1,588,016 | 89% | No | |

^[1] PG&E interprets the target to be the 90% CARE penetration goal set in Decision 08-11-031 by the Commission. PG&E is currently on pace to meet this goal by the end of the 2017-2020 budget cycle.

2.2.3. Report the number of customer complaints received (formal or informal, however and wherever received) about their CARE recertification efforts, and the nature of the complaints.

| Month | Complaints Received | Nature of Complaint | Cases Resolved |
|-----------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| January | 0 | n/a | n/a |
| February | 0 | n/a | n/a |
| March | 0 | n/a | n/a |
| April | 0 | n/a | n/a |
| May | 0 | n/a | n/a |
| June | 0 | n/a | n/a |
| July | 0 | n/a | n/a |
| August | 0 | n/a | n/a |
| September | 0 | n/a | n/a |
| October | 0 | n/a | n/a |
| November | 0 | n/a | n/a |
| December | 0 | n/a | n/a |

2.3. CARE Program Costs

2.3.1. Discount Cost

2.3.1.1. State the average monthly CARE discount received, in dollars, per CARE customer by energy source.

Electric: \$37.60

Gas: \$8.53

2.3.1.2. State the annual subsidy (discount) for all CARE customers by energy source.

Electric: \$533,683,875 Gas: \$109,854,309 Total: \$643,538,184

2.3.2. Administrative Cost

2.3.2.1. Show the CARE Residential Program's administrative cost by category.

See CARE-Table 1 – Overall Program Expenses.

2.3.2.2. Explain what is included in each administrative cost category.

Outreach: This cost category includes:

- Marketing and outreach campaigns, such as direct mail, e-mail, telemarketing, AVR, digital media and radio
- Retention outreach
- Printing of bill inserts, applications, advertising and promotional materials, annual notifications to Sub-metered facilities (SB 920), and other CARE Program materials.
- Postage and handling fees
- Purchase and storage of promotional items, other goods and supplies
- CARE toll-free line maintenance and operation
- Capitation fees to Community Outreach Contractors for new CARE enrollments and assistance with the Post Enrollment Verification process, community event costs, community outreach activities and partnerships
- Staff labor related to marketing and outreach
- Other expenses include travel, membership fees, sponsorships, conferences, catering and other outreach-related costs

Processing, Certification and Recertification: This cost category encompasses day-to-day administrative tasks associated with processing CARE applications, including:

- Opening, sorting, scanning, processing, and data entry of CARE applications
- Initiating and responding to customers' inquiries by mail, e-mail or phone regarding Program participation
- Resolving billing issues related to Program enrollment
- Tracking CARE enrollment and recertification statistics in support of operations, management and regulatory
- Training and other related costs

Post Enrollment Verification (PEV): This cost category encompasses day-to-day administrative tasks associated with completing PEV and High Usage verifications, including the following:

- Opening, sorting, scanning, data entry and processing of CARE PEV and High Usage correspondences
- Printing and mailing of PEV and High Usage letters
- Initiating and responding to customers' inquiries by mail, e-mail or phone regarding the PEV and High Usage process
- Resolving billing issues
- Tracking CARE PEV and High Usage statistics in support of operations, management and regulatory support
- Training and other related costs

IT Programming: This category includes:

- Ongoing software enhancements and licensing for PG&E's current technology supporting CARE Program activities
- Routine and non-routine system maintenance
- Automated CARE enrollment internal data exchanges among CARE, ESA, REACH and LIHEAP Programs
- External data exchanges with IOUs, municipalities and water utilities
- Data reporting and analysis
- CARE system enhancement and maintenance
- Online applications enhancement and maintenance
- Website and IVR enhancement and maintenance
- Other IT-related obligations

Cooling Centers: This cost category encompasses day-to-day administrative tasks associated with operating cooling centers, including:

- Direct funding to cooling centers/program administrators
- Printing of bill insert, brochures and other materials
- PG&E's Cooling Centers website and toll-free line maintenance and support
- Staff labor
- Travel expenses and other program management related costs

Pilots: This cost category includes any pilot projects for the program. For 2017, this includes the reimbursement cost for the ongoing CHANGES program and staff labor to support the program.

Measurement & Evaluation: This cost category includes all measurement and evaluation related to the CARE Program, including contract expenses for the annual study of CARE customer eligibility estimates and other studies where appropriate.

Regulatory Compliance: This category includes costs for staff labor and travel expenses associated with preparing regulatory filings, including:

- Program applications
- Advice letters
- Tariff revisions, comments and reply comments
- Hearings

- Preparation of regulatory compliance reports
- Preparation of data request responses
- Attendance at working group sessions, public input meetings and public workshops
- Travel expenses and other related costs

General Administration: This category includes:

- Program management labor
- Office supplies and equipment
- Envelopes and printing of CARE letters
- Customer research
- Propensity model costs
- Other expenses include training, travel, membership fees, sponsorships, conferences, catering and other administrative-related costs

CPUC Energy Division Staff: This cost category includes funding for Energy Division staff.

2.3.3. Provide the year-end December 31 balance for the CARE balancing account.

At year-end December 31, 2017, the CARE electric balancing account was undercollected and reflects a year-end debit balance of \$23,438,935 while the CARE gas balancing account was over-collected and reflects a year-end credit balance of \$21,905,917.

2.3.4. Describe which cost categories are recorded to the CARE balancing account and which are included in base rates.

D.02-09-021 authorized the recording of all CARE administrative costs as well as the revenue shortfall associated with the CARE discount in the CARE balancing account.

2.3.5. Provide a table showing, by customer class, the CARE surcharge paid, the average bill paid, the percentage of CARE surcharge paid relative to the average bill, the total CARE surcharge collected, and the percentage of total CARE revenues paid.

See CARE-Table 10 – CARE Surcharge & Revenue.

2.4. Outreach

2.4.1. Discuss utility outreach activities and those undertaken by third parties on the utility's behalf.

Acquisition Outreach

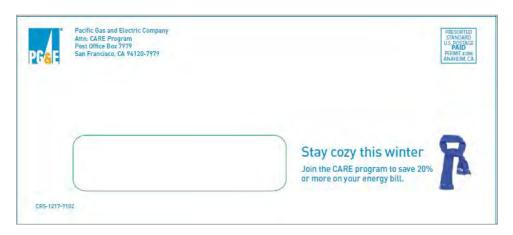
During 2017, PG&E continued use of multi-touch, multi-channel acquisition campaigns targeting customers with a high propensity for eligibility as well as those who had participated in the program but did not recertify. Campaigns included direct mail, email, and digital in both English and Spanish to reduce language barriers. PG&E also ran a TV and radio campaign in Q3, with another radio flight in November and December. The TV

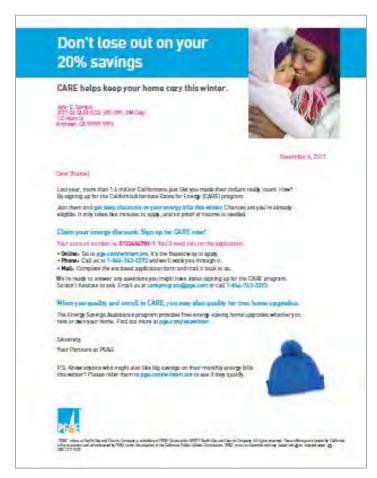
campaign re-used the "New Start" spots launched in 2016, and introduced a new radio script that aligned with the creative strategy for the TV spot.

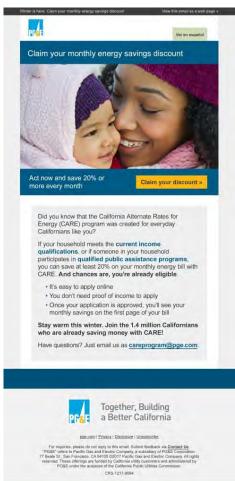
Integration with broader PG&E campaigns were focused on key seasonal periods, with Winter-themed CARE creative deployed in December. The campaign included direct mail, email, Facebook ads, banner ads and bill inserts with Winter messaging and imagery.

With the devastating wildfires that impacted Northern California in October, PG&E paused acquisition campaigns going to affected areas. Suppressions were applied to remove customers with homes in impacted counties were from campaigns starting in mid-October, through the end of 2017.

Sample Creative:













Response rates for direct mail and email campaigns remained consistent with 2016 results. Direct mail average response rates were approximately 14%, and email was 3%. Quarterly direct mail and email campaigns delivered a total of 44,557 enrollments in 2017.

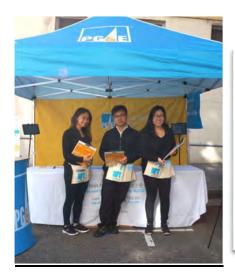
Testing of the SMS/text response channel continued in 2017 with a text response option offered in email and radio. Customers responding via text were offered the opportunity to opt-in to answer the enrollment questions in a simple stream of questions. Text response was rolled-out in all English acquisition emails in Q2, and in Q4 PG&E launched a Spanish text question stream for customers responding to Spanish language emails. The SMS/text option has shown positive results, with over 1,000 enrollments completed via text in 2017.

The CARE digital campaign remains an important part of the media mix, driving a significant number of enrollments for the program. PG&E executed an "always-on" digital strategy, ensuring CARE program visibility and top-of-funnel engagement with customers year-round.

In addition, the CARE/FERA insert and application was included in customers' monthly bill package six times throughout the year, targeting residential customers who are not currently participating in CARE. The digital campaign, and bill inserts, each delivered over 19k enrollments throughout the year.

PG&E hosted several outreach activation booths during the month of January and February at Chinese Lunar New Year events and local grocery locations that serve the Chinese community. Representatives focused on promotion of PG&E's low income programs, offering help to customers in-language with questions and on-site enrollment. Radio promotions on Chinese stations aired prior to events to drive awareness and foot traffic.

Lunar New Year Booth photos:







PG&E also continued the CARE new mover program delivered via Allconnect through September 2017. Allconnect is a third-party service provider that offers assistance to those who would like help setting up cable, internet and satellite serves when moving to a new home or apartment. During this process, the representative asks a series of questions, and will offer to send the customer information to enroll in CARE if qualified. Over 4k customers were enrolled in CARE through the new mover program.

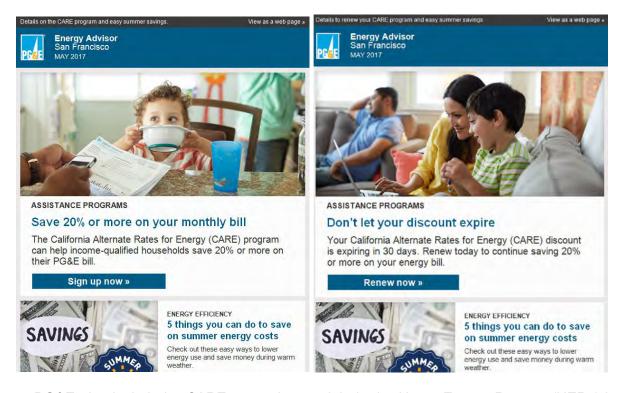
In August, PG&E's Product Development division selected a new vendor to manage the overall mover services program, requiring a transition of the CARE campaign from Allconnect, to a new vendor. The campaign was paused in Q4 to develop a new agreement with the selected vendor, and is expected to re-launch in 2018.

In 2017, PG&E continued its monthly digital newsletter targeting customers with a high propensity for eligibility in the CARE and ESA Programs. The CARE program was highlighted in the May digital newsletters, with content tailored based on whether the

customer was CARE-eligible or up for recertification. In the other months, the digital newsletter provides energy savings tools and tips to help customers better manage their energy usage. The newsletter continued to see strong open rates in the low-to-high 20% and good click-through rates ranging from 1.6-6% depending on the topic.

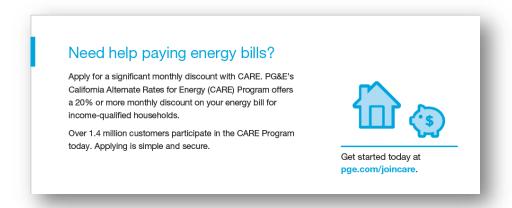
CARE-eligible version





PG&E also included a CARE promotion module in the Home Energy Reports (HERs) in the April and May print and electronic versions. HERs were sent to customers deemed eligible for the CARE program according to the probability model, and to customers currently receiving the HER.

Sample Home Energy Report creative:



Throughout 2017, PG&E leveraged pge.com to engage with customers, highlighting information about programs tips and tools to support their energy management journey. During the Summer and Winter seasonal campaigns, the CARE landing page included a call out with a link to a landing page with energy saving tips and tools. Several times

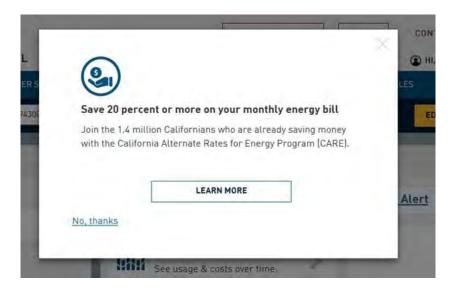
throughout the year, the CARE program was featured as a module on the pge.com homepage.

In December, PG&E launched the Your Account CARE interstitial. Customers with a CARE-eligibility flag, who have not enrolled in CARE, now see a pop-up window when they log into Your Account that encourages them to learn more about the program. The interstitials rotate between several messages, so the customer will not see the CARE message each time they log-in.

Sample CARE landing page callout:



CARE interstitial:



Broadcast Media Testing

In July 2017, the CARE outreach marketing team launched a campaign to test the impact of TV and radio on enrollment volume. The goal was to determine if TV and radio "lift" the overall response to other channels.

The test was structured to look at the impact of TV and radio separately, and then how they perform when combined. Designated market areas (DMAs) were selected for the campaign including San Francisco, Sacramento, and Fresno. Versions of the TV spots in English, Spanish and Chinese were aired in San Francisco and Fresno; radio spots in English and Spanish aired in Sacramento and Fresno.

The test ran from July – September, which coincided with significant marketing activity around the summer months. Post-campaign analysis showed that all markets that included TV, radio, or TV and radio, saw a lift in overall web traffic and enrollment volume. However, it was difficult to isolate the impact of the broadcast media from the influence of the Summer campaign activity. Additional testing is planned for 2018 to continue to measure the impact of TV and radio media.

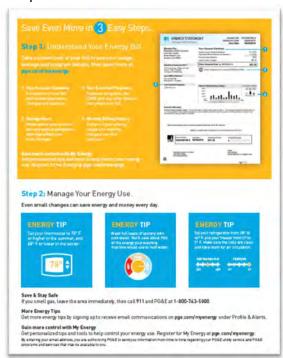
Retention Campaigns

Welcome Kit

In 2017, the PG&E outreach team continued the Welcome Kit communications to newly enrolled CARE customers. The Welcome Kit is designed to welcome customers into the CARE Program and provide them with a record of their CARE discount expiration date. In addition, the Welcome Kit highlights the significant savings that customers will see on their energy bills, helps customers understand how to read their energy bills and manage energy usage, learn about other energy savings tips, tools and programs, as well as inform them about important requirements for staying on the program. The Welcome Kit is sent monthly to new customers via mail or email.

In 2017, the email version of the CARE Welcome Kit saw improvement in key metrics, generating a 42% unique open rate (vs. 35% in 2016) and a 13% unique click-thru rate (vs. 11% in 2016).

Sample Welcome Kit creative:





Auto-Recertify

In 2017, PG&E continued its ongoing monthly automatic recertification efforts for customers who were approaching their two-year program expiration and had been identified as most likely eligible according to the CARE probability model. Analysis of customers randomly selected for PEV shows that, on average, less than five percent of customers in deciles 1-2 of the model are proven to be ineligible.

PG&E sends direct mail and email to notify these customers of their automatic recertification and provides the opportunity to opt-out if they no longer qualify. The autorecertification initiative helps reduce outreach and operational costs since these customers no longer need to receive separate recertification notices and go through the process of recertification. The auto-recertify email metrics were on par with 2016 results, with overall 30% unique open rate with a 2% unique click-thru rate.

Sample auto-recertify creative:



Recertification

For customers outside of deciles 1-2 and not automatically recertified through PG&E's auto-enroll initiative, PG&E sends notifications 120 days before customers' discount expires. This includes a direct mail package with a mail-in application and automated voice messages for those with landlines. To decrease the number of customers who fail to recertify, the PG&E outreach team sends additional email communications to complement the existing recertification process. Based on previous learnings, the PG&E outreach team learned that customers enroll at a higher rate when they receive multi-touch and multi-channel marketing communications. Recertification reminder emails were deployed to go out at 120-days, 90-days, 60-days, and 30-days prior to the customer's expiration date.

The recertification emails generated a 38% unique open rate and a 22% unique click-thru rate. The inclusion of the email reminders to the existing recertification process helps to maintain the failed to recertify rate at 16%.

Sample recertification creative:



Earned Media

As with other marketing channels, the PG&E communications team continued to garner exposure for low-income programs via participation in media interviews. PG&E aired segments across a variety of outlets to raise awareness for the CARE and ESA programs, and looked to target Spanish- and Chinese-speaking audiences in Fresno, Modesto, Sacramento and the San Francisco Bay Area.

Additionally, PG&E participated in television, radio and print interviews to promote the CARE and ESA Programs. Sample media outlets include:

- KFTV Univision 21 daily morning show called Arriba Valle Central or Wake up Central Valley, which serves the Hispanic population in and around the Central Valley
- KXVS 92.1 FM "The Voice of Stockton" is a non-profit community radio station.
 Sabor Latino a bilingual community program hosted by long time host Betty Ramirez airs Tuesdays.
- KSFO-FM Servicio a la Communidad, Univision Radio, which serves the Hispanic population in the Fresno, Madera, Merced, Visalia, Tulare and King counties
- KCSO Telemundo 33 Delivers news and information for Spanish Speaking viewers in Sacramento, Stockton, Modesto and throughout the Central Valley region.
- KFSO La Preciosa Servicio a la Comunidad public affairs show airs twice on Sundays, with coverage in Stanislaus, Merced, Madera, Fresno, Tulare and Kings
- Radio Bilingue with coverage in Fresno, Modesto, Stockton, Bakersfield, Calexico, El Centro, Mendocino, Paso Robles counties
- KVTO-Sing Tao Radio, which offers programs in both Mandarin and Cantonese serving the Chinese population in the Bay Area
- KTSF-TV has been serving the San Francisco Bay Area Asian community since 1976. It is the only U.S. television station to broadcast nightly, live news programming in Cantonese and Mandarin.
- KFSN News for Chinese radio is the only Chinese media in Northern California
 to have three separate print editions for the Peninsula, South Bay and East Bay
 Regions. 24-hour Mandarin Chinese radio station in the Bay Area. It covers SF,
 Alameda, Santa Clara, San Mateo, and other counties in the Bay Area.
- China Press, World Journal and Tsing Tao Daily, which serves the Chinese population throughout the Bay Area
- KCNS-Sino TV is a television station in South San Francisco that serves the San Francisco - Oakland - San Jose DMA. It is a full service television station, broadcasting on local digital UHF channel 39 and virtual channel 38. KCNS-Sino TV is operated by Multicultural Television, the largest Asian American owned media group in the U.S.

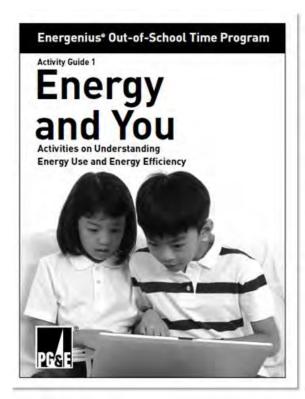
Community Engagement Outreach and Initiatives

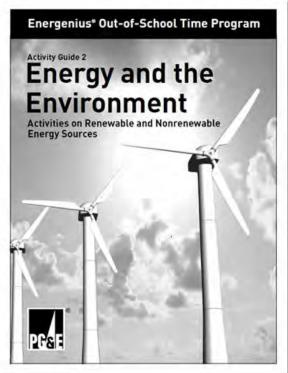
Out-of School Time (OST)

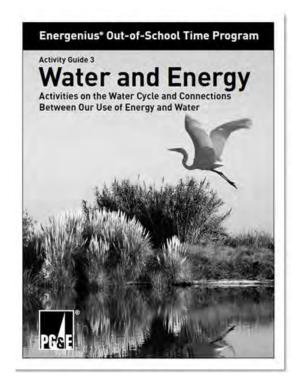
In 2017, the Community Engagement team continued its partnership with the California School Age Consortium (CalSAC) to promote PG&E's Energenius® curriculum to out-of-school time (OST) field staff. The OST field staff CalSAC serves encompasses afterschool, school-age child care, school-based programs, summer learning, parks and recreation, YMCA's, Boys and Girls Clubs, private programs, licensed family home care, and community based organizations. Not only do these programs provide safe places for children, they also help working families and employ members of the community. These programs also provide meaningful first time jobs and career pathways to teaching and other youth serving professions. In order to expand on these afterschool programs in hard-to-reach communities, PG&E and CalSAC collaborated to market the new Energenius® OST program in an effort to raise awareness about environmental stewardship and to increase access to PG&E services, like CARE and ESA, for low-income families.

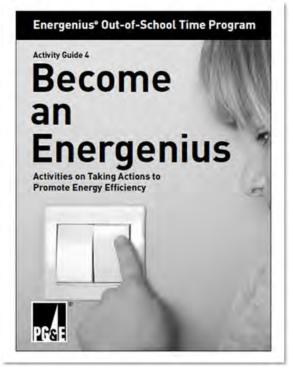
Together with CalSAC, PG&E marketed four training modules and four activity guides for the following topics: Energy and You, Energy and the Environment, Water and Energy,

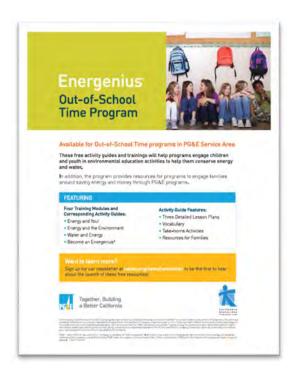
and Become an Energenius. These guides featured activities for afterschool educators and service providers to engage children and families in energy saving practices at school and at home. They were written in a way to engage youth and families through "take home" activities and challenges.











Outreach Method CalSAC actively promoted the Energenius® OST materials to its longstanding, statewide Trainer Network, which were primed for intensive professional development opportunities. Furthermore, in order to reach the highest volume of OST service providers, CalSAC partnered with Afterschool Regional Leads with County of Offices Education. The integral outreach for Community Engagement centered on alignment of OST needs:

- Environmental STEM curriculum
- Alignment to Common Core
- Family Engagement and free resources

Once PG&E and CalSAC implemented the strategy, the outreach channels included the following:

- Conferences:
 - Presented at the BOOST Conference, largest gathering of OST professionals in the state April 19-21
 - Designed and facilitated a workshop around a vision for family engagement to ensure programs were centered at the heart of their strategy and families were provided relevant and timely resources.
 - 24 participants attended the workshop and received PG&E resources.
 - Presented at Region 5 RevUp Conference, the regional conference for Santa Clara, Monterey, Santa Cruz and San Benito Counties – Sept 9
 - Designed and facilitated a workshop around a vision for family engagement to ensure programs were centered at the heart of their strategy and families were provided relevant and timely resources.
 - 49 participants attended the workshop and received PG&E resources.
- Presentations:

- Tribes State and Federal Childcare Development Fund Quarterly Roundtable – July 27th
 - Connected with Tribal communities who implemented school-age care programs throughout California.
 - Enrolled a Tribal community in the family engagement project and went on to serve two of their sites with on-site training.

Communications:

- eCommunications:
 - CalSAC Monthly eNewsletter Jan Dec
 - Announcement of eLearning Modules Jan 12
 - California Afterschool Network monthly eNewsletter
- Deployment of On-site Training
 - 14 agencies serving 22 sites requested and completed 53 on-site training modules. Each agency hosted one training across their multiple sites. 111 hours of training was delivered in total.
 - Approximately 453 training participants attended (based on the number of activity guides requested)
 - o 225 family resource packets shared with agencies.
 - The organizations that participated in the trainings were from Regions, 1, 3, 4 and 6.



Region 1 Humboldt: Humboldt, Sonoma

Region 2 Butte: Glenn, Lassen, Modoc, Plumas, Shasta, Siskiyou, Tehama, Trinity

Region 3 Sacramento: Placer, Nevada, Colusa, Alpine, El Dorado, Sierra, Sutter, Yolo, Yuba

Region 4 Alameda: Contra Costa/San Francisco/Napa/San Mateo/Marin/Solano)

Region 5 Santa Clara: Santa Cruz, Monterey, San Benito

Region 6 Stanislaus: San Joaquin, Amador, Calaveras, Tuolumne

Region 7 Fresno: Kings, Madera, Mariposa, Merced, Tulare

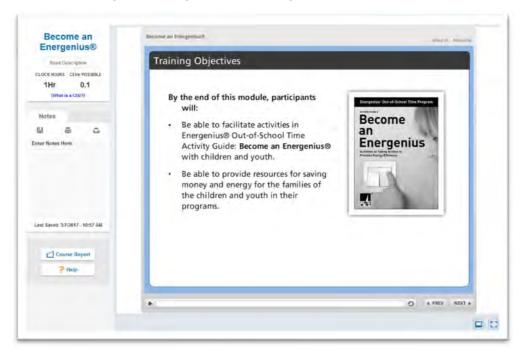
In addition to supporting a robust network of afterschool service providers, PG&E and CalSAC also developed a strategy to outreach to low-income families through Family Engagement. The Family Engagement concept centers around PG&E sponsoring events for the afterschool service providers for the purpose of inviting families to learn more about the energy awareness activities and customer assistance programs PG&E offers. Through these events, income-qualified families could specifically learn about CARE eligibility and enrollment. Below is some unsolicited positive feedback received regarding the Family Engagement events.

"Our parents were very eager to learn about resources available through PG&E. Families had the opportunity to stop by stations where student participants of the program guided

them through activities where they learned about energy conservation." – Celia Cisneros, Merced County

"The facilitated think tank provided ideas for preplanning the culminating events to engage families in the project. Site Coordinators will continue to build on the shared ideas with site staff and collaborate with the school day program to move event planning forward. – Beryl Johnson, Nevada County

In an effort to further the accessibility of the Energenius® OST Program, PG&E worked with CalSAC in the fourth quarter of 2016 to make training available through interactive online modules. Starting in January 2017, distance or financial limitations to participating in the trainings was no longer a barrier to accessing the free curriculum. Below is a screenshot from the online module. To learn more, visit: https://calsac.org/e-learning/course-catalog



The overall results on trainings for Energenius® are as follows:

- 72 courses accessed
 - Energy and You! 17
 - Energy and the Environment 16
 - Water and Energy 9
 - Become and Energenius® 30
- 20 courses completed
- 36 individuals representing 36 agencies across 20 counties in California
- 1 individual representing an agency outside of CA

Online

 Activity guidebooks were first made available to download starting in April 2016. In 2017 64 activity guides were downloaded.

Family Engagement

 Over 589 families touched at family engagement events, which were executed in two ways to engage families and expand access to resources:

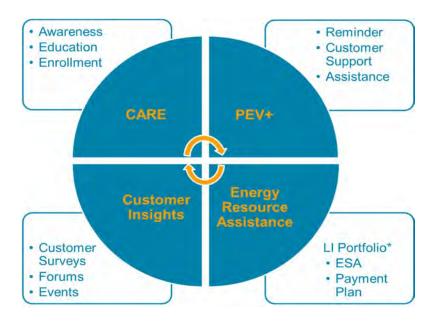
- Family Engagement event only: 2 sites from 2 agencies resulted in 29 families in attendance. Regions 7 and 10.
- Family Engagement Event, On-Site Training and Technical Assistance: 19 sites from 13 agencies resulted in 560 families in attendance. Regions 1, 3, 4 and 6.

CARE Enrollment

• In addition to the energy education, the Energenius OST efforts also helped PG&E enroll 173 customers onto CARE, whereby, 146 resulted as a new enrollment, an 84% new enrollment rate. This high new enrollment rate demonstrates that PG&E is positively penetrating a hard-to-reach community through the education space.

Community Ambassador Pilot

In 2017, PG&E continued the Community Ambassador Pilot Program (CA) that started in 2016. These CA organizations served as PG&E's "point of contact" resource for community engagement efforts and were designed to foster trust and connections through targeted community partnerships. Ambassadors were primarily responsible for educating residential customers about the California Alternate Rates for Energy Program (CARE) and the importance of its post enrollment verification (PEV) process. They provided CARE post-enrollment verification customers with personalized assistance to complete and submit documentation requirements to retain their discount. The graphic below describes how this pilot works in four key areas.



This pilot established a new standard for PG&E community partnerships, Community Ambassadors were equipped to deliver county-based customer support in hard-to-reach communities. They completed a comprehensive program training that included additional capacity building tools such as customer service skills, outreach best practices, and program knowledge on the full breadth of PG&E's Low Income Portfolio of programs and services. Community Ambassadors also supported hard to reach customers by staffing or hosting community events. Most importantly, Community Ambassadors focused on PEV assistance, ensuring customers were able to navigate through the PEV process and

submit the necessary documentation to retain the CARE discount. The pilot started by focusing on geographic areas, by county, that had high customer nonresponse rates to PEV notifications.

PG&E partnered with five nonprofit organizations that serve the following counties that have at least a 35% customer nonresponse rate to the CARE PEV notifications: Alameda, Marin, Monterey, Sacramento, San Benito, San Francisco, San Mateo, Santa Clara, and Santa Cruz.

- Enrolled over 312 new CARE customers in hard-to-reach communities
- Participated in at least 7 community events in diverse neighborhoods
- Delivered CARE PEV Assistance via 5 Community Ambassadors:
 - o Contacted 7,985 customers
 - Generated 2,666 CBO-assisted CARE PEV completions, which maintained CARE customers' discount

Health Outreach Workers Initiative

Vision y Compromiso, a nonprofit organization supporting the Latino community, partnered with PG&E to deliver a culturally and linguistically specific outreach community engagement model that provides community-based health outreach workers with relevant training and support to increase Latino families' awareness of and enrollment in PG&E's low income portfolio of programs (primarily the CARE Program) while also enhancing families' energy education and energy savings. Ten health outreach workers helped PG&E reach out to strategic networks that promoted the penetration of low income programs through education. This outreach effort was focused in Alameda and Yolo counties in 2017. Outreach activities undertaken by this group included Spanish markets, churches, schools, Women Infant Children (WIC) offices and farm fields. Through this effort 23,506 customers were reached, 3,063 CARE applications were submitted, 1,340 ESA applications were received, and 1,345 customers enrolled to receive Spanish-language PG&E statements.

PG&E Customer Service Office Outreach Events

In 2017, PG&E Community Engagement (CE) staff participated in and supported 288 community and local PG&E Customer Service Office (CSO) outreach events to create awareness and provide education about the CARE Program. These outreach events were staffed by Customer Service Representatives (CSRs) helping customers with questions, understanding their accounts, and educating customers about CARE, ESA and assistance programs. CSRs provided information on Medical Baseline, Budget Billing, Large Print Bills, and In-Language Bills to give customers more information on our programs. This outreach effort resulted in over 23,487 customers receiving educational touches, 2,166 CARE applications submitted and processed as new CARE enrollments and 1,733 customers inquiring about Medical Baseline.

PG&E's CE team also partnered with ESA Program contractors to conduct outreach at PG&E community events. With contractors' help, this partnership resulted in making 2,010 customers aware of the ESA program. In addition, the CE Team partnered with ESA to set up ESA-only Lobby Assistance Days twice a month to promote the ESA program at the Customer Service Offices.

The CE Team also partnered with a Lifeline Phone Provider (Assurance) to provide CARE information that promotes the low income LifeLine Program. The Lifeline provider assisted customers at PG&E Local Customer Service Office outreach events throughout PG&E's service area.

2.4.2. Discuss the most effective outreach method, including a discussion of how success is measured.

Similar to 2016, online enrollment was the most effective outreach method in 2017. With 135,932 new online enrollments, this method produced the highest volume of CARE applications, while providing these applicants with an efficient and positive customer experience. With the application available in English, Spanish and Chinese on PG&E's website, customers enrolled using one of two options: completion of a simple form which requires no registration or via "My Energy," which requires user registration. Customers were able to enter the necessary household and income eligibility information, accept the declaration and submit the application electronically. This allowed customers to complete the process at their convenience and from their location of choice. All applications submitted electronically were received and processed quickly. Most 2017 outreach initiatives, including direct mail, email, and digital and print media, drove customers to the CARE website.

2.4.3. Discuss barriers to participation encountered during the reporting period and steps taken to mitigate them.

PG&E continued to leveraging the research conducted and incorporating those key insights into our marketing outreach campaigns. With the ultimate goal of increasing participation of households with a high propensity for eligibility, PG&E dedicated time to gain a deeper understanding of the low-income customer segment and their end-to-end experience with PG&E offerings, through qualitative and quantitative research. Key insights show that customers are generally:

- Overwhelmed by financial troubles and left with little time and energy to apply for help
- Unaware of full program benefits, including the magnitude of the CARE discount, leading them to believe that it may not be worth their effort
- Unclear about program eligibility and recertification criteria
- Suspicious of PG&E's motives for discounting their bill
- Fearful that PG&E will share their information with government agencies, particularly with the Immigration and Naturalization Service
- Discouraged by the formal tone and confused by onerous outreach materials and forms
- Changing political climate adds additional barriers, especially to hard to reach communities

The insights gathered helped PG&E enhances outreach efforts, develop mitigation tactics to enrollment barriers and better serve low income customers through:

- A multi-channel, multi-touch outreach approach that included automated calls, direct mail and email, as well as digital advertising
- Simplified messaging and design; use of iconography and step-by-step, coloraided instructions
- More enticing headers and subject lines, as well as outer envelope messaging
- Clarified qualification criteria, documentation needed and timing; increased urgency to comply
- A more empathetic and friendlier tone
- Mention of simplicity and ease of application, savings potential and confidentiality of the information shared

- Mention of how guickly and where they will see savings on their bill
- Added function to share details with potentially eligible friends and family
- Optimized tracking and measuring mechanisms

Though language did not pose a significant barrier to CARE enrollment in 2017, PG&E recognizes the diversity of customers in its service area and continues to offer CARE materials and services in multiple languages, including English, Spanish, Chinese, Korean, Tagalog, Hmong, Russian and Vietnamese.

