Tecnologia Industrial

SÈRIE 1

Primera part

Exercici 1

Q1 d

Q2 d

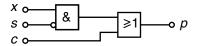
Q3 d **Q4** c

Q5 d

Exercici 2

	X	S	C	p	
a)	0	0	0	0	
	0	0	1	1	b) $p = \overline{x} \cdot \overline{s} \cdot c + \overline{x} \cdot s \cdot c + x \cdot \overline{s} \cdot \overline{c} + x \cdot \overline{s} \cdot c + x \cdot s \cdot c = c + x \cdot \overline{s}$
	0	1	0	0	
	0	1	1	1	
	1	0	0	1	
	1	0	1	1	
	1	1	0	0	
	1	1	1	1	

c)



Segona part

OPCIÓ A

Exercici 3

a)
$$\Gamma_{\text{m}} = \frac{P_{\text{m}}}{\omega} = \frac{39}{3000 \frac{2\pi}{60}} = 0,1241 \text{ Nm}$$

b)
$$E_{\rm m} = P_{\rm m} \ t = 39 \cdot \frac{30}{60} = 19,5 \, \text{W h} = 70,2 \, \text{kJ} \implies E_{\rm motor} = \frac{E_{\rm m}}{\eta} = 32,5 \, \text{W h} = 117 \, \text{kJ}$$

$$E_{dis motor} = E_{motor} - E_{m} = 13 \text{ W h} = 46,8 \text{ kJ}$$

$$E_{dis\ bat} = E_{bat} - E_{motor} = \frac{E_{motor}}{\eta_{bat}} - E_{motor} = 10,83 \text{ W h} = 39 \text{ kJ}$$

c)
$$E_{\text{bat}} = \frac{E_{\text{motor}}}{\eta_{\text{bat}}} = 43,33 \,\text{W h} = 156 \,\text{kJ}$$
 $c = \frac{E_{\text{bat}}}{U} = 7,222 \,\text{A h}$

Exercici 4

a)
$$\Delta I = I \alpha \Delta T = 1000 \cdot 12 \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot 30 = 0.36 \text{ mm}$$

b)
$$\sigma = \frac{E \Delta I'}{I} = \frac{203 \cdot 10^9 (0,36 - 2 \cdot 0,05)}{1000} = 52,78 \text{ MPa}$$

c)
$$F = \sigma S = 52,78 \cdot \pi \cdot 60^2 / 4 = 149,2 \text{ kN}$$

OPCIÓ B

Exercici 3

a)
$$W_{\text{bomba}} = \eta E_{\text{elèc}} = 0.7.5,6 = 3.92 \text{ kW h} = 14.11 \text{ MJ}$$

b)
$$E_{\text{dis}} = E_{\text{elèc}} - W_{\text{bomba}} = 5.6 - 3.92 = 1.68 \text{ kW h}$$

$$P_{h} = \frac{W_{bomba}}{t} = \frac{3,92}{8} = 0,49 \text{ kW} = 490 \text{ W}$$

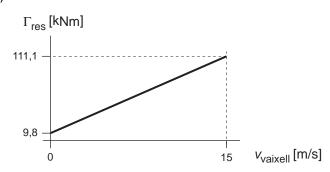
c)
$$q = \frac{P_h}{\rho g h} = \frac{490}{1.9,807.3,5} = 14,28 \text{ l/s}$$

Exercici 4

a)
$$\Gamma_{\text{m}} = \frac{P_{\text{m}}}{\omega} = \frac{6 \cdot 10^6}{750 \frac{2\pi}{60}} = 76394 \text{ Nm} = 76,39 \text{ kNm}$$

b)
$$\eta_{\rm m} = \frac{E_{\rm motor}}{E_{\rm combustible}} = \frac{1}{c_{\rm e} p_{\rm c}} = 0,4798 \implies 47,98\%$$

c)



d)
$$\Gamma_{\rm m} = \Gamma_{\rm res} \implies 76394 = 9800 + 6750 \ v_{\rm vaixell} \implies v_{\rm vaixell} = 9,866 \, {\rm m/s}$$

