

# Monte-Carlo Pre-Roll

## Complex Phase with i

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### Abstract

`preroll.py` erzeugt ein lebendiges Pre-Roll-Intro (4–16 s) vor einem musikalischen Drop. Der Klang entsteht als Summe komplexer, exponentiell abklingender Schwingungen mit minimalen Frequenzversätzen (Schwabungen), 1/f-Rauschtextur (Pink Noise), langsamer Phasen-Diffusion und sanfter Stereo-Breitensteuerung. Alles wird explizit in der komplexen Ebene gerechnet (Python:  $1j \equiv i$ ). Das Resultat ist ein zweikanaliges WAV, ready-to-drop in deiner DAW.

### CAUTION

Deterministic modeling is vulnerable to unnatural distortions and algorithmically triggered reactions. Independent safety and risk management strategies are essential.

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## 1 Kernidee & Formeln

### 1.1 Komplexe Features

Das Rohsignal entsteht als Summe aus  $K$  Schwebungspaaren:

$$z(t) = \sum_{k=1}^K A_k e^{-(t/\tau_k)} \left( e^{i(2\pi(f_k - \Delta_k)t + \phi_k^1 + \psi_k^1(t))} + e^{i(2\pi(f_k + \Delta_k)t + \phi_k^2 + \psi_k^2(t))} \right)$$

- $A_k$ : Start-Amplitude (dB→Linear),  $\tau_k$ : Abklingzeit,
- $f_k$ : Grundfrequenz,  $\Delta_k$ : kleiner Versatz → Schwebung,
- $\phi_k^{1,2}$ : Startphasen,  $\psi_k^{1,2}(t)$ : Phasen-Diffusion (Random-Walk).

Stereo:

$$z_L \leftarrow z e^{+i\theta_k}, \quad z_R \leftarrow z e^{-i\theta_k}$$

Audio-Ausgabe:  $x_L = \Re\{z_L\}$ ,  $x_R = \Re\{z_R\}$ .

### 1.2 Pink Noise (1/f)

Erzeugung im Frequenzraum:

$$Y(f) = \frac{\mathcal{F}\{W\}(f)}{\sqrt{\max(f, \varepsilon)}} \implies y(t) = \mathcal{F}^{-1}\{Y(f)\}$$

mit  $W$  = weißem Rauschen und  $\varepsilon \ll 1$  zum Schutz des DC-Anteils.

### 1.3 Complexity Gate

$$\text{incoh} = |e_L - e_R|, \quad g(t) = 1 - \alpha \text{incoh}(t), \quad x_{L/R} \leftarrow g(t) x_{L/R}$$

$\alpha$  steuert die Dämpfungsstärke bei Inkohärenz (sanftes Stereo-Gating).

### 1.4 Master-Envelope & Saturation

$$w(t) = t^2(3 - 2t), \quad y \leftarrow \tanh(\text{drive} \cdot y), \quad \text{Normalize}_{\text{peak}}(y)$$

## 2 Pipeline (High-Level)

1. Complex Bank: Summe  $z(t) \rightarrow x_L, x_R$
2. Whoosh-Layer: Pink-Noise + Pitch-Glide
3. Mischen:  $x \leftarrow x + \text{whoosh}$
4. Complexity-Gate anwenden
5. Musikalische Hüllkurve: Smooth-Riser
6. Fades, Softclip, Normalize
7. WAV-Export (16-bit PCM)

## 3 CLI & Minimalbeispiele

```
# 12 s, 48 kHz, EDM-Riser
python mc_preroll_i.py --outfile preroll.wav --seconds 12 --bpm 128 --sr 48000 --seed 42

# hellerer "Schimmer"
python mc_preroll_i.py --seconds 10 --pairs 9 --fmin 300 --fmax 6000 --beatmin 1.2 --beatmax 3.0

# dunkler "Sog"
python mc_preroll_i.py --seconds 16 --pairs 7 --fmin 40 --fmax 800 --beatmin 0.2 --beatmax 1.0
```

## 4 Parameter-Leitfaden (Praxis)

Gruppe	Feld	Wirkung	Praxiswerte
Länge/Tempo	seconds, bpm	Riser-Dauer & Drop-Timing	8–16 s, 120–140 BPM
Komplexbank	pairs	Dichte/Komplexität	5–9
	f_min, f_max	Timbre	60–3000 Hz
	beat_hz_range	Schwebungsgeschw.	0.3–2.5 Hz
	tau_range	Abklingzeit-Spektrum	0.2–3.0 s
	amp_db_range	Dynamik je Paar	22 bis 6 dB
	phase_diffuse_strength	„Organisch/lebendig“	0.6–1.0
	stereo_phase_max	Breite (dezent!)	0.10–0.25 rad
Whoosh	pink_db	Lautheit Noise-Layer	24 bis 12 dB
	riser_octaves	Pitch-Glide	1–3 Oct
Master	gate_strength	Dämpfung Inkohärenz	0.10–0.25
	fade_in/out	Klickfreiheit	15–60 ms
	drive	Sättigung	1.1–1.6
	headroom_db	Export-Headroom	0.8–1.5 dB

## 5 Audio-Qualität & Checks

- Peak 1.0 dBFS
- DC-Offset  $< 10^{-3}$
- Stereo-Korrelation: 0.1–0.9
- RMS-Steigerung über Zeit
- Keine NaNs/Infs

```
import numpy as np, soundfile as sf
y, sr = sf.read("preroll.wav")
assert np.isfinite(y).all()
assert np.max(np.abs(y)) <= 1.0
assert abs(y.mean(axis=0)).max() < 1e-3
corr = np.corrcoef(y.T)[0,1]
print("stereo_corr:", corr)
```

## 6 Reproduzierbarkeit & Performance

- Determinismus: -seed setzen (NumPy PCG64)
- Komplexität:  $O(KN)$ , Pink-Noise:  $O(N \log N)$
- RAM: Stereo-Float32  $8N$  Bytes
- Beispiel: 16s @ 48kHz → N=768,000 → 6 MB

## 7 Presets

- **EDM Neutral:** 12s, 6 pairs, 60–3000Hz, beat 0.3–2.5Hz
- **Cinematic Warm:** 16s, 7 pairs, 40–1200Hz
- **Airy Techno:** 10s, 9 pairs, 300–6000Hz, pink\_db = 18

## 8 DAW-Integration

1. WAV rendern, in DAW importieren
2. Sidechain mit Kick ( $\frac{1}{4}$  Notes)
3. Sanfte EQ/Sättigung (2 dB @ 10 kHz, Low-Cut 30 Hz)
4. Time-Stretch bei BPM-Abweichung

## 9 Troubleshooting

- Zu spitz → fmax ↓, drive ↓, pink\_db 3 dB
- Zu matschig → pairs ↓, phase\_diffuse ↓
- Mono-Probleme → stereo\_phase\_max 0.2
- Clippt → headroom\_db ↑

## 10 Mini-Validierung (Unit-ish)

```
def test_basic_shape():
    y = render_preroll(PreRollCfg(seconds=4.0, sr=48000, seed=7))
    assert y.ndim == 2 and y.shape[1] == 2
    assert np.isfinite(y).all()

def test_no_clipping_dc():
    y = render_preroll(PreRollCfg(seconds=4.0, sr=48000, seed=1))
    assert np.max(np.abs(y)) <= 1.0 + 1e-7
    assert abs(y.mean(axis=0)).max() < 1e-3
```

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I'd be happy if you like my work: <https://buymeacoffee.com/marthaefay>

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