# **Integrating HealthVault SDK with APS.NET MVC**

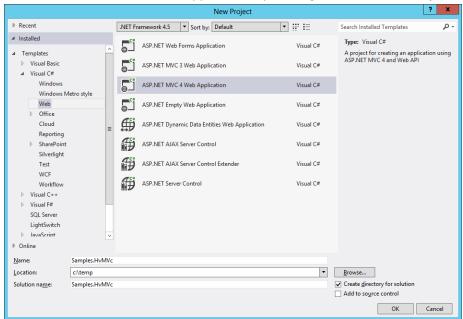
Author: Mark Arteaga Date: July 31, 2012

In the previous articles we took a look at how to get a custom application that connects to HealthVault up and running. In this article we'll look at how to get the HealthVault SDK up and running with an ASP.NET MVC website.

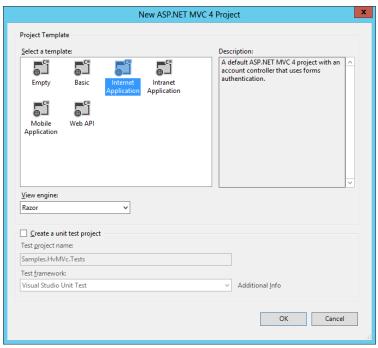
We will be using Visual Studio 2012 RC, but the steps should be similar for Visual Studio 2010.

 Open Visual Studio 2012, if you have not installed you can download the latest <u>VS2012 Release</u> <u>Candidate</u>. You can also download the appropriate <u>Express Version of Visual Studio</u> which are free versions of Visual Studio

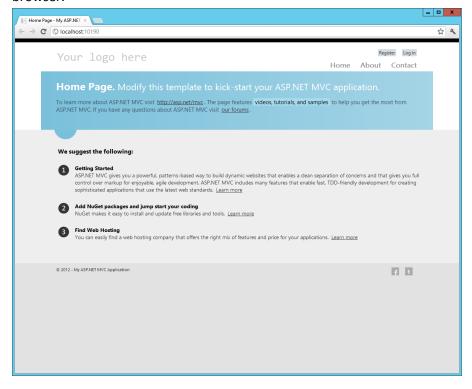




3. In the **New ASP.NET MVC 4 Project** dialog select **Internet Application** and View Engine with **Razor** selected then click OK



4. After the project is created run the project and you will get the standard MVC4 template in your browser.



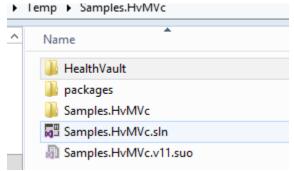
Now that the standard project is up and running, the next few steps will be to get our New ASP.NET MVC Project working with HealthVault SDK

# **Upgrading HealthVault SDK Projects**

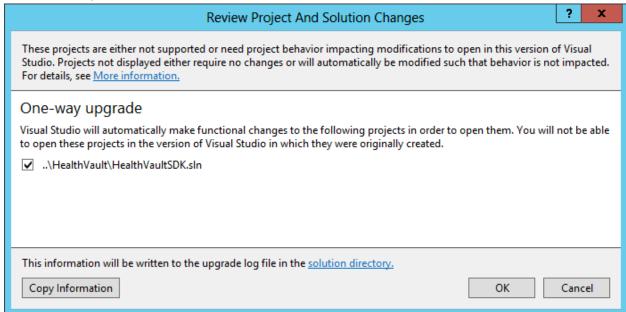
This step is optional, but it is a good idea to add the HealthVault SDK source code when you are debugging your application to help figure out what is going on under the covers. You could easily add the assembly references, but my recommendation is to add the source files.

First step we have to take is upgrading the HealthVault projects to VS 2012 RC. The following steps will guide you through this.

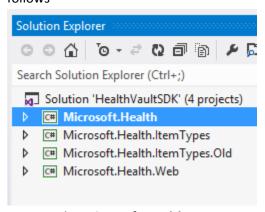
- Unzip the HealthVault source code located under %ProgramFiles%\Microsoft HealthVault\SDK\Source\HealthVaultDLLSource.zip
- 2. Where your MVC project is located, create a directory called HealthVault
- 3. Copy the HealthVault source code to the directory where your project is located, in my case C:\Temp\Samples.HvMVc and my directory looks like this



- 4. Open up a new instance of VS 2012 RC and open HealthVaultSDK.sln under the HealthVault directory
- 5. If using VS2012 RC you will be asked to go through a one way upgrade. Read through the information if you like, then click OK to continue



6. When done the project will open up in VS2012 RC and your project structure should look as follows



- 7. Remove the **Microsoft.Health.ItemTypes.Old** as these are not required for our purposes and are there for legacy reasons.
- 8. Attempt to Build the project to make sure it compiles.
- 9. If you successfully compile, shut down this instance of VS2012

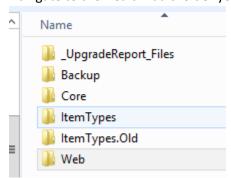
Note that if you are using VS2010, the steps in upgrading will be very similar but I'll leave it up to the reader to explorer that scenario.