A barrier to the health outreach worker CARE initiative conducted by Vision y Compromiso (discussed in Section 2.4.1), was trust. Many people in the Latino community served by Vision y Compromiso have been misled by individuals and companies who use PG&E's name in an unauthorized manner committing fraud. These previous acts contributed to confusion and a lack of trust among customers when the health outreach workers were trying to work with customers to fill out and complete a CARE application. As a result, a longer process of engagement by the health outreach workers to re-educate families about PG&E and their low income portfolio of offerings (including CARE) was needed. Many customers were hesitant to share personal information to individuals who did not show them a PG&E credential. However, the Vision y Compromiso health outreach workers listened to these families, taking it as an opportunity to increase their understanding about customers' experiences in order to improve their assistance to future PG&E customers.

2.4.4. Discuss how CARE customer data and other relevant program information is shared by the utility with other utilities sharing its service territory.

A small geographic location of PG&E's service area is shared with other investor owned or municipal utilities. Due to more stringent information security requirements, PG&E is in the process of updating automatic enrollment agreements with SCG, SCE, and Sacramento Municipal Utility District to exchange listings of enrolled CARE customers that are identified in the shared service areas.

2.4.5. Discuss how CARE customer data and other relevant program information is shared within the utility, for example, between its ESA Program and other appropriate low income programs.

A database of CARE customer contact information is uploaded for weekly distribution to PG&E's ESA Program providers to use for their outreach. Since November 1, 2005, when the ESA and CARE income guidelines were aligned at 200 percent of the Federal Poverty Guidelines, CARE automatically enrolls customers who have participated in the ESA Program.

Since the CARE discount is noted in the customer information system, Customer Service Representatives (CSR) are able to see the CARE status of any customer calling PG&E's contact centers for assistance. This provides important information for CSRs to use when discussing other benefits and services that may be of assistance to the income qualified customer.

CARE features other financial assistance information on its applications. Each CARE application provides a brief description of other assistance programs available as well as contact numbers.

PG&E's CARE program integrated with other PG&E assistance programs to generate enrollments. CARE applications are on display and available to visitors at Cooling Centers. PG&E provides the CHANGES program contractors with training and collateral to help limited English-proficient customers enroll in CARE and other assistance programs. PG&E conducts monthly data exchanges with the ESA Program to automatically enroll eligible customers in CARE. PG&E also runs monthly reports of customers receiving bill payments received through the Department of Community Services and Development's (CSD) Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) and PG&E's Relief for Energy Assistance through Community Help (REACH) programs and automatically enrolled eligible customers in CARE. These efforts resulted in 16,314 new enrollments.

2.4.6. Describe the efforts taken to reach and coordinate the CARE program with other related low income programs to reach eligible customers.

Throughout 2017, PG&E targeted existing CARE customers for outreach related to the ESA Program. Because existing CARE customers were likely to qualify for the ESA Program based on their income level, this was a way to ensure that the customer qualified via income guidelines. Other filters were then applied to determine those customers who would be most eligible for the ESA Program.

Additionally, PG&E leveraged our Integrated Programs Brochure that integrates key low income programs, services and savings tips in a step-by-step, easy-to-understand and succinct manner, which is available in seven languages.

PG&E automatically enrolls customers who receive LIHEAP and REACH assistance onto the CARE Program. Furthermore, for the CARE Automated Phone Calls, PG&E integrates information about the Family Electric Rate Assistance (FERA) and ESA Programs. 12,450 ESA Program participants were enrolled in the CARE Program in 2017.

Additionally, PG&E continues to coordinate CARE, ESA and other low income outreach efforts to provide likely eligible customers with the knowledge and tools to access PG&E's services. Recent examples include an updated brochure that integrates key low income programs, services and savings tips in a step-by-step, easy-to-understand and succinct manner that is available in seven languages. The goal with these and similar efforts moving forward is to help financially challenged customers manage their energy bills in a more holistic and sustainable way.

2.4.7. Describe the process for cross-referral of low income customers between the utility and the California Department of Community Services and Development (CSD). Describe how the utility's CARE customer discount information is provided to CSD for inclusion in its federal funds leveraging application. (Note: These agreements are limited to sharing 1-800 phone numbers with customers and providing CARE benefit information for the federal fiscal year, October 1 of the current year through September 30 of the subsequent year. There are no tracking mechanisms in place to determine how many customers contact the other programs or actually become enrolled in other program(s) as a result of these agreements.)

PG&E has provided assistance by leveraging federal funding through CSD's LIHEAP on an annual basis since 1989. The primary information provided to CSD is a monthly breakdown of the total number of participants (residential and sub metered tenant counts) along with the total dollar amount of discount provided to that portion of the population during that period.

2.4.8. Discuss any recommendations to improve cost-effectiveness, processing of applications, or program delivery. Discuss methods investigated or implemented by the utility or third parties under contract to the utility to improve outreach and enrollment services to non-participating households in the prior year. Provide cost-effectiveness assessments, if available.

To improve the cost-effectiveness of outreach and enrollment services, PG&E focused on:

- Optimizing our targeting strategies with the goal of enrolling truly eligible customers
- Optimizing the multi-touch, multi-channel customer contact strategy with a three-touch strategy
- Using more cost-effective outreach channels, such as automated phone calls and email
- Driving customers to the online enrollment form for quicker processing and lower operational costs
- Testing different messaging and creative versions in market (as opposed to commissioning additional research), identifying quick enhancement opportunities and implementing learnings in real time for optimized results
- Automatically recertifying customers who are most likely qualified and fall within deciles 1-2 of the CARE Probability Model
- Developing more communications 30 days prior to customers falling off the program to improve customer experience and reduce operational and outreach costs

2.5. Processing CARE Applications

2.5.1. Describe the utility's process for recertifying sub-metered tenants of master-meter customers.

D.08-11-031, OP 100 authorized PG&E to change the certification period for sub-metered tenants from one year to two years. PG&E mails the recertification package to sub-metered tenants 90 days prior to their CARE expiration date. A reminder letter is also mailed 30 days prior to their CARE expiration date. Tenants are removed from the CARE rate if they do not respond by their due date.

2.5.2. Describe any contracts the utility has with third parties to conduct certification, recertification and/or verification on the utility's behalf. Describe how these third-party efforts compare to the utility's efforts in comparable customer segments, such as hard-to-reach or under-served. Include comparisons of effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of comparable customer segments, if available.

PG&E contracted with a third-party vendor - Genesys - to conduct automated calls to recertify eligible customers.

PG&E also contracted with a third-party vendor--Kern USA--to: 1) pick up the CARE mail at PG&E facility, 2) open, sort, capturing all data fields on the application, redact sensitive customer information and scan all applications and documents into the EDGEline workflow system (this occurs at Kern facility). Applications and documents uploaded in the EDGEline workload system were then assigned to CARE processors to be reviewed and approved.

2.6. Program Management

2.6.1. Discuss issues and/or events that significantly affected program management in the reporting period and how these were addressed.

The enactment of Assembly Bill (AB) 327 in the Fall of 2013 established that the CARE electric discount be no less than 30 percent and no greater than 35 percent of revenue. Rate changes associated with AB327 began in August 2014 and will continue in phases through 2018. Rate increases are expected to impact CARE customers disproportionately, significantly affecting program management through increased questions and complaints about higher bills. PG&E is addressing this issue through its Residential Rate Reform outreach. The outreach strategies include helping customers to understand the changes that will impact their current rates and that PG&E has programs, tips, and tools available to help, including new Time of Use rate plans. PG&E is working in our communities to communicate changes and available programs through customer service office events, community based organizations, and community engagement. PG&E is encouraging customers to utilize the resources available to them online at pge.com and MyEnergy.

The Mobile Home Park (MHP) Utility Upgrade Program affected program management of sub-metered accounts in a positive way. Started in 2015, the MHP program is a voluntary pilot program that is aimed at replacing existing MHP gas and electric facilities with new direct utility service. Qualified and selected applicants will have their privately owned master meter/sub-metered utility system replaced with new PG&E owned systems that will deliver energy directly to park residents. The program goal is to upgrade 10% of the 381,000 eligible MHP spaces over the next 3 years. This program will provide residents with safer and more reliable services; relieve owners from maintaining an aging system; and provide solutions to the some of the problems the CARE program encountered during 2017 while administering the program for sub-metered tenants and master-meter customers, as reported in Section 2.1.7 above.

The State Controller's Office (SCO), through an Interagency Agreement (No. 15IA5003) with the California Public Utilities Commission (PUC), conducted an audit of PG&E's CARE Program for the period of January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2015. The audit began in June 2016 and concluded in January 2017. PG&E received a draft report in October 2017 and provided response to the draft report in November 2017. PG&E anticipated receiving a final report in 2018.

PG&E filed its ESA and CARE Programs and Budget Application for 2015-2017 program years on November 18, 2014. The Commission issued Decision 16-11-022 on November 21, 2016 approved PG&E's Application and sets forth the parameters for the administration and participation in the CARE Program and ESA Program for Program Year (PY) 2017-2020.

Both the High Usage and Standard CARE Post Enrollment Verification (PEV) Processes continued to affect CARE program management significantly in 2017. These processes and their impacts on program management are discussed below.

As ordered in D.16-11-022, PG&E successfully developed new functions and enhanced existing functions in Your Account that allowed customers to complete their Certification, Recertification and PEV processes online by December 2017. Customers could access, view their information, and complete these processes in Your Account via mobile browser or device.

As ordered in CPUC Resolution M-4833, PG&E has implemented a post-enrollment verification (PEV) freeze in the counties impacted by the California wildfires for Q4 2017. The freeze includes not removing customers who are already in the PEV process, as well as not sending new PEV requests. Per the Resolution, PG&E plans to extend the freeze until November 9, 2018 for customers in areas impacted by the California wildfires.

High Usage Post Enrollment Verification (PEV) Process

PG&E continued the High Usage PEV process in 2017. CARE customers with usage above 400% of baseline in the previously monthly billing cycle were selected to complete the PEV documentation requirements.

Stage 1 – Income Verification and ESA Agreement

- Provide an IRS Tax Return Transcript or Verification of Non-Filing
- Agree to participate in the Energy Savings Assistance Program

Stage 2 – ESA Participation

- Complete participation in the Energy Savings Assistance Program allow contractor and inspector access to all portions of metered property
- Notice to reduce and/or maintain the usage below 600% of baseline within 90 days

Stage 3 – Usage Monitoring / Appeal Process

- Maintain usage below 600% of baseline, or be removed from CARE
- Customers removed from CARE are blocked from re-enrolling for two years
 - Removed customers can file an expedited appeal with PG&E to prove usage is "necessary, basic, and legitimate"

In compliance with D.16-11-022, OP 87, the IOUs have developed a document aligning their CARE High Usage Appeal Processes and will use the same criteria and evaluation of customer appeals going forward. PG&E's High Usage PEV results for 2017 are reported in CARE Table 13.

Standard PEV Process

PG&E implemented its Long Term Model for PEV selection in March 2014 (OP 89). PG&E's 2017 annual PEV rate was nearly six percent (3 percent high usage + 2 percent model + 1 percent random selection), and applied to all enrolled CARE customers (OP 91).

The table below shows a breakdown of the 2017 Standard PEV results by enrollment type (OP 94d-e).

| 2017 PEV Results by Enrollment Type | | | | |
|---|--------|-------------|--|--|
| Status ¹ | Income | Categorical | | |
| Approved | 37.7% | 41.6% | | |
| Over Income | 4.7% | 3.2% | | |
| Request Drop | 1.7% | 1.4% | | |
| No Response | 55.9% | 53.8% | | |
| ¹ Status as of March 31, 2018. | | | | |

PG&E's overall 2017 PEV results are reported in CARE Tables 3A (Model) and 3B (High Usage) (OP 94a-c).

Significant PEV improvements have been gained with the implementation of the CARE Probability Model and high usage requirements. Customers selected for PEV by the model (scores in deciles 9 and 10) are 75 percent more likely than those randomly selected to be verified as ineligible (deemed over income or requested removal from the program) (OP 94f).

The Long Term Model framework, including optimal PEV rate, was proposed in AL 3410-G/4279-E filed on September 3, 2013 (OP 95), and approved by Energy Division effective October 3, 2013. The Long Term Model was implemented in Q1 2014 and remained in effect throughout 2017. The Long Term Model is designed to overlook potential non-responders who look eligible through their PG&E transactions, but are also likely to not respond to the PEV request. This is achieved by an algorithm that looks at the degree to which third-party data overlays are missing, indicating a customer has short tenure and may be more transient and less established. The end result is that the model targets customers for PEV who are likely ineligible and would be denied, regardless of likelihood to respond. The Standard PEV non-response rate of customers selected by the model has decreased as a result of this enhancement.

The CARE subsidy was \$644 million in 2017. This is a 17 percent decrease from the highest annual CARE subsidy of \$776 million in 2011. The high usage requirements and Long Term Model will continue to be instrumental in identifying customers who are likely not qualified, thus reducing the subsidy, while maintaining ease of enrollment for the vast majority of customers who are truly in need of the discount.

Green Tariff Shared Renewables (GTSR) Reporting

D.16-11-022, Ordering Paragraph 126 required "Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company, and San Diego Gas & Electric Company shall make the California Alternate Rates for Energy (CARE) discount available to customers enrolled in the Green Tariff Shared Renewables (GTSR) rate structures, as described in this decision. The utilities shall include in their annual reports the number the number and percentage of customers in the GTSR and Enhanced Community Renewables rate structures and the average total bill discount that CARE Program enrolled GTSR and Enhanced Community Renewables customers receive (in percentage terms) from the CARE Program discount on the distribution portion of their bill. In the event that average bill discounts for CARE Program/GTSR and Enhanced Community Renewables customers are reported to be below the 30% overall CARE Program discount threshold." The similar paragraph on page 338 continues: "this policy may be revisited and utilities may file in its mid-cycle update Advice Letter to apply the CARE discount to CARE-eligible GTSR customers with the goal of a 30% discount threshold."

There were 235 CARE-enrolled customers in PG&E's Solar Choice program as of the end of 2017, representing less than 0.02% of total CARE customers. The Enhanced Community Renewables portion of the GTSR Program does not yet have any active projects, so there are no CARE or other customers enrolled in that program at this time.

The average total bill discount that CARE-enrolled Solar Choice customers received on their bill from the CARE Program discount was 33.9%.

California LifeLine Reporting

D.16-11-022, Ordering Paragraph 88 directed PG&E to: 1) distribute CARE and ESA program marketing material to the California LifeLine administrator or providers, stores and kiosks; 2) assess each California LifeLine service provider's willingness and administrative viability to participate in the CARE Capitation Program and can enroll all willing and qualified vendors, including California LifeLine providers, in the CARE Capitation Program; 3) this directive includes Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing program partners, IRS Volunteer Income Tax Assistance providers and Covered California outreach and enrollment agencies; 4) enrollments driven through these efforts should be tracked (through unique CARE Program and ESA Program URLs, toll-free numbers, or other methods) and reported in the annual CARE Program and ESA Program reports.

These activities did not begin in 2017 while PG&E awaited clarification and resolution of PFM issues. PG&E will begin these activities in 2018.

Statewide Request for Proposal (RFP) concerning Advanced Metering Infrastructure Data

D.16-11-022 issued on November 10, 2016 directed Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company, and San Diego Gas & Electric Company to conduct a statewide Request for Proposal (RFP) concerning Advanced Metering Infrastructure Data by June 1, 2017.

The statewide RFP was not issued in 2017 while PG&E awaited clarification and resolution of PFM issues. Per D.17-12-009 issued on December 14, 2017 that modified D.16-11-022, the due date to conduct a statewide RFP was revised from June 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018.

2.7. Pilots

2.7.1. Community Help and Awareness of Natural Gas and Electricity Services (CHANGES)

The Community Help and Awareness with Natural Gas and Electricity Services (CHANGES) Pilot Program provides funding to community based organizations (CBOs) to assist Limited English Proficient (LEP) customers with energy education and billing issues.

D.12-12-011 approved continued funding of the CHANGES Pilot Program through the CARE Outreach budget until the end of 2014. D.14-08-030 authorized a CHANGES budget until the end of 2016, a 2% increase from the authorized 2014 CHANGES funding level. D.15-12-047, CHANGES established itself as an ongoing statewide program, funded as a reimbursement from the CARE Program until a long-term Commission funding source can be established through budgetary and/or legislative channels. D.16-11-022, issued on November 21, 2016, authorized continued funding for CHANGES program through the 2017-2020 CARE Program budget. Due to the delays in starting the new contract for CHANGES program, the required independent, third-party evaluation study of the ongoing CHANGES program has been extended from June 2017 to June 30, 2018.

The CHANGES Pilot Program maintained reporting procedures for PG&E and other investor-owned utilities to report expenditures, and evaluate individual cases and group workshops/presentations conducted by community based organizations. The reporting requirements were included in CARE Tables 9, 10 and 11 in the monthly filed ESA/CARE reports.

In 2017, the CHANGES program continued to provide outreach, education, and bill issue assistance on natural gas and electricity bills and services to LEP customers in the language of their choice through a statewide network of community-based organizations. The IOUs continued to work with CHANGES implementers to maintain reporting procedures to evaluate individual cases and group workshops/presentations conducted by CBOs in compliance with D.12-12-011 and D.12-08-044. CHANGES data pertaining to program expenditures, one-on-one and group customer assistance sessions is collected from the CBOs and reported in the monthly CARE/ESA report in CARE Tables 9, 10 and 11.

In addition, in 2017, CHANGES CBOs continued to assist LEP customers on a variety of issues, including: helping customers enroll in the CARE and ESA Programs, providing energy efficiency education and bill education, setting up a PG&E account/payment plan, obtaining LI HEAP assistance and help with avoiding service disconnection. While PG&E Customer Service Representatives (CSRs) provide in-language support through its Contact Centers' third party affiliates, the CHANGES Program provided LEP customers with an alternative to getting help with their PG&E billing issues through local, trusted CBOs.

The CPUC's Consumer Service Information Division (CSID) and PG&E have been working together to improve the coordination between CHANGES CBOs and PG&E customer service. In 2014, in coordination with CSID, PG&E modified its customer authorization form (79-1095) to enable a CHANGES CBO representative to speak directly to PG&E CSRs to review a customer's energy bills and set up a payment plan on a

customer's behalf. In 2017, PG&E continued the use of this authorization form. In addition, in 2015, to comply with consumer privacy rules and support CHANGES CBOs and their clients, PG&E updated its Customer Operations policies to allow verbal authorization from a customer to discuss their account information with a CHANGES CBO representative. This verbal authorization is only allowed if the customer is asking a CBO representative to communicate on their behalf with a PG&E representative. The verbal authorization is only good for that one phone call. PG&E continued this verbal authorization in 2017.

In response to CHANGES CBOs and CPUC constructive feedback on the CHANGES Toll Free Line experience, PG&E updated its routing system to connect CHANGES CBOs to PG&E Senior Service Representatives (SSRs). The streamlined approach to connect CHANGES CBOs to trained SSRs helped establish recognition of CHANGES CBO's purpose and be more responsive to customers' time-sensitive energy billing/service needs.

3. CARE Expansion Program

3.1. Participant Information

3.1.1. Provide the total number of residential and/or commercial facilities by month, by energy source for the reporting period.

See CARE-Table 12 – CARE Expansion Program.

3.1.1.1. State the total number of residents (excluding caregivers) for residential facilities, and for commercial facilities, by energy source, at year-end.

There were approximately 104,613 tenants residing within CARE Expansion Program qualified facilities receiving the CARE discount by December 31, 2017. This information is not available by energy source. The resulting numbers were representative of the total number of residents housed in all facilities, both residential and commercial, and for both energy commodities.

3.2. Usage Information

3.2.1. Provide the average monthly usage by energy source per residential facility and per commercial facility.

See CARE-Table 12 – CARE Expansion Program.

3.3. Program Costs

3.3.1. Administrative Cost (Show the CARE Expansion Program's administrative cost by category)

The CARE Expansion program's administrative cost was reported as part of the overall program administrative expenses. See CARE-Table 1 – Overall Program Expenses.

3.3.1.1. Discount Information

Following is the total annual discount, by energy source, for the CARE Expansion Program:

Electric: \$7,104,906 Gas: \$1,248,162 Total: \$8,353,068

3.3.1.2. State the average annual CARE discount received per residential facility by energy source.

Electric: \$561.00 Gas: \$147.60

3.3.1.3. State the average annual CARE discount received per commercial facility by energy source.

Electric: \$6,205.18 Gas: \$1,587.07

3.4. Outreach

3.4.1. Discuss utility outreach activities and those undertaken by third parties on the utility's behalf.

In 2017, PG&E continued to use the CARE Program website as a useful source of information for nonprofit, agricultural, and migrant farm workers. As new program information and income guidelines became available, applications were updated online in formats that allowed for easy download and printing. PG&E did not work with third parties to perform outreach for the CARE Expansion Program.

3.4.2. Discuss each of the following:

3.4.2.1. Discuss the most effective outreach method, including a discussion of how success is measured.

Downloading and printing of the nonprofit group living facility online application has become the most effective outreach method for nonprofit organizations seeking financial assistance. In addition, PG&E is available via telephone or e-mail to address any questions pertaining to their eligibility and account information.

3.4.2.2. Discuss how the CARE facility data and relevant program information is shared by the utility with other utilities sharing service territory.

PG&E does not currently exchange CARE facility data or expansion program information with other utilities in the shared service areas.

3.4.2.3. Discuss barriers to participation encountered in the prior year and steps taken to mitigate these, if feasible, or not, if infeasible.

The certification period for nonprofit group living facilities is two years. At the end of the 2-year period, PG&E mails a recertification packet to the listed primary contact. Due to an organization's frequent personnel changes, current staff is not always aware of the CARE Program or the recertification process. As a result, approximately half of the organizations do not recertify though they still qualify for the discount. To address this barrier, PG&E proactively calls customers to remind them to recertify, answer any questions they might have and guide them through the recertification enrollment process.

For the agricultural employee housing facilities, the barriers are the lack of understanding the CARE Program criteria and the perception of inconvenient paperwork. Some of the barriers included facility owners and managers who are unsure about the type of permit requirements; some believe their facility would not qualify because the company was a business, or the tenants do not pay for utilities and/or tenants do not live in the housing

facility year round. PG&E overcame these barriers by working one-on-one with the facility owners and managers to ensure they were successfully enrolled.

Some managers were confused by the change of eligibility criteria: the total gross income for all residents and or household s occupying the facility at any given time must meet the current CARE income eligibility guidelines. Previously, each household income occupying the facility at any given time had to meet the current CARE income eligibility guidelines.

PG&E continued to receive phone calls asking for clarification about the definition of a Satellite Facility. PG&E also received calls asking for clarification about the requirement whether non-profit facilities such as homeless shelters, hospices, and women's shelters must be open for operation with at least six beds or six occupants for a minimum of 180 days and/or nights per year at each facility's service address. Based on customers' ongoing feedbacks, PG&E revised its Non-Profit application to provide more clarification on requirements and worked with facility owners and managers to answer each of their questions.

3.4.3. Discuss any recommendations to improve the cost-effectiveness, processing of applications, or program delivery. Discuss methods investigated or implemented by the utility or third parties on the utility's behalf to improve outreach and enrollment services to non-participating facilities in the prior year. Provide cost-effectiveness assessments, if available.

PG&E continued to reach out to agricultural facilities and implemented a targeted approach to those facilities not currently enrolled in the CARE Program. Additionally, the CARE application is available online for interested organizations to apply which reduced printing and mailing costs.

3.5. Program Management

3.5.1. Discuss issues and/or events that significantly affected program management in the reporting period and how these were addressed.

PG&E did not encounter any issues and/or events that significantly affected the CARE expansion program management in 2017.

4. Fund Shifting

4.1.1. Report ESA Program fund shifting activity that falls within rules laid out in Section 6.2 of D.12-08-044.

The ESA total program expenses in 2017 did not exceed the total authorized budget. In compliance with D.12-08-044 (wherein the "Utilities are permitted to shift funds from one year to another within the 2012-2014 cycle without prior approval") and D.17-12-009, PG&E fund shifted among energy efficiency subcategories to cover the overspend in the HVAC-electric, Appliance-electric, and Implementation-electric subcategories totaling \$3.814,992.

PG&E also carried over \$5,159 from 2016 in the "CPUC Energy Division" subcategory to cover an overspend due to \$6,035.84 of invoices for PY2016 being recorded in 2017; these invoices were received in June 2017 after the PY2016 annual report was filed. An advice letter to shift these funds from 2016 to 2017 will be filed.

ESA-Table 12 shows:

- the fund-shift from Lighting-electric to HVAC-electric, to cover the overspend of \$2,164,799
- the fund-shift from Lighting-electric to Appliance-electric, to cover the overspend of \$1,320,704
- the fund-shift from Lighting-electric to Implementation-electric, to cover the overspend of \$329,490
- the carry forward of \$2,683-electric and \$2,476-gas (total of \$5,159) from 2016 CPUC Energy Division to cover the overspend in 2017 CPUC Energy Division

4.1.2. Report CARE fund shifting activity that falls within rules laid out in Section 6.2 of D.12-08-044.

D.12 08 04, OP 135(c) of 4, authorized CARE fund shifting between categories in the same manner as the 2009-2011 budget cycle. PG&E did not fund shifting between budget categories in 2017 as the total CARE administrative expenses did not exceed the overall authorized budget.

4.1.3. Was there any ESA Program or CARE fund shifting activity that occurred that falls OUTSIDE the rules laid out in Section 6.2 of D.12-08-044?

There was no ESA or CARE Program fund shifting activity that occurred in 2017 that fell outside of the fund shifting guidelines in D.12-08-044, as updated in D.16-11-022 and D.17-12-009.

5. Commonly Used Acronyms

CARE California Alternate Rates for Energy

CBO Community-Based Organization

CFL Compact Fluorescent Lamp

CPUC California Public Utilities Commission

CSI California Solar Initiative

D. Decision

CEESP California Energy Efficiency Strategic Plan

CSD California Department of Community Services &

Development

DDTP Deaf and Disabled Telecommunications Program

DRP Demand Response Program
DSM Demand Side Management

EE Energy Efficiency

ESA Energy Savings Assistance

FERA Family Electric Rate Assistance

HEAT Home Energy Assistance Tracking

IHD In Home Display

IOU Investor-Owned Utility

kW Kilowatt

kWh Kilowatt Hour

LIEE Low Income Energy Efficiency

LIHEAP Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program

LIWP Low Income Weatherization Program

MID Modesto Irrigation District

MIDI Moderate Income Direct Install
MOU Memorandum of Understanding

MUP Multifamily Upgrade Program

mW Megawatt

mWh Megawatt Hour

NGAT Natural Gas Appliance Testing

OP Ordering Paragraph

OBF On-Bill Financing

PCT Programmable Communicating Thermostat

PEV Post Enrollment Verification

PFM Petition for Modification

PG&E Pacific Gas & Electric Company

ESA Program and CARE 2017 Annual Report - Pacific Gas and Electric Company

PPP Public Purpose Program

PY Program Year

RFP Request for Proposals

SCE Southern California Edison

SDG&E San Diego Gas & Electric Company SoCalGas Southern California Gas Company

SSI Supplemental Security Income
SSD Supplemental Security Disability

SSP Social Security Pension

TDD Telecommunications Device for the Deaf

TID Turlock Irrigation District
TRC Total Resource Cost Test

UC Utility Costs

WFTP Willingness and Feasibility To Participate

ESA Program and CARE 2017 Annual Report - Pacific Gas and Electric Company Appendix A: 2017 ESA and CARE Program Compliance and Activities 6.

| | | 2017 E | SA-CARE P | rogram Activities and Compliance | |
|-----|--|--------------|--------------|--|-----------|
| | | CPUC | Directive | | Complete |
| No | ESA-CARE Activity | Directive | Reference | Action Required 20. San Diego Gas & Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company and Pacific | Date |
| | PG&E added Tier 2 Smart Power Strips in 2017 | | | Gas and Electric Company shall add the Smart Strip Tier 2 measure to replace the older | |
| 1 | to replto supplement Tier 1 Smart Strips. | D.16-11-022 | OP 20 | version of Smart Strips currently offered. | 1/3/2017 |
| | | | | 56. The Energy Savings Assistance (ESA) Program Cost Effectiveness Working Group | |
| | | | | (ESACET Working Group) shall submit a proposed schedule and work plan to the low | |
| | | | | income proceeding service list no later than 60 days after the date this Decision is approved. This plan will identify interim milestones and deadlines for the ESACET | |
| | | | | Working Group to finalize recommendations to inform the next program cycle. The final | |
| | | | | recommendations shall identify: (1) Which measures should be included and excluded | |
| | SDG&E submitted a proposed schedule and | | | from the Adjusted ESA Program Cost Effectiveness Test calculation; (2) how to | |
| | workplan on behalf of the Cost Effectiveness | | | appropriately allocate administrative costs and non energy benefits across program | |
| 2 | Working Group to the low income proceeding service list on 1/11/2017. | D.16-11-022 | OP 56 | measures; and (3) to the extent available, how revised non energy benefits values should be incorporated into the Adjusted ESA Program Cost Effectiveness Test. | 1/11/2017 |
| | 361 VICE 1131 011 1/ 11/ 2017 . | D.10-11-022 | 01 30 | be incorporated into the Adjusted ESA Program Cost Effectiveness rest. | 1/11/2017 |
| | | | | 147. Marin Clean Energy's LIFT Proposal pilot is approved, in part. The total budget | |
| | | | | authorized for the pilot is \$3.5 million. The pilot is for 2 years and D.16-11-022 authorizes | |
| | | | | an annualized payment; \$1,750,000 by Jan 15, 2017 and 2018. To implement the pilot, | |
| | | | | Marin Clean Energy shall file an Advice Letter with the Commission's Energy Division | |
| | PG&E transferred the first of 2 annual | | | regarding metrics for program tracking. Pacific Gas and Electric Company shall transfer MCE's annualized ESA Program budget by January 15 of each year. Marin Clean Energy | |
| ł | \$1,750,000 payments to MCE for its LIFT Pilot | | | may seek additional funding for future program years after the completion of its pilot via | |
| 3 | by January 15, 2017. | D.16-11-022 | OP 147 | a Petition for Modification (if it is within this program cycle). | 1/13/2017 |
| | | | | 16. Pacific Gas and Electric Company (PG&E) and San Diego Gas & Electric Company | |
| | PG&E updated HE Furnace measure | | | (SDG&E) shall re run the measure Total Resource Cost cost effectiveness test using the | |
| | assumptions based on SCG's HE Furnace energy savings and unit costs, and used these | | | 65% Annual Fuel Utilization Efficiency baseline, as used by Southern California Gas Company and Southern California Edison Company to determine if the High Efficiency | |
| | values to revise the 2015-2017 ESA Program | | | furnace proves more cost effective as compared to the existing Forced Air Unit furnace | |
| | Application TRC model, i.e. using 2015-2017 | | | currently offered. The results of these calculations, along with supporting | |
| | ESA Program budgets and measures | | | documentation, shall be sent to the service list within 60 days of this Decision. If the | |
| | assumptions. PG&E updated our 2017-2020 | | | score is higher than the lower efficiency furnaces that the Energy Savings Assistance | |
| | ESA Program budgets and measures based on | | | (ESA) Program currently provides, PG&E and SDG&E must provide this measure instead | |
| | D.16-11-022 directives. These D.16-11-022 ESA Program budgets were filed in our | | | of the standard furnaces. If it is determined that the measure is cost effective, PG&E and SDG&E must propose to add this measure mid-cycle, along with cost effectiveness | |
| | Conforming Advice Letter on April 3, 2017. | | | documentation and a budget proposal, via the mid-cycle update Advice Letter. The | |
| | The HE Furnace analysis using the 2017-2020 | | | Commission expects that any collections that might ordinarily be required for any | |
| | ESA Program budgets was updated at that | | | additional funding will be mitigated or rendered unnecessary through the application of | |
| 4 | time. | D.16-11-022 | OP 16 | unspent 2009 2015 ESA Program funds. | 1/20/2017 |
| | | | | Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison, Southern California Gas Company, and San Diego Gas & Electric Company shall include the Community Help and | |
| | | | | Awareness of Natural Gas and Electricity Services bill issue assistance and education | |
| | PG&E included CHANGES reporting in its | | | workshop materials and attendance statistics in their monthly CARE reports until long- | |
| 5 | Monthly Reports in 2017. | D.15-12-047 | OP 28 | term funding is established from the Commission's budget. | 1/23/2017 |
| | | | | 129. The California Alternate Rates for Energy Program Administrative Budget funding | |
| | DC9 Endingted its budget and included it in | | | the Community Help and Awareness of Natural Gas and Electricity Services ongoing | |
| | PG&E adjusted its budget and included it in CARE Table 1 starting with the January 2017 | | | program is adjusted from \$61,200 per month to \$145,834 per month, with the following contribution from each of the large Investor Owned Utilities: a) Pacific Gas and Electric | |
| 6 | Monthly Report. | D.16-11-022 | OP 129 | Company, 30%; | 1/30/2017 |
| | True-up between bridge funding and the final | | | PG&E shall address any under-/over-collection that results from authorized program | · · · |
| | Decision for this proceeding was handled | | | spending level increases or decreases as a result of a final decision in Application A.14-11- | |
| 7 | through the 2018 AET/AGT advice filing | D 16 00 010 | ODE | 010 and in each of the IOUs' gas PPPSurcharge, electric PPP mechanisms, and/or | 2/4/2047 |
| 7 | process. Applicable balancing accounts for the ESA | D.16-06-018 | OP6 | currently authorized ratemaking procedures. | 2/1/2017 |
| | Program are the PPPLIBA, PPPRAM and PPP- | | | | |
| | LIEE. For the CARE Program they are CAREA | | | | |
| | and PPP-CARE. This will be addressed in the | | | PG&E shall continue to track, in the existing memorandum accounts (specify the | |
| _ ا | RAD for the new Decision D.16-11-022 that | | | accounts) the difference between the revenue requirement adopted in this decision and | 0/4/ |
| 8 | will be done for the 2017 January close. | D.16-06-018 | OP7 | that requested in their pending applications commencing on July 1, 2016. Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company, San Diego Gas & | 2/1/2017 |
| | The new authorized budget with the | | | Electric Company and Southern California Gas Company (IOUs) shall address any under- | |
| | authorized interim budget was trued-up in | | | /over-collection that results from authorized program spending level increases or | |
| | accordance with PG&E's cost recovery | | | decreases as a result of a final decision in Applications (A.) 14-11-007, A.14-11-009, A.14- | |
| | mechanisms as outlined in A.14-11-010. RAD | | | 11-010, and A.14-11-011 in each of the IOUs' gas Public Purpose Program Surcharge, | |
| _ | to be done in Jan 2017 for D.16-11-002 as the | D 45 42 22 1 | ODC | electric Public Purpose Program mechanisms, and/or currently authorized ratemaking | 2/4/2047 |
| 9 | new budget is authorized beginning Jan 1st. | D.15-12-024 | OP6 | procedures. File the annual estimate of customers eligible for the CARE program by February 12th | 2/1/2017 |
| | The IOU's annual estimate of customers | | Email Ruling | each year; this annual filing was not included in D.16-11-022, so was requested in the | |
| | eligible for the CARE program was filed by | | dated | Motion for Extension on 12/9/16. ALJ granted the joint motion by email Ruling on | |
| 10 | PG&E on February 10, 2017. | D.16-11-022 | 12/21/2016 | December 21, 2016. | 2/10/2017 |
| | | | | 28. Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company, San Diego Gas | |
| 11 | DC9 E removed measure i- 04 3047 | D 16 11 022 | OD 20 | & Electric Company, and Southern California Gas Company shall remove the measure | 2/1/2017 |
| 11 | PG&E removed measure caps in Q1 2017. | D.16-11-022 | OP 28 | caps for an individual program measure. | 3/1/2017 |

