Criteris de correcció

Electrotècnia

SÈRIE 4

Exercici 1

Q1 a

Q2 c

Q3 d

Q4 c

Q5 b

Exercici 2

a)

$$A_{3} = I_{R_{5}} + I_{R_{6}} = \frac{U_{2}}{R_{5}} + \frac{U_{2}}{R_{6}} = \frac{12}{10} + \frac{12}{20} = 1,8 \text{ A}$$

$$\begin{cases} U_{1} = (R_{1} + R_{2}) I_{1} + R_{3} (I_{1} + I_{2}) \\ U_{3} = R_{3} (I_{1} + I_{2}) + R_{4} I_{2} \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} U_{1} = (R_{1} + R_{2} + R_{3}) I_{1} + R_{3} I_{2} \\ U_{3} = R_{3} I_{1} + (R_{3} + R_{4}) I_{2} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} R_{1} + R_{2} + R_{3} & R_{3} \\ R_{3} & R_{3} + R_{4} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_{1} \\ I_{2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} U_{1} \\ U_{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 35 & 15 \\ 15 & 30 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_{1} \\ I_{2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 36 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} I_{1} \\ I_{2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -0,218 \\ 1,309 \end{bmatrix} \text{ A}$$

$$A_{1} = I_{1} = -0,218 \text{ A} \qquad A_{2} = I_{2} = 1,309 \text{ A}$$

b)
$$W_1 = U_2 \left(I_2 + I_{R_6} \right) = 12 \left(1{,}309 + \frac{12}{20} \right) = 22{,}91 \text{ W}$$

$$P_{U_1} = U_1 I_1 = 12 (-0.218) = -2.616 W$$

 $P_{U_2} = U_2 I_3 = 12 (1.8) = 21.6 W$
 $P_{U_3} = U_3 I_2 = 36 (1.309) = 47.124 W$

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Exercici 3

a)

$$W_1 = R_1 I_{R_1}^2 + R_2 I_{R_2}^2 = R_1 \left(\frac{U}{R_1}\right)^2 + R_2 I_{N_2}^2 = \frac{U^2}{R_1} + R_2 I_{N_2}^2$$

$$I_{N_2}^2 = \frac{W_1 - \frac{U^2}{R_1}}{R_2} \rightarrow I_{N_2} = \sqrt{\frac{889 - \frac{230^2}{100}}{15}} = 4.9 \text{ A}$$

$$S_{Ntr} = U_{N_2} I_{N_2} = 120 \cdot 4.9 = 588 \text{ VA}$$

b)

$$Q = Q_{L} - Q_{C} = X_{L} I_{N2}^{2} - \frac{U^{2}}{X_{C}}$$

$$I_{N2} = \frac{U_{N2}}{\sqrt{R_{2}^{2} + X_{L}^{2}}} \rightarrow R_{2}^{2} + X_{L}^{2} = \frac{U_{N2}^{2}}{I_{N2}^{2}} \rightarrow X_{L} = \sqrt{\frac{U_{N2}^{2}}{I_{N2}^{2}} - R_{2}^{2}}$$

$$X_{L} = \sqrt{\frac{120^{2}}{4,9^{2}} - 15^{2}} = 19,36 \Omega$$

$$Q = 19,36 \cdot 4,9^{2} - \frac{230^{2}}{250} = 253,23 \text{ var}$$

c)

$$Z_{\text{Eq}} = \frac{U}{I_{\text{inst}}} = \frac{U}{\frac{S_{\text{inst}}}{U}} = \frac{U^2}{\sqrt{P^2 + Q^2}} = \frac{230^2}{\sqrt{889^2 + 253,23^2}} = 57,23 \,\Omega$$



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Exercici 4

a)
$$\Gamma_{\rm N} = \frac{P_{\rm N}}{\omega_{\rm N}} = \frac{P_{\rm N}}{n_{\rm N} \frac{2\pi}{60}} = \frac{4000}{1200 \frac{2\pi}{60}} = 31,83 \text{ N m}$$

b)
$$E_{\text{N}} = \frac{P_{\text{N}}}{I_{\text{N}}} = \frac{4000}{17.1} = 233.9 \text{ V} \rightarrow R_{\text{i}} = \frac{U_{\text{N}} - E_{\text{N}}}{I_{\text{N}}} = \frac{280 - 233.9}{17.1} = 2.7 \Omega$$

c) En el punt de funcionament:

$$E' = \frac{U_{\rm N}}{2} - R_{\rm i} \frac{I_{\rm N}}{2} = \frac{280}{2} - 2.7 \frac{17.1}{2} = 116.92 \text{ V}$$

$$n' = \frac{E'}{E_{\rm N}} n_{\rm N} = \frac{116,92}{233,9} \ 1200 = 599,8 \ {\rm min}^{-1}$$

