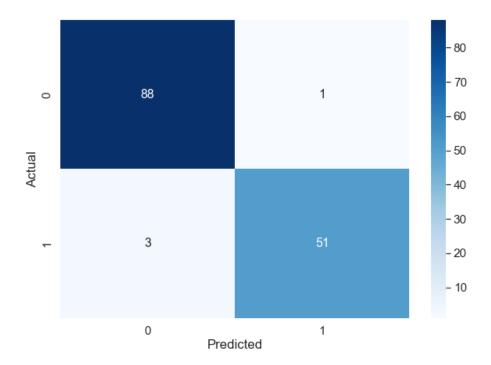
Random Forest Classifier Model

Pre-processing steps for each model:

- Split data into X = data & y = diagnosis
- Label encoded the y data to change from string (B for benign, M for malignant) to int (0 for benign, 1 for malignant)
- Scaled the X data using StandardScaler
- Split the datasets into training & testing using train test split with random state = 42
- From sklearn.svm import SVC (kernel = "linear")
- Fit the training data to the model
- Testing Data Score: 0.972
- Made predictions for y values
- Created confusion matrix to compare predictions to actual
- Confusion matrix shows that this model tended to underpredict malignancy, with 3 False Negatives predicted



Benign = 0 & Malignant = 1

The above confusion matrix visually shows how our model did:

- 88 True Positives = True Benign Tumors
- 1 False Positives = Predicted to be Malignant Tumors, but actually Benign Tumors
- 3 False Negatives = Predicted to be Benign Tumors, but actually Malignant Tumors
- 51 True Negatives = True Malignant Tumors