| | 2017 ESA-CARE Program Activities and Compliance | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|---|--------------------|------------------------|--|----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| No | ESA-CARE Activity | CPUC Directive | Directive Reference | Action Paguirod | Complete | | | | | | |
| No | The IOUs held a public workshop on March 8, | Directive | Keterence | Action Required 39. Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company, San Diego Gas & Electric Company and Southern California Gas Company shall hold a public day long workshop within 120 days of the effective date of this Decision, to present their existing and planned energy education modules. The workshop will also cover new initiatives | Date | | | | | | |
| 12 | 2017, to present existing and planned energy education modules. | D.16-11-022 | OP 39 | directed in this Decision, including the use of My Energy/My Account and end-use disaggregation reports in delivering energy education. | 3/8/2017 | | | | | | |
| | Funding changes were made in the Conforming AL filed on April 3, 2017. The PFM | | | 0.00 | -,-, | | | | | | |
| 13 | requested various changes that impacted budget reporting. | Ruling 4/7/2016 | | PG&E shall adjust its funding request in its comments on the proposed decision concerning this proceeding or via a Petition for Modification. | 4/3/2017 | | | | | | |
| | PG&E filed its Conforming Advice Letter 3830- | | | 91. Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company, San Diego Gas & Electric Company and Southern California Gas Company shall issue its conforming Advice Letter that outlines a data sharing plan with specific California LifeLine providers who opt in to an agreement to generate bidirectional automatic leads between LifeLine participants and California Alternate Rates for Energy Program and Energy Savings | | | | | | | |
| 14 | G/5043-E on April 3, 2017. | D.16-11-022 | OP91 | Assistance Program participants. | 4/3/2017 | | | | | | |
| | | | | 46. Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company, San Diego Gas & Electric Company and Southern California Gas Company shall file in its conforming Advice Letter an owner or authorized representative affidavit process for buildings located in a PRIZM Code, census tract, or federally recognized tribal reservation or zone where 80% of households are at or below 200% of federal poverty guidelines; a Promise Zone as designated by the federal government, or; the building is registered as low income affordable housing with Energy Savings Assistance (ESA) Program qualified income documentation, that is less than 12 months old, on file. These buildings will be eligible for whole building enrollment without the need for door to door tenant income documentation. The process shall allow for large portfolio owners/operators to simultaneously submit affidavits for many properties in multiple service territories at one time. This self certification affidavit shall also act as Property Owner Waiver form for ESA | | | | | | | |
| 15 | PG&E filed its Conforming Advice Letter 3830- G/5043-E on April 3, 2017. | D.16-11-022 | OP 46 | Program and other Energy Efficiency program installations. This process shall be submitted to the Commission for approval via a Tier 1 advice letter. | 4/3/2017 | | | | | | |
| 16 | PG&E filed its Conforming Advice Letter 3830- G/5043-E on April 3, 2017. | D.16-11-022 | OP 91 | 91. For the ESA Program: Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company, San Diego Gas & Electric Company and Southern California Gas Company shall issue its conforming Advice Letter that outlines a data sharing plan with specific California LifeLine providers who opt in to an agreement to generate bidirectional automatic leads between LifeLine participants and California Alternate Rates for Energy Program and Energy Savings Assistance Program participants. | 4/3/2017 | | | | | | |
| 17 | PG&E filed its Conforming Advice Letter 3830- G/5043-E on April 3, 2017. | D.16-11-022 | Text 37-38 | We direct each utility to file a Tier 2 "conforming Advice Letter" within 60 days of this Decision to conform final program energy savings goals and budgets to the directives herein. The conforming Advice Letter should include program costs for approved measures, penetration goals, cost effectiveness values, and any other updated factors. The conforming Advice Letter should include budget numbers for 2018 2020 based on the 2017 approved budget with up to a 2% upward adjustment for each year after 2017. | 4/3/2017 | | | | | | |
| | PG&E filed its Conforming Advice Letter 3830- | | | LIOB reporting requirements: P.30-40,IOUs shall continue to report on its balances of unspent and underspent funds to both the Commission in its ongoing reports and in its reports to the LIOB. IOUs shall report on factors driving unspent fund balances, steps taken to appropriately deploy funds, and make suggestions to the mid-cycle Wkg Grp about adjustments that would help deploy funds authorized by this Decision. P.54,Order tracking of customers who elect to "opt-in" to a new DR, TOU, or Critical Peak Pricing (CPP) program, and report that information in the IOUs' ESAP annual reports, and in quarterly reports to the LIOB providing ESA updates. P. 194,IOUs shall report quarterly to the LIOB, and annually in their report to the Commission on Multi-Family common area measure participation, program spending, and provide an analysis of treatment results including, but not limited to, energy and water/lenergy nexus savings. P.320, because several proceedings will benefit from the development of these My Energy/My Account upgrades, carefully track their costs, so that these costs can be considered in this and other proceedings' decision making related to cost effectiveness. Otherwise, the CARE and ESA programs will appear more costly than they truly are (given that all costs are allocated to them, but only some of the benefits), and programs in other proceedings will appear less costly than they truly are (because they receive the benefits of these efforts, without being allocated their costs). We therefore direct the IOUs to track the costs of the above efforts in a separate subaccount, to identify all of the programs or initiatives that will be able to benefit from them, and to coordinate with the relevant proceedings so that the relevant costs can be considered in those proceedings' cost effectiveness decision making. These findings should be reported in the CARE ESA Annual Report, to the LIOB, and broken out and delivered to Energy Division as a separate part of the annual report. P.358-359, With budgets adop | | | | | | | |
| 18 | G/5043-E on April 3, 2017. Directives are tracked and reported at LIOb, andin Monthly and Annual Reports. | D.16-11-022 | Text -various | keep pace with the expenditures and to report at least quarterly to the LIOB (in addition to the existing monthly reports to the Commission's ED) and in their annual reports about progress toward achievement of program goals and levels of spending. | 4/3/2017 | | | | | | |

| | | 2017 E | SA-CARE P | rogram Activities and Compliance | |
|----|---|-------------|-----------|---|-----------|
| | | CPUC | Directive | | Complete |
| No | ESA-CARE Activity | Directive | Reference | Action Required 40. Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company, San Diego Gas | Date |
| | The energy education public workshop was | | | & Electric Company and Southern California Gas Company shall prepare a workshop | |
| 40 | held on March 8, 2017. SDG&E sent to Report | D 46 44 022 | 00.40 | report after the workshop ordered in the previous ordering paragraph and serve it to this | 4/44/2047 |
| 19 | to the service list in two emails on 4/4/2017. | D.16-11-022 | OP 40 | proceeding's service list. 126. Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company and San | 4/14/2017 |
| | | | | Diego Gas & Electric Company must continue to coordinate with local entities regarding | |
| | | | | heat triggers in their respective service territories and to ensure that there are plans in | |
| | PG&E coordinated with local entities re | | | place to meet the needs of communities when high temperatures occur either before or | |
| | shoulder season plans and heat triggers. These were emailed to local agencies and | | | after the cooling center season, which generally runs each year from May 15 through October 15. The utilities are directed to include these shoulder season plans in their | |
| 20 | _ | D.16-11-022 | OP 126 | annual reports. | 4/26/2017 |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | 123. Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company, and San Diego Gas & Electric Company must ensure that their websites are updated for future | |
| | | | | cooling center seasons with user friendly information regarding availability of public | |
| | | | | cooling centers in their service territories. The websites should clearly display site names, | |
| | Incremental benefit to existing local | | | locations, and hours of operation. This information should be easily viewable from both | |
| | government cooling center patrons resulting from authorized cooling center funding are | | | desktop computers and mobile devices. E mail blasts, bill inserts, print/radio ads, and specific targeting to medical baseline customers must also be utilized to promote cooling | |
| | documented in PG&E's Annual Cooling Center | | | center awareness and generate program enrollments, along with any other effective | |
| | Program Report for Program Year 2017 filed in | | | marketing and outreach tactics. To the extent possible, all printed materials must be | |
| | December 2017, and described in PG&E's | | | made available in formats accessible to disabled and limited English speaking | |
| 21 | CARE Cooling Center Brochure and PG&E's Integrated Program Brochure. | D.16-11-022 | OP 123 | populations. Educational materials provided in the cooling centers should also include outreach regarding the recently adopted changes to retail rates. | 5/1/2017 |
| | | | | Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison, Southern California Gas | 0, 0, 000 |
| | | | | Company, and San Diego Gas & Electric Company shall continue to be involved in the | |
| | | | | ongoing Community Help and Awareness of Natural Gas and Electricity Services (CHANGES) program, at a minimum, in the following ways: a. The IOUs are directed to | |
| | | | | work with the designated community-based organizations (and if necessary, the prime | |
| | PG&E continued to work with CSID and the | | | contractor and CSID staff designee for the CHANGES program) in resolving consumers' | |
| 22 | designated CBOs | D.15-12-047 | OP 18a | energy-related issues. | 5/1/2017 |
| | The cooling center website was updated with | | | | |
| | a pdf list of cooling centers and hours of | | | | |
| | operation. Cooling center brochures were | | | | |
| | mailed to each cooling center which will be | | | | |
| | displayed at their locations and cooling tips. PG&E integrated brochures, and CARE | | | 125. Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company and San | |
| | applications were mailed June 15 to the | | | Diego Gas & Electric Company must include all cooling centers in their online maps, | |
| 23 | centers with updated income guidelines . | D.16-11-022 | OP 125 | including those centers funded from non ratepayer funds. | 5/5/2017 |
| | | | | 35. Pacific Gas and Electric Company's shall host a Marketing and Outreach workshop, as described in this decision. At this workshop, the four large utilities (Pacific Gas and | |
| | PG&E hosted a ESA/CARE Joint IOU Marketing | | | Electric Company, San Diego Gas & Electric Company, Southern California Edison | |
| | & Outreach Workshop on May 23, 201e filing | | | Company, Southern California Edison Company or Investor Owned Utilities) must provide | |
| | of the SW integrated 5 Year Roadmap, | | | detailed presentations (to be shared with the service list prior to the workshop) of | |
| 24 | following th. Detailed presentations of CARE and ESA plans were made. | D.16-11-022 | OP 35 | preliminary California Alternate Rates for Energy Program and Energy Savings Assistance Program Marketing and Outreach plans. | 5/23/2017 |
| | The IOUs re-established the ESA Mid-Cycle | | | | -,, 201, |
| 1 | Working Group in 2017. PG&E hosted | | | | |
| | multiple meetings to address tasks outlined in D.16-11-022, including to revise Monthly and | | | 66. Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company, San Diego Gas | |
| | Annual Reporting requirements, the Policy | | | & Electric Company and Southern California Gas Company are jointly charged with | |
| | and Procedures Manual, and the Installations | | | soliciting and re establishing the Energy Savings Assistance Program mid cycle Working | |
| 25 | Standards Manual. | D.16-11-022 | OP 66 | Group. | 5/25/2017 |
| | | | | 104. Funding for the Assembly Bill 793, Energy Management Technologies and the My Energy/My Account Platforms are directed to be paid for from the California Alternate | |
| | | | | Rates for Energy Program Information Technology Programming and Energy Savings | |
| | | | | Assistance (ESA) Program General Administration Budgets respectively. Southern | |
| | | | | California Gas Company's requested \$405,460 (split for 2015 and 2016) for these efforts | |
| | | | | is approved and adopted for Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company and San Diego Gas & Electric. Additional collections that would ordinarily be | |
| 1 | Included in PG&E's Conforming Advice Letter | | | required for this funding authorization will be mitigated or rendered unnecessary | |
| | Supplement (3830-G-A/5043-E-A) on June 20, | | OP 102, | through the application of unspent 2009 2016 ESA funds, which will offset collections in | |
| 26 | 2017. | D.17-12-009 | p.491-492 | the this Program cycle. | 6/20/2017 |

| | | 2017 E | SA-CARE P | rogram Activities and Compliance | |
|----|---|-------------|---------------------------------------|--|-------------|
| | ECA CARE Astrictus | CPUC | Directive | | Complete |
| No | ESA-CARE Activity | Directive | Reference | Action Required | Date |
| 27 | PG&E began implementing and tracking go- backs in 2017. Results are reported in the 2017 ESA Annual report. | D.16-11-022 | ESA Reporting >text=variou s | Text p.69: We direct the utilities to track in its reporting how many visits are "first touches" (households that have not received ESA treatment) versus "go backs." The utilities should track the number of "go backs," the energy savings resulting from the treatment from the "go back" and additional measures to determine what percentage of the utility's energy savings target (as discussed above) is a result from a "go back" versus a "first touch" for a customer. Text 84: clarify that for households that are served by multiple utilities with customers eligible for ESA Program services, the utilities may not count the households treated until all of the required measures, as determined by the needs assessment or audit at that household, have been installed. The utilities are further required to include in their annual reports the number of households receiving such coordinated treatment, the number that received ESA measures from the reporting utility but not from the partner utility or program, and the reasons for those failed coordination attempts (to the extent known). | 6/21/2017 |
| | | | | | |
| 28 | An Annual Report Public Meeting was held in San Francisco on June 22, 2017. | D.17-12-009 | text-p63 | D.17-12-009:we retain the directive for the IOU's to host a workshop with CSD. For efficiency, this workshop shall be incorporated in the public meetings directed in D.12-08-044, OP 5 directing the IOUs' to review and discuss the prior years' CARE and ESA Program activities. D.12-08-044: These Utilities shall convene a minimum of one public meeting per year, within 60 days of their filing of the annual reports and other public meetings as deemed necessary by either the Utilities, ED, the AU or the Commission. 19. The complete phase-out of Compact Fluorescent Lightbulbs (CFL) in the Energy | 6/22/2017 |
| | PG&E phased our CFLs in 2017, and began offering LEDs. The ESA program launched LED A-Lamps January 2, 2017. LED fixtures launched April 2017. CFLs were completely | | | Savings Assistance (ESA) Program shall occur for San Diego Gas & Electric Company (SDG&E), Southern California Edison Company (SCE) and Pacific Gas and Electric Company (PG&E) as soon as practicable and no later than January 1, 2018. SDG&E, SCE and PG&E shall incrementally add light emitting diode (LED) bulbs that meeting the California Energy Commission's LED lamp specification requirements to their ESA Program. We direct SCE, SDG&E, and PG&E to begin offering LED bulbs that are in compliance with this new standard and any future updates. Text p.114: PG&E is ordered to pursue cost-effective LED products at least on par with the prices proposed by SCE and SDG&E for | |
| 29 | phased out by September 2017. PG&E reported on CHANGES in its Monthly | D.16-11-022 | OP 19 | their LED programs. Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison, Southern California Gas Company, and San Diego Gas & Electric Company shall not include the Community Help and Awareness of Natural Gas and Electricity Services (CHANGES) program activities in their California Alternate Rates for Energy (CARE) program monthly reports once the CHANGES program is no longer funded through the CARE program, but shall report on CHANGES Activities and trends raised in issues faced by CHANGES clients at least two times per year during reports at the California Public Utilities Commission's Low-Income | 7/3/2017and |
| 30 | Report and at two LIOB meetings in 2017. | D.15-12-047 | OP 16, OP 17 | Oversight Board meetings. | 12/4/2017 |
| 31 | PG&E's (U 39 M) Marketing and Outreach Plan for Low Income Per Decision 16-11-022 was filed on July 21, 2017 with the CPUC and served upon all parties listed on the official service list for A.14-11-007 et al. | D.16-11-022 | OP 36 | 36. Pacific Gas and Electric Company (PG&E), Southern California Edison Company (SCE), San Diego Gas & Electric Company (SDG&E), and Southern California Gas Company (SoCalGas) (collectively IOUs) shall work with the Commission's Energy Division at the Marketing and Outreach (M&O) workshop to encourage and seek useful input from workshop participants. PG&E, SCE, SDG&E, and SoCalGas shall submit revised, detailed M&O plans, incorporating input gathered from the workshop. These plans should include a clear description of how IOUs will leverage and coordinate with M&O activities currently under consideration in the mainstream Energy Efficiency Proceeding (Rulemaking (R.) 13 11 005) and in the Residential Rate Reform Proceeding (R.12 06 013). | 7/21/2017 |
| 32 | By July 2017, PG&E complied with the directives of D.16-11-022, OP.109: - CARE automatically transfers participation when a customer stops service at one address and starts service at a new address if customer was on CARE and within 90 days of a new service starting on that same account number. - CARE provided this data (Q2 2017) to populate the new EPO enhancement filter created for "CARE Recently Moved" - ESA Program outreach contractors, can obtain leads for CARE customers who have moved to new address by selecting filters, "CARE Recently Moved" and "Untreated" in the Global List function in EPO. | D.16-11-022 | OP 109 | 109. Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company, San Diego Gas & Electric Company and Southern California Gas Company shall automatically transfer a customer's California Alternate Rates for Energy Program participation when a customer stops service at one address and starts service at a new address. The Energy Savings Assistance (ESA) Program shall screen this new address for prior treatment and this customer will be provided as a lead to ESA Program outreach contractors. The information provided to the contractors shall also include information noting that the customer recently started service at the new address, and whether the customer participated in the ESA Program at his or her previous address (and if so, when). | 7/21/2017 |

| | | 2017 E | SA-CARE P | rogram Activities and Compliance | |
|----|---|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--|------------|
| | ECA CARE Asimian | CPUC | Directive | Audion Described | Complete |
| No | ESA-CARE Activity | Directive | Reference | Action Required | Date |
| 33 | PG&E updated its database systems to track the number of households with an inefficient 2nd refrigerator eligible for replacement. | D.16-11-022 | OP14 | 14. Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company and San Diego Gas & Electric Company shall track the number of households treated under the Energy Savings Assistance Program where there is an inefficient second refrigerator onsite that would otherwise be eligible for replacement under the revised Program rules. Using this data, the Investor Owned Utilities should determine whether it is most effective to offer a second refrigerator replacement to all, or to limit replacements to certain criteria or groups, and shall make appropriate proposals for the next Program cycle. | 9/5/2017 |
| 34 | The IOUs discussed coordination of ESA impacts with the Cal Technical forum in 2017. It was determined that the ESA impact evaluation schedule made 2018 a more feasible time for coordinating with the Cal Tech forum. | D.16-11-022 | Text p.397 | p. 397: We direct the IOUs to coordinate with the California Technical forum to recommend prospective savings values and revisions to its EM&V methodologies for the low-income program. | 9/6/2017 |
| 35 | No PG&E households received energy education only in 2017; however, set up tracking to ensure that no household receiving energy education alone would be counted as treated. This was reported in Monthly Reports beginning in October 2017, prior to implementation of new reporting tables for 2018. | D.16-11-022 | OP11 | 11. The four large Investor Owned Utilities' (Pacific Gas and Electric Company, San Diego Gas & Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company, Southern California Edison Company) (IOUs') shall not count a household as "treated" if provided energy education alone. The four large IOUs must track and report all households that only receive Energy Education in their monthly and annual compliance reports. Households receiving only education will not be permitted to self certify and these households will be required to demonstrate their eligibility to receive energy education. | 10/23/2017 |
| 36 | Cooling Centers are being added to the 2020 GRC Pricing Products and Low Income chapters. | D.16-11-022 | OP 116 | 116. Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company, and San Diego Gas & Electric Company (electric Investor-Owned Utilities) shall include cooling center costs in their General Rate Case Proceedings going forward. The electric Investor Owned Utilities are authorized to continue to utilize California Alternate Rates for Energy Program administrative dollars for cooling center activity, only until each utility's next General Rate Case. | 12/4/2017 |
| 37 | Updates to My Account were performed by PG&E's IT. | D.16-11-022 | OP 76, p.482 | 77. By December 31, 2017, Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company, San Diego Gas & Electric Company and Southern California Gas Company shall update their My Account/My Energy websites for mobile versioning (must be viewable from a mobile browser, application or device). These updates, among other upgraded functions, must allow a customer to be able to facilitate secure California Alternate Rates for Energy Program Post Enrollment Verification and Recertification Processes. | 12/6/2017 |
| | Updates to My Account were performed by | | | 82. By December 31, 2017, Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company, San Diego Gas & Electric Company and Southern California Gas Company shall, if they have not already done so, develop mobile versioning of their websites that allow, among other specified functions, secure California Alternate Rates for Energy Program | 10/6/001 |
| | PG&E's IT. Updates to My Account were performed by | D.17-12-009 | UP 81, p.484 | Post Enrollment Verification and Recertification. 100. By December 31, 2017, Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company, and San Diego Gas & Electric Company shall ensure that the mobile versioning of the IOU's websites allow California Alternate Rates for Energy Program Post Enrollment Verification and Recertification Processes also allow viewing of household | 12/6/2017 |
| | PG&E'S IT. Updates to My Account were performed by PG&E'S IT. | D.17-12-009 D.17-12-009 | OP 99, p.490 OP 100, p.491 | hourly interval energy usage for energy management purposes. 102. By December 31, 2017, Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company, San Diego Gas & Electric Company and Southern California Gas Company (the Investor-Owned Utilities) must update their My Account/My Energy websites for mobile versioning (i.e., must be viewable from a mobile browser or device). These updates must allow a customer to be able to increase the font size on the screen, be available in the main Limited English Proficient languages in the Investor Owned Utility's service territory, allow for enrollment in the California Alternate Rates for Energy Program (CARE) and allow for CARE Program application processing status updates. | 12/6/2017 |

| | | 2017 E | SA-CARE P | rogram Activities and Compliance | |
|----|--|-------------|-----------|--|------------|
| No | ESA CADE Activity | CPUC | Directive | | Complete |
| No | ESA-CARE Activity | Directive | Reference | Action Required 103. To prevent the enrollment of ineligible households into the California Alternate | Date |
| | | | | Rates for Energy (CARE) Program Programming and the generation of false leads into the Energy Savings Assistance (ESA) Program, Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company, San Diego Gas & Electric Company and Southern California Gas Company (the four large Investor Owned Utilities) must prescreen My Account/My | |
| | Updates to My Account were performed by | | | Energy customers so that only those with a high likelihood of CARE Program eligibility are provided a customized or tailored My Energy/ My Account experience that allows for CARE Program Programming and ESA Program enrollment. This prescreening process shall mimic the logic employed by the four large Investor Owned Utilities' probability | |
| 41 | PG&E's IT. | D.16-11-022 | OP 103 | modeling utilized in the CARE Program post enrollment verification process. | 12/6/2017 |
| | | | | For the ESA Program: By December 31, 2017, Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company, San Diego Gas & Electric Company and Southern California Gas Company (the Investor-Owned Utilities) must update their My Account/My Energy websites for mobile versioning (i.e., must be viewable from a mobile browser or device). | |
| | In early December 2017, PG&E completed the | | | These updates must allow a customer to be able to increase the font size on the screen, be available in the main Limited English Proficient languages in the Investor Owned | |
| | updates to its MyAccount website for mobile versioning, as required by D.16-11-022, | | | Utility's service territory, allow for enrollment in the California Alternate Rates for Energy Program (CARE) and Energy Savings Assistance (ESA) Program, allow for CARE Program | |
| 42 | OP.102. | D.16-11-022 | OP 102 | and ESA Program application processing status updates. 87. Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company, and San Diego Gas & Electric Company (the three large electric Investor Owned Utilities) shall align their | 12/6/2017 |
| | PG&E worked with the other IOUs to align and | | | the goal of equality and uniformity across service territories. The three large electric | |
| 43 | document its CARE High Usage Appeals Process. | D.16-11-022 | OP87 | Investor Owned Utilities' High Usage Appeals Boards shall use the same criteria and evaluation of customer appeals. | 12/12/2017 |
| | Incremental benefit to existing local government cooling center patrons resulting from authorized cooling center funding, such as an increase in the number of patrons, | | | | |
| | and/or in an increase in the availability and accessibility of cooling center are documented in PG&E's Annual Cooling Center Program Report for Program Year 2017 filed in | | | 117. Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company, and San Diego Gas & Electric Company (the electric Investor Owned Utilities) must demonstrate that all authorized cooling center funding results in incremental benefit to existing local government cooling center patrons, in an increase in the number of patrons, and/or in an | |
| | December 2017, and described in PG&E's CARE Cooling Center Brochure and PG&E's | | | increase in the availability and accessibility of cooling centers (for example: longer hours or more locations). The electric Investor Owned Utilities must also demonstrate that the | |
| 44 | Integrated Program Brochure. Incremental benefit to existing local | D.16-11-022 | OP 117 | cooling centers specifically benefit the low income population. | 12/20/2017 |
| | government cooling center patrons resulting from authorized cooling center funding are documented in PG&E's Annual Cooling Center Program Report for Program Year 2017 filed in | | | 120. Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company, and San Diego Gas & Electric Company shall inform cooling center patrons how to escape heat, | |
| | December 2017, and described in PG&E's CARE Cooling Center Brochure and PG&E's | | | how to minimize energy usage, and what low income and other programs are available to further assist cooling center patrons, including relevant transportation and accessibility | |
| 45 | Integrated Program Brochure. | D.16-11-022 | OP 120 | issues. | 12/20/2017 |
| | Incremental benefit to existing local government cooling center patrons resulting from authorized cooling center funding are documented in PG&E's Annual Cooling Center | | | 122. Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company, and San Diego Gas & Electric Company shall continue to produce the cooling center compliance annual report, but may in the future revisit the existing metrics and modify where appropriate. The reports must inform the Commission of how ratepayer funds are being utilized to support and promote cooling centers and simultaneously encourage low | |
| | Program Report for Program Year 2017 filed in December 2017, and described in PG&E's CARE Cooling Center Brochure and PG&E's | | | income program enrollments and participation throughout the state. The reports must also include a description of any changes to cooling center operations that were enabled by ratepayer funding, such as extended hours or the opening of additional locations. If no | |
| 46 | Integrated Program Brochure. Budgets and coordination efforts were | D.16-11-022 | OP 122 | such changes occurred, that must still be reported. | 12/20/2017 |
| | included in PG&E's (U 39 M) Annual Cooling Center Program Report for Program Year | | | We direct the utilities to continue current coordination efforts with local and tribal entities with respect to cooling center operations, and approve cooling center budgets | |
| 47 | 2017, filed on Dec. 20, 2017 with the CPUC and served in A.11-05-017 et al. | D.16-11-022 | text-p334 | for SCE, SDG&E, and PG&E that are more closely aligned with actual expenditures for prior program years, instead of relying solely on previously authorized amount. | 12/20/2017 |
| | Included in PG&E's (U 39 M) Annual Cooling Center Program Report for Program Year | | | Cooling Centers: Allowing CARE to support transportation to Cooling Centers as a pilot before Cooling Center expenditures are considered in the GRC will give the Commission data to examine the effect of transportation, and the combination of transportation and | |
| 48 | 2017, filed on Dec. 20, 2017 with the CPUC and served in A.11-05-017 et al. | D.16-11-022 | text 336 | education, on cooling center participation and ESA enrollment by eligible low-income customers. We authorize the use of unspent program funds for these purposes. | 12/20/2017 |

| | | 2017 E | SA-CARE P | rogram Activities and Compliance | |
|----|--|-------------|-----------|---|------------|
| | | CPUC | Directive | | Complete |
| No | ESA-CARE Activity | Directive | Reference | Action Required | Date |
| 49 | Incremental benefit to existing local government cooling center patrons resulting from authorized cooling center funding are documented in PG&E's Annual Cooling Center Program Report for Program Year 2017 filed in December 2017, and described in PG&E's CARE Cooling Center Brochure and PG&E's lintegrated Program Brochure. | | OP 121 | 121. Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company, and San Diego Gas & Electric Company must ensure information is available to cooling center patrons regarding how customer bills may be impacted by the recently adopted retail rates reform and on what customers can do to offset bill increases, such as conserving, participating in demand response programs, and participating in the Energy Savings Assistance (ESA) or other energy efficiency programs. This outreach should be conducted in coordination with any Marketing Outreach and Education programs and aligned with all updates to the utilities' ESA Program Energy Education modules. | 12/21/2017 |
| | The ESA program leveraged and coordinated with the Energy Efficiency Team's Energy Insight Data Platform, though IT, to develop | D.16-11-022 | OP 94 | For the ESA Program: Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company, San Diego Gas & Electric Company and Southern California Gas Company shall coordinate their information technology upgrades with any planned Information Technology (IT) in other proceedings, including the new energy efficiency financing pilot programs directed in Decision 13 09 044, to leverage economies of scale and reduce overall IT upgrade costs. | 12/29/2017 |

7. Appendix B: ESA and CARE Program Tables

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Summary Table – ESA Program and CARE Program
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ESA Program – Table 1 – Overall Program Expenses

ESA Program – Table 2 – Expenses & Energy Savings by Measures Installed

ESA Program – Table 2A - Expenses & Energy Savings by Measures Installed: CSD Leveraging

ESA Program – Table 2B - Expenses & Energy Savings by Measures Installed: MF Common Area

ESA Program – Table 3 – Cost Effectiveness

ESA Program – Table 4 – Detail By Housing Type and Source

ESA Program – Table 5 – Direct Purchases & Installation Contractors

ESA Program – Table 6 – Installation Cost of Program Installation Contractors

ESA Program – Table 7 – Expenditures by Cost Elements

ESA Program – Table 8 – Homes Unwilling/Unable to Participate

ESA Program – Table 9 – Life Cycle Bill Savings by Measure

ESA Program – Table 10 – Energy Rate Used for Bill Savings Calculations

ESA Program - Table 11 - Bill Savings Calculations by Program Year

ESA Program - Table 12 - Fund Shifting

ESA Program - Table 13 - Categorical Enrollment

ESA Program – Table 14 – Leveraging and Integration

ESA Program – Table 15 – Lighting

ESA Program – Table 16 – "Add Back" Measures

ESA Program – Table 17 – Expenditures for Pilots and Studies

ESA Program – Table 18 – Miscellaneous (2nd Refrigerators, Education Only, A/C Cycling, etc.)

CARE Program – Table 1 – CARE Overall Program Expenses

CARE Program – Table 2 – CARE Enrollment, Re-certification, Attrition, and Penetration

CARE Program – Table 3A – CARE Post Enrollment Verification Results (Model)

CARE Program – Table 3B – CARE Post Enrollment Verification Results (High Usage)

CARE Program – Table 4 – Self Certification and Re-Certification

CARE Program – Table 5 – Enrollment by County

CARE Program – Table 6 – Re-certification Results

CARE Program – Table 7 – Capitation Contractors

CARE Program – Table 8 – Participants per Month

CARE Program – Table 9 – Average Monthly Usage & Bill

CARE Program – Table 10 – CARE Surcharge & Revenue

CARE Program – Table 11 – CARE Capitation Applications

CARE Program – Table 12 – CARE Expansion Program

CARE Program – Table 13 – CARE High Usage Verification Results

CARE Program – Table 13A – CARE Customer Usage and ESA Program Treatment

CARE Program – Table 14 – CARE Categorical Enrollment

Energy Savings Assistance Program and California Alternate Rates for Energy Program Pacific Gas and Electric Company 2017 Summary Highlights

ESA Program

| 20 | 17 Energy Savings Assistance P | rogram Summary | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|------|
| 2017 | Authorized / Planning Assumptions | Actual | % |
| Budget | \$154,671,971 | \$122,778,059 | 79% |
| Funded from 2009-2016 Unspent Fu | \$30,416,596 | \$2,377,763 | 8% |
| Summary Homes Treated | 90,030 | 87,052 | 97% |
| Summary kWh Saved | 47,000,000 | 59,263,365 | 126% |
| Summary kW Demand Reduced | 55,000 | 69,550 | 126% |
| Summary Therms Saved | 2,000,000 | 1,651,228 | 83% |
| First Touches Homes Treated | | 51,442 | |
| - kWh Saved | | 31,457,458 | |
| - kW Demand Reduced | | 33,528 | |
| - Therms Saved | | 1,002,633 | |
| Go-Backs/Retreated Homes | | 35,610 | |
| - kWh Saved | | 27,805,907 | |
| - kW Demand Reduced | | 36,022 | |
| - Therms Saved | | 648,595 | |

Note: The authorized budgets (including from unspent funding) and values shown for planning assumptions are from PG&E Conforming Advice Letter 3830-G/5043-E filed on April 3, 2017 and Supplemental Conforming Advice Letter 3830-G-A/5043-E-A filed on June 20, 2017. These were authorized by Commission Resolution G-3531 issued December 21, 2017.

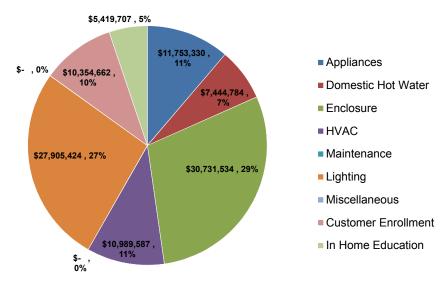
There were no authorized planning assumptions for First Touch or ReTreated homes in D.16-11-022.

CARE Program

| | 2017 CARE Program Sui | nmary | |
|--|--|---|--------------------------------------|
| 2017 | Authorized Budget | Actual | % |
| Administrative Expenses | \$18,060,001 | \$13,168,911 | 73% |
| Subsidies | \$580,353,000 | \$643,538,184 | 111% |
| Service Establishment Charge | | | |
| Total Program Costs and Discoun | \$598,413,001 | \$656,707,096 | 110% |
| 2017 CARE New Enrollments | Automatically Enrolled via Data Sharing, ESA Participation, etc | Self Certified as Categorically Eligible | Self Certified as Income Eligible |
| Method | 16,314 | 93,628 | 140,061 |
| 2017 CARE Penetration | Estimated Eligible Participants | Participants | Penetration Rate |
| Total Enrolled | 1,588,016 | 1,406,396 | 89% |

[1] Total program administrative expenses did not exceed the overall authorized budget. The CARE discount exceeded the authorized amount by \$63,185,184. Per D.02-09-021, PG&E is authorized to recover the full value of the discount through the CARE two-way balancing account on an automatic pass-through basis.

