# **SÈRIE 5**

## Primera part

#### Exercici 1

**Q1** a

**Q2** c

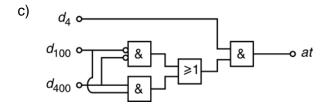
**Q3** b

**Q4** d

**Q5** d

#### Exercici 2

	$d_4$	$d_{100}$	$d_{400}$	at	
	0	0	0	0	
a)	0	0	¦ 1	X ← No és possible	
	0	1	0	$X \leftarrow \text{No \'es possible}$ $at = d_4 \cdot \overline{d}_{100} \cdot \overline{d}_{400} + d_4 \cdot d_{100} \cdot \overline{d}_{400}$	1,00
	0	1	1	$X \neq N$ de noccible $Y = 0$	
	1	0	0	$= d_4 \left( \overline{d}_{100} \cdot \overline{d}_{400} + d_{100} \cdot d_{400} \right)$	)
	1	0	1	X ← No és possible	
	1	1	0	0	
	1	1	i 1	1	



# Segona part

## OPCIÓ A

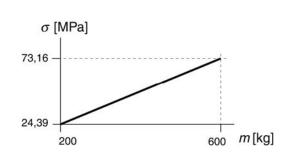
## Exercici 3

a) 
$$L_2 = 2L_1 \cos \alpha \rightarrow \alpha = \arccos \frac{L_2}{2L_1} = \arccos \frac{6}{2 \cdot 5} = 53,13^{\circ}$$

b) 
$$\sum F = 0 \rightarrow 2F \sin \alpha - mg = 0 \rightarrow F = \frac{g}{2 \cdot \sin \alpha} m = 6,129 m \text{ N, } m \text{ en kg}$$

c) 
$$\sigma = \frac{F}{s} = \frac{F}{\pi \left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^2} = 121.9 \cdot 10^3 m \text{ Pa, } m \text{ en kg}$$

d) 
$$\varepsilon = \frac{\sigma}{E} = \frac{121.9 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 450}{50 \cdot 10^9} = 1,097 \cdot 10^{-3}$$



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## Exercici 4

a) 
$$m_a = V \cdot \rho = 530 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 1 = 530 \cdot 10^3 \text{ kg}$$

$$E_{\text{dia}} = m_{\text{a}} c_{\text{e}} \Delta T = 530 \cdot 10^3 \text{ 4,187} \cdot 10^3 (28 - 20) = 17,75 \text{ GJ} = 4931 \text{ kW h}$$

b) 
$$m_b = \frac{E_{dia}}{\eta p_b} = \frac{17,75 \cdot 10^9}{0,78 \cdot 12,54 \cdot 10^6} = 1815 \text{ kg}$$

$$E_{\text{dis}} = m_b \cdot p_b (1 - \eta) = 1815 \cdot 12,54 \cdot 10^6 (1 - 0,78) = 5,007 \text{ GJ} = 1391 \text{ kW h}$$

c) 
$$q = \frac{V}{t} = \frac{530 \cdot 10^3}{16 \cdot 3600} = 9,201 \text{L/s}$$

#### OPCIÓ B

#### Exercici 3

a) 
$$R_{\text{min}} = \left(\frac{1}{R_3} + \frac{1}{R_4}\right)^{-1} = \frac{R_3 \cdot R_4}{R_3 + R_4} = 787.5 \,\Omega$$

b) 
$$I = \frac{U}{R_{\min}} = 292,1 \text{ mA}$$

c) 
$$P_1 = \frac{U^2}{R_{\text{min}}} = \frac{230^2}{787.5} = 67.17 \text{ W}$$
;  $P_2 = \frac{U^2}{R_3} = \frac{230^2}{1400} = 37.79 \text{ W}$ 

$$P_3 = \frac{U^2}{R_4} = \frac{230^2}{1800} = 29,3\hat{8} \text{ W}$$
 ;  $P_4 = \frac{U^2}{R_3 + R_4} = \frac{230^2}{3200} = 16,53 \text{ W}$ 

d) 
$$E_{\text{elèctr}} = P_1 \cdot t = 67,17 \cdot 2 = 134,3 \text{ W h}$$

## Exercici 4

a) 
$$\Gamma_{\rm S} = \frac{P_{\rm S}}{\omega} = \frac{150 \cdot 10^3}{3800 \frac{2\pi}{60}} = 376,9 \,\rm Nm$$

b) 
$$c = \frac{V \cdot \rho}{P_{S} \cdot t} = \frac{600 \cdot 0.85}{150 \cdot 19.5} = 0.1744 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{kW h}}$$

c) 
$$\eta = \frac{P_s}{P_e} = \frac{P_s}{\frac{p_c}{\rho} P_s c} = \frac{\rho}{p_c c} = \frac{0.85}{41700 \cdot 0.1744 \frac{1}{3600}} = 0.4209$$