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SÈRIE 4

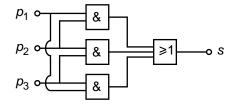
Primera part

Exercici 1

Q1 a **Q2** c **Q3** a **Q4** c **Q5** b

Exercici 2

c)



Segona part

OPCIÓ A

Exercici 3

a)
$$I = \frac{P}{U} = 8,696 \text{ A}$$

b)
$$R = \frac{\rho \cdot L}{S} = \frac{4 \rho \cdot L}{\pi \cdot d^2}$$
 \Rightarrow $d = \sqrt{\frac{4 \rho \cdot L}{\pi R}} = \sqrt{\frac{4 \rho \cdot L}{\pi} \frac{I^2}{P}} = 0,3365 \text{ mm}$

c)
$$E = P \cdot t \frac{100 - 5}{100} = 0.3167 \text{ kW h};$$
 $c_e = E \cdot c = 0.040 \in$

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Exercici 4

a)
$$U_{oc} = 0.61 \left(1 + \frac{1}{16.2} \ln(1) \right) = 0.61 \left(1 + \frac{1}{16.2} 0 \right) = 0.61 \text{ V}$$

b)
$$U_{\text{cel-la}} = 0.61 \left(1 + \frac{1}{16.2} \ln \left(\frac{8.36 - 7.79}{8.36} \right) \right) = 0.5089 \text{ V} \implies U_{\text{tot}} = 60 \ U_{\text{cel-la}} = 30.53 \text{ V}$$

c)
$$P_{\text{max}} = U_{\text{tot}} I_{\text{max}} = 30,53 \cdot 7,79 = 237,8 \text{ W}$$

d)
$$I' = 2I_{\text{max}}$$

 $U' = 30U_{\text{cel·la}}$ $\Rightarrow P' = 30U_{\text{cel·la}} 2I_{\text{max}} = 237.8 \text{ W}$

La potència que subministra el panell no es modifica.

OPCIÓ B

Exercici 3

a)
$$\alpha = \arctan \frac{L_2}{L_3} = \arctan \frac{2}{5} = 21,80^\circ$$

b)
$$\sum M(O) = 0 \implies \frac{L_1}{2} mg - L_2 F \cos \alpha = 0$$

 $F = mg \frac{L_1}{2L_2 \cos \alpha} = 135 \cdot 9,807 \frac{10}{2 \cdot 2 \cdot \cos \alpha} = 3565 \text{N}$

c)
$$F_H = F \cos \alpha = 3565 \cos \alpha = 3310 \, \text{N}$$
 (positiva cap a l'esquerra) $F_V = mg + F \sin \alpha = 135 \cdot 9,807 + 3565 \sin \alpha = 2648 \, \text{N}$ (positiva cap amunt)

Exercici 4

a)
$$m_a = q \cdot \rho \cdot t = 10 \cdot 1 \cdot 24 \cdot 3600 = 864 \cdot 10^3 \text{ kg}$$
 $E_{dia} = m_a c_e \Delta T = 864 \cdot 10^3 4,18 \cdot 10^3 (75 - 15) = 216,7 \text{ GJ} = 60192 \text{ kW h}$

b)
$$m_{\rm c} = \frac{E_{\rm dia}}{\eta \, p_{\rm c}} = \frac{216,7 \cdot 10^9}{0.63 \cdot 23.6 \cdot 10^6} = 14574 \text{ kg}$$

c)
$$m_b = \frac{E_{dia}}{\eta p_b} = \frac{216.7 \cdot 10^9}{0.63 \cdot 49.5 \cdot 10^6} = 6949 \text{ kg}$$

d) carbó
$$\rightarrow$$
 14574 · 2,30 = 33521 kg de CO₂ butà \rightarrow 6949 · 2,96 = 20568 kg de CO₂ \rightarrow produeix menys emissions