2017
ESA Program Energy Efficiency Expenditures by Measure Group



| | A | | В | С | | D | | E | | F | | G | Н | 1 | J |
|----------|--|-----------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|--------|--------------------|-------|-----------------|-------------|-------------------|-------|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| | | | | | | 1 - ESA Ove | | | | ises | | | | | |
| | | | | P | acif | ic Gas and E | | • | ıy | | | | | | |
| 1 | | | | | | Program Y | ear/ | 2017 | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | 2017 | Authorized Budget [1] | [2] [3 |] | | 20 | 017 A | Annual Expenses | \$ | | % c | | |
| 3 | ESA Program: | | Electric | Gas | | Total | | Electric | | Gas | | Total | Electric | Gas | Total |
| 4 | Energy Efficiency | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Appliances | \$ | 11,162,774 | \$ 2,427,200 | \$ | 13,589,974 | \$ | 11,162,774 | \$ | 590,557 | \$ | 11,753,330 | 100% | 24% | 86% |
| 6 | Domestic Hot Water | \$ | 577,102 | \$ 8,425,937 | \$ | 9,003,039 | \$ | 446,451 | \$ | 6,998,333 | \$ | 7,444,784 | 77% | 83% | 83% |
| 7 | Enclosure | \$ | 7,314,222 | \$ 33,178,868 | \$ | 40,493,090 | \$ | 5,099,450 | \$ | 25,632,084 | \$ | 30,731,534 | 70% | 77% | 76% |
| 8 | HVAC | \$ | 6,924,903 | \$ 7,789,302 | \$ | 14,714,206 | \$ | 6,924,903 | \$ | 4,064,684 | \$ | 10,989,587 | 100% | 52% | 75% |
| 9 | Maintenance | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| 10 | Lighting | \$ | 35,898,232 | \$ - | \$ | 35,898,232 | \$ | 27,905,424 | \$ | - | \$ | 27,905,424 | 78% | 0% | 78% |
| | Miscellaneous | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| | Customer Enrollment | \$ | 5,851,950 | \$ 5,401,800 | | 11,253,750 | \$ | 5,384,424 | \$ | 4,970,238 | \$ | 10,354,662 | 92% | 92% | 92% |
| 13 | In Home Education | \$ | 3,089,830 | \$ 2,852,150 | \$ | 5,941,980 | \$ | 2,818,248 | \$ | 2,601,459 | \$ | 5,419,707 | 91% | 91% | 91% |
| 14 | Pilot | \$ | 127,400 | \$ 117,600 | | 245,000 | \$ | | \$ | - | \$ | _ | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| 15 | Implementation [4] | \$ | 3,372,706 | \$ 2,809,123 | | 6,181,830 | | 3,372,706 | \$ | 1,960,196 | \$ | 5,332,902 | 100% | 70% | 86% |
| | Energy Efficiency TOTAL | \$ | 74,319,119 | , , , , , , | + | 137,321,100 | \$ | 63,114,381 | | 46,817,550 | | 109,931,931 | 85% | 74% | 80% |
| 17 | Energy Emolency To TAL | — | 1 4,0 10,110 | Ψ σσ,σστ,σστ | Ť | 107,021,100 | Ť | 00,114,001 | Ť | 40,017,000 | Ě | 100,001,001 | 30 70 | 1470 | 0070 |
| 18 | Training Center | \$ | 573,279 | \$ 529,181 | \$ | 1,102,460 | \$ | 198,317 | \$ | 183,062 | \$ | 381,378 | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| 19 | Inspections | \$ | 2,613,564 | \$ 2,412,520 | \$ | 5,026,084 | \$ | 2,049,320 | \$ | 1,891,680 | \$ | 3,941,001 | 78% | 78% | 78% |
| 20 | Marketing and Outreach | \$ | 1,077,723 | \$ 994,821 | \$ | 2,072,544 | \$ | 799,801 | \$ | 738,278 | \$ | 1,538,079 | 74% | 74% | 74% |
| | Statewide Marketing Education and | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 21 | Outreach | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | - | | | \$ | - | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| 22 | Measurement and Evaluation Studies | \$ | 134,420 | \$ 124,080 | \$ | 258,500 | \$ | 29,549 | | 27,276 | \$ | 56,824 | 22% | 22% | 22% |
| | Regulatory Compliance | \$ | 271,053 | | | 521,256 | | 198,837 | | 183,542 | \$ | 382,380 | 73% | 73% | 73% |
| | General Administration | \$ | 4,321,131 | , , | | 8,309,867 | | 3,372,879 | | | \$ | 6,486,307 | 78% | 78% | 78% |
| 25 26 | CPUC Energy Division | \$ | 31,283 | \$ 28,876 | \$ | 60,159 | \$ | 31,283 | \$ | 28,876 | \$ | 60,159 | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| 27 | TOTAL PROGRAM COSTS | \$ | 83,341,572 | \$ 71,330,399 | \$ | 154,671,971 | \$ | 69,794,367 | \$ | 52,983,692 | \$ | 122,778,059 | 84% | 74% | 79% |
| 28 | | | • • | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | unde | ed Outside of Es | SA P | rogram Budge | et | | | | • | | |
| 29 | Indirect Costs | | | | | | \$ | - | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | | | |
| | NGAT Costs | | | | 1 | | \$ | - | \$ | 3,710,040 | | 3,710,040 | | | |
| 31 | | | | | | | | | | | | | <u> </u> | | |
| 32 | [1] Authorized budget includes \$5,159.35 ca were received in June 2017 after the PY201 | | | | | | | | | dget. This was du | ıe \$ | 6,035.84 of inv | roices for PY2016 re | ecorded in 2017; | these invoices |
| 33 | [2] Reflects the funding authorized in D.16-1 and Supplemental Conforming Advice Lette | | | | soluti | on G-3531 issue | d De | ecember 21, 20 | 17 wl | hich addressed P | G& | E Conforming | Advice Letter 3830- | -G/5043-E filed or | 1 April 3, 2017 |
| 34 | [3] Program budgets have been updated by Revenue Requirement for 2017-2019, issue | | | employee benefits costs | appr | oved in the GRC | (D. | 17-05-013) - De | ecisio | on Authorizing Pa | cific | Gas and Elect | tric Company's Gen | neral Rate Case | |
| 35 36 | [4] This budget category includes the admin | istrative | e fee paid to PG& | &E's ESA Regional Adm | inistr | ators. In the past | t, PG | &E apportioned | d this | s fee across meas | sure | s, but now trac | ks it separately. | | |

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| | A | | В | | С | | D | | E | | F | | G | Н | 1 | J |
|----|--|----|--------------|------|----------------|-----|------------|------|------------|------|--------------|----|-----------|-----|----------------|-----|
| 1 | ES | SA | Table 1A - I | Ξхр | enses Fund | ed | From 2009 | 9-2 | 016 Unspen | t ES | SA Program | Fu | nds | | | |
| 2 | | | | • | Pacific (| Gas | and Elect | tric | Company | | _ | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | gram Yea | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | Aı | itho | rized Budget [| | 9 | | | Annı | ual Expenses | | | % o | f Budget Spent | YTD |
| 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | Total | | | |
| 6 | Energy Efficiency Control of the con | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Appliances [2] | \$ | 10,746,138 | \$ | - | \$ | 10,746,138 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| 8 | Domestic Hot Water [2] | \$ | 8,775 | \$ | 15,745 | \$ | 24,520 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| 9 | Lighting [2] | \$ | 9,604,957 | \$ | - | \$ | 9,604,957 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| 10 | In Home Energy Education [2] | \$ | 465,955 | \$ | 430,112 | \$ | 896,067 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| 11 | Implementation [3] | \$ | 62,400 | \$ | 57,600 | \$ | 120,000 | \$ | 18,841 | \$ | 17,391 | \$ | 36,232 | 30% | 30% | 30% |
| 12 | Multi-Family Common Area Measures | \$ | 2,808,000 | \$ | 2,592,000 | \$ | 5,400,000 | \$ | 23,568 | \$ | 21,755 | \$ | 45,323 | 1% | 1% | 1% |
| 13 | Leveraging - CSD and MCE [4] | \$ | 2,331,835 | \$ | 537,079 | \$ | 2,868,914 | \$ | 1,750,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,750,000 | 75% | 0% | 61% |
| 14 | Pilot | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| 15 | Measurement and Evaluation Studies | \$ | 46,800 | \$ | 43,200 | \$ | 90,000 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| 16 | Regulatory Compliance | \$ | 48,880 | \$ | 45,120 | \$ | 94,000 | \$ | - | \$ | = | \$ | - | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| 17 | General Administration | \$ | 297,440 | \$ | 274,560 | \$ | 572,000 | \$ | 284,028 | \$ | 262,180 | \$ | 546,207 | 95% | 95% | 95% |
| 10 | | | 00 101 100 | | 0.005.440 | | 00.440.500 | | 0.070.107 | | 224.222 | | 0.077.700 | 201 | 00/ | 20/ |
| 19 | TOTAL UNSPENT PROGRAM COSTS [1] | \$ | 26,421,180 | \$ | 3,995,416 | \$ | 30,416,596 | \$ | 2,076,437 | \$ | 301,326 | \$ | 2,377,763 | 8% | 8% | 8% |

^[1] D.16-11-022 directed funding for new initiatives to come from unspent 2009-2016 ESA Program funds, and directed IOUs to update their budgets by Conforming Advice Letter. Resolution G-3531 authorized PG&E's 2017-2020 ESA budget, including the addition of unspent funding reported here.

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^[2] Incremental increases in existing energy efficiency measures from new directives (e.g., removal of 3 measure minimum) use authorized funds shown in Table 1 until depleted, then will use carryover funds. New measures and activities not included in PG&E' Application use 2009-2016 unspent funds.

^{23 [3]} This budget category includes the primary administrative fee for Implementer(s), including multifamily SPOC activities.

^[4] Includes unspent funds transferred to Marin Clean Energy (as authorized by OP 147 in Decision 16-11-022) and unspent funds to support Department of Community Services and Development's Low-Income Weatherization Program initiative.

| D Refriger Microwa Domes Water H Low Flo Water H Faucet Water H Thermo | ures unces Efficiency Clothes Washer | | | | | | | | | ogram Year | 2017 | • | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|---|---|---|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Measur Appliar High Ef Defriger Microw Domes Water H Low Flo 5 Water H 5 Faucet Water H 7 Water H 3 Thermo | inces | | _ | | | mmary)Total Expensed Insta | | | | ESA | | | ch Homes Trea Expensed Installa | | | ESA Program (Re-Treated Homes/Go Backs) 2017 Completed & Expensed Installation | | | | | | | |
| Appliar High Ef D Refriger Microws Domes Water H Low Flo Water H Faucet Water H Water H Thermo | inces | Units | Quantity Installed | kWh [4] (Annual) | kW [4] (Annual) | Therms [4] (Annual) | Expenses (\$) | % of Expendit ure | Unite | Quantity Installed | kWh [4] (Annual) | kW [4] (Annual) | Therms [4] | xpenses (\$) | % of Expendit ure | Unite | Quantity Installed | kWh [4] (Annual) | kW [4] (Annual) | Therms [4] | Expenses (\$) | % of Expendi ure | |
| D Refriger Microwa Domes Water H Low Flo Water H Faucet Water H Thermo | fficiency Clothes Washer | | (K+S) | (L+T) | (M+U) | (N+V) | (O+W) | | Office | Installed | (Ailliaal) | (Ailiteal) | (Airidai) | xpenses (#) | | Office | motaneu | (Aimaai) | (Author) | (Amai) | Expenses (4) | | |
| Microwa Domes Water H Low Flo Water H Faucet Water H Water H Thermo | oratora | Each Each | 8.728 | 5.719.679 | 777 | | \$ 7.584.519 | 0.0% 7.5% | Each | 5.210 | 3,414,255 | 464 | - S | 4,527,422 | 0.0% 4.5% | Each Each | 3.518 | 2.305.424 | 313 | | \$ 3,057,096 | 0.09 | |
| Water H Low Flo Water H Faucet Water H Thermo | | Each | 19,820 | | - | 145,333 | | 1.8% | Each | 10,911 | 1,019,272 | - | 81,576 \$ | 992,433 | 1.0% | Each | 8,909 | 873,372 | - | 63,757 | \$ 810,337 | | |
| Low Flo Water H Faucet Water H Thermo | stic Hot Water | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water F Faucet Water F Thermo | Heater Blanket [6] low Shower Head [6] | Home Home | 11,522 86,789 | 55,402 806,376 | 12 118 | 65,882 457,720 | | 0.9% 2.6% | Home | 7,809 52,617 | 40,387 499,657 | 9 76 | 44,470 \$ 275,733 \$ | 601,006 1,596,380 | 0.6% 1.6% | Home | 3,713 34,172 | 15,015 306,719 | | 21,412 181,987 | | | |
| Faucet Water F Thermo | Heater Pipe Insulation [6] | Home | 809 | 2,265 | 0 | 7,057 | | 0.0% | Home | 570 | 1,832 | 0 | 4,480 \$ | 13,618 | 0.0% | Home | 239 | 433 | 0 | 2,577 | \$ 5,710 | | |
| Thermo | t Aerator [6] | Home | 54,346 | 111,005 | 24 | | \$ 861,559 | 0.9% | Home | 31,924 | 70,114 | 15 | 93,239 \$ | 506,098 | 0.5% | Home | 22,422 | 40,891 | 9 | 66,362 | | 0.49 | |
| | Heater Repair/Replacement ostat-controlled Shower Valve | Each Each | 869 57,078 | 10,279 | - | 4,735 99,102 | | 1.1% | Each | 534 35,537 | 6,381 | - | 2,906 \$ 61,929 \$ | 660,602 1,021,864 | 0.7% 1.0% | Each Each | 335 21,541 | 3,898 | - | 1,829 37,173 | | | |
| | Combined Showerhead/TSV | Each | 37,070 | 10,213 | _ | 33,102 | \$ 1,041,274 | 0.0% | Each | 55,557 | 0,301 | - | 01,323 ¥ | 1,021,004 | 0.0% | Each | 21,541 | 3,030 | | 37,173 | \$ 013,410 | 0.09 | |
| | Heat Pump Water Heater | Each | | | | | | 0.0% | Each | | | | | | 0.0% | Each | | | | | | 0.09 | |
| New - I | Tub Diverter/ Tub Spout | Each | | | | | | 0.0% | Each | | | | | | 0.0% | Each | | | | | | 0.09 | |
| 3 Air Sea | aling / Envelope [1] | Home | 53,169 | 272,458 | 53 | 470,687 | \$ 23,251,223 | 23.0% | Home | 31,374 | 148,910 | 29 | 276,027 \$ | 13,720,097 | 13.6% | Home | 21,795 | 123,549 | 24 | 194,660 | | | |
| 4 Attic Ins | nsulation | Home | 4,018 | 548,884 | 751 | 171,421 | \$ 6,156,744 | 6.1% | Home | 2,830 | 377,581 | 528 | 120,358 \$ | 4,336,382 | 4.3% | Home | 1,188 | 171,303 | 222 | 51,063 | \$ 1,820,361 | 1.89 | |
| FAU St | Standing Pilot Conversion | Each | | | | | | 0.0% | Each | | | | | | 0.0% | Each | | | | | | 0.09 | |
| Furnace | ce Repair/Replacement | Each | 1,112 | | | 3,677 | | 2.2% | Each | 646 | | | 2,131 \$ | | 1.3% | Each | 466 | | | 1,546 | \$ 947,497 | 0.99 | |
| | A/C Replacement | Each | 2,437 | 483,793 | 89 | | \$ 1,692,505 | 1.7% | Each | 924 | 182,894 | 34 | - \$ | 641,721 | 0.6% | Each | 1,513 | 300,899 | 55 | | \$ 1,050,784 | | |
| | al A/C replacement Pump Replacement | Each Each | | - | - | - | \$ - | 0.0% | Each | - | - | - | - \$ | - | 0.0% | Each Each | - | - | - | - | \$ - | 0.09 | |
| | rative Cooler (Replacement) | Each | 3,898 | 1,034,993 | 336 | - | \$ 2,264,523 | 2.2% | Each | 2,213 | 580,074 | 188 | - \$ | 1,285,631 | 1.3% | Each | 1,685 | 454,919 | 148 | - | \$ 978,892 | 2 1.09 | |
| 2 Duct Te | esting and Sealing | Home | 2,247 | 115,523 | 19 | 66,013 | \$ 1,759,835 | 1.7% | Home | 1,402 | 82,208 | 13 | | 1,098,037 | 1.1% | Home | 845 | 33,315 | 5 | 26,228 | \$ 661,798 | 0.79 | |
| New - E | Energy Efficient Fan Control | Home | 5,784 | 1,095,456 | 2,386 | - | \$ 452,889 | 0.4% | Home | 3,528 | 647,170 | 1,455 | - \$ | 276,244 | 0.3% | Home | 2,256 | 448,286 | 931 | - | \$ 176,646 | 0.29 | |
| | Prescriptive Duct Sealing High Efficiency Forced Air Unit (HE FAU) | Home Home | 1 | | | | | 0.0% | Home | | | | | | 0.0% | Home | | | | | | 0.0 | |
| Mainte | enance | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.071 | | | | | | | | |
| | ce Clean and Tune | Home | 0.510 | 0.450.000 | 454 | | | | Home | 5 470 | 4 000 050 | 057 | | 4 000 047 | 0.0% | Home | 4.040 | 4.055.330 | 404 | | | 0.0 | |
| Central Lightin | al A/C Tune up | Home | 9,518 | 2,452,623 | 451 | - | \$ 2,312,938 | 2.3% | Home | 5,470 | 1,396,850 | 257 | - \$ | 1,329,247 | 1.3% | Home | 4,048 | 1,055,773 | 194 | - | \$ 983,691 | 1.09 | |
| | act Fluorescent Lights (CFL) | Each | 134,256 | 2,148,096 | 274 | - | \$ 1,074,671 | 1.1% | Each | 127,791 | 2,044,656 | 261 | - \$ | 1,022,921 | 1.0% | Each | 6,465 | 103,440 | 13 | - | \$ 51,750 | | |
| Interior | r Hard wired CFL fixtures | Each | 55,041 | 880,656 | 112 | | \$ 4,578,576 | 4.5% | Each | 52,415 | 838,640 | 107 | - \$ | 4,360,133 | 4.3% | Each | 2,626 | 42,016 | 5 | - | \$ 218,443 | 0.2 | |
| Exterior | or Hard wired CFL fixtures ere (CFL) | Each Each | 13,517 5,434 | 652,581 604,602 | 83 77 | - | \$ 1,147,555 \$ 425,677 | 1.1% 0.4% | Each | 12,960 5,095 | 625,857 566,883 | 80 72 | - \$ - \$ | 1,100,267 399,121 | 1.1% 0.4% | Each Each | 557 339 | 26,724 37,718 | 3 | - | \$ 47,288 \$ 26,556 | | |
| | ere (CFL) r Hard wired LED fixtures | Each | 193,605 | 13,009,107 | 24,045 | - | \$ 425,677 \$ 10,084,243 | 10.0% | Each | 81,328 | 5,481,996 | 10,133 | - \$ | 4,236,106 | 4.2% | Each | 112,277 | 7,527,112 | 13,913 | - | \$ 5,848,137 | | |
| Exterior | or Hard wired LED fixtures | Each | 49,324 | 5,113,419 | 4,094 | - | \$ 3,056,222 | 3.0% | Each | 21,324 | 2,210,659 | 1,770 | - \$ | 1,321,281 | 1.3% | Each | 28,000 | 2,902,760 | 2,324 | | \$ 1,734,941 | 1.7 | |
| Torchie | | Each | 14,551 | 991,942 | 1,833 | | \$ 816,716 | 0.8% | | 6,509 | 443,719 | 820 | - \$ | 365,336 | 0.4% | Each | 8,042 | 548,223 | 1,013 | | \$ 451,380 | | |
| vacanc | cy Sensor light Lights | Each Each | 1,912 | 205,527 | 26 | - | \$ 118,386 | 0.1% | Each | 1,398 | 150,764 | 19 | - \$ | 86,560 | 0.1% | Each Each | 514 | 54,763 | 7 | - | \$ 31,825 | 0.0 | |
| New - L | LED Diffuse Bulb (60W Replacement) | Each | | | | | | 0.0% | Each | | | | | | 0.0% | Each | | | | | | 0.0 | |
| | LED Reflector Bulb | Each | \Box | | | | | 0.0% | Each | | - | | | - | 0.0% | Each | | - | | | | 0.0 | |
| New - L | LED Reflector Downlight Retrofit Kits LED A-Lamps | Each Each | 624,031 | 18,545,448 | 33,643 | _ | \$ 5,927,973 | 0.0% 5.9% | Each | 312,860 | 9,400,963 | 17,029 | _ e | 2,972,009 | 0.0% 2.9% | Each | 311,171 | 9,144,485 | 16,614 | _ | \$ 2,955,964 | 0.0 | |
| Miscell | | Caul | 02-1,001 | 10,040,440 | 55,043 | | ¥ 5,321,313 | J.9 /0 | Lacii | 312,000 | o, - 00,803 | 17,029 | - 3 | 2,012,009 | 2.5/0 | Lacii | 911,171 | ۵, ۱ ۱۹, ۲۰ ۵۵ | 10,014 | - | Ψ <u>2,300,304</u> | 2.9 | |
| Pool Pu | umps | Each | | | | | | 0.0% | Each | | | | | | 0.0% | Each | | | | | | 0.0 | |
| | Power Strips - Tier 1 | Each | 19,839 | 482,088 | 65 281 | - | \$ 786,077 \$ 1,034,074 | 0.8% | Each | 14,304 6,755 | 347,587 878,150 | 47 122 | - \$ - \$ | 566,765 447,653 | 0.6% | Each | 5,535 8,849 | 134,501 1,150,370 | 18 159 | - | \$ 219,312 \$ 586,422 | | |
| Pilots | Smart Power Strips - Tier 2 | Each | 15,604 | 2,028,520 | 281 | - | φ 1,034,074 | 1.0% | Each | 0,/55 | 0/8,150 | 122 | - \$ | 447,053 | 0.4% | Each | 8,849 | 1, 100,370 | 159 | - | \$ 586,422 | 0.6 | |
| 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | mer Enrollment ach & Assessment | Uses | 87,052 | | | | \$ 10,321,232 | 10.2% | Uses | 51.442 | | | | 6.000.460 | 6.0% | Hanna | 35,610 | | | | e 4 222 0e2 | 3 4.2 | |
| | ne Education | Home Home | 87,052 | | | | \$ 10,321,232 \$ 5,107,981 | 5.1% | Home | 51,442 | | | \$ | 6,099,168 3,018,480 | 3.0% | Home Home | 35,610 | | | | \$ 4,222,063 \$ 2,089,501 | 2.1 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | .,, | | | , | | | | | | |
| Total S | Savings/Expenditures | | | 59,263,365 | 69,550 | 1,651,228 | \$ 101,135,407 | | | | 31,457,458 | 33,528 | 1,002,633 \$ | 59,916,064 | | | | 27,805,907 | 36,022 | 648,595 | \$ 41,219,343 | 4 | |
| Total H | Households Weatherized [2] | | 70,189 | | | | | | | 42,168 | | | | | | | 28,021 | | | | | _ | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| House | eholds Treated | Total (K- | +S) | | | | | | First To | uches | | | | | | Re-treat | ted Homes/Go- | Backs | | | | | |
| - Single | le Family Households Treated | Home | 65,742 | | | | | | Home | 39,310 | | | | | | Home | 26,432 | | | | | | |
| | i-family Households Treated | Home | 14,537 | | | | | | Home | 8,613 | | | | | | Home | 5,924 | | | | | | |
| | ile Homes Treated Number of Households Treated | Home Home | 6,773 87,052 | | | | | | Home | 3,519 51,442 | | | | | | Home | 3,254 35,610 | | | | | | |
| | ible Households to be Treated for PY [3] | Home | 90,030 | | | | | | Home | | | | | | | Home | | | | | | | |
| | Households Treated ter-Meter Households Treated | % Home | 97% 15.373 | | | | | | % Home | 9.087 | | | | | | % Home | 6.286 | | | | | | |
| 7 min 3 [2] We 9 [3] Bas 0 [4] All s 1 Eve 2 [5] Micr | welope and Air Sealing Measures may include out nor home repairs. Minor home repairs predomina estherization may consist of attic insulation, attic seed on OP 79 of D.16-11-022. savings are calculated based on the following so ergreen Economics "impact Evaluation of the 20 crowave savings are from ECONorthWest Studies greyeren Economics." Impact Evaluation of the 20 progreen Economics." Impact Evaluation of the 200 more prepred Economics." Impact Evaluation of the 200 more prepredictions in "impact Evaluation of the 200 more prepredictions." Impact Evaluation of the 200 more prepredictions." Impact Evaluation of the 200 more prepredictions." | antly are do access we urces: 111 CA Low s received | loor jamb repair a eatherization, we w Income Energ I in December of | r / replacement, reatherstripping gy Efficiency Prof 2011 | door repair, a - door, caulki rogram, Final | and window putty ing, & minor hon Report." Augus | r. ne repairs t 30, 2013 | nd | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| _ | A ESA Table | B 2A CS | C Mossure | D | E ne and S | F | G | Н |
|----------|---|--------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| 2 | ESA Table | | | ectric Com | | avings | | |
| 3 | · · | | Program Y | | ірапу | | | |
| 4 | | • | rogram r | cai zoii | | | | |
| 5 | | | | ESA F | rogram - | - CSD Leve | raging [6] | |
| 6 | | | | | | & Expensed | | |
| | | | Quantity | kWh [3] | kW [3] | Therms [3] | | % of |
| _ | Measures | Units | Installed | (Annual) | (Annual) | (Annual) | Expenses (\$) | Expenditure |
| _ | Appliances High Efficiency Clothes Washer | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| | Refrigerators | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| | Microwaves [4] | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| | Domestic Hot Water | Llomo | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| | Water Heater Blanket [5] Low Flow Shower Head [5] | Home Home | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| | Water Heater Pipe Insulation [5] | Home | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| | Faucet Aerator [5] | Home | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| | Water Heater Repair/Replacement | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| | Thermostat-controlled Shower Valve New - Combined Showerhead/TSV | Each Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! #DIV/0! |
| | New - Heat Pump Water Heater | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| | New - Tub Diverter/ Tub Spout | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| | Enclosure | | | | | | | "D" "O |
| | Air Sealing / Envelope [1] Attic Insulation | Home Home | 1 | | | | | #DIV/0! #DIV/0! |
| | HVAC | | | | | | | |
| | FAU Standing Pilot Conversion | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| | Furnace Repair/Replacement | Each | | | <u> </u> | | | #DIV/0! #DIV/0! |
| | Room A/C Replacement Central A/C replacement | Each Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| | Heat Pump Replacement | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| | Evaporative Cooler (Replacement) | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| | Duct Testing and Sealing | Home | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| | New - Energy Efficient Fan Control New - Prescriptive Duct Sealing | Home Home | | | | | | #DIV/0! #DIV/0! |
| | New - High Efficiency Forced Air Unit (HE FAU) | Home | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| 36 | Maintenance | | | | | | | |
| | Furnace Clean and Tune | Home | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| | Central A/C Tune up Lighting | Home | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| | Compact Fluorescent Lights (CFL) | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| | Interior Hard wired CFL fixtures | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| | Exterior Hard wired CFL fixtures | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! #DIV/0! |
| | Torchiere (CFL) Interior Hard wired LED fixtures | Each Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| 45 | Exterior Hard wired LED fixtures | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| _ | LED Torchiere | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| 47 | Vacancy Sensor LED Night Lights | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! #DIV/0! |
| | New - LED Diffuse Bulb (60W Replacement) | Each Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| _ | New - LED Reflector Bulb | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| | New - LED Reflector Downlight Retrofit Kits | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| | New - LED A-Lamps Miscellaneous | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| _ | Pool Pumps | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| 55 | Smart Power Strips - Tier 1 | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| | New - Smart Power Strips - Tier 2 | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! |
| 57 58 | Pilots | | | | | | | |
| _ | Customer Enrollment | | | | | | | |
| 60 | Outreach & Assessment | Home | | | | | \$ - | #DIV/0! |
| 61 | In-Home Education | Home | | | | | \$ - | #DIV/0! |
| 62 63 | Total Savings/Expenditures | | | | _ | - | \$ - | #DIV/0! |
| 64 | | | | | | | | |
| | Total Households Weatherized [2] | | | | | | | |
| 66 | CSD MF Buildings Treated | | | | | Total | | |
| 67 68 | OOD WIT DURININGS Treated | | | | | Total | 1 | |
| 69 | - Multifamily | | | | | |] | |
| 70 | | | | | | | J | |
| 71 | [11] Envelope and Air Spaling Magazines may includ | a autlat a | over plete an | alcata attia aa | aaaa waatha | rization woot | haratrianina da | or oculling |
| 73 | [1] Envelope and Air Sealing Measures may includ minor home repairs. Minor home repairs predo | | | | | | | or, cauking |
| _ | [2] Weatherization may consist of attic insulation, a | | | | | | | pairs. |
| _ | [3] All savings are calculated based on the followin | - | | | | = = | | 0040 |
| 76 77 | Evergreen Economics "Impact Evaluation of the [4] Microwave savings are from ECONorthWest S | | | | | am, Final Rep | ort." August 30, | 2013 |
| | [5] Evergreen Economics "Impact Evaluation of the | | | | | am, Final Ren | ort." June 16. 2 | 011 |
| | [6] LIWP leveraging will begin in 2018. PG&E is w | orking wit | th CSD on the | process to le | verage fund | ding for CSD L | IWP efforts for t | hose |
| | | a the rem | naining CSD f | unding for use | to inotall or | | and common a | -02 26 |
| 70 | measures provided by the ESA Program, preservir required by D.17-12-009, OP.41.d. | ig the ren | ialiling CSD i | unding for use | to install ce | entrai systems | and common a | ca., as |

| | A | В | С | D | E | F | G | Н | | | |
|----------|--|--------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| 1 | ESA Table 2 | | | | | l Savings | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | Electric Co | mpany | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | Program | Year 2017 | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | | | *E | | | mily Commo | | | | | |
| 6 | | | | | | & Expensed In | nstallation | | | | |
| ١, | | | Quantity | kWh [3] | kW [3] | Therms [3] | E | % of | | | |
| 8 | Measures Appliances | Units | Installed | (Annual) | (Annual) | (Annual) | Expenses (\$) | Expenditure | | | |
| 9 | High Efficiency Clothes Washer | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| | Refrigerators | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 11 | Microwaves [4] | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 12 | Domestic Hot Water | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Water Heater Blanket [5] | Home | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 14 | Low Flow Shower Head [5] Water Heater Pipe Insulation [5] | Home Home | | | | | | #DIV/0! #DIV/0! | | | |
| | Faucet Aerator [5] | Home | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 17 | Water Heater Repair/Replacement | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 18 | Thermostat-controlled Shower Valve | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 19 | New - Combined Showerhead/TSV | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 20 | New - Heat Pump Water Heater | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 21 | New - Tub Diverter/ Tub Spout Enclosure | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 23 | Air Sealing / Envelope [1] | Home | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 24 | Attic Insulation | Home | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 25 | HVAC | | | | | | | | | | |
| 26 | FAU Standing Pilot Conversion | Each | ļ | | | ļ | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| | Furnace Repair/Replacement | Each | 1 | | - | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 28 | Room A/C Replacement Central A/C replacement | Each Each | 1 | | | | | #DIV/0! #DIV/0! | | | |
| 30 | Heat Pump Replacement | Each | 1 | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 31 | Evaporative Cooler (Replacement) | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 32 | Duct Testing and Sealing | Home | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 33 | New - Energy Efficient Fan Control | Home | <u> </u> | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 34 | New - Prescriptive Duct Sealing New - High Efficiency Forced Air Unit (HE FAU) | Home Home | 1 | | | | | #DIV/0! #DIV/0! | | | |
| | Maintenance | Home | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 37 | Furnace Clean and Tune | Home | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| | Central A/C Tune up | Home | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| | Lighting | | | | | | | | | | |
| 40 | Compact Fluorescent Lights (CFL) | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 41 | Interior Hard wired CFL fixtures | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! #DIV/0! | | | |
| 43 | Exterior Hard wired CFL fixtures Torchiere (CFL) | Each Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 44 | | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 45 | Exterior Hard wired LED fixtures | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 46 | LED Torchiere | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 47 | Vacancy Sensor | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 48 | LED Night Lights | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 49 50 | New - LED Diffuse Bulb (60W Replacement) New - LED Reflector Bulb | Each Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! #DIV/0! | | | |
| 51 | New - LED Reflector Downlight Retrofit Kits | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 52 | New - LED A-Lamps | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 53 | Miscellaneous | | | | | | | | | | |
| 54 | Pool Pumps | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| | Smart Power Strips - Tier 1 | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! #DIV/0! | | | |
| 57 | New - Smart Power Strips - Tier 2 Ancillary Services | Each | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 58 | Commissioning [6] | Home | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 59 | Audit | Home | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| | Administration [7] | Home | | | | | | #DIV/0! | | | |
| | Pilots | | | | | | | | | | |
| 62 63 | Customer Enrollment | | | | | | | | | | |
| 64 | Customer Enrollment Outreach & Assessment | Home | | | | | \$ - | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 65 | In-Home Education | Home | | | | | \$ - | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 66 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 67 | Total Savings/Expenditures | | | - | - | - | \$ - | #DIV/0! | | | |
| 68 | Total Multifamily Puildings Weethering 101 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 69 70 | Total Multifamily Buildings Weatherized [2] | | | | | | | | | | |
| 71 | Multifamily Buildings Treated | Total | | | | | | | | | |
| 72 | | | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| 73 | - Multifamily | |] | | | | | | | | |
| 74 | | |] | | | | | | | | |
| 75 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | [1] Envelope and Air Sealing Measures may includ | o outlot - | ovor plata - | ackata attic - | oooss wooth | rization | retripping d | r coulking on | | | |
| 76 | | | | | | | | i, cauking and | | | |
| 77 | minor home repairs. Minor home repairs predominantly are door jamb repair / replacement, door repair, and window putty. [2] Weatherization may consist of attic insulation, attic access weatherization, weatherstripping - door, caulking, & minor home repairs. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 78 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 78 | Evergreen Economics "Impact Evaluation of the | | | | | m. Final Renor | ." August 30 2 | 013 | | | |
| 80 | [4] Microwave savings are from ECONorthWest Si | | | | | , 1100011 | | | | | |
| 81 | [5] Evergreen Economics "Impact Evaluation of th | | | | | m Final Danad | " lune 16 201 | 1 | | | |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | пп, гшагкероп | Julie 16, 201 | 1 | | | |
| 82 | [6] Refers to optimizing the installation of the measure | | | | | | | | | | |
| | [7] Per D.16-11-022 at p.210, the CPUC imposes a | cap of 10 | 0% of ESA F | Program funds | for administr | ative activities a | nd a ceiling of 2 | 0% for direct | | | |
| | implementation non-incentive costs. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 84 | [8] Implementation of the MF CAM Initiative is pend | ding appro | oval of PG& | E's March 1, 2 | 2018 | | | | | | |
| | * Note: Applicable to Deed-Restricted, governmen | | | | | | 1-022 where 65 | % of tenants | | | |
| 85 | are income eligible based on CPUC income require | ements of | at or below | 200% of the | Federal Pove | rty Guidelines. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | Α | В | С | D | Е | | | | | | | | |
|-------|--|---|--|--------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 2 3 | | | e 3 - Program Cost ic Gas and Electric Program Year 20 | Company | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Ratio of Benefits Over Costs Net Benefits (\$ in Millions) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | ProgramYear ESACET Resource TRC ESACET ResourceTRC | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | 2017 1.03 0.81 3.87 (15.41) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | . • | | n-resource measures" ar | | • | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | - The ESACET incl and administrative | | energy benefits and all pr | rogram costs including | measure, installation, | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | - The Resource TRC includes energy benefits and program measure and installation costs, and does not include administration costs. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | | ering Paragraph 34 add Report, except as ind | | act Evaluation. The res | ults from that study were | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | - D.14-08-030, Ord and Resource Mea | | ects the application of th | e two new cost effective | eness tests, ESACET | | | | | | | | |