$$\eta \text{ (\%)} = 100 \frac{P}{UI + \frac{U_{\text{ExcN}}^2}{R_{\text{Exc}}}} = 100 \frac{\frac{\Gamma_{\text{N}}}{2} \omega'}{\frac{U_{\text{N}}}{2} \frac{I_{\text{N}}}{2} + \frac{U_{\text{ExcN}}^2}{R_{\text{Exc}}}} = 100 \frac{\frac{31,83}{2} 599,8 \frac{2 \pi}{60}}{\frac{280}{2} \frac{17,1}{2} + \frac{210^2}{62}} = 52,38 \%$$

d) En el punt de funcionament:

$$\eta \text{ (\%)} = 100 \frac{P}{UI + \frac{U_{\text{Exc}}^2}{R_{\text{Exc}}}} = 100 \frac{\frac{\Gamma_{\text{N}}}{4} \omega}{U_{\text{N}} \frac{I_{\text{N}}}{2} + \frac{\left(U_{\text{Exc}}\right)^2}{R_{\text{Exc}}}} = 100 \frac{\frac{31,83}{4} 2636 \frac{2\pi}{60}}{280 \frac{17,1}{2} + \frac{\left(\frac{210}{2}\right)^2}{62}} = 85,41 \%$$

Exercici 5

a)
$$R = \frac{U^2}{W_1} = \frac{400^2}{10000} = 16 \Omega$$

b)
$$I_{\rm R} = \frac{U}{R} = \frac{400}{16} = 25 \,\text{A}$$
 $I_{\rm L} = \frac{U}{X_{\rm L}} = \frac{U}{\omega L} = \frac{400}{2 \,\pi \, 50 \cdot 20 \cdot 10^{-3}} = \frac{400}{6,283} = 63,66 \,\text{A}$

$$I_{\rm C} = \frac{U}{X_{\rm C}} = \frac{U}{\frac{1}{\omega C}} = \frac{400}{\frac{1}{2 \pi 50 \cdot 250 \cdot 10^{-6}}} = \frac{400}{12,73} = 31,42 \text{ A}$$

$$A_1 = \sqrt{3} \sqrt{I_R^2 + (I_L - I_C)^2} = \sqrt{3} \sqrt{25^2 + (63,66 - 31,42)^2} = 70,66 \text{ A}$$

c)
$$S = \sqrt{3} U A_1 = \sqrt{3} \cdot 400 \cdot 70,66 = 48,95 \text{ kVA}$$

 $Q = \sqrt{S^2 - P^2} = \sqrt{S^2 - (3W_1)^2} = \sqrt{48,95^2 - (3 \cdot 10)^2} = 38,68 \text{ kvar}$

Alternativament

$$Q = Q_{L} - Q_{C} = 3 X_{L} I_{L}^{2} - 3 X_{C} I_{C}^{2} = 3 \frac{v^{2}}{X_{L}} - 3 \frac{v^{2}}{X_{C}}$$

$$Q = 3 \cdot 6,283 \cdot 63,66^{2} - 3 \cdot 12,73 \cdot 31,42^{2} = 3 \frac{400^{2}}{6,283} - 3 \frac{400^{2}}{12,73} = 38,69 \text{ kvar}$$

d)
$$Q_{C_a} = \frac{38,69 \text{ kvar}}{3} = 12,9 \text{ kvar} = \frac{U^2}{X_{C_a}} \rightarrow X_{C_a} = \frac{400^2}{12900} = 12,4 \Omega$$

 $X_{C_a} = \frac{1}{\omega C_a} \rightarrow C_a = \frac{1}{\omega X_{C_a}} = \frac{1}{2 \pi 50 \cdot 12,4} = 256,7 \mu\text{F}$

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Exercici 6

a)
$$f = \frac{1}{T} = \frac{1}{5 \cdot 2 \cdot 10^{-3}} = 100 \text{ Hz}$$

b) El desfasament entre tensió i corrent és 0,6 div \cdot 2 $\frac{ms}{div}$ = 1,2 ms

$$\varphi = 1.2 \text{ ms} \frac{360^{\circ}}{5 \text{ div} \cdot 2 \frac{\text{ms}}{\text{div}}} = 43.2^{\circ} \rightarrow \cos \varphi = 0.729$$

c) El canal 2:

$$I_{\text{Real}} = \frac{I_{\text{Pic}}}{\sqrt{2}} \text{ (Factor conversió sonda)} = \frac{3.5 \text{ div } \frac{1 \text{ V}}{1 \text{ div}}}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{1 \text{ A}}{0.5 \text{ V}}\right) = 4.95 \text{ A}$$

$$P = R I_{\text{Real}}^2 = 50 \cdot 4,95^2 = 1225 \text{ W}$$