Now that we have upgraded the projects, we can add them to our ASP.NET MVC project.

# **Adding HealthVault SDK Source**

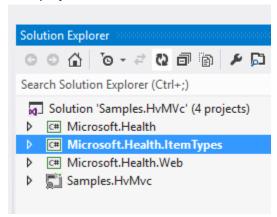
In this section we will add the newly converted HealthVault SDK projects to your ASP.NET MVC Project.

- 1. In your MVC project, click on File -> Add -> Existing Project
- 2. Navigate to the HealthVault folder you created, should look something like this



- 3. Add the Microsoft.Health.csproj in the Core directory
- **4.** Add the **Microsoft.Health.ItemTypes.csproj** in the **ItemTypes** directory
- 5. Add the Microsoft.Health.Web.csproj in the Web directory

**6.** Your project should look similar to this now



7. Compile the project to make sure it still builds

### **Setting up Web.Config**

In the previous article I went through some of the web.config values generated by the HealthVault Application Manager. We need to use these values in our MVC project so the HealthVault SDK will work as it depends on these key/value pairs.

Add the following to your appSettings in web.config

```
<!-- SPECIFIC VALUES TO HAVE THE HAVE THE HEALTH VAULT SDK WORK-->
<add key="ApplicationId" value="ed058c64-7aee-49c7-970e-bd020ab2b8a3" />
<add key="ShellUrl" value="https://account.healthvault-ppe.com/" />
<add key="HealthServiceUrl" value="https://platform.healthvault-ppe.com/platform/" />
<!-- when we call the SignOut() method on HealthServicePage, it redirects us to the page below -->
<add key="NonProductionActionUrlRedirectOverride" value="Account/Login" />
<!-- The redirect page (specified above) uses these keys below to redirect to different pages based on the response from the shell -->
<add key="WCPage_ActionHome" value="default.aspx" />
<add key="WCPage_ActionAppAuthSuccess" value="default.aspx" />
<add key="WCPage_ActionSignOut" value="SignedOut.aspx" />
<add key="WCPage_ActionSignOut" value="SignedOut.aspx" />
<add key="ApplicationCertificateFileName" value="~\App_Data\WildcatApp-ed058c64-7aee-49c7-970e-bd020ab2b8a3.pfx" />
```

You will also need to add your certificate generated by the HealthVault Application Manager to your project. Follow these steps to add to your project

- 1. In an Explorer window navigate to the sample project created by HealthVault Application Manager and you will find two directories called **cert** and **website**.
- 2. Open the **cert** directory
- 3. Copy the **pfx** file into your MVC project **App\_Data** directory.

You will notice the key for the certificate is set in the web.config, but unfortunately, the HealthVault SDK cannot read that directory format structure so we need to change it. Add the following code to your **Global.asax.cs** in the **Application\_Start()** method

```
// set the certification file name so the HealthVault Sdk can find it
ConfigurationManager.AppSettings["ApplicationCertificateFileName"] =
Server.MapPath(ConfigurationManager.AppSettings["ApplicationCertificateFileName"]);
```

This will allow us to change the value in web.config and properly map the directory on the server. Once added your **Application\_Start()** method should look like this.

```
protected void Application_Start()
{
    // set the certification file name so the HealthVault Sdk can find it
    ConfigurationManager.AppSettings["ApplicationCertificateFileName"] =
Server.MapPath(ConfigurationManager.AppSettings["ApplicationCertificateFileName"]);
    AreaRegistration.RegisterAllAreas();
    FilterConfig.RegisterGlobalFilters(GlobalFilters.Filters);
    RouteConfig.RegisterBoutes(RouteTable.Routes);
    BundleConfig.RegisterBundles(BundleTable.Bundles);
}
```

This will allow us to use the HealthVault SDK which we will be predominantly doing in the next part of this article.

#### Conclusion

In this first part of this article, we prepared our ASP.NET MVC project to be integrated with HealthVault. We also upgraded the HealthVault SDK source code to VS2012 projects and added them to our MVC project. In part II of this article, we'll start adding code to authenticate with HealthVault, get user information and integrate with SqlServerMembershipProvider.