| | | P' | Y 2017 ESA-CARE | Annual Report | | | | |
|----|--|----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|----------|------------|
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | A | В | С | D | E | F | | G |
| | | ESA Tabl | e 4 - Detail by Hou | sing Type and Sou | ırce [*] | | | |
| | | | Pacific Gas and Ele | ectric Company | | | | |
| 1 | | | Program Ye | ear 2017 | | | | |
| 2 | | | - | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | Table 4A - 2017 | Energy Savings ¹ | | | |
| 3 | | | | 1 | | | | 2017 |
| 4 | Customer | Housing Type | # Homes Treated | (MWh) | MW | (MM Therm) | | Expenses |
| | Gas and Electric Customers | | | | | | | LADEIISES |
| 6 | Owners - Total | | 32.129 | 25.939 | 32,426 | 0.809 | S | 38,785,715 |
| 7 | | Single Family | 27,471 | 23,440 | 29.072 | | | 35,165,794 |
| 8 | | Multi Family | 511 | 0.189 | 0.215 | 0.006 | | 371.086 |
| 9 | | Mobile Homes | 4,147 | 2.310 | 3.139 | 0.079 | | 3,248,834 |
| 10 | Renters - Total | | 30,941 | 17.688 | 19.355 | 0.613 | | 28,444,415 |
| 11 | | Single Family | 19,600 | 13.058 | 14,255 | 0.459 | | 20,338,398 |
| 12 | | Multi Family | 10,979 | 4.445 | 4.897 | 0.148 | \$ | 7,814,839 |
| 13 | | Mobile Homes | 362 | 0.185 | 0.204 | 0.007 | \$ | 291,179 |
| 14 | Electric Customers (only) | | | | | | | · |
| 15 | Owners - Total | | 10,270 | 10.483 | 12.573 | 0.008 | \$ | 8,417,825 |
| 16 | | Single Family | 8,712 | 9.531 | 11.457 | 0.008 | \$ | 7,561,455 |
| 17 | | Multi Family | 161 | 0.110 | 0.105 | - | \$ | 132,472 |
| 18 | | Mobile Homes | 1,397 | 0.842 | 1.011 | 0.000 | \$ | 723,898 |
| 19 | Renters - Total | | 6,839 | 5.138 | 5.017 | 0.004 | \$ | 5,170,205 |
| 20 | | Single Family | 4,117 | 3.579 | 3.657 | 0.004 | \$ | 3,499,836 |
| 21 | | Multi Family | 2,208 | 1.236 | 1.052 | 0.000 | \$ | 1,317,405 |
| 22 | | Mobile Homes | 514 | 0.323 | 0.308 | 0.000 | \$ | 352,965 |
| | Gas Customers (only) | | | | | | | |
| | Owners - Total | | 4,131 | 0.031 | 0.126 | 0.141 | \$ | 3,272,114 |
| 25 | | Single Family | 3,762 | 0.038 | 0.126 | 0.132 | \$ | 3,096,919 |
| 26 | | Multi Family | 44 | (0.001) | - | 0.001 | \$ | 18,574 |
| 27 | | Mobile Homes | 325 | (0.006) | 0.000 | 0.008 | | 156,621 |
| 28 | Renters - Total | | 2,742 | (0.016) | 0.053 | 0.076 | | 1,615,919 |
| 29 | | Single Family | 2,080 | 0.003 | 0.052 | 0.064 | | 1,328,000 |
| 30 | | Multi Family | 634 | (0.019) | 0.001 | 0.012 | | 276,265 |
| 31 | | Mobile Homes | 28 | (0.000) | 0.000 | 0.001 | \$ | 11,654 |
| 32 | Gas and Electric Total | | | | | | | |
| 33 | Multifamly Common Area Bldgs - Total | | | | | | <u> </u> | |
| 34 | | | | | | | <u> </u> | |
| 35 | Totals: | | 87,052 | 59.263 | 69.550 | 1.651 | \$ | 85,706,194 |
| 36 | | | | | | | | |
| 37 | Ordering Paragraph 34 of D.14-08-030 add | pts the 2013 ESA Imp | pact Evaluation. The r | esults from that study | y were used in this An | inual Report. | | |
| 38 | | | | | | | | |
| 39 | | | | | | | | |
| 40 | | Tables 4B - Pene | tration History | | | | | |
| | | | | | Current rear | | | |
| | | | | | Penetration Rate | | | |
| | | | Ineligible & | Estimated Eligible | for Homes | | | |
| 41 | Year | Homes Treated ¹ | Unwilling ² | in Current Year ³ | Treated⁴ | | | |
| 42 | 2002 | 70,683 | | | | | | |
| 43 | 2003 | 47,271 | | | | | | |
| 44 | 2004 | 48,456 | | | | | | |
| 45 | 2005 | 57,700 | | | | | | |

| 40 | | Tables 4B - Penetri | ation History | | |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | | Ineligible & | Estimated Eligible | Penetration Rate for Homes |
| 41 | Year | Homes Treated ¹ | Unwilling ² | in Current Year ³ | Treated ⁴ |
| 42 | 2002 | 70,683 | | | |
| 43 | 2003 | 47,271 | | | |
| 44 | 2004 | 48,456 | | | |
| 45 | 2005 | 57,700 | | | |
| 46 | 2006 | 66,043 | | | |
| 47 | 2007 | 63,319 | | | |
| 48 | 2008 | 61,034 | | | |
| 49 | 2009 | 81,308 | | | |
| 50 | 2010 | 133,329 | | | |
| 51 | 2011 | 128,071 | | | |
| 52 | 2012 | 115,229 | | | |
| 53 | 2013 | 123,566 | | | |
| 54 | 2014 | 123,539 | | | |
| 55 | 2015 | 100,573 | | | |
| 56 | 2016 | 74,319 | | | |
| 57 | 2017 | 51,442 | 705,035 | 1,762,588 | 1.3% |
| 58 | 2018 | | | | |
| 59 | 2019 | | | | |
| 60 | 2020 | | | | |
| 61 | Total Homes Treated since 2002 | 1,345,882 | 705,035 | 1,762,588 | 1.3% |

1 Homes treated since 2002 are reported to track progress toward meeting the 2020 Programmatic Initiative. Beginning in 2017, IOUs were allowed to re-treat customer homes that had been treated by the ESA Program since 2002, although these homes do not count toward the 2020 goal. This cumulative total includes only the 51,442 First Touch homes treated by PG&E in 2017. Additionally, this total does not include the homes treated by CSD's LIHEAP program that are allowed to count towards PG&E's 2020 goal.

2 Customers that were ineligible, unwilling, or infeasible to participate. Estimate is 40% of the total eligible population, based on the 60% remaining Willing and Feasible to Participate (WFTP) factor authorized in D.16-11-022 and D.17-12-009 for the 2017-2020 cycle. Per the Commission authorized methodology, the WFTP factor is applied to the escalated 2020 estimated eligible population. On this table, there is no escalation, and it is applied to the 2017 estimated eligible population, updated annually by 4 Athens Research from census data.

³ Based on Attachment F of D.12-08-044, D.14-08-030, and Ordering Paragraph 79 of D.16-11-022. Total eligibility shown in this column does not deduct homes treated by CSD's LIHEAP program, as authorized by the Commission.

this countril does not deduct nomes treated by CSD's LIHEAP program, as authorized by the Commission.

4 Penetration is percent of customers treated (Column B) relative to the total eligible customers (Column D) less the unwilling/ineligible customers (Column C): B/(D-C). This calculation is consistent with PC&E's methodology for estimating customers willingness / unwillingness to participate as authorized by the Commission, except that it is not applied to an escalated estimated 2020 eligibility. PG&E plans to update WFTP forecasts in its Mid-Cycle Update Advice Letter in July 2018.

95

| 68 | | | | |
|----------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 69 | Table 4C - Housel | nolds in Shared Se | rvice Territory | |
| 70 71 | | | | Eligible |
| | | | Eligible | households |
| | | | Households in | treated by both |
| | | Utility in Shared | Shared Service | utilities in shared |
| 72 | Year | Service Territory | Territory | service territory |
| 73 | 2017 | SCE | 4,997 | 8 |
| 74 | 2017 | SoCalGas | 104,440 | 2,706 |
| 75 | | | | |

78 [*] Summary data which includes ESA Program, CSD Leveraging, and MF efforts.

Α G ESA Table 5 - ESA Direct Purchases & Installation Contractors **Pacific Gas and Electric Company** Program Year 2017 **Contractor Type** (Check one or more if applicable) 2017 Annual WMDVBE LIHEAP 3 Contractor County Private СВО **Expenditures** Alameda, Contra Costa, Х Fresno, Kern, Kings, Madera, Marin, Merced, Monterey, Napa, Sacramento, San Benito, San Joaquin, San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara. Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, Solano, Sonoma, Stanislaus, Tulare, Yolo, Butte, Colusa, Glenn, Shasta, Sutter, Tehama, 4 AE3V dba Western Heating and Cooling Yuba 1,419,312 Alameda, Alpine, Amador, Х Butte, Calaveras, Colusa, Contra Costa, El Dorado, Fresno, Glenn, Humboldt, Kern, Kings, Lake, Lassen, Madera, Marin, Mariposa, Mendocino, Merced, Monterey, Napa, Nevada, Placer, Plumas, Sacramento, San Benito, San Bernardino, San Francisco, San Joaquin, San Luis Obispo, San Mateo, Santa Barbara, Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, Shasta, Sierra, Siskiyou, Solano, Sonoma, Stanislaus, Sutter, Tehama, Trinity, Tulare, Tuolumne, Yolo, Yuba 1,419,304 Lovotti Inc- AC Tune Up Amador, Tuolumne, Calaveras Amador-Tuolumne Community Action Agency \$ 1,600 Monterey, San Benito, Central Coast Energy Services Santa Cruz, San Mateo \$ 12,800 Redwood Community Action Agency Humbolt \$ 6,400 9 San Joaquin Human Services Agency Х San Joaquin \$ Merced 10 American Insulation, Inc. San Joaquin \$ 2,419,297 Fresno Madera Mariposa Merced Stanislaus 11 Bright Ideas Construction 4,383,077 Tuolumne

G ESA Table 5 - ESA Direct Purchases & Installation Contractors **Pacific Gas and Electric Company** Program Year 2017 **Contractor Type** (Check one or more if applicable) 2017 Annual WMDVBE LIHEAP 3 Contractor County Private СВО **Expenditures** Alameda Contra Costa Marin Napa San Francisco San Benito San Mateo Santa Clara Amador Calaveras San Joaquin Stanislaus Tuolumne Alpine Butte Colusa El Dorado Glenn Humboldt Lake Lassen Mendocino Nevada Placer Plumas Sacramento Shasta Sierra California Builder Appliances, Inc. Siskiyou 12 dba Monark of California Solano \$ 3,899,638 Fresno Humboldt Siskiyou 13 CarrollCo, Inc. Trinity \$ 5,067,416 Butte Glenn Sutter 14 Community Action Agency of Butte County, Inc. Yuba \$ 832,884 Monterey San Luis Obispo Community Action Partnership of San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara 907,415 15 Inc. Santa Cruz \$ Alameda Contra Costa 16 Community Energy Services Corporation Marin \$ 366,465 Sacramento Contra Costa Napa 17 Community Housing Opportunities Corporation Solano 4,087,213 \$ 18 CWES, Inc. Fresno \$ 2,203,518 San Mateo 19 El Concilio of San Mateo County, Inc. \$ 1,291,857 Santa Clara Santa Clara San Mateo Alameda Contra Costa San Francisco 20 Energy Efficiency, Inc. dba Synergy EE Marin \$ 9,432,308 Fresno County Economic Opportunities Commission 2,226,938 Fresno

G ESA Table 5 - ESA Direct Purchases & Installation Contractors **Pacific Gas and Electric Company** Program Year 2017 **Contractor Type** (Check one or more if applicable) 2017 Annual WMDVBE LIHEAP 3 Contractor County Private СВО **Expenditures** Calaveras Fresno Kern Kings Madera Merced San Joaquin Stanislaus Highlands Diversified, Inc. dba Tulare 22 dba Highlands Trade Partners Tuolumne 12,937,841 Merced Sacramento San Joaquin Solano Stanislaus 23 TruTeam of California Yolo 346,760 Kern San Luis Obispo 24 Pacific Coast Energy Conservation Services Monterey 3,313,722 Sacramento Yolo Polvera Drywall of Riverside Corporation San Luis Obispo 25 dba Empire Insulation Santa Barbara 4,247,094 \$ El Dorado Nevada Placer 26 Project Go Incorporated Sacramento \$ 284,254 Fresno Kings Tulare 27 Proteus Kern 224,883 Solano Santa Clara Alameda Contra Costa 28 Quality Conservation Services Inc. San Francisco \$ 8,270,382 Butte Coulsa Glenn Lake Lassen Mendocino Nevada Placer Plumas Sacramento Shasta Sutter Tehama Yolo Yuba Marin Napa 29 Residential Weatherization Inc. San Francisco 3,473,663 \$ Butte Glenn Mendocino Shasta Sonoma 30 Salvador F. Calderon dba Salco Better Energy Tehama \$ 2,551,295 Shasta \$ 1,004,715 31 Self- Help Home Improvement Tehama

G Α ESA Table 5 - ESA Direct Purchases & Installation Contractors **Pacific Gas and Electric Company** Program Year 2017 **Contractor Type** (Check one or more if applicable) ate CBO WMDVBE LIHE 2017 Annual LIHEAP 3 Contractor County Private **Expenditures** Santa Clara Sierra Weatherization Compnay Inc. dba Bo Santa Cruz 32 Enterprises33 Silicon Valley Foundation, Inc. 3,069,650 1,676,666 Alameda Santa Clara \$ Amador Calaveras Kern Kings San Joaquin El Dorado Nevada Placer Sacramento Yuba Monterey Santa Cruz 34 Staples & Associates, Inc. San Luis Obispo 11,209,606 San Joaquin Stanislaus Monterey San Luis Obispo 35 Sundowner Insulation Company, Inc. 556,730 \$ Fresno Kern Kings Madera Mariposa Merced Monterey San Benito San Bernardino San Luis Obispo Santa Barbara Santa Cruz 36 Ventura TV Tulare \$ 3,449,768 Fresno Kern Kings Madera 37 Winegard Energy, Inc.38 Action AC (ROY SAKAMOTO) Tulare 4,952,649 408,600 x x 39 Barker \$ 1,249,441 40 Empire \$ 905,054 \$ 41 Lovotti 803,724 42 Masco (TRU TEAM OF CALIFORNIA INC) 46,334 43 **Total** 104,960,271

| | A | В | С | D | E | F | G | Н | I | J | K | L | | М | N | 0 | Р | Q | R | S | |
|----------|--|-----------------|-------------------|------------|-----------------|------------|-------------------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------|------------------|-------------|----------|---|-------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------|
| | | | | | - | E | SA Table 6 - E | | | | • | | Contra | actors | | | | | | | |
| 1 | | | | | | | | Pacif | | l Electrio n Year 2 | c Company 017 | ' | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | Unit of Measure | | | CBO/V | VMDVBE | | | Non-CBO/WMDVBE | | | | | | | 20 | 17 Program Tot | al | | | |
| 3 | | | Installa Units | | Dwel | lings % | Costs | | Installa Units | | Dwell | ings % | | Costs | 0/ | Units | | 0 | 0 | Cost/ | |
| 5 | Dwellings | Each | 709,646 | % 49% | Units - | 76 | \$ \$ 38,007,036 | % 44% | 739,612 | % 51% | Units - | % | \$ 4 | \$ 47,699,158 | % 56% | Installed 1,449,258 | Household - | Costs \$ 85,706,194 | Cost/ Un \$ 59.1 | | ola |
| | Appliances High Efficiency Clothes Washer | Each | | 0% | 1 | 0% | 1 | 0% | 1 | 0% | 1 | 0% | T | 1 | 0% | l <u>-</u> | _ : | \$ - | - L | T & _ | |
| 8 | Refrigerators | Each | - | 0% | - | 0% | \$ - | 0% | 8,728 | 100% | 8,708 | 100% | | 7,584,519 | 100% | 8,728 | 8,708 | \$ 7,584,519 | \$ 86 | | |
| | Microwaves Domestic Hot Water | Each | 9,791 | 49% | 9,778 | 49% | \$ 890,561 | 49% | 10,029 | 51% | 10,022 | 51% | \$ | 912,209 | 51% | 19,820 | 19,800 | \$ 1,802,769 | \$ 9 | 1 \$ 9 | 91 |
| | Water Heater Blanket | Home | 6.425 | 56% | 6.308 | 56% | \$ 494,489 | 56% | 5.097 | 44% | 5.056 | 44% | \$ | 392.282 | 44% | 11.522 | 11.364 | \$ 886,770 | \$ 7 | 7 \$ 7 | 78 |
| 12 | LOW FIOW ONOMO: FIOUG | Home | 44,538 | 51% | 30,142 | 51% | \$ 1,351,266 | 51% | 42,251 | 49% | 28,930 | 49% | | 1,281,879 | 49% | 86,789 | 59,072 | \$ 2,633,146 | | | 45 |
| | Water Heater Pilpe Insulation Faucet Aerator | Home Home | 519 29.318 | 64% 54% | 519 29.318 | 64% 54% | \$ 12,399 \$ 464,785 | 64% 54% | 290 25.028 | 36% 46% | 290 25.028 | 36% 46% | \$ | 6,928 396,774 | 36% 46% | 809 54.346 | 809 54.346 | \$ 19,327 \$ 861,559 | | | 24 16 |
| 15 | Water heater Repair/Replacement | Each | - | 0% | - | 0% | \$ - | 0% | 869 | 100% | 869 | 100% | | 1,075,024 | 100% | 869 | 869 | \$ 1,075,024 | \$ 1,23 | 7 \$ 1,23 | |
| | Thermostat-controlled Shower Valve | Each | 28,529 | 50% | 18,881 | 50% | \$ 820,349 | 50% | 28,549 | 50% | 19,237 | 50% | \$ | 820,925 | 50% | 57,078 | 38,118 | \$ 1,641,274 | \$ 2 | | 43 |
| | New - Comblined Showerhead/TSV New - Heat Pump Water Heater | Each Each | | 0% 0% | | 0% 0% | | 0% 0% | | 0% 0% | | 0% 0% | 1 | | 0% 0% | - | - | \$ - \$ - | \$ - | \$ - \$ - | |
| 19 | New Tub Diverter/ Tub Spout | Each | | 0% | | 0% | | 0% | | 0% | | 0% | | | 0% | - | - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |
| | Enclosure Air Sealing / Envelope [1] | Home | 00.700 | F 40/ | 00.700 | F 40/ | 0 40 500 655 | F 40/ | 04.447 | 400/ | 04.44 | 400/ | | 10.000.000 | 400/ | 50.400 | E0 400 | 0.00054.000 | | | 07 |
| 22 | | Home | 28.722 2.678 | 54% 67% | 28.722 2.678 | 54% 67% | \$ 12.560.357 \$ 4.103.474 | 54% 67% | 24.447 1.340 | 46% 33% | 24.447 1.340 | 46% 33% | | 10.690.866 2.053.269 | 46% 33% | 53.169 4.018 | 53.169 4.018 | | \$ 43 \$ 1.53 | | |
| 23 | HVAC | | 070 | | 070 | | | | | | 7.0-10 | | | _,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | | | 1.010 | | | | _ |
| 24 25 | FAU Standing Pilot Light Conversion Furnace Repair/Replacement | Each Each | | 0% 0% | | 0% 0% | 6 | 0% 0% | 4 4 4 0 | 0% 100% | 1.112 | 0% 100% | s | 2.260.979 | 0% 100% | 1.112 | 1.112 | \$ - \$ 2,260,979 | \$ - \$ 2.03 | \$ - 3 \$ 2.03 | 22 |
| 26 | Room A/C Replacement | Each | 1.482 | 61% | 1.141 | 59% | \$ - \$ 1.029.254 | 61% | 1.112 955 | 39% | 1.112 798 | 100% 41% | \$ | 663.251 | 100% 39% | 2.437 | | \$ 2.260.979 \$ 1.692.505 | \$ 2.03 | | |
| 27 | Central A/C Replacement | Each | | 0% | - | 0% | \$ - | 0% | - | 0% | - | 0% | \$ | - | 0% | - | - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | 70 |
| | Heat Pump Replacement | Each | | 0% | | 0% | | 0% | | 0% | | 0% | | | 0% | | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |
| 29 30 | Evaporative Coolers (Replacement) Duct Testing and Sealing | Each Home | 2.330 1.183 | 60% 53% | 1.941 1.183 | 58% 53% | \$ 1.353.601 \$ 926.518 | 60% 53% | 1.568 1.064 | 40% 47% | 1.433 1.064 | 42% 47% | \$ | 910.921 833.318 | 40% 47% | 3.898 2.247 | 3.374 2.247 | \$ 2.264.523 \$ 1,759,835 | | 1 \$ 67 3 \$ 78 | |
| 31 | New - Energy Efficient Fan Control | Home | 1,100 | 0% | - | 0% | \$ - | 0% | 5,784 | 100% | 5,637 | 100% | \$ | 452,889 | 100% | 5,784 | | \$ 452,889 | | | 80 |
| 32 | New - Prescriptive Duct Sealing New - High Efficiency Forced Air Unit | Home Home | | 0% | | 0% | | 0% | | 0% | | 0% | | | 0% | - | - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |
| 34 | Maintenance | потпе | | 0% | | 0% | | 0% | | 0% | | 0% | <u> </u> | | 0% | - | - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |
| 35 | Furnace Clean and Tune | Home | | 0% | | 0% | | 0% | | 0% | | 0% | | | 0% | - | _ | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |
| 36 | Central A/C Tune-up | Home | - | 0% | | 0% | S - | 0% | 9.518 | 100% | 9.518 | 100% | \$ | 2.312.938 | 100% | 9.518 | 9.518 | \$ 2.312.938 | \$ 24 | 3 \$ 24 | 43 |
| 38 | Lighting Compact Fluorescent Lights (CFL) | Each | 67,593 | 50% | 9.039 | 51% | \$ 541.057 | 50% | 66,663 | 50% | 8.645 | 49% | Τ¢ | 533,613 | 50% | 134,256 | 17.684 | \$ 1.074.671 | I ¢ | 3 \$ 6 | 61 |
| 39 | Interior Hard wired CFL fixtures | Each | 26.690 | 48% | 6.799 | 49% | \$ 2.220.203 | 48% | 28.351 | 52% | 7.064 | 51% | \$ | 2.358.373 | 52% | 55.041 | | \$ 4.578.576 | | | 30 |
| 40 | Exterior Hard wired CFL fixtures | Each | 6,513 | 48% | 3,210 | 49% | \$ 552,935 | 48% | 7,004 | 52% | 3,395 | 51% | \$ | 594,620 | 52% | 13,517 | | \$ 1,147,555 | \$ 8 | 5 \$ 17 | 74 |
| 41 | Torchiere (CFL) Interior Hard wired LED fixtures | Each Each | 2,642 92,782 | 49% 48% | 2,355 29,863 | 47% 50% | \$ 206,963 \$ 4,832,707 | 49% 48% | 2,792 100,823 | 51% 52% | 2,651 29,780 | 53% 50% | \$ | 218,713 5,251,536 | 51% 52% | 5,434 193,605 | | \$ 425,677 \$ 10,084,243 | | | 8 <u>5</u> |
| 43 | Exterior Hard wired LEDfixtures | Each | 22,153 | 45% | 9,775 | 47% | \$ 1.372.648 | 45% | 27.171 | 55% | 11.042 | 53% | | 1.683.574 | 55% | 49.324 | 20.817 | | | | 47 |
| 44 | Torchiere (LED) | Each | 7,225 | 50% | 5,029 | 45% | \$ 405,524 | 50% | 7,326 | 50% | 6,213 | 55% | \$ | 411,192 | 50% | 14,551 | 11,242 | \$ 816,716 | \$ 5 | 5 \$ 7 | 73 |
| | Vacancy Sensor LED Night Lights | Each Each | 1,180 | 62% 0% | 856 | 62% 0% | \$ 73,062 | 62% 0% | 732 | 38% 0% | 531 | 38% 0% | \$ | 45,323 | 38% 0% | 1,912 | 1,387 | \$ 118,386 \$ - | \$ 6 | 2 \$ 8 | 85 |
| | New - LED Diffuse Bulb (60W Replac | Each | | 0% | | 0% | | 0% | | 0% | | 0% | L | | 0% | - | | \$ - \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |
| 48 | New - LED Reflector Bulb | Each | | 0% | | 0% | | 0% | | 0% | | 0% | | | 0% | - | _ | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |
| | New - LED Reflector Downlight Retrof New - LED A-Lamps | Each Each | 311.295 | 0% 50% | 26.690 | 0% | e 2057440 | 0% 50% | 312.736 | 0% 50% | 26.298 | 0% 50% | 6 | 2.970.831 | 0% 50% | 604.004 | 52.988 | \$ - \$ 5.927.973 | \$ - | \$ - 9 \$ 11 | 10 |
| | Miscellaneous | Eduli | 311.295 | 50% | 26.690 | 50% | \$ 2.957.142 | 1 50% | 312./36 | 50% | 26.298 | 50% | 1.5 | 2.9/0.831 | 50% | 624.031 | 52.988 | s 5.927.973 | 1.2 | 213 11 | 12 |
| 52 | Pool Pumps | Each | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |
| 53 | | Each | 8.497 | 43% | 6.199 | 43% | \$ 336.675 | 43% | 11.342 | 57% | 8.369 | 57% | \$ | 449.402 | 57% | 19.839 | 14.568 | \$ 786.077 | \$ 4 | | 54 |
| | New - Smart Power Strips - Tier 2 Ancillary Services | Each | 7.561 | 48% | 4.063 | 50% | \$ 501.066 | 48% | 8.043 | 52% | 3.983 | 50% | \$ | 533.008 | 52% | 15.604 | 8.046 | \$ 1.034.074 | 15 6 | 6 S 12 | 29 |
| 56 | Commissioning [2] | Home | | 0% | | 0% | | 0% | | 0% | | 0% | | | 0% | _ | - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |
| | Audit | Home | | 0% | | 0% | | 0% | | 0% | | 0% | | | 0% | - | - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |
| | Administration [3] Pilots | Home | | 0% | <u> </u> | 0% | <u> </u> | 0% | | 0% | | 0% | | | 0% | | - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |
| 60 | | Each | | 0% | | | | | | 0% | | | | | | _ | | \$ - | S - | S - | |
| 61 | | Each | | 0% | | | | | | 0% | | | | | | - | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |
| 62 63 | Customer Enrollment Outreach & Assessment | Home | | | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | | 1 | | | 97.050 | 87.052 | \$ 10.321.232 | C 44 | 9 \$ 11 | 19 |
| | In-Home Education | Home | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | 87,052 87,052 | 87,052 87,052 | | | | 19 59 |
| 65 | | | | • | • | • | • | | • | • | • | | | | | . 01.002 | U | | | | |
| 66 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

ESA Table 7 - Expenditures Recorded by Cost Element Pacific Gas and Electric Company Program Year 2017

| 2 ESA Program: | Labor [1] | Non-Labor [2] | Contractor [3] | Total |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| 3 Energy Efficiency | | | | |
| 4 Appliances | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 11,753,330 | \$ 11,753,330 |
| 5 Domestic Hot Water | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 7,444,784 | \$ 7,444,784 |
| 6 Enclosure | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 30,731,534 | \$ 30,731,534 |
| 7 HVAC | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 10,989,587 | \$ 10,989,587 |
| 8 Maintenance | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| 9 Lighting | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 27,905,424 | \$ 27,905,424 |
| 10 Miscellaneous | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| 11 Customer Enrollment | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 10,354,662 | \$ 10,354,662 |
| 12 In Home Education | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 5,419,707 | \$ 5,419,707 |
| 13 Pilot | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| 14 Implementation [4] | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 5,369,134 | \$ 5,369,134 |
| 15 Energy Efficiency TOTAL | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 109,968,163 | \$ 109,968,163 |
| 16 | | | | |
| 17 Training Center | \$ 238,318 | | \$ 129,676 | |
| 18 Inspections | \$ 3,918,873 | | | |
| 19 Marketing and Outreach | \$ 307,533 | \$ 151,577 | \$ 1,078,969 | \$ 1,538,079 |
| Statewide Marketing Education and | | | | |
| 20 Outreach | - | \$ - | - | |
| 21 Measurement and Evaluation Studies | - | \$ - | \$ 56,824 | \$ 56,824 |
| 22 Regulatory Compliance | \$ 347,214 | \$ 35,166 | - | \$ 382,380 |
| 23 General Administration | \$ 5,930,912 | \$ 108,525 | \$ 993,077 | \$ 7,032,514 |
| 24 CPUC Energy Division | \$ - | \$ 60,159 | \$ - | \$ 60,159 |
| 25 Multi-Family Common Area Measures | \$ 45,323 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 45,323 |
| 26 Leveraging - CSD and MCE [4] | \$ - | \$ 1,750,000 | \$ - | \$ 1,750,000 |
| 27 | | | | |
| 28 TOTAL PROGRAM COSTS | \$ 10,788,173 | \$ 2,137,220 | \$ 112,230,428 | \$ 125,155,822 |

^{30 [1]} Labor costs include any internal direct (administrative and/or implementation) costs (indirect costs are a separate line item), burdened by overhead, that represents person hours.

^{31 [2]} Non-Labor costs include all direct internal (administrative and/or implementation) costs (indirect costs are given as a separate line item) not covered under labor.

^[3] Contract costs include all outsourced costs (administrative and/or implementation). Contract costs do not need to be further broken out by labor/non-labor. This category includes agency employees.

^{33 [4]} This budget category includes the primary administrative fee for Implementer(s).

Note: This table is consistent with costs reflected on ESA Table 1 and Table 1A, and includes total program costs from both authorized costs (shown in Table 1) and authorized costs from unspent funding (shown in Table 1A).

| | A | В | С | D | E | F | G | Н | | | | |
|----|--------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|------------------|------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | ESA Ta | | lomes Unwilling | | articipate | | | | | | |
| | | | | Sas and Electric | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | | | F | Program Year 20 | 17 | | | | | | | |
| 2 | ESA Program | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | Reasor | Provided | | | | | | | |
| | | | 0 | | l andland | Household | Unabla 4a | | | | | |
| | | Customer | Customer Unavailable - | Hazardous | Landlord Refused to | Income Exceeds | Unable to Provide | Other | | | | |
| | | Unwilling/Declined | Scheduling | Environment | Authorize | Allowable | Required | Infeasible/ | | | | |
| 4 | County | Program Measures | Conflicts | (unsafe/unclean) | Participation | Limits | Documentation | Ineligible | | | | |
| 5 | ALAMEDA | 23 | 1516 | 3 | 1 | 20 | 1 | 20 | | | | |
| | ALPINE | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| | AMADOR | 40 | 112 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | | | |
| | BUTTE | 83 16 | 1594 101 | 5 1 | 2 | 21 | 1 | 71 0 | | | | |
| | CALAVERAS COLUSA | 10 | 101 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 8 | | | | |
| | CONTRA COSTA | 164 | 2191 | 1 | 0 | 20 | 6 | 59 | | | | |
| | EL DORADO | 91 | 243 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 4 | | | | |
| 13 | FRESNO | 259 | 3642 | 6 | 2 | 63 | 3 | 69 | | | | |
| | GLENN | 9 | 225 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | | | |
| | HUMBOLDT | 4 | 120 | 2 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 3 | | | | |
| | KERN | 109 | 3108 236 | 2 | 2 | 14 | 0 | 30 | | | | |
| | KINGS LAKE | 2 5 | 236 77 | 0 | 0 | 1 0 | 0 | 8 | | | | |
| | LASSEN | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| _ | MADERA | 25 | 404 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 8 | | | | |
| - | MARIN | 6 | 169 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | | | | |
| | MARIPOSA | 4 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| | MENDOCINO | 0 | 49 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| | MERCED | 18 | 809 | 1 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 33 | | | | |
| | MONTEREY NAPA | 94 | 966 | 0 | 0 | 14 45 | 0 | 146 | | | | |
| | NEVADA | 3 74 | 408 211 | 0 | 0 | 45 5 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| | PLACER | 138 | 352 | 2 | 0 | 10 | 1 | 36 | | | | |
| | PLUMAS | 0 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| 30 | SACRAMENTO | 276 | 956 | 3 | 1 | 14 | 3 | 8 | | | | |
| | SAN BENITO | 5 | 179 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | | | | |
| | SAN BERNARDINO | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| | SAN FRANCISCO | 14 | 1316 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 7 | | | | |
| | SAN JOAQUIN SAN LUIS OBISPO | 206 31 | 2356 263 | 6 | 0 | 43 0 | 3 | 54 1 | | | | |
| | SAN LUIS OBISPO SAN MATEO | 43 | 203 812 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 1 7 | | | | |
| | SANTA BARBARA | 111 | 291 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| | SANTA CLARA | 30 | 2198 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 155 | | | | |
| | SANTA CRUZ | 94 | 599 | 2 | | 0 | 0 | | | | | |
| | SHASTA | 60 | 969 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 32 | | | | |
| | SIERRA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| | SISKIYOU SOLANO | 0 217 | 0 1693 | <u> </u> | | 0 20 | 0 | 0 15 | | | | |
| - | SONOMA | 13 | 646 | 2 | 2 2 | 59 | 0 | 61 | | | | |
| | STANISLAUS | 103 | 832 | 1 | 0 | 27 | 2 | 9 | | | | |
| | SUTTER | 13 | 435 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2 | | | | |
| | TEHAMA | 42 | 811 | 2 | 1 | 8 | 3 | 7 | | | | |
| | TRINITY | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| | TULARE | 0 | 345 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 8 | | | | |
| | TUOLUMNE | 12 | 50 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| | YOLO YUBA | 63 18 | 1294 533 | 2 | 1 0 | 4 | 1 0 | 6 | | | | |
| | Total | 2,519 | 33,328 | 62 | - | 440 | 34 | 905 | | | | |
| 54 | | 2,519 | 33,320 | 02 | 10 | 740 | 34 | 303 | | | | |

ESA Table 9 - Life Cycle Bill Savings by Measure[1] Pacific Gas and Electric Company Program Year 2017

| 2 | Measure Description | | 2017 Number Installed | Per Measure Electric Impact (kWh) | Per Measure Gas Impact (Therms) | Effective Useful Life (EUL) | 2017 Total Measure Life Cycle Bill Savings |
|----------|--|--------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| 3 | Appliances | | | | | | |
| 4 | High Efficiency Clothes Washer | Each | | | | | \$ - |
| 5 | Refrigerators | Each | 8,728 | 5,719,679.18 | - | 15 | \$ 9,056,087.20 |
| 6 | Microwaves [2] | Each | 19,820 | 1,892,643.30 | 145,332.62 | 15 | \$ 4,765,134.25 |
| 7 | Domestic Hot Water | | | | | | |
| 8 | Water Heater Blanket [3] | Home | 11,522 | 55,402.35 | 65,882.10 | 5 | \$ 363,919.62 |
| 9 | Low Flow Shower Head [3] | Home | 86,789 | 806,376.00 | 457,720.40 | 10 | \$ 5,046,783.11 |
| 10 | Water Heater Pilpe Insulation [3] | Home | 809 | 2,265.00 | 7,056.80 | 15 | \$ 89,456.54 |
| 11 | Faucet Aerator [3] | Home | 54,346 | 111,004.80 | 159,601.16 | 5 | \$ 866,569.14 |
| 12 | Water Heater Repair/Replacement | Each | 869 | - | 4,735.29 | 13 | \$ 51,961.25 |
| 13 | Thermostat-controlled Shower Valve | Each | 57,078 | 10,279.00 | 99,102.00 | 8 | \$ 751,139.76 |
| 14 | New - Comblined Showerhead/TSV | Each | | | | | \$ - |
| 15 | New - Heat Pump Water Heater | Each | | | | | \$ - |
| 16 | New Tub Diverter/ Tub Spout | Each | | | | | \$ - |
| 17 | Enclosure | | | | | | |
| 18 | Air Sealing / Envelope | Home | 53,169 | 272,458.26 | 470,687.12 | 7 | \$ 3,381,986.61 |
| 19 | Attic Insulation | Home | 4,018 | 548,884.28 | 171,420.60 | 20 | \$ 3,577,576.53 |
| 20 | HVAC | | | | | | |
| 21 | FAU Standing Pilot Light Conversion | Each | | | | | \$ - |
| 22 | Furnace Repair/Replacement | Each | 1,112 | 0 | 3677.33 | 16 | \$ 46,803.45 |
| 23 | Room A/C Replacement | Each | 2,437 | 483793.22 | 0 | 15 | \$ 765,999.88 |
| 24 | Central A/C Replacement | Each | - | - | - | 18 | \$ - |
| 25 | Heat Pump Replacement | Each | | | | | \$ - |
| 26 | Evaporative Coolers (Replacement) | Each | 3,898 | 1,034,993.16 | - | 15 | \$ 1,638,726.23 |
| 27 | Duct Testing and Sealing | Home | 2,247 | 115,523.23 | 66,012.61 | 25 | \$ 1,360,503.76 |
| 28 | New - Energy Efficient Fan Control | Home | 5,784 | 1,095,456 | - | 10 | \$ 1,278,527.04 |
| 29 | New - Prescriptive Duct Sealing | Home | | | | | - |
| 30 | New - High Efficiency Forced Air Unit (HE FAU) | Home | | | | | - |
| 31 | Maintenance | I I a man | | | | | |
| 32 | Furnace Clean and Tune Central A/C Tune-up | Home Home | 0.540 | 0.450.000.00 | | 45 | \$ - \$ 3,883,288.92 |
| 33 | , | nome | 9,518 | 2,452,622.89 | - | 15 | \$ 3,883,288.92 |
| 34 35 | Lighting Compact Fluorescent Lights (CFL) | Each | 134,256 | 2,148,096.00 | | 8 | \$ 2,090,276.27 |
| 36 | Interior Hard wired CFL fixtures | Each | 55,041 | 880,656.00 | - | <u>o</u> | \$ 2,090,276.27 |
| 37 | Exterior Hard wired CFL fixtures | Each | 13,517 | 652,580.80 | - | 20 | \$ 1,250,942.04 |
| 38 | Torchiere (CFL) | Each | 5,434 | 604,601.51 | - | 9 | \$ 648,282.18 |
| 39 | Interior Hard wired LED fixtures | Each | 193,605 | 13,009,107.39 | - | 16 | \$ 21,544,003.29 |
| 40 | Exterior Hard wired LED fixtures | Each | 49,324 | 5113419.08 | 0 | 16 | \$ 8,468,184.19 |
| 41 | Torchiere (LED) | Each | 14,551 | 991941.67 | 0 | 16 | \$ 1,642,725.67 |
| 42 | Vacancy Sensor | Each | 1,912 | 205526.6497 | 0 | 8 | \$ 199,994.54 |
| 43 | LED Night Lights | Each | 1,512 | 200020.0407 | Ů | | \$ - |
| 44 | New - LED Diffuse Bulb (60W Replacement) | Each | | | | | \$ - |
| 45 | New - LED Reflector Bulb | Each | | | | | \$ - |
| 46 | New - LED Reflector Downlight Retrofit Kits | Each | | | | | \$ - |
| 47 | New - LED A-Lamps | Each | 624,031 | 18545447.66 | 0 | 16 | \$ 30,712,574.93 |
| 48 | Miscellaneous | | | | | | |
| 49 | Pool Pumps | Each | | | | | \$ - |
| 50 | Smart Power Strips | Each | 19,839 | 482087.7 | 0 | 5 | \$ 312,321.58 |
| 51 | New - Smart Power Strips - Tier 2 | Each | 15,604 | 2028520 | 0 | 5 | \$ 1,314,181.16 |
| 52 | Ancillary Services | | | | | | |
| 53 | Commissioning [4] | Home | | | | | \$ - |
| 54 | Audit | Home | | | | | \$ - |
| 55 | Administration [5] | Home | | | | | \$ - |
| 56 | Pilots | | | | | | |
| 57 | | | | | | | \$ - |
| 58 | | | | | | | |
| 59 | Total | | 1,449,258 | 59,263,365 | 1,651,228 | | \$ 106,566,378 |
| 60 | | | | | | | |
| 61 | Total Homes Served By the Program | 87,052 | | | | | |
| | Life Cycle Bill Savings Per Home | \$ 1,224.17 | | | | | |
| 63 | | | | | | | |

^[1] Ordering Paragraph 34 of D.14-08-030 adopts the 2013 ESA Impact Evaluation (Evergreen Economics "Impact Evaluation of the 2011 CA Low Income Energy Efficiency Program, Final Report." August 30, 2013). Unless otherwise noted, the results from that study were used in this Annual Report.

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^[2] For microwaves, the savings estimate comes from a separate analysis completed by Evergreen Economics. A reasonable estimate for the usage of the microwave, which would be shown as negative kWh, is not available at this time; however, we expect this to be addressed in the next impact evaluation.

^{66 [3]} Energy savings are from: Evergreen Economics "Impact Evaluation of the 2009 CA Low Income Energy Efficiency Program, Final Report." June 16, 2011

^{67 [4]} Refers to optimizing the installation of the measure installed such as retrofitting pipes, etc.

^{68 [5]} Per D.16-11-022 at p.210, the CPUC imposes a cap of 10% of ESA Program funds for administrative activities and a ceiling of 20% for direct implementation non-incentive costs.

ESA Table 10 - Energy Rate Used for Bill Savings Calculations[1] Pacific Gas and Electric Company Program Year 2017

| 2 | Year | \$/kWh | \$/Therm |
|----|------|--------|----------|
| 3 | | | |
| 4 | 2017 | 0.1413 | 1.0858 |
| 5 | 2018 | 0.1455 | 1.1184 |
| 6 | 2019 | 0.1499 | 1.1519 |
| 7 | 2020 | 0.1544 | 1.1865 |
| 8 | 2021 | 0.1590 | 1.2221 |
| 9 | 2022 | 0.1638 | 1.2588 |
| 10 | 2023 | 0.1687 | 1.2965 |
| 11 | 2024 | 0.1738 | 1.3354 |
| 12 | 2025 | 0.1790 | 1.3755 |
| 13 | 2026 | 0.1843 | 1.4167 |
| 14 | 2027 | 0.1899 | 1.4592 |
| 15 | 2028 | 0.1956 | 1.5030 |
| 16 | 2029 | 0.2014 | 1.5481 |
| 17 | 2030 | 0.2075 | 1.5946 |
| 18 | 2031 | 0.2137 | 1.6424 |
| 19 | 2032 | 0.2201 | 1.6917 |
| 20 | 2033 | 0.2267 | 1.7424 |
| 21 | 2034 | 0.2335 | 1.7947 |
| 22 | 2035 | 0.2405 | 1.8485 |
| 23 | 2036 | 0.2477 | 1.9040 |
| 24 | 2037 | 0.2552 | 1.9611 |
| 25 | 2038 | 0.2628 | 2.0199 |
| 26 | 2039 | 0.2707 | 2.0805 |
| 27 | 2040 | 0.2788 | 2.1430 |
| 28 | 2041 | 0.2872 | 2.2072 |
| 29 | | | |

^[1] For 2017, the average cost per kWh and therm paid by ESA participants is shown. Cost is escalated 30 3% annually for remaining years.

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A B C D E ESA Table 11 - Bill Savings Calculations by Program Year Pacific Gas and Electric Company Program Year 2017

| 2 | Program Year | Program Costs 145,900,978 | | Pre | ogram Lifecycle Bill Savings | Program Bill Savi Cost Ratio | me Average Bill Savings |
|---|--------------|---------------------------|-------------|-----|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 3 | 2011 | \$ | 145,900,978 | \$ | 58,889,388 | 0.40 | \$ 460 |
| 4 | 2012 | \$ | 131,145,519 | \$ | 44,191,560 | 0.34 | \$ 384 |
| 5 | 2013 | \$ | 142,181,389 | \$ | 54,007,801 | 0.38 | \$ 437 |
| 6 | 2014 | \$ | 145,940,449 | \$ | 53,008,314 | 0.36 | \$ 429 |
| 7 | 2015 | \$ | 136,775,345 | \$ | 63,956,471 | 0.47 | \$ 636 |
| 8 | 2016 | \$ | 105,094,305 | \$ | 52,052,655 | 0.50 | \$ 700 |
| 9 | 2017 * | \$ | 122,778,059 | \$ | 106,566,378 | 0.87 | \$ 1,224 |

Increased bill savings due to larger numbers of LED and Smart power strip installations resulting from removal of measure caps in 2017. Also to decreased actual cost of LEDs in 2017 as compared to forecasted planning costs.

| A | В | С | D | E | F | G | Н | ı | J | К | L | M | N | 0 | Р | Q | R | S | Т | U | V | W | Х | Y | Z |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------|----------------|------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------|-------|----------------------------|--|--|----------------------|
| 1 | | | | • | | | | | | E | SA Table 1 | 2 - Fund S | Shifting | • | | | | | | • | | - | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | | | | _ | or rubic i | - rana e | mining | FLIND SH | IFT AMOUNT | | | | | 1 | | | | | |
| 3 | | | Budget 1, 3 | | | Expenditures | | (8) | hift) or Carried Fore | vord | Among Cato | orios within Br | ogram Year 1-3 | | y Forward from | 2016 | Corr | rv Back from | 2019 | | | | | | |
| Ů, | | | Budget | T T | | Experiultures | | (3) | illit) of Garrieu Forv | valu | Among Categ | Jones Willim Fi | ogram rear 1-3 | Call | y Forward IIOII | 1 2010 | Call | Ty Back Holl | 11 2010 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Fund Shifting Source | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | (1) Shift o | of Current Year | Authorized | (2) S | hift of Carry Fo | orward | (3) S | Shift of Carry | у Васк | Total Chiffeed | % of | 1. Current Year Authorized | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Total Shifted | | 2. Carried Forward | | | |
| 4 Date 5 | Program Year 2017 | Electric | Gas | Total Authorized | Electric | Gas | Total Expenditures' | | Variance | | | | | | | | | | | Gas/ Electric 4 | Total | 3. Carried Back | To/From Year | Fund Shift Description | Authorization |
| 5 | | | | | | | | Electric | Gas | Total | Electric | Gas | Total | Electric | Gas | Total | Electric | Gas | Total | | | | | | |
| 6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | ESA Program: | ex. \$x.xxx | ex. \$x.xxx | ex. \$x.xxx | ex. \$x.xxx | ex. \$x,xxx | ex. \$x.xxx | ex. \$x.xxx | ex. \$x.xxx | ex. \$x.xxx | ex. \$x,xxx | ex. \$x,xxx | ex. \$x.xxx | ex. \$x.xxx | ex. \$x,xxx | ex. \$x.xxx | ex. \$x.xxx | ex. \$x.xxx | ex. \$x.xxx | (\$x.xxx) | х% | | | | G-xxxx. D.xx- xx-xxx |
| 8 | Energy Efficiency | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | V- / / | | | | | |
| _ | Appliance | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1. Fund shift from Lighting Electric | |
| 9 Mar-1 | 18 | \$ 9.842.070 | \$ 2,427,200 | \$ 12,269,270 | \$ 11,162,774 | \$ 590.557 | \$ 11.753.330 | \$ (1.320.704) | \$ 1.836.643 | \$ 515,939 | \$ 1.320.704 | s - | \$ 1,320,704 | s - | \$ - | ٠ . | s - | s - | ¢ _ | \$ 1,320,704 | 1% | | 1 To 2017 | to Appliance Electric | 1. D.16-11-022 |
| 10 | Domestic Hot Water | \$ 577.102 | | | | | \$ 7,444,784 | | | | \$ 1,320,704 | \$ - | \$ 1,320,704 | \$ - | Š | Tě - | 8 | 1 | ě . | \$ 1,020,704 | 0% | † | 10 2017 | to Appliance Electric | 5 11-022 |
| 11 | Enclosure | \$ 7,314,222 | | | | | | | | | Ψ | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | · · | e · | · · | ė - | e · | 0% | 1 | † | | |
| | HVAC | φ 1,314,222 | φ 33,176,808 | φ 40,493,090 | φ υ,υθθ,450 | φ 20,032,084 | φ 30,131,534 | φ 2,214,772 | φ 1,040,784 | φ 3,/01,556 | φ - | φ - | φ - | φ - | φ - | | э - | φ - | φ - | Ψ | U 70 | | | 1 Fund shift from Lighting Floatric | |
| 12 Mar-1 | TVAC | \$ 4,760,105 | \$ 7,789,302 | \$ 12.549.407 | \$ 6.924.903 | \$ 4.064.684 | \$ 10.989.587 | \$ (2.164.799) | \$ 3,724,618 | ¢ 4 550 000 | \$ 2.164.799 | _ | \$ 2.164.799 | | | | | | | \$ 2.164.799 | 1% | | 1 To 2017 | Fund shift from Lighting Electric to HVAC Electric | 1. D.12-08-044 |
| 12 Mar- | 18 | \$ 4,760,105 | \$ 7,789,302 | 12,549,407 | \$ 6,924,903 | \$ 4,064,684 | \$ 10,989,587 | \$ (2,164,799) | | , , , , , , , | \$ 2,164,799 | 3 - | \$ 2,164,799 | - | 5 - | 3 - | \$ - | 3 - | a - | \$ 2,164,799 | | ļ | 1. 10 2017 | to HVAC Electric | I. D.12-08-044 |
| 13 | Maintenance | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | 0% | ļ. <u> </u> | | | |
| | Lighting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Current Year Authorized | 1. From 2017 | Fund shift from Lighting Electric | 1. D.12-08-044 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | to Appliance Electric | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Fund shift from Lighting Electric | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | to HVAC Electric | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Fund shift from Lighting Electric | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | to Implementation Electric | |
| 14 Mar-1 | 18 | \$ 39.713.224 | s - | \$ 39.713.224 | \$ 27.905.424 | s - | \$ 27.905.424 | \$ 11.807.800 | s - | \$ 11.807.800 | \$ (3.814.992) | s - | \$ (3.814.992) | s - | \$ - | s - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | 0% | | | · · | |
| 15 | Miscellaneous | \$ - | s - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | 0% | | | | |
| 16 | Customer Enrollment | \$ 5.851.950 | \$ 5,401,800 | \$ 11.253.750 | \$ 5.384.424 | \$ 4.970.238 | \$ 10.354.662 | \$ 467.526 | \$ 431.562 | \$ 899.088 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | 0% | | | | |
| 17 | In Home Education | \$ 3.089.830 | \$ 2.852.150 | \$ 5,941,980 | \$ 2.818.248 | \$ 2,601,459 | \$ 5,419,707 | \$ 271,582 | | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | s - | \$ - | š - | \$ - | \$ - | š - | \$ - | 0% | | | | |
| 18 | Pilot | \$ 127,400 | | | | | \$ - | \$ 127,400 | | | \$ - | \$ - | <u> </u> | \$ - | \$ - | ě . | \$ - | \$ - | Š. | \$ - | 0% | | | | |
| 10 | | Ψ 121,400 | Ψ 117,000 | Ψ 240,000 | Ψ - | Ψ - | - | Ψ 127,400 | Ψ 117,000 | Ψ 140,000 | Ψ - | Ψ | Ψ - | Ψ - | Ψ - | · - | Ψ - | Ψ - | Ψ - | Ψ - | 070 | + | 1 To 2017 | Fund shift from Lighting Electric | 1 D 12 09 044 |
| | Implementation 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1. 10 20 17 | to Implementation Electric | 1. D.12-00-044 |
| 19 Mar-1 | 10 | \$ 3,043,217 | \$ 2.809.123 | \$ 5,852,340 | \$ 3,372,706 | \$ 1,960,196 | \$ 5,332,902 | \$ (329,490) | \$ 848.928 | £ 540.420 | \$ 329,490 | | \$ 329,490 | • | • | | | | | \$ 329,490 | 0% | | | to implementation Electric | |
| 19 IVIAI- | | | \$ 2,009,123 | 1: | \$ 3,372,700 | \$ 1,900,190 | \$ 5,332,902 | \$ (329,490) | \$ 040,920 | 1: | \$ 329,490 | э - | | +: | 3 - | ļ | + | 1. | + | \$ 329,49U | | | | | |
| 20 | Fund Shifting Offset 2 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | 7 | \$ - | \$ - | 0% | | | | |
| 21 | Energy Efficiency TOTAL | \$ 74,319,119 | \$ 63,001,981 | \$ 137,321,100 | \$ 63,114,381 | \$ 46,817,550 | \$ 109,931,931 | \$ 11,204,739 | \$ 16,184,431 | \$ 27,389,170 | \$ (0) | \$ - | \$ (0) | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 3,814,992 | -2% | | | | |
| 22 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 23 | Training Center | \$ 573,279 | \$ 529,181 | | \$ 198,317 | | | \$ 374,962 | | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | 0% | | | | <u> </u> |
| 24 | Inspections | \$ 2,613,564 | | | | | \$ 3,941,001 | \$ 564,243 | | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | 0% | | | | <u> </u> |
| 25 | Marketing and Outreach | \$ 1,077,723 | \$ 994,821 | \$ 2,072,544 | \$ 799,801 | \$ 738,278 | \$ 1,538,079 | \$ 277,922 | \$ 256,543 | \$ 534,465 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | 0% | | | | |
| 26 | Statewide ME&O | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | 0% | | | | |
| 27 | M&E Studies | \$ 134,420 | \$ 124,080 | \$ 258,500 | \$ 29,549 | \$ 27,276 | \$ 56,824 | \$ 104,871 | \$ 96,804 | \$ 201,676 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | 0% | | | | |
| 28 | Regulatory Compliance | \$ 271,053 | \$ 250,203 | \$ 521,256 | \$ 198,837 | \$ 183,542 | \$ 382,380 | \$ 72,216 | \$ 66,661 | \$ 138,877 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | 0% | İ | | 1 | |
| 29 | General Administration | \$ 4,321,131 | | | \$ 3,372,879 | | \$ 6.486.307 | \$ 948,251 | | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | ls - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | 0% | | ĺ | 1 | |
| | ^ | , | ,,,,,,,,,, | . 2,230,007 | . 2,2.2,070 | ,, | ,, | . 5.5,201 | ,000 | ,,, | 1 | t | | 1 | t · | 1 | 1 | † | † ´ | 1 | | 11. | 1 | Carried forward from CPUC | |
| 30 Mar-1 | CPUC Energy Division ² | \$ 28,600 | \$ 26,400 | \$ 55,000 | \$ 31,283 | \$ 28,876 | \$ 60,159 | \$ (2,683) | \$ (2,476) | \$ (5,159) | s - | e _ | ¢ | \$ 2,683 | \$ 2,476 | \$ 5,159 | ، ، | s - | ¢ . | \$ 5,159 | 0% | Carried Forward | 1 From 2016 | Enegry Division in 2016 | 1. D.12-08-044 |
| 31 | 10 | ψ 20,000 | Ψ 20,400 | Ψ 35,000 | ψ 31,203 | ψ 20,070 | _ψ 00,109 | ψ (∠,003) | Ψ (2,470 | ηψ (J, 139 | Ψ - | - Ι | <u> </u> | ψ 2,003 | Ψ 2,470 | _ ψ J,158 | - · | ΙΨ - | 14 - | ψ 5,159 | 0 /0 | L. Garrieu i Grwaru | 1. 1 10111 2010 | Linegry Division in 2010 | 1. D. 12-00-044 |
| 33 | TOTAL PROGRAM COSTS | ¢ 92 220 000 | \$ 71.327.922 | \$ 154 GGC 044 | \$ 69,794,367 | £ 52 093 co2 | l ¢ 122 779 050 | \$ 12.544.522 | £ 49.244.224 | l ¢ 24 999 752 | ¢ (0) | \$ - | ¢ (A) | \$ 2602 | \$ 2,476 | I & E 4E0 | ٠.٠ | Te | T e | \$ 3.820.151 | 29/ | | | | |
| J2 | | φ 03,336,889 | φ /1,32/,922 | φ 154,000,811 | φ 03,134,361 | φ 52,303,69Z | φ 122,770,059 | φ 13,344,522 | φ 10,344,231 | φ 31,000,752 | φ (0) | φ - | φ (0) | φ 2,083 | φ 2,4/6 | φ 5,158 | <i>y</i> - | · · | φ - | φ 3,020,151 | 2% | + | | | |
| | TOTAL PROGRAM INCLUDING | | l | | l. | l <u>.</u> | | | | I. | l. | I | | l. | l. | I. | I. | I. | L | l . | | | | | |
| 33 | CARRY FORWARD / CARRY BACK | \$ 2,683 | \$ 2,476 | 5 \$ 5,159 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | > - | 5 - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | | | | | |

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| CARRY FORWARD / CARRY BACK | \$ 2,683 | \$ 2,476 | \$ 5,159 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |

| | A | В |
|----|--|-------------------------|
| | ESA Table 13 - Categorical and Othe Pacific Gas and Electric Co | |
| 1 | Program Year 2017 | |
| 2 | Type of Enrollment | Number of Homes Treated |
| 3 | Women, Infants, and Children Program (WIC) | 8,575 |
| 4 | Supplemental Security Income (SSI) | 6,074 |
| 5 | CalFresh/Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program - Food Stamps | 3,691 |
| 6 | CalWORKs/Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) | 604 |
| 7 | Tribal TANF | |
| 8 | Medicaid/Medi-Cal for Families | 7,250 |
| 9 | Healthy Families A&B | 127 |
| 10 | National School Lunch Program (NSLP) - Free Lunch | 693 |
| 11 | Low-income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) | 173 |
| 12 | Bureau of Indian Affairs General Assistance | 3 |
| | Head Start Income Eligible - (Tribal Only) | 2 |
| | Targeted Self Certification | |
| 15 | Standard Enrollment | |
| 16 | Total | 27,192 |
| 17 | | |
| 18 | Note: does not include MF common area efforts. | |

ESA Table 14 - Leveraging & Integration Pacific Gas and Electric Company Program Year 2017

| 1 | | | | | Pit | ogram Year 20 | 17 | | | | | |
|----|-----------------------------------|--|---|-------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|--|---|--|-----------|---|
| 2 | Coordination Type ¹ | Partner | Brief Description of Effort | Relationship outside the IOU? | MOU Present? | Amount of Dollars | Amount of Energy Savings 3 | Other Measureable Benefits ³ | Enrollments Resulting from Leveraging Effort ⁴ | Methodology ⁵ | Meets all | If not, Explain |
| | Program | Amadore-Tuolumne Community Action | Coordination with Southern California Gas | Yes | Yes | \$ - | Unknown | Unknown | Unknown | Unknown | N | Unknown amount of |
| 3 | Coordination Program Coordination | Agency American Insulation | Coordination with SoCal Gas, Modeesto Irrigation District and Turlock Irrigation | Yes | Yes | s - | Unknown | 15 customers referred to LIHEAP | 107 into MID and TID, collectivley | Unknown | N | energy or dollar savings Unknown amount of energy or dollar savings |
| Ì | Program Coordination | Bright Ideas Inc | District Coordination with UHEAP and REACH | Yes | Yes | \$ - | Unknown | 107 customers referred to LIHEAP, 140 to | 66 into LIHEAP, HEAP and REACH, collectively | Unknown | N | Unknown amount of energy or dollar savings |
| 5 | Leveraging | Central Coast Energy Services San Joaquin Human Services Agency | Through Refrigerator Leveraging Contracts with PG&E, LHEAP agencies in PG&E's service are at har enot ESA contractors can receive ESA Program funding to purchase refrigerators for qualified PG&E electric outsomers, thus Freeing up more LHEAP funding to provide other services to low income households. PG&E counts these refrigerators and their savings, but not the CSO Treated FOSO. | Yes | Yes | \$ 21,000 | 20,000 kWh 4 kW | REACH Unknown | 26 ESA refrigerators provided to LIHEAP customers | Cost: PG&E provided 26 refrigerators Energy Savings: ESA refrigerator savings | Y | NA |
| 7 | Program Coordination | Community Action Agency of Butte County, Inc | Coordination with SoCal Gas | Yes | Yes | \$ - | Unknown | Unknown | 2 into LIHEAP | Unknown | N | Unknown amount of energy or dollar savings |
| 8 | Program Coordination | Community Action Partnership - San Luis Obispo | Coordination with Contra Costa Home Repair, Marin LIHEAP | Yes | Unknown | \$ - | Unknown | Unknown | 0 | Unknown | N | Unknown amount of energy or dollar savings |
| | Program Coordination | Community Energy Services Corpoartion | Coordination with LIHEAP, Medical Baseline | Yes | Unknown | \$ - | Unknown | 9 customers refered to LIHEAP, 13 to Medical Baseline | 16 into LIHEAP, Contra Costa Home Repair and Antioch Home Repair, collectively | Unknown | N | Unknown amount of energy or dollar savings |
| 10 | Program Coordination | El Concilio | Coordination with LIHEAP | Yes | Unknown | \$ - | Unknown | 4 customers referred to LIHEAP | 90 into CHANGES AND PMHR | Unknown | N | Unknown amount of energy or dollar savings |
| | Program Coordination | Empire | Coordination with LIHEAP | Yes | Unknown | \$ - | Unknown | 93 customers referred to LIHEAP | 63 into SoCal Gas | Unknown | N | Unknown amount of energy or dollar savings |
| | Program Coordination | Highlands Energy Services | Coordination with LIHEAP | Yes | Unknown | \$ - | Unknown | 49 customers referred to LIHEAP | 0 | Unknown | N | Unknown amount of energy or dollar savings |
| | Program Coordination | Pacific Coast Energy | Coordination with LIHEAP | Yes | Yes | \$ - | Unknown | 2,483 customers referred to LIHEAP | 0 | Unknown | N | Unknown amount of energy or dollar savings |
| 14 | Program Coordination | Quality Conservation Services | Coordination with LIHEAP | Yes | Unknown | \$ - | Unknown | 2 customers reffered to LIHEAP | 0 | Unknown | N | Unknown amount of energy or dollar savings |
| 15 | Program Coordination | Residential Weatherization Services | Coordination with LIHEAP | Yes | Unknown | \$ - | Unknown | 7 customers referred to LIHEAP | 47 into Cal Am Water Program | Unknown | N | Unknown amount of energy or dollar savings |
| 16 | Program Coordination | Self Help Home Improvement | Coordination with LIHEAP | Yes | Yes | \$ - | Unknown | Unknown | 29 customers enrolled into LIHEAP | Unknown | N | Unknown amount of energy or dollar savings |
| 17 | Program Coordination | Winegard Energy | Coordination with Southern California Edison | Yes | Yes | \$ - | Unknown | Unknown | 44 into LIEE Gas Co | Unknown | N | Unknown amount of energy or dollar savings |
| | Interdepartmental Integration | ESA Water Project w/ Cal Am Water | RHA is working in collaboration with £SA, water utilities and other stakeholders to develop a strategic leveraging plan that will provide for the integration of existing water conservation program offerings with the £SA Program offerings. The plan will address the shared cost associated with the following: Co-funded energy-water savings measures: Water conservation education and collateral - Development of tools for residential water conservation audit and survey data collection - Development of a database to consolidate data collected and provide program reports - Contractor training | Yes | Yes | TBD | ~7,583 kWh/yeat ~6.5 million gal | TBD | 1,394 HHs rec'd water conservation education and multiple water measures | Unknown | N | Unknown amount of energy or dollar savings |
| 19 | Interdepartmental Integration | ESA/LGP MIDI Program | ine purpose or tins enor is to increase custome participation in the SmartAC program by using the existing ESA program as a marketing and outreach channel to promote SmartAC. Telemarketing from their installed AC Tuneuro customers, the ESA Energy Specialist will reach out to participating AC Tune-up customers introducing the SmartAC technology, answering any questions and, if successful, errolling the customer in the SmartAC program. SmartAC technicians will then return to install the SmartAC device at the customer in the SmartAC program. | No | No | s - | Unknown | Unknown | Unknown | Unknown | N | Unknown amount of energy or dollar savings |
| 20 | Interdepartmental Integration | IDSM ESA Program Coordination | Part of the Residential Integrated Campaign, the newsletter is sent out monthly to over 1.6MM residential customers. The goal of this effort is to go beyond a transactional one-time interaction with our customers in exchange for a continued dialogue about energy efficiency and management. To better link PG&E's ESA program and LGP | No | No | \$ - | Unknown | Unknown | Unknown | Unknown | N | Unknown amount of energy or dollar savings |
| | Interdepartmental Integration | Residential Newsletter | offerings, this program will leverage ESA infrastructure to provide audit and installation services to hard-to-reach moderate income customers in regions of PG&E's service territory where the LGP program chooses to offer the ESA/LGP MIDI | No | No | \$ - | Unknown | Unknown | Unknown | Unknown | N | Unknown amount of energy or dollar savings |
| | Interdepartmental Integration | SmartAC and ESA | Jorgaram. ESA has worked with RHA's technical office to contact EUC, MIDI and direct install lighting program managers to identify ways these programs may work with the ESA Program to better serve multifamily buildings. | No | No | \$ - | Unknown | Unknown | Unknown | Unknown | N | Unknown amount of energy or dollar savings |

| | А | В | С | D | Е | F |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|---------------------------|
| 1 | | Pac | A Table 15 - Lighti Fific Gas and Elect Program Year | ric Company 2017 | | |
| 2 | | | SA Program CFL Tra | | | |
| 3 | | CFL b | oulbs used within PG | &EESA program | | |
| 4 | Bulb Name / Identification | Bulb Description (wattage, lumens) | Bulb Cost (material) | Admin Cost (overhead, contractor fee, marketing, etc.) | Total Bulb Cost (material + admin) [1] | AB 1109 Compliant? [2] |
| 5 | CFL - Low | CFL - Low | \$2.20 | \$5.28 | \$7.48 | Yes |
| 6 | CFL - Medium | CFL - Medium | \$2.44 | \$5.28 | \$7.72 | Yes |
| 7 | CFL - High | CFL - High | \$2.65 | \$5.28 | \$7.93 | Yes |
| 8 | | · | | | | |

| 10 | Year | Number of Homes Treated in ESA Program | Number of Homes Provided CFLs | Avg. # of CFL bulbs given per home | Est. total energy savings from installed CFLs [3] |
|----|------|---|----------------------------------|--|---|
| 11 | 2009 | 81,308 | 69,970 | 4.57 | 5.12 |
| 12 | 2010 | 133,329 | 109,663 | 4.69 | 8.23 |
| 13 | 2011 | 128,071 | 105,849 | 4.69 | 7.95 |
| 14 | 2012 | 115,229 | 91,906 | 4.67 | 5.88 |
| 15 | 2013 | 123,566 | 92,655 | 4.56 | 5.84 |
| 16 | 2014 | 123,539 | 96,508 | 4.60 | 6.12 |
| 17 | 2015 | 100,573 | 79,887 | 4.93 | 6.30 |
| 18 | 2016 | 74,319 | 58,626 | 6.50 | 6.10 |
| 19 | 2017 | 87,052 | 17,684 | 7.59 | 2.15 |

^{21 [1]} Bulb cost and admin cost were combined effective 2013.

^[2] Compliant in regards to: 1) Do bulbs meet or exceed CEC energy efficiency standards for general purpose lighting?

Do all models comply with Europe's RoHS standards on toxicity?

^[3] Ordering Paragraph 34 of D.14-08-030 adopts the 2013 ESA Impact Evaluation. The results from that study were used in this Annual Report.

^[4] PG&E transitioned from CFLs to LEDs in 2017, and by mid-year was not installing any CFLs. This table does not include LEDs.

Α В С F F G ESA Table 16 - "Add Back" Measures **Pacific Gas and Electric Company Program Year 2017** 2 Ratio of Benefits Over Costs **Budget** Climate Quantity Impact of Lifecycle Bill Measure [1] **ESACET Resouce TRC** "Add Zone Installed **Savings Impact** Back" \$11,544 4 Water Heater Blanket MF/CZ-All/Elec System 0 00 0 00 150 \$8,022 \$121,179 System 2 95 3.44 1679 \$50.940 ow Flow Shower Head MF/CZ-All/Elec 1.93 1.84 11149 \$338,256 \$7,267 6 Low Flow Shower Head MF/CZ-All/Gas System System 0.00 0.00 1646 \$26,094 \$105,053 Faucet Aerator MF/CZ-All/Elec 0.00 0.00 \$1,672 \$2,464 Water Heater Pipe Insulation MF/CZ-All/Elec System 0.35 0.31 \$470 \$20.871 AC TIME DELAY SF/CZ3 10 AC TIME DELAY SF/CZ3 3B 0.35 0.30 55 \$4,307 \$55,336 0.00 0.00 12 \$24.399 \$2.038 11 HTG Sys Repair/Replace : GSH w/CZ2 w/MH System \$427,111 \$2,033 0.00 0.00 1 12 HTG Sys Repair/Replace : GSH w/CZ2 w/MH System 13 HTG Sys Repair/Replace : GSH w/CZ2 w/SF System 0.18 0.02 8 \$16,266 \$4.964 \$2,828 System 0.00 0 00 \$2,033 HTG Sys Repair/Replace : GSH w/CZ3 w/MF 15 HTG Sys Repair/Replace : GSH w/CZ3 w/MH System 0.33 0.04 17 \$34,565 \$5 System 0.16 0.02 193 \$392,418 \$6,243 HTG Sys Repair/Replace: GSH w/CZ3 w/SF HTG Sys Repair/Replace : GSH w/CZ4 w/MH 0.22 0.03 \$14,233 \$194 System 0.13 0.02 68 \$138,261 \$58,208 18 HTG Sys Repair/Replace : GSH w/CZ4 w/SF System \$16,266 0.23 0.03 \$22,333 19 HTG Sys Repair/Replace : GSH w/CZ11 w/MH System 35 \$434,358 20 HTG Sys Repair/Replace : GSH w/CZ11 w/SF System 0.16 0.02 \$71,164 21 HTG Sys Repair/Replace : GSH w/CZ12 w/MH 0.23 0.03 41 \$83,363 \$83,062 System 469 \$953,597 \$433,633 22 HTG Sys Repair/Replace : GSH w/CZ12 w/SF 0.14 0.02 System 23 HTG Sys Repair/Replace : GSH w/CZ13 w/MF 0.00 \$6,100 \$358.307 System 0.00 3 \$212,828 \$27,393 24 HTG Sys Repair/Replace : GSH w/CZ13 w/MH \$16,266 System 0.22 0.03 241 0.02 System 0.12 \$490.014 HTG Sys Repair/Replace: GSH w/CZ13 w/SF 11 0.000.00\$783 \$7.943 Duct Sealing - ESH & AC w/CZ11 w/MH Duct Sealing - ESH & AC w/CZ11 w/SF 11 0.00 0.00 \$1.566 \$25,956 28 Duct Sealing - ESH & AC w/CZ12 w/SF 12 0.00 0.00 12 \$9,398 \$21,524 Duct Sealing - ESH & AC w/CZ13 w/SF 13 0.00 0.00 \$783 \$571 1.19 1.26 \$783 \$580 30 Duct Sealing - GSH & AC w/CZ2 w/MH 1 31 Duct Sealing - GSH & AC w/CZ3 w/MH 3В 1.03 0.95 1 \$783 \$13,918 32 Duct Sealing - GSH & AC w/CZ3 w/SF ЗА 1.18 1.16 \$18,013 \$9,982 33 Duct Sealing - GSH & AC w/CZ3 w/SF 3B 32 \$25,062 \$117,878 1.18 1.15 34 Duct Sealing - GSH & AC w/CZ4 w/MH 0.98 0.98 \$783 \$1.528 4 \$25,838 56 \$43,859 35 Duct Sealing - GSH & AC w/CZ4 w/SF 1 18 4 1 12 36 Duct Sealing - GSH & AC w/CZ11 w/MH 37 Duct Sealing - GSH & AC w/CZ11 w/SF \$22 713 \$163.973 11 0.70 0.55 29 11 0.93 0.82 18 \$14.097 \$61.381 12 0.90 0.82 15 \$11,748 \$184,883 Duct Sealing - GSH & AC w/CZ12 w/MH 12 1.09 1097 \$859,163 \$20,559 39 Duct Sealing - GSH & AC w/CZ12 w/SF 1.13 40 Duct Sealing - GSH & AC w/CZ13 w/MH 0.67 0.5010 \$7,832 \$45,287 41 Duct Sealing - GSH & AC w/CZ13 w/SF 13 0.79 0.62 746 \$584,262 \$2,842 42 Duct Sealing - ESH w/o AC w/CZ12 w/SF 0.00 \$163 0.00 \$3,916 \$8,455 43 Duct Sealing - GSH w/o AC w/CZ2 w/MH 0.00 0.00 44 Duct Sealing - GSH w/o AC w/CZ3 w/SF 3А 59 \$46,208 \$3.695 0.00 0.00 48 \$37.593 3B \$3 201 45 Duct Sealing - GSH w/o AC w/CZ3 w/SF 0.00 0.00 46 Duct Sealing - GSH w/o AC w/CZ4 w/SF 0.00 0.00 31 \$24,279 \$52,552 \$3.916 \$906 Duct Sealing - GSH w/o AC w/CZ11 w/MF 0.00 0.00 48 Duct Sealing - GSH w/o AC w/CZ12 w/MH 12 0.00 0.00 2 \$1,566 \$228 49 12 0.00 0.00 49 \$38,376 \$6,536 Duct Sealing - GSH w/o AC w/CZ12 w/SF 13 0.00 0.00 \$783 \$1,191 Duct Sealing - GSH w/o AC w/CZ13 w/SF 0.33 0.04 831 \$1,028,015 \$291,264 System Water Heater Repair & Replacement - GWH w/CZ w/SF 0.00 0.00 \$4,948 \$12,708 52 Water Heater Repair & Replacement - GWH w/CZ w/MF System 53 Water Heater Repair & Replacement - GWH w/CZ w/MH 0.33 0.04 \$42,061 \$15,690 System 23 54 Air Slg/Envelope : ESH w/CZ4 w/SF V12 0.00 0.00 \$10,058 \$74,383 55 Air Slg/Envelope : ESH w/CZ2 w/SF V12 0.59 0.08 62 \$27,113 \$344,945 \$10,671 0.88 0.12 11 \$4.810 56 Air Slg/Envelope : ESH w/CZ2 w/MH V12 13 Air Slq/Envelope: OGSH w/CZ13 w/MF V12 0.310.06 416 \$181.920 \$114.566 4 0.15 Air Slg/Envelope: GSH w/CZ4 w/MF V12 0.03\$223,052 59 Air Slg/Envelope: GSH w/CZ13 w/MF V12 13 በ 31 0.06 1428 \$624,476 Air Slg/Envelope : ESH w/CZ3 w/MF V12 ЗΔ 0.55 0.07 11 \$4.810 \$12,861 3B 0.54 0.07 6 \$2,624 \$34,624 61 Air Slg/Envelope : ESH w/CZ3 w/MF V12 51 \$22,303 \$271,817 62 Air Slg/Envelope : GSH w/CZ2 w/MF V12 0.13 0.02 63 Air Slg/Envelope : ESH w/CZ2 w/MF V12 0.55 0.07 8 \$3,498 \$257,703 \$3,936 \$3,633 64 Air Slg/Envelope : ESH w/CZ1 w/MF V12 1.21 0.17 9 65 Air Slg/Envelope : ESH w/CZ4 w/MF V12 0.00 \$17,492 \$50,233 4 0.00 40 \$1,749 66 Air Slg/Envelope: ESH w/CZ5 w/MF V12 0.00 0.00 4 \$23.014 3A 0.13 0.02 55 \$24.052 \$12.089 67 Air Slg/Envelope : GSH w/CZ3 w/MF V12 3B 92 \$40 232 \$189 153 0.13 0.02 68 Air Slg/Envelope : GSH w/CZ3 w/MF V12 69 Air Slg/Envelope : ESH w/CZ1 w/SF V12 70 Air Slg/Envelope : GSH w/CZ11 w/MF V12 \$1 749 1 17 0.17 \$49 460 431 11 0.12 0.02 \$188,480 \$305.355 Air Slg/Envelope: ESH w/CZ4 w/MH V12 4 0.00 0.00 4 \$1.749 \$205,416 12 0.29 0.06 818 \$357,718 \$3,400,145 72 Air Slg/Envelope : GSH w/CZ12 w/MF V12

73 Air Slg/Envelope : ESH w/CZ3 w/SF V12

\$1,312

Α В С F F G ESA Table 16 - "Add Back" Measures **Pacific Gas and Electric Company** Program Year 2017 2 **Ratio of Benefits Over Costs Budget** Climate Quantity Impact of Lifecycle Bill Measure [1] **ESACET Resouce TRC** "Add Savings Impact Zone Installed Back" 74 Air Slg/Envelope : ESH w/CZ3 w/SF V12 3B 0.00 0.00 \$3,936 \$540,994 ω \$8,309 \$8,811 75 Air Slg/Envelope : ESH w/CZ1 w/MF 1.20 \$428,654 0.17 76 Air Slg/Envelope : ESH w/CZ1 w/MH 1.18 \$1,749 12 \$5,248 \$29,153 1.17 0.16 Air Slg/Envelope : ESH w/CZ1 w/SF 0.54 0.07 \$144,749 78 Air Slg/Envelope : ESH w/CZ2 w/MF 331 \$9,363 79 Air Slg/Envelope : ESH w/CZ2 w/MH 0.90 \$1,312 \$7.027 0.12 35 \$15,306 \$287,018 80 Air Slg/Envelope : ESH w/CZ2 w/SF 0.08 0.59 3Α 1509 \$659,898 \$386 792 81 Air Slg/Envelope: ESH w/CZ3 w/MF 0.54 0.07 3R 82 Air Slg/Envelope : ESH w/CZ3 w/MF 0.55 0.07233 \$101,893 \$245,051 83 Air Slg/Envelope : ESH w/CZ3 w/MH 3Δ 0.09 0.01 3 \$1,312 \$670 3B 0.09 0.01 \$2,187 \$1,871,877 84 Air Slg/Envelope: ESH w/CZ3 w/MH 5 \$9,948 85 Air Slq/Envelope : ESH w/CZ3 w/SF 3Α 0.00 0.00 119 \$52,040 3B \$51,165 \$12,177 86 Air Slg/Envelope: ESH w/CZ3 w/SF 0.00 0.00 117 87 Air Slg/Envelope : ESH w/CZ4 w/MF 0.00 0.00 \$108,452 \$493,704 248 88 Air Slg/Envelope : ESH w/CZ4 w/MH 0.00 0.00 \$1,312 \$154,420 89 Air Slg/Envelope : ESH w/CZ4 w/SF 3B 0.00 0.00 1 \$437 \$130.852 72 \$31,486 2 845 590 90 Air Slg/Envelope : ESH w/CZ4 w/SF 0.00 0.00 4 \$23,615 91 Air Slg/Envelope: ESH w/CZ5 w/MF 5 0.00 0.00 54 \$46,980 20 92 Air Slg/Envelope: ESH w/CZ5 w/SF 5 0.00 0.00 \$8,746 \$139.906 93 Air Slg/Envelope: ESH w/CZ11 w/MF 11 0.61 0.08 51 \$22,303 \$31,132 94 Air Slg/Envelope: ESH w/CZ11 w/MH 11 0.38 0.05 13 \$5,685 \$26,281 11 0.50 0.07 58 \$25,364 \$8,640 Air Slg/Envelope: ESH w/CZ11 w/SF 0.08 0.01 41 \$17,930 \$18,857 96 Air Slg/Envelope : ESH w/CZ12 w/MF 12 97 Air Slg/Envelope : ESH w/CZ12 w/MH 98 Air Slg/Envelope : ESH w/CZ12 w/SF \$3,498 \$221,419 12 0.00 0.00 138 \$60,348 12 0.00 0.00 \$2,171 0.03 \$14,868 \$236 99 Air Slg/Envelope : ESH w/CZ13 w/MF 13 0.20 34 13 0.16 0.02 \$1,749 \$226 100 Air Slg/Envelope : ESH w/CZ13 w/MH 4 \$18.367 \$13.667 101 Air Slg/Envelope: ESH w/CZ13 w/SF 13 0.17 0.02 42 16 102 1 18 0.17\$437 \$612 Air Slg/Envelope: ESH w/CZ16 w/MF \$13,119 30 16 0.76 \$4 479 103 Air Slg/Envelope: ESH w/CZ16 w/SF 0.10 \$770 104 Air Slg/Envelope: OGSH w/CZ5 w/MF 5 0.16 0.03 \$437 12 \$291,901 105 Air Slg/Envelope: OGSH w/CZ12 w/MF 0.30 0.06 \$875 0.17 0.03 \$437 \$35 Air Slg/Envelope : GSH w/CZ1 w/MF 0.02 240 \$104,954 \$26,709 107 Air Slg/Envelope : GSH w/CZ2 w/MF 0.13 2034 \$889,484 \$197,501 0.12 0.02 Air Sla/Envelope: GSH w/CZ3 w/MF 3В 0.13 0.02 718 \$313,987 \$271,943 109 Air Slg/Envelope: GSH w/CZ3 w/MF 0.16 607 \$265,446 \$135,848 0.03 Air Sla/Envelope : GSH w/CZ4 w/MF 11 0.02 111 Air Slg/Envelope : GSH w/CZ11 w/MF 0.12 21 \$9,183 \$15,124 112 Air Slg/Envelope : GSH w/CZ12 w/MF 12 0.29 0.06 118 \$51.602 \$935 13 0.31 \$34,985 \$203,898 113 Air Slg/Envelope: GSH w/CZ13 w/MF 0.06 80 114 Air Sig/Envelope : GSH w/CZ16 w/MF 115 Attic Insulation : GSH w/o AC w/CZ2 w/S 16 0.00 0.00 \$437 \$0 \$13,791 \$37,948 a 0.50 0.34 3A 0.54 0.37 5 \$7,661 \$2,880 116 Attic Insulation: GSH w/o AC w/CZ3 w/MF Attic Insulation: GSH w/o AC w/CZ3 w/MF 3B 0.53 0.37 1 \$1,532 \$308 118 Attic Insulation: GSH w/o AC w/CZ3 w/SF 3A 0.54 0.38 195 \$298,797 \$207,251 3В 158 \$242,102 \$2,853 0.55 0.38 Attic Insulation : GSH w/o AC w/CZ3 w/SF 0.57 0.40 \$5.35 120 Attic Insulation : GSH w/o AC w/CZ4 w/MF \$1,532 3B 0.58 0.41 \$16 Attic Insulation : GSH w/o AC w/CZ4 w/SF \$1.697 122 Attic Insulation : GSH w/o AC w/CZ4 w/SF 0.57 0.40 120 \$183.875 4 123 Attic Insulation : GSH w/o AC w/CZ11 w/SF 11 0.54 0.38 \$87,341 \$15.263 57 124 Attic Insulation : GSH w/o AC w/CZ12 w/MF 12 0.55 0.39 3 \$4.597 \$2,772 \$1,705 128 \$196,133 12 0.57 0.40 Attic Insulation: GSH w/o AC w/CZ12 w/SF 126 Attic Insulation : GSH w/o AC w/CZ13 w/MF 13 0.58 0.41 \$3,065 \$90,954 13 0.60 0.43 54 \$82,744 \$17.581 Attic Insulation: GSH w/o AC w/CZ13 w/SF Attic Insulation : GSH w/o AC w/CZ16 w/SF 16 0.56 0.39 5 \$7,661 \$4,112 129 Attic Insulation : OGSH w/o AC w/CZ3 w/SF 3B 0.54 0.38 \$1,532 \$37 \$1,358 \$6,129 130 Attic Insulation : OGSH w/o AC w/CZ11 w/SF 0.54 0.37 4 0.58 \$1,532 \$300,933 131 Attic Insulation : OGSH w/o AC w/CZ12 w/SF 12 0.41 0.42 \$4,597 \$4,248 13 0.59 132 Attic Insulation : OGSH w/o AC w/CZ13 w/SF 3Δ 0.59 0.41 18 \$27,581 \$5,651 133 Attic Insulation : GSH w/AC w/CZ3 w/SF 3B \$42,904 134 Attic Insulation : GSH w/AC w/CZ3 w/SF 0.590.41 28 \$631 0.20 \$21,530 \$58 715 13 0.41 31 A/C Replacement-Room w/CZ13 w/MF 13 213 \$147,929 0.59 \$38 184 136 A/C Replacement-Room w/CZ13 w/MH 1 05 \$25,941 2,193 137 A/C Replacement-Room w/CZ13 w/SF 13 1 17 0.69 \$1,523,046 138 Duct Sealing - ESH & AC w/CZ4 w/SF 0.00 0.00 \$783 \$9,414 139 140 Notes:

141 [1] Based on Appendix H.1 and H.2 in D.12-08-044 and D.14-08-030.

| | A | В | С | | D | | Е | F | | G | Н | | J |
|----|--|----------------------|----------------------|-------|--------------|------|------------|-----------|-------|------------|---------------|----------------|------------|
| | ES | SA Table 1 | 17 - ESA E | Ξхр | enditure | es ' | for Pilot | s and S | tuc | dies | | | |
| | | F | Pacific Ga | as a | nd Elec | tric | Compa | any | | | | | |
| 1 | | | Pr | ogr | am Yea | r 20 | 017 | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | rized 2017 | | | | | 17 Expen | ses | | Budget Expe | | |
| 3 | | Electric | Gas | | Total | E | lectric | Gas | | Total | Electric | Gas | Total |
| | Pilots | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Programmable Controllable Thermostat/ Smart Thermostat TOU [1] | \$250,000 | 0 | \$ | 250,000 | \$ | _ | \$ - | \$ | | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| | Consumption Driven Weatherization [2] | \$212,160 | \$195,840 | | 408,000 | | _ | \$ - | 9 | | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| 7 | Total Pilots | . , | \$195,840 | | \$658,000 | | \$0 | • | 0 | \$0 | | | |
| 8 | | + 102,100 | + 100,010 | | + | | ¥ • | | | 7. | 0,0 | . , , , | |
| 9 | Studies | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Low Income Needs Assessment (LINA) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | Study ^[3] | \$ 78,000 | \$ 72,000 | \$ | 150,000 | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | · - | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| | Load Impact Evaluation Study ^[4] | \$ 85,800 | \$ 79,200 | \$ | | \$ | 29,549 | \$ 27,276 | 3 \$ | 56,824 | 34% | 34% | 34% |
| | Non Energy Benefits (NEB) Study [5] | \$ 23,400 | \$ 21,600 | \$ | | \$ | - | \$ - | * | | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| | 2017 Potential and Goals Study | \$ 46,800 | \$ 43,200 | \$ | 90,000 | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| | Rapid Feedback Research and Analysis | \$104,000 | \$ 96,000 | | 200,000 | _ | - | \$ - | \$ | | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| | Total Studies | \$338,000 | \$312,000 | | \$650,000 | | \$29,549 | \$27,27 | 6 | \$56,824 | 9% | 9% | 9% |
| | [1] D.17-12-009, Attachment 1 (modified D.16-1) plans have not been authorized and this pilot be plant to the plant that the plant is plant to the plant that the plant is plant to the pla | , . | | | | | • | • | enta | ation plan | s by March 1, | 2018. Upd | ated pilot |
| | PG&E proposed the CDWx pilot in its 2015-2017 ESA Application, authorized in D.16-11-022, OP.144. In December 2017, PG&E requested and was granted an extension to implement this pilot so that CSD could be included in it. This pilot will begin implementation in 2018. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | ^[3] A contract for this statewide study was awar | ded in Janu | ary 2018. S | CE | is the proje | ect | manager. | There ha | as be | een no cro | ss-billing. | | |
| 20 | ^[4] SCG is the contract manager of this co-fund | led statewid | e study. Cro | oss-l | oilling from | ı S | CG typical | ly occurs | qua | rterly. | | | |
| 21 | [5] This statewide study has not been bid out ye | et. SDG&E | is the contra | act m | nanager. | | | | | | | | |

| | A | В | С | D | | | | | | | | |
|----------|--|-------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | ESA Table 18 - Homes Red | eiving Second | Refrigerators and | In-Home Energy | | | | | | | | |
| | | Education | Only | | | | | | | | | |
| | Pacifi | ic Gas and Elec | tric Company | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | | Program Yea | r 2017 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | NOT GURINIG TO | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Refrigerator Due | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Received | to Less than Six | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Measures | Units | Refrigerator | Occupants | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Second Refrigerators [1] | Each | NA | NA | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | | | Harrach alda 4b at | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Households that Only Received | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Energy Education | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | Measures | Units | [2] | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | In-Home Energy Education | Home | 0 | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | T | | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | Households for My Ene | ergy/My Account Already | Platform [3] | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | Opt-Out | Enrolled | Opt-In | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | NA | NA | NA | | | | | | | | | |
| 16 17 | [1] PG&E will implement 2nd refrig | erators in 2018 | | | | | | | | | | |
| '' | [2] D.16-11-022 removed the 3 measure minimum. No income qualified home in 2017 did not also | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | 18 qualify to receive at least one measure. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | [3] PG&E will implement My Energ | y/ My Account track | ing in 2018. | | | | | | | | | |

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| | Α | | В | | С | | D | | E | F | | G | Н |
|----|---|----|--------------|-------|-------------|-----|-------------|-----|-------------|-------------|------|-----------------|------------------|
| 1 | | | | | PY 2017 C | AR | E Annual Re | por | t | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | CA | RE | Table 1 | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | Overall P | rog | ram Expens | ses | | | | | |
| 4 | Category | | Overall Expe | endit | ures [1] | | Total | - 1 | Authorized | % of Budget | Tota | I Shifted [2] | Shifted to/from? |
| 5 | Category | | Electric | | Gas | | Total | | Budget | Spent | 1016 | ii Siiiiteu [2] | Similed to/mom |
| 6 | Outreach | \$ | 5,752,920 | \$ | 1,438,230 | \$ | 7,191,150 | \$ | 10,043,108 | 72% | | | |
| 7 | Processing, Certification, Recertification | \$ | 855,361 | \$ | 213,840 | \$ | 1,069,201 | \$ | 1,985,120 | 54% | | | |
| 8 | Post Enrollment Verification | \$ | 1,178,529 | | 294,632 | \$ | 1,473,161 | \$ | 1,611,838 | 91% | | | |
| | IT Programming | \$ | 1,035,681 | | 258,920 | \$ | 1,294,602 | | 1,843,221 | 70% | | | |
| | Cool Centers | \$ | 124,126 | | - | \$ | 124,126 | | 137,447 | 90% | | | |
| | Pilots | \$ | 407,536 | | 101,884 | \$ | 509,420 | | 532,126 | 96% | | | |
| | Measurement & Evaluation | \$ | - , | | 26,935 | \$ | 134,677 | | 146,902 | 0% | | | |
| | Regulatory Compliance | \$ | 299,341 | | 74,835 | \$ | 374,176 | | 500,235 | 75% | | | |
| | General Administration | \$ | 698,866 | | 174,717 | \$ | 873,583 | | 1,132,004 | 77% | | | |
| | CPUC Energy Division | \$ | 99,853 | \$ | 24,963 | \$ | 124,817 | \$ | 128,000 | 98% | | | |
| 16 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | TOTAL Program Costs | \$ | 10,559,954 | \$ | 2,608,957 | \$ | 13,168,911 | \$ | 18,060,001 | 73% | \$ | - | |
| 18 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | CARE Rate Discount | \$ | 533,683,875 | \$ | 109,854,309 | \$ | 643,538,184 | \$ | 580,353,000 | 111% | \$ | 63,185,184 | |
| 20 | Service Establishment Charge Discount | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 21 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 22 | TOTAL PROGRAM COSTS & CUSTOMER DISCOUNTS | \$ | 544,243,829 | \$ | 112,463,266 | \$ | 656,707,096 | \$ | 598,413,001 | 110% | \$ | 63,185,184 | |
| 23 | | _ | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | | <u> </u> | |
| 24 | [1] Program authorized budget per D.16-11-022 has been updated to include \$851,547 as authorized in the 2017 GRC Decision (D.) 17-05-013 - Decision Authorizing Pacific Gas and Electric Company's General Rate Case Revenue Requirement for 2017-2019. Actual employee benefit burden costs have been included in the program expenses. [2] Total program administrative expenses did not exceed the overall authorized budget. The CARE discount exceeded the authorized amount by \$63,185,184. Per D.02-09-021, | | | | | | | | | | | | |

PG&E is authorized to recover the full value of the discount through the CARE two-way balancing account on an automatic pass-through basis. The information in the "Total Shifted" and "Shifted to/from?" column is for illustrative purposes only, to disclose how funds from the overall authorized budget can be shifted between categories per Section 20.3.3 in D.08-25 11-031. 26

| A | В | С | D | E | F | G | Н | - 1 | J | K | L | M | N | 0 | P | Q | R | S | T | U | V | W | X | Y |
|-----------|-----------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------------|-----------|----------------------------|-----------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|------------------------|----------|-------------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | | | | | | | | | PY 20 | 17 CARE Ann | ual Report | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | CARE Table | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | En | rollment, Reco | ertification. At | trition. & Pen | etration | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | New Enr | ollment | | | | | | Recerti | | | | Attrit | ion (Drop Offs) | | | Enrollme | nt | Total | Estimated | Penetrati |
| Month | | Automatic | Enrollment | | | Self-Certificat | tion (Income or | Categorical) | | Total New | | Non- | | Total | Mo | Failed | Failed | | Total | Gross | Net | CARE | CARE | Rate % |
| Month | Inter-Utility 1 | Intra-Utility ² | Leveraging ³ | Combined (B+C+D) | Online | Paper | Phone | Capitation | Combined (F+G+H+I) | Enrollment (E+J) | Scheduled | Scheduled (Duplicates) | Automatic | Recertification (L+M+N) | Response ⁴ | PEV | Recertification | Other | Attrition (P+Q+R+S) | (K+O) | Adjusted (K-T) | Participants | Eligible | (W/X) |
| January | 0 | 982 | 0 | 982 | 16,276 | 8,564 | 1,764 | 97 | 26,701 | 27,683 | 33,779 | 7,721 | 6,256 | 47,756 | n/a | 11,983 | 8,693 | 10,788 | 31,464 | 75,439 | -3,781 | 1,419,543 | 1,588,016 | 89.4 |
| February | 0 | 1,518 | 0 | 1,518 | 14,529 | 7,108 | 1,251 | 128 | 23,016 | 24,534 | 29,922 | 8,283 | 10,315 | 48,520 | n/a | 5,497 | 7,075 | 8,002 | 20,574 | 73,054 | 3,960 | 1,423,503 | 1,588,016 | |
| March | 0 | 1,192 | 0 | 1,192 | 14,034 | 9,423 | 1,214 | 121 | 24,792 | 25,984 | 29,895 | 7,264 | 6,885 | 44,044 | n/a | 6,691 | 8,853 | 12,086 | 27,630 | 70,028 | -1,646 | 1,421,857 | 1,588,016 | 89.5 |
| April | 0 | 1,495 | 0 | 1,495 | 9,044 | 6,481 | 729 | 79 | 16,333 | 17,828 | 33,417 | 10,613 | 9,808 | 53,838 | n/a | 6,517 | 5,767 | 8,712 | 20,996 | 71,666 | -3,168 | 1,418,689 | 1,588,016 | 89.3 |
| May | 0 | 1,417 | 0 | 1,417 | 11,693 | 5,255 | 1,037 | 59 | 18,044 | 19,461 | 30,972 | 7,042 | 9,185 | 47,199 | n/a | 5,065 | 6,483 | 15,139 | 26,687 | 66,660 | -7,226 | 1,411,463 | 1,588,016 | 88.9 |
| June | 0 | 2,153 | 0 | 2,153 | 11,065 | 6,766 | 897 | 62 | 18,790 | 20,943 | 34,202 | 8,471 | 15,694 | 58,367 | n/a | 7,942 | 7,064 | 12,699 | 27,705 | 79,310 | -6,762 | 1,404,701 | 1,588,016 | 88.5 |
| July | 0 | 1,375 | 0 | 1,375 | 11,860 | 5,874 | 947 | 44 | 18,725 | 20,100 | 30,304 | 9,076 | 11,004 | 50,384 | n/a | 5,389 | | | 17,892 | 70,484 | 2,208 | 1,406,909 | 1,588,016 | 88.6 |
| August | 0 | 1,464 | 0 | 1,464 | 13,914 | 9,345 | 1,883 | 49 | 25,191 | 26,655 | 30,999 | 11,244 | 10,012 | 52,255 | n/a | 4,304 | | 18,374 | 26,951 | 78,910 | -296 | 1,406,613 | 1,588,016 | 88.6 |
| September | 0 | 1,523 | 0 | 1,523 | 9,360 | 8,275 | 1,622 | 66 | 19,323 | 20,846 | 28,861 | 15,678 | 9,505 | 54,044 | n/a | 2,655 | 4,672 | 11,110 | 18,437 | 74,890 | 2,409 | 1,409,022 | 1,588,016 | 88.7 |
| October | 0 | 1,347 | 0 | 1,347 | 8,997 | 6,140 | 881 | 106 | 16,124 | 17,471 | 30,873 | 14,491 | 8,024 | 53,388 | n/a | 5,769 | 5,998 | 7,927 | 19,694 | 70,859 | -2,223 | 1,406,799 | 1,588,016 | 88.6 |
| November | 0 | 1,441 | 0 | 1,441 | 8,868 | 4,650 | 651 | 70 | 14,239 | 15,680 | 23,704 | 6,869 | 9,247 | 39,820 | n/a | 5,433 | | | 15,593 | 55,500 | 87 | 1,406,886 | 1,588,016 | 88.69 |
| December | 0 | 407 | 0 | 407 | 6,292 | 5,724 | 324 | 71 | 12,411 | 12,818 | 25,702 | 5,312 | 12,558 | 43,572 | n/a | 860 | 5,660 | 6,788 | 13,308 | 56,390 | -490 | 1,406,396 | 1,588,016 | 88.69 |
| YTD Total | 0 | 16,314 | 0 | 16,314 | 135,932 | 83,605 | 13,200 | 952 | 233,689 | 250,003 | 362,630 | 112.064 | 118,493 | 593.187 | n/a | 68,105 | 76.807 | 122.019 | 266.931 | 843,190 | -16.928 | 1,406,396 | 1.588.016 | 88.69 |

^{201 |} Carolliments via data sharing between the IOUs.
22 | Enrollments via data sharing between the IOUs.
23 | Enrollments via data sharing between departments and/or programs within the utility.
23 | Enrollments via data sharing with programs outside the IOU that serve low-income customers.
24 | No response includes no response to both Recertification and Verification.

2,329

2,364

30,581

G

2,476

2,422

32,466

147

58

1,885

Н

68.64%

73.46%

74.87%

0.18%

0.17%

2.31%

| | / \ | | J | 0 | _ | ' | 0 | 11 | |
|----|-----------|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|--|--|---|
| 1 | | | | PY 201 | 7 CARE Annual | Report | | | |
| 2 | | | | | CARE Table 3A | | | | |
| 3 | | | | Post-Enrollme | nt Verification R | esults (Model) | | | |
| 4 | Month | Total CARE Households Enrolled | Households Requested to Verify ¹ | % of CARE Enrolled Requested to Verify Total | CARE Households De- enrolled (Due to no response) | CARE Households De-enrolled (Verified as Ineligible) ² | Total Households De-enrolled ³ | % De-enrolled through Post Enrollment Verification⁴ | % of Total CARE Households De- enrolled |
| 5 | January | 1,419,543 | 3,724 | 0.26% | 2,772 | 155 | 2,927 | 78.60% | 0.21% |
| 6 | February | 1,423,503 | 3,221 | 0.23% | 2,307 | 138 | 2,445 | 75.91% | 0.17% |
| 7 | March | 1,421,857 | 4,381 | 0.31% | 2,728 | 273 | 3,001 | 68.50% | 0.21% |
| 8 | April | 1,418,689 | 5,227 | 0.37% | 3,647 | 262 | 3,909 | 74.78% | 0.28% |
| 9 | May | 1,411,463 | 6,250 | 0.44% | 4,742 | 282 | 5,024 | 80.38% | 0.36% |
| | June | 1,404,701 | 5,367 | 0.38% | 3,895 | 232 | 4,127 | 76.90% | 0.29% |
| 11 | July | 1,406,909 | 3,737 | 0.27% | 2,534 | 171 | 2,705 | 72.38% | 0.19% |
| 12 | August | 1,406,613 | 2,202 | 0.16% | 1,628 | 84 | 1,712 | 77.75% | 0.12% |
| | September | 1,409,022 | 1,480 | 0.11% | 1,032 | 49 | 1,081 | 73.04% | 0.08% |
| 14 | October | 1,406,799 | 868 | 0.06% | 603 | 34 | 637 | 73.39% | 0.05% |
| | | | | | | | | | |

Е

1,406,886

1,406,396

1,406,396

В

Α

3,607

3,297

43,361

С

D

0.26%

0.23%

3.08%

24 25

26

27

17

18

15 November

16 December

YTD Total

PY 2017 CARE Annual Report **CARE Table 3B**

Post-Enrollment Verification Results (Electric only High Usage)

| 28 | Month | Total CARE Households Enrolled | Households Requested to Verify ¹ | % of CARE Enrolled Requested to Verify Total | CARE Households De-enrolled (Due to no response) | CARE Households De-enrolled (Verified as Ineligible) ² | Total Households De-enrolled ³ | % De-enrolled through HU Post Enrollment Verification | % of Total CARE Households De- enrolled |
|----|-----------|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|---|---|
| 29 | January | 1,419,543 | 4,127 | 0.29% | 3,938 | 51 | 3,989 | 96.66% | 0.28% |
| 30 | February | 1,423,503 | 6,559 | 0.46% | 6,423 | 63 | 6,486 | 98.89% | 0.46% |
| 31 | March | 1,421,857 | 2,926 | 0.21% | 2,814 | 51 | 2,865 | 97.92% | 0.20% |
| 32 | April | 1,418,689 | 1,275 | 0.09% | 1,183 | 31 | 1,214 | 95.22% | 0.09% |
| 33 | May | 1,411,463 | 555 | 0.04% | 520 | 11 | 531 | 95.68% | 0.04% |
| 34 | June | 1,404,701 | 803 | 0.06% | 753 | 20 | 773 | 96.26% | 0.06% |
| 35 | July | 1,406,909 | 2,983 | 0.21% | 2,750 | 60 | 2,810 | 94.20% | 0.20% |
| 36 | August | 1,406,613 | 3,759 | 0.27% | 3,417 | 107 | 3,524 | 93.75% | 0.25% |
| | September | 1,409,022 | 6,476 | 0.46% | 6,038 | 134 | 6,172 | 95.31% | 0.44% |
| 38 | October | 1,406,799 | 5,483 | 0.39% | 5,028 | 147 | 5,175 | 94.38% | 0.37% |
| | November | 1,406,886 | 867 | 0.06% | 775 | 37 | 812 | 93.66% | 0.06% |
| 40 | December | 1,406,396 | 591 | 0.04% | 557 | 10 | 567 | 95.94% | 0.04% |
| 41 | YTD Total | 1,406,396 | 36,404 | 2.59% | 34,196 | 722 | 34,918 | 95.92% | 2.48% |

Includes customers selected randomly or via PG&E's CARE probability model.

Includes customers verified as over income or who requested to be de-enrolled.

Verification results are tied to the month initiated.

Percentage of customers dropped compared to the total participants requested to provide verification in that month. 23

 ^{43 &}lt;sup>1</sup> Includes all participants who were selected for high usage verification process.
 44 ² Includes customers verified as over income, who requested to be de-enrolled, did not reduce usage, or did not agree to be weatherized.

| | А | В | С | D | E | F | G | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|---|--|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | | | PY 2017 | CARE Annual | Report | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | CARE Table 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | CARE Self-Certification and Self-Recertification Applications ¹ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | Provided ² | Received | Approved | Denied | Pending/Never Completed | Duplicates | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Total (Y-T-D) | 5,888,478 | 526,054 | 480,681 | 31,694 | 13,679 | 112,064 | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Percentage ³ | | 100% | 91% | 6% | 3% | 21% | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 8 | ¹ Includes sub-mete | | led via direct mail c | ampaigns, call cente | ers. bill inserts and | other outreach meth | ods. Because | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | ² Includes number of applications provided via direct mail campaigns, call centers, bill inserts and other outreach methods. Because there are other means by which customers obtain applications which are not counted, this number is only an approximation. O Percentage of Received. Duplicates are also counted as Approved, so the total will not add up to 100%. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | Α | В | С | D | E | F | G | Н | I | J |
|----|-----------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|-----------|----------|--------------------|----------|
| 1 | | | | PY 2017 | CARE Ann | ual Report | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | ARE Table | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | by County | | | | |
| | | Estimated | l Eligible Ho | | | ouseholds E | orolled | Pe | enetration Ra | te |
| 5 | County | Urban | Rural ¹ | Total | Urban | Rural ¹ | Total | Urban | Rural ¹ | Total |
| | ALAMEDA | 133,821 | Rurai 3 | 133,824 | 119,091 | Rurai 3 | 119,094 | 89% | n/a | 89% |
| | ALPINE | 0 | 134 | 134 | 0 | 6 | 6 | n/a | 4% | 4% |
| | AMADOR | 1 | 5,493 | 5,494 | 0 | 4,247 | 4,247 | n/a | 77% | 77% |
| | BUTTE | 25,760 | 12,468 | 38,228 | 24,441 | 12,191 | 36,632 | 95% | 98% | 96% |
| | CALAVERAS | 54 | 7,614 | 7,668 | 44 | 5,094 | 5,138 | 81% | 67% | 67% |
| 11 | COLUSA | 9 | 3,322 | 3,331 | 12 | 3,331 | 3,343 | 137% | 100% | 100% |
| | CONTRA COSTA | 88,913 | 20 | 88,932 | 84,981 | 3 | 84,984 | 96% | 15% | 96% |
| | EL DORADO | 6,921 | 6,204 | 13,125 | 5,385 | 5,576 | 10,961 | 78% | 90% | 84% |
| 14 | FRESNO | 136,247 | 235 | 136,482 | 151,928 | 117 | 152,045 | 112% | 50% | 111% |
| 15 | GLENN | 0 | 5,391 | 5,391 | 1 | 4,665 | 4,666 | n/a | 87% | 87% |
| 16 | HUMBOLDT | 0 | 22,316 | 22,316 | 0 | 17,616 | 17,616 | n/a | 79% | 79% |
| 17 | KERN | 35,517 | 55,325 | 90,842 | 43,246 | 63,600 | 106,846 | 122% | 115% | 118% |
| | KINGS | 159 | 9,023 | 9,182 | 125 | 9,046 | 9,171 | 79% | 100% | 100% |
| 19 | LAKE | 1 | 16,017 | 16,018 | 2 | 12,087 | 12,089 | n/a | 75% | 75% |
| 20 | LASSEN | 0 | 214 | 214 | 0 | 172 | 172 | n/a | 80% | 80% |
| 21 | MADERA | 14,039 | 6,498 | 20,537 | 16,467 | 5,426 | 21,893 | 117% | 84% | 107% |
| 22 | MARIN | 19,069 | 0 | 19,069 | 12,253 | 0 | 12,253 | 64% | n/a | 64% |
| 23 | MARIPOSA | 23 | 3,368 | 3,391 | 12 | 2,184 | 2,196 | 52% | 65% | 65% |
| 24 | MENDOCINO | 14 | 15,637 | 15,651 | 6 | 9,826 | 9,832 | 42% | 63% | 63% |
| 25 | MERCED | 19,755 | 20,765 | 40,520 | 19,671 | 20,726 | 40,397 | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| 26 | MONTEREY | 38,806 | 4,939 | 43,744 | 36,355 | 6,185 | 42,540 | 94% | 125% | 97% |
| 27 | NAPA | 13,425 | 0 | 13,425 | 10,434 | 0 | 10,434 | 78% | n/a | 78% |
| 28 | NEVADA | 12 | 11,650 | 11,662 | 2 | 8,899 | 8,901 | 17% | 76% | 76% |
| 29 | PLACER | 19,243 | 11,216 | 30,459 | 12,304 | 7,792 | 20,096 | 64% | 69% | 66% |
| 30 | PLUMAS | 109 | 3,051 | 3,160 | 11 | 1,745 | 1,756 | 10% | 57% | 56% |
| 31 | SACRAMENTO | 149,576 | 0 | 149,576 | 101,566 | 0 | 101,566 | 68% | n/a | 68% |
| 32 | SAN BENITO | 101 | 4,362 | 4,463 | 65 | 4,766 | 4,831 | 64% | 109% | 108% |
| 33 | SAN BERNARDINO | 83 | 448 | 532 | 34 | 247 | 281 | 41% | 55% | 53% |
| 34 | SAN FRANCISCO | 74,670 | 0 | 74,670 | 62,044 | 0 | 62,044 | 83% | n/a | 83% |
| 35 | SAN JOAQUIN | 80,101 | 10,015 | 90,117 | 79,784 | 8,762 | 88,546 | 100% | 87% | 98% |
| 36 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 12,331 | 19,860 | 32,191 | 5,077 | 12,886 | 17,963 | 41% | 65% | 56% |
| 37 | SAN MATEO | 47,510 | 0 | 47,510 | 32,951 | 0 | 32,951 | 69% | n/a | 69% |
| 38 | SANTA BARBARA | 18,446 | 1,693 | 20,139 | 16,824 | 698 | 17,522 | 91% | 41% | 87% |
| | SANTA CLARA | 109,742 | 3,859 | 113,601 | 97,147 | 2,916 | 100,063 | 89% | 76% | 88% |
| | SANTA CRUZ | 26,559 | 7 | | 19,255 | 1 | 19,256 | 72% | 14% | 72% |
| | SHASTA | 12,730 | 11,679 | 24,408 | 10,242 | 8,822 | 19,064 | 80% | 76% | 78% |
| | SIERRA | 5 | 303 | 308 | 2 | 132 | 134 | 39% | 44% | 44% |
| | SISKIYOU | 0 | 19 | 19 | 0 | 7 | 7 | n/a | 37% | 37% |
| | SOLANO | 41,128 | 0 | 41,128 | 42,356 | 0 | 42,356 | 103% | n/a | 103% |
| | SONOMA | 45,178 | 2,769 | 47,947 | 36,546 | 2,478 | 39,024 | 81% | 89% | 81% |
| | STANISLAUS | 33,205 | 27,956 | 61,161 | 25,645 | 23,626 | 49,271 | 77% | 85% | 81% |
| | SUTTER | 12,976 | 0 | 12,976 | 13,880 | 0 | 13,880 | 107% | n/a | 107% |
| | TEHAMA | 11 | 12,092 | 12,103 | 9 | 11,552 | 11,561 | 84% | 96% | 96% |
| | TRINITY | 0 | 560 | 560 | 0 | 286 | 286 | n/a | 51% | 51% |
| | TULARE | 658 | 7,895 | 8,553 | 356 | 9,297 | 9,653 | 54% | 118% | 113% |
| | TUOLUMNE | 0 | 10,295 | 10,295 | 0 | 6,872 | 6,872 | n/a | 67% | 67% |
| | YOLO | 24,842 | 0 | 24,843 | 20,454 | 1 | 20,455 | 82% | n/a | 82% |
| | YUBA | 11,414 | 134 | 11,547 | 11,398 | 104 | 11,502 | 100% | 78% | 100% |
| | Total | 1,253,165 | 334,851 | 1,588,016 | 1,112,406 | 293,990 | 1,406,396 | 89% | 88% | 89% |
| 55 | | | | <u> </u> | | | | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> |

¹ "Rural" includes ZIP Codes classified as such by the Goldsmith modification that was developed to identify small towns and rural areas within large metropolitan counties. ZIP Codes not defined as rural are classified as urban.

¹¹⁸ May 1, 2018

| | А | В | С | D | E | F | G | Н | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|---|---|--|
| 1 | | | PY | 2017 CARE Ar | nual Report | | | | |
| 2 | CARE Table 6 | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | CA | RE Recertifica | tion Results | | | | |
| 4 | 2017 | Total CARE Households | Households Requested to Recertify ¹ | % of Households Total (C/B) | Households Recertified ² | Households De-enrolled ³ | Recertification Rate % ⁴ (E/C) | % of Total Households De- enrolled (F/B) | |
| 5 | January | 1,419,543 | 17,356 | 1.2% | 11,589 | 5,767 | 67% | 0.41% | |
| 6 | February | 1,423,503 | 20,950 | 1.5% | 14,467 | 6,483 | 69% | 0.46% | |
| 7 | March | 1,421,857 | 19,096 | 1.3% | 12,032 | 7,064 | 63% | 0.50% | |
| 8 | April | 1,418,689 | 17,484 | 1.2% | 11,370 | 6,114 | 65% | 0.43% | |
| 9 | May | 1,411,463 | 14,507 | 1.0% | 10,234 | 4,273 | 71% | 0.30% | |
| 10 | June | 1,404,701 | 15,786 | 1.1% | 11,114 | 4,672 | 70% | 0.33% | |
| 11 | July | 1,406,909 | 20,611 | 1.5% | 14,613 | 5,998 | 71% | 0.43% | |
| 12 | August | 1,406,613 | 18,784 | 1.3% | 12,629 | 6,155 | 67% | 0.44% | |
| 13 | September | 1,409,022 | 16,994 | 1.2% | 11,334 | 5,660 | 67% | 0.40% | |
| 14 | October | 1,406,799 | 16,635 | 1.2% | 10,515 | 6,120 | 63% | 0.44% | |
| 15 | November | 1,406,886 | 16,245 | 1.2% | 10,352 | 5,893 | 64% | 0.42% | |
| 16 | December | 1,406,396 | 15,551 | 1.1% | 10,099 | 5,452 | 65% | 0.39% | |
| 17 | YTD | 1,406,396 | 209,999 | 14.93% | 140,348 | 69,651 | 67% | 4.95% | |
| 18 19 20 21 22 23 | Excludes count of cus Recertification results Includes customers w Percentage of custom | are tied to the mon tho did not respond | th initiated. or who requested | to be de-enrolled. | ted to recertify in th | nat month. | | | |

| | A | В | С | D | Е | F | G | Н | <u>l</u> |
|----|---|------------|-----|---------------------------|----------|---------|----------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1 | PY 201 | 7 CARE A | | Report | | | | | |
| 2 | | CARE Ta | | | | | | | |
| 3 | CARE | Capitation | | | | | | | |
| , | A | (Chao | | actor Type more if app | liooblo) | | Enrollm | ents ² | Total |
| 5 | Contractor Name ¹ | Private | CBO | WMDVBE | | Rural | Urban | Total | Expenditures |
| | ACC Senior Services (formerly Asian Community Center) | Tilvato | X | VVIIIDVDL | LITEA | 0 | 11 | | \$ 220 |
| 7 | Afghan Coalition | | | | | 2 | 28 | 30 | \$ 600 |
| | Amador-Tuolumne Community Action Agency Area Agency on Aging Serving Napa and Solano | | X | | | 5 0 | 1 1 | 6 | \$ 120 \$ 20 |
| | Arriba Juntos | | _^ | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | \$ - |
| 11 | Breathe California Central Coast | | | | | 0 | 6 | 6 | \$ 120 |
| | Breathe California of the Bay Area | | V | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | \$ - |
| | California Human Development Corporation Catholic Charities Diocese of Fresno | | Х | | | 0 7 | 1 48 | 1 55 | \$ 20 \$ 1,100 |
| | Center of Vision Enhancement | | Х | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | \$ - |
| | Central California Legal Services, Inc. | | | | | 1 | 3 | 4 | \$ 80 |
| | Central Coast Energy Services, Inc. Child Abuse Prevention Council of San Joaquin County | | | | | 7 | 51 0 | 58 0 | \$ 1,160 \$ - |
| | Chinese Christian Herald Crusades | | Х | | | 0 | 1 | 1 | \$ 20 |
| 20 | Chinese Newcomers Service Center | | | | | 0 | 9 | 9 | \$ 180 |
| | Community Action Marin Community Action Partnership of Madera County | | | | | 1 | 26 | 27 | \$ 540 |
| | Community Action Partnership of Madera County Community Health for Asian Americans | | Х | | | 12 0 | 55 0 | 67 0 | \$ 1,340 \$ - |
| | Community Resource Project, Inc. | | | | | 0 | 126 | 126 | \$ 2,520 |
| | Community Resources for Independent Living | | Х | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | \$ - |
| | County of San Joaquin Disability Resource Agency for Independent Living | | Х | | | 8 | 129 0 | 137 | \$ 2,740 \$ 20 |
| | Filipino American Development Foundation | | _^ | | | 0 | 1 | 1 | \$ 20 |
| | Fresno Center for New Americans | | Х | | | 0 | 16 | 16 | \$ 320 |
| | Golden Umbrella | | Х | | | 1 | 0 | 1 | \$ 20 |
| | Good Samaritan Family Resource Center of San Francisco Heritage Institute for Family Advocacy | | | | | 0 | 2 164 | 2 164 | \$ 40 \$ 3,280 |
| | Hip Housing Human Investment Project, Inc. | | | | | 0 | 104 | 1 | \$ 20 |
| | Housing Authority of the City of Fresno | | | | | 0 | 2 | 2 | \$ 40 |
| | Housing Authority of the County of Kern Independent Living Center of Kern County, Inc. | | | | | 2 11 | 0 15 | 2 26 | \$ 40 \$ 520 |
| | KidsFirst | | | | | 11 | 5 | 6 | \$ 120 |
| 38 | Kings Community Action Organization, Inc. | | Х | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | \$ - |
| | Korean American Community Services Inc | | | | | 0 | 1 | 1 | \$ 20 \$ 180 |
| | Lao Khmu Assoc., Inc Madera Coalition for Community Justice | | | | | 0 | 8 2 | 2 | \$ 180 \$ 40 |
| | Marin Center for Independent Living | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | \$ - |
| | Merced County Community Action Agency | | X | | | 4 | 11 | 15 | \$ 300 |
| | Merced Lao Family Community Inc. Moncada Outreach | - | Х | | | 0 | 0 60 | 0 60 | \$ - \$ 1,200 |
| | Monument Crisis Center | | Х | | | 0 | 1 | 1 | \$ 20 |
| | Mutual Assistance Network of Del Paso Heights | | ., | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | \$ - |
| | National Asian American Coalition Oakland Citizens Committee for Urban Renewal | | Х | | | 0 | 2 | 2 | \$ 40 \$ 40 |
| | Project Access. Inc | | | | | 0 | 1 | 1 | \$ 20 |
| | REDI (Renewable Energy Development Institute) | | | | | 6 | 0 | 6 | \$ 120 |
| 52 | Redwood Community Action Agency | | | | | 2 | 0 | 2 | \$ 40 |
| | Resources for Independece Central Valley Rising Sun Energy Center | | | | | 0 | 2 | 0 2 | \$ - \$ 40 |
| | Sacred Heart Community Service | | | | | 0 | 27 | 27 | \$ 540 |
| | Second Harvest Food Bank of Santa Cruz and San Benito Counties | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | \$ - |
| | Self-Help for the Elderly Southeast Asian Community Center | + | | | | 0 | 47 0 | 47 0 | \$ 940 \$ - |
| | Suscol Intertribal Council | 1 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | \$ - |
| 60 | Tri-County Independent Living Center | | | | | 2 | 0 | 2 | \$ 40 |
| | UpValley Family Centers | | | | | 0 | 1 | 1 | \$ 20 \$ 20 |
| | Valley Oak Children's Services, Inc. West Valley Community Services | + | Х | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | \$ 20 \$ - |
| 64 | Yolo County Housing Authority | | | | | 0 | 5 | 5 | \$ 100 |
| | Yolo Family Resource Center | | | | | 0 | 5 | 5 | \$ 100 |
| 67 | Total Enrollments and Expenditures | | | | | 74 | 878 | 952 | \$ 19,040 |

¹ All capitation contractors with current contracts are listed regardless of whether they have signed up customers or submitted invoices this year.

69 2 Enrollments reflect new enrollments only.

| | Α | В | С | D | E | F | G | Н |
|----------|-----------|---------------------|----------|----------------|---------------|------------------------|-------------|----------|
| 1 | | | P | 2017 CARE | Annual Repo | ort | | |
| 2 | | | | CARE | Table 8 | | | |
| 3 | | | CARI | E Participants | s as of Month | -End | | |
| 4 | Month | Gas and Electric | Gas Only | Electric Only | Total | Eligible Households | Penetration | % Change |
| 5 | January | 846,968 | 229,902 | 342,673 | 1,419,543 | 1,588,016 | 89% | -0.3% |
| 6 | February | 849,114 | 231,576 | 342,813 | 1,423,503 | 1,588,016 | 90% | 0.3% |
| 7 | March | 847,251 | 231,671 | 342,935 | 1,421,857 | 1,588,016 | 90% | -0.1% |
| 8 | April | 845,398 | 231,275 | 342,016 | 1,418,689 | 1,588,016 | 89% | -0.2% |
| 9 | Мау | 840,596 | 230,213 | 340,654 | 1,411,463 | 1,588,016 | 89% | -0.5% |
| 10 | June | 836,594 | 228,364 | 339,743 | 1,404,701 | 1,588,016 | 88% | -0.5% |
| 11 | July | 838,841 | 227,550 | 340,518 | 1,406,909 | 1,588,016 | 89% | 0.2% |
| 12 | August | 838,791 | 227,104 | 340,718 | 1,406,613 | 1,588,016 | 89% | 0.0% |
| 13 | September | 842,003 | 225,814 | 341,205 | 1,409,022 | 1,588,016 | 89% | 0.2% |
| 14 | October | 840,099 | 226,352 | 340,348 | 1,406,799 | 1,588,016 | 89% | -0.2% |
| 15 | November | 838,696 | 227,390 | 340,800 | 1,406,886 | 1,588,016 | 89% | 0.0% |
| 16 | December | 839,171 | 226,934 | 340,291 | 1,406,396 | 1,588,016 | 89% | 0.0% |
| 17 18 | | | | | | | | |

| | А | В | С | D | E | | | | |
|----|---|------------------------|---------------------|------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | PY 2017 CARE Annual Report | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | CARE Table 9 | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | CARE Average Mo | onthly Usage & Bill | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | ļ. | Average Monthly G | as / Electric Usage | 9 | | | | | |
| 6 | | | vs. CARE Custon | | | | | | |
| 7 | Customer | Gas Therms | Gas Therms | Total | | | | | |
| 8 | Customer | Tier 1 | Tier 2 | Total | | | | | |
| 9 | Non-CARE | 23.9 | 9.4 | 33.3 | | | | | |
| 10 | CARE | 22.8 | 6.6 | 29.5 | | | | | |
| 11 | Customer | Electric KWh | Electric KWh | Total | | | | | |
| 12 | Gustomer | Tier 1 | Tier 2 and Above | lotai | | | | | |
| 13 | Non-CARE | 271 | 227 | 498 | | | | | |
| 14 | CARE | 328 | 191 | 519 | | | | | |
| 15 | | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | _ | | | Ī | | | | | |
| 17 | | Monthly Gas / Elec | | | | | | | |
| 18 | | on-CARE vs. CARI | | | | | | | |
| 19 | (D | ollars per Custom | er) | | | | | | |
| 20 | Customer | Gas | Electric | | | | | | |
| 21 | Non-CARE | \$51.49 | \$110.68 | | | | | | |
| 22 | CARE | \$32.99 | \$71.33 | | | | | | |
| 23 | | | | | | | | | |
| 24 | | | | | | | | | |
| 25 | ¹ Excludes master-meter usage. | | | | | | | | |
| 26 | ² Average Monthly Gas/Electric Bill reflects residential Non-CARE (CARE) 2017 total billed | | | | | | | | |
| 27 | revenues divided by I | the average number of | Non-CARE (CARE) 201 | 7 monthly bills. | | | | | |

| | А | В | С | D | Е | F | | | |
|----|---------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| 1 | | | PY 2017 | CARE Annual Rep | ort | | | | |
| 2 | | CARE Table 10 | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | CARE S | urcharge & Reveni | ue | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | | | | Electric | | | | | |
| 6 | | CARE Surch | arge and Re | venue Collected b | y Customer Class | | | | |
| 7 | | Average | Monthly | CARE Curcharge co | Total CARE | Percentage of CARE | | | |
| 8 | Customer Class ¹ | CARE | Monthly Bill | CARE Surcharge as Percent of Bill | Surcharge Revenue | Surcharge Revenue | | | |
| 9 | | Surcharge | Monthly Din | T CICCIL OI BIII | Collected | Collected | | | |
| 10 | Residential | \$4.57 | \$111.49 | 4.1% | \$194,848,322 | 29.3% | | | |
| 11 | Commercial | \$43.95 | \$832.51 | 5.3% | \$284,720,579 | 42.8% | | | |
| 12 | Agricultural | \$44.45 | \$1,001.49 | 4.4% | \$47,278,699 | 7.1% | | | |
| 13 | Large / Industrial | \$9,649.44 | \$113,346.22 | 8.5% | \$137,779,568 | 20.7% | | | |
| 14 | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | | | | Gas | | | | | |
| 17 | | | | venue Collected b | y Customer Class | | | | |
| 18 | | Average | Monthly | CARE Surcharge as | Total CARE | Percentage of CARE | | | |
| 19 | Customer Class ¹ | CARE | Monthly Bill | Percent of Bill | Surcharge Revenue | Surcharge Revenue | | | |
| 20 | | Surcharge | Monthly Din | T Crocine of Bill | Collected | Collected | | | |
| 21 | Residential | \$0.95 | \$51.49 | 1.8% | \$41,735,943 | 35.3% | | | |
| 22 | Commercial | \$8.65 | \$254.64 | 3.4% | \$23,309,539 | 19.7% | | | |
| | Natural Gas Vehicle | \$38.98 | \$902.34 | 4.3% | \$1,039,657 | 0.9% | | | |
| 24 | Industrial ² | \$7,219.31 | \$79,822.18 | 9.0% | \$52,070,134 | 44.1% | | | |
| 25 | | | | | | | | | |
| 26 | ¹ Excludes CARE customers. | | | | | | | | |

| | A | В | С | D | Е | F |
|----|--|----------------|------------------------|--------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| 1 | PY 20 | 17 CARE Annua | al Report | | | |
| 2 | | CARE Table 1 | 1 | | | |
| 3 | CARE | Capitation App | lications ¹ | | | |
| 4 | Entity | Total Received | Approved ² | Denied | Pending/ Never Completed | Duplicate |
| | ACC Senior Services (formerly Asian Community Center) | 13 | 11 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 6 | Afghan Coalition | 43 | 30 | 2 | 0 | 11 |
| | Amador-Tuolumne Community Action Agency | 8 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| | Area Agency on Aging Serving Napa and Solano | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Breathe California Central Coast | 23 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 15 |
| | California Human Development Corporation | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Catholic Charities Diocese of Fresno | 109 | 55 | 22 | 0 | |
| | Central California Legal Services, Inc. | 5 | 4 | 0 | | |
| | Central Coast Energy Services, Inc. | 157 | 58 | 43 | 0 | 56 |
| | Chinese Christian Herald Crusades | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| | Chinese Newcomers Service Center | 14 | 9 | 0 | | 5 |
| | Community Action Marin | 51 | 27 | 8 | 0 | 16 |
| | Community Action Partnership of Madera County | 145 | 67 | 71 | 0 | 7 |
| | Community Resource Project, Inc. | 144 | 126 | 9 | 0 | 9 |
| | Community Resources for Independent Living | 1 | 0 | 0 | • | · |
| 20 | County of San Joaquin | 260 | 137 | 65 | 0 | 58 |
| | Disability Resource Agency for Independent Living | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 22 | Filipino American Development Foundation | 5 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
| | Fresno Center for New Americans | 24 | 16 | 6 | 0 | 2 |
| 24 | Golden Umbrella | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 25 | Good Samaritan Family Resource Center of San Francisco | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 26 | Heritage Institute for Family Advocacy | 304 | 164 | 30 | 0 | 110 |
| 27 | Hip Housing Human Investment Project, Inc. | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 28 | Housing Authority of the City of Fresno | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 29 | Housing Authority of the County of Kern | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 30 | Independent Living Center of Kern County, Inc. | 32 | 26 | 2 | 0 | 4 |
| 31 | KidsFirst | 10 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| 32 | Korean American Community Services Inc | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| 33 | Lao Khmu Assoc., Inc | 11 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 34 | Madera Coalition for Community Justice | 4 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 35 | Merced County Community Action Agency | 21 | 15 | 5 | 0 | 1 |
| | Moncada Outreach | 82 | 60 | 5 | 0 | 17 |
| 37 | Monument Crisis Center | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |

| | A | В | С | D | Е | F | |
|----------------|--|----------------|------------------------|--------|-----------------------------|-----------|--|
| 1 | PY 20 | 17 CARE Annua | al Report | | | | |
| 2 | | CARE Table 1 | • | | | | |
| 3 | CARE | Capitation App | lications ¹ | | | | |
| 4 | Entity | Total Received | Approved ² | Denied | Pending/ Never Completed | Duplicate | |
| 38 | National Asian American Coalition | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| 39 | Oakland Citizens Committee for Urban Renewal | 12 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 6 | |
| 40 | Project Access, Inc | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | |
| 41 | REDI (Renewable Energy Development Institute) | 11 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 3 | |
| 42 | Redwood Community Action Agency | 6 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 | |
| 43 | Resources for Independece Central Valley | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| | Rising Sun Energy Center | 5 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2 | |
| | Sacred Heart Community Service | 48 | 27 | 9 | 0 | 12 | |
| | Second Harvest Food Bank of Santa Cruz and San Benito Counties | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| | Self-Help for the Elderly | 112 | 47 | 2 | 0 | 63 | |
| | Tri-County Independent Living Center | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | UpValley Family Centers | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | |
| 50 | Valley Oak Children's Services, Inc. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | Yolo County Housing Authority | 8 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 3 | |
| | Yolo Family Resource Center | 7 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 1 | |
| 53 | Total | 1,716 | 952 | 302 | 0 | 462 | |
| 54 55 56 | ¹ Includes sub-metered customers. | | | | | | |
| 57 | | | | | | | |

| | Α | В | С | D | E | F | G |
|----|--------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------|----------------|
| 1 | | | PY 2017 | 7 CARE Annual | Report | | |
| 2 | | | | CARE Table 12 | | | |
| 3 | | | | Expansion Pro | ogram | | |
| 4 | | | J, (_ | | 9 | | |
| 5 | | | Particina | ting Facilities b | y Month | | |
| 6 | | | Gas | ting r domaco k | y month | Electric | |
| | | CARE | CARE | | CARE | CARE | |
| | 2017 | Residential | Commercial | Total Gas | Residential | Commercial | Total Electric |
| 7 | | Facilities | Facilities | rotal Gas | Facilities | Facilities | 10141 21001110 |
| 8 | January | 2,861 | 501 | 3,362 | 3,933 | 722 | 4,655 |
| 9 | February | 3,051 | 520 | 3,571 | 4,135 | 754 | 4,889 |
| | March | 3,048 | 519 | 3,567 | 4,107 | 767 | 4,874 |
| 11 | April | 2,882 | 502 | 3,384 | 3,978 | 747 | 4,725 |
| | May | 3,015 | 520 | 3,535 | 4,097 | 785 | 4,882 |
| | June | 3,004 | 515 | 3,519 | 4,100 | 781 | 4,881 |
| | July | 2,839 | 500 | 3,339 | 3,936 | 799 | 4,735 |
| | August | 3,016 | 518 | 3,534 | 4,110 | 820 | 4,930 |
| | September | 3,048 | 518 | 3,566 | 4,137 | 820 | 4,957 |
| | October | 2,881 | 496 | 3,377 | 3,919 | 778 | 4,697 |
| | November | 3,012 | 504 | 3,516 | 3,992 | 784 | 4,776 |
| | December | 3,002 | 506 | 3,508 | 3,994 | 785 | 4,779 |
| 20 | | | | | | | |
| 21 | | | | | | | |
| 22 | Average Mo | nthly Gas / Elec | | | | | |
| 23 | Customer | Gas | Electric | | | | |
| 24 | | Therms | KWh | | | | |
| | Residential | 40 | 490 | | | | |
| 25 | Facilities Commercial | | | | | | |
| 26 | Facilities | 696 | 8,258 | | | | |
| 27 | | | | | | | |
| 28 | | | | | | | |
| 29 | CARE | Expansion Self | -Certification a | nd Self-Recerti | fication Applica | ations | |
| | | Received | Approved | Denied | Pending/Never | Duplicates | |
| 30 | | 110001100 | | | Completed | Duplicates | |
| 31 | Total | 409 | 339 | 9 | 60 | 1 | |
| 32 | Percentage | | 83% | 2% | 15% | 0% | |
| 33 | | | | | | | |
| 34 | ┫. | | | | | | |
| 35 | ¹ Excludes master r | meter usage. | | | | | |

| | Α | В | С | D | E | F | G | Н | | J |
|----|--|------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | PY 2017 CARE Annual Report | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | CARE T | able 13 | | | | |
| 3 | | | | CAR | E High Usage V | erification Resul | ts ⁵ | | | |
| 4 | Stag | e 1 - IRS Document | ation and ESA Agre | ement | Stag | e 2 - ESA Participat | ion ⁶ | Stag | ge 3 - Usage Monito | oring |
| 5 | Households Requested to Verify Households Removed (No Response) Verify Removed (No Response) Removed (Verified Incligible) ¹ Income Verified and Removed ² Removed Rem | | | | | | | | | Appeals Approved |
| 6 | 5 75,265 61,195 3,025 11,045 932 5,751 3,107 417 2 225 | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | 11 | | | -td-t h | | ticio etc. in EOA Duccu | | | | |
| 8 | includes customers | s wno were verified a | s over income, reque | ested to be removed, or | r did not agree to par | ticipate in ESA Progr | am. | | | |
| 9 | ² Includes customers | s who declined to par | ticipate in ESA Prog | ram, failed to respond t | o appointment reque | ests, or missed multip | le appointments or de | enied access to all ro | ooms. | |
| 10 | 3 Includes customers | s who previously part | icipated in ESA Prog | ram, did not meet the t | hree-measure minim | ium, landlord refused | , etc. These custome | ers move directly to | Stage 3. | |
| 11 | 1 Customers removed for exceeding 600% of baseline in any monthly billing cycle, after the 90-day grace period following ESA Participation. | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | ⁵ High usage is defined as a customer that exceeds 400% of baseline. Results as of March 31, 2018 (reflecting verification requests mailed in 2016 or 2017). | | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | ⁶ Does not include 1 | ,255 customers still p | ending ESA particip | ation. | | | | | | |

| | A | В | С | D | E | F | G | Н | | |
|---|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|--|---|--|
| 1 | | | | PY 2017 CA | RE Annual Report | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | CAR | E Table 13A | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | CARE Customer Usage | and ESA Program | Treatment | | | | |
| 4 | # of CARE customers at or above 90th Percentile of Usage | | | # of Long-Term tenancy CARE | | gy Usage of Long-Tern who Accept ESA F | n Tenancy CARE Custo Program Treatment⁴ | omers | Energy Usage of CARE | |
| 5 | not subject to High Usage PEV ¹ | customers not served by ESA Program ² | ESA Program measure Installations | customers who have not applied for ESA Program ³ | Energy Usage before ESA Program treatment | Energy Usage within 3-months of ESA Program treatment | Energy Usage within 6-months of ESA Program treatment | Energy Usage within 12-months of ESA Program treatment | customers who do not accept ESA Program treatment ⁴ | |
| 6 | 27,916 | 57% | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | |
| 9 | 2 Those CARE customers who ha 3 PG&E will implement "targeted n | ose CARE customers who have been on CARE rate at the same meter for at least six years. ose CARE customers who have not participated in the ESA Program prior to receiving targeted marketing. 3&E will implement "targeted marketing" to this group in 2018. is data will be tracked in PG&E's new ESA database, which went on-line in early 2018. | | | | | | | | |

| | A | В | | | | | | | |
|----|---|--------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | PY 2017 CARE Annual Rep | ort | | | | | | | |
| 2 | CARE Table 14 | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Categorical Enrollment | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Type of Enrollment Number of Customer Enrollments ¹ | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Bureau of Indian Affairs General Assistance | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | CalFresh/Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program - Food Stamps | 64,476 | | | | | | | |
| 7 | CalWORKs/Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) ² | 14,029 | | | | | | | |
| 8 | Head Start Income Eligible - (Tribal Only) 1,644 | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | Healthy Families A&B 79,06 | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | Low-income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) | 32,173 | | | | | | | |
| 11 | Medicaid/Medi-Cal | 94,428 | | | | | | | |
| 12 | National School Lunch Program (NSLP) - Free Lunch | 36,087 | | | | | | | |
| | Supplemental Security Income (SSI) | 43,052 | | | | | | | |
| 14 | Tribal TANF ² | n/a | | | | | | | |
| 15 | Women, Infants, and Children Program (WIC) 31,874 | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | | | | | | | | | |
| | Number of customers enrolled reflects categorical programs selected by customer. Customers may select more than one | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | eligible program for a single account. | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | ² CalWORKS and Tribal TANF are combined categorical programs with no distinction between the two programs. | | | | | | | | |