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Oficina d'Accés a la Universitat

Criteris de correcció

Electrotècnia

SÈRIE 1

Primera part

Exercici 1

Q1 a

Q2 c **Q3** a

Q4 b

Q5 b

Exercici 2

a)
$$A_1 = \frac{V_{\text{an}}}{R} = \frac{\frac{U}{\sqrt{3}}}{R} = \frac{\frac{400}{\sqrt{3}}}{100} = 2,31 \text{ A}$$

$$A_2 = \frac{V_{\rm bn}}{X_{\rm L}} = \frac{\frac{400}{\sqrt{3}}}{50} = 4,62 \,\text{A}$$

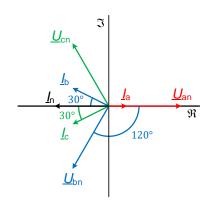
$$A_3 = \frac{V_{\rm cn}}{X_{\rm C}} = \frac{\frac{400}{\sqrt{3}}}{50} = 4,62 \,\text{A}$$

c)

$$P = R A_1^2 = 100 \cdot 2{,}31^2 = 533{,}6 \text{ W}$$

$$Q = X_L A_2^2 - X_C A_3^2 = 50 \cdot 4,62^2 - 50 \cdot 4,62^2 = 0 \text{ var}$$

d)



$$A_4 = I_{\rm n} = |I_{\rm a} - I_{\rm b}|\cos 30^{\circ} - I_{\rm c}|\cos 30^{\circ}| = \left|2,31 - 4,62|\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - 4,62|\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right| = 5,69 \text{ A}$$

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Segona part

OPCIÓ A

Exercici 3

a)
$$\eta_{\text{N}} = \frac{P_{\text{N}}}{\sqrt{3} U_{\text{N}} I_{\text{N}} \cos \varphi_{\text{N}}} = \frac{7500}{\sqrt{3} \cdot 208 \cdot 28 \cdot 0.86} = 86,45 \%$$

$$\eta_{\rm N} = \frac{P_{\rm N}}{\sqrt{3} U_{\rm N} I_{\rm N} \cos \varphi_{\rm N}} = \frac{7500}{\sqrt{3} \cdot 120 \cdot 48, 5 \cdot 0, 86} = 86,51 \%$$

b)
$$\frac{60 f}{n_N} = \frac{60.400}{5850} = 4.1 \rightarrow p = 4$$

c)
$$\Gamma = \frac{P}{\omega} = \frac{7500}{5850 \frac{2\pi}{60}} = 12,24 \text{ N m}$$

d)
$$s = \frac{n_s - n_m}{n_s} = \frac{\frac{60 f}{p} - n_m}{\frac{60 f}{p}} = \frac{\frac{60 \cdot 400}{4} - 5850}{\frac{60 \cdot 400}{4}} = 0,025$$

e)
$$Q = \sqrt{3} \cdot 208 \cdot 28 \cdot \sqrt{1 - 0.86^2} = 5147.6 \text{ var}$$

Alternativament,

$$Q = \sqrt{3} \cdot 120 \cdot 48,5 \cdot \sqrt{1 - 0,86^2} = 5144 \text{ var}$$

Exercici 4

a)
$$\begin{cases} U_1 = (R_1 + R_3) I_1 + R_4 (I_1 + I_2) \\ U_2 = R_2 I_2 + R_4 (I_1 + I_2) \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} 48 = (6+6) I_1 + 15 (I_1 + I_2) \\ 12 = 6 I_2 + 15 (I_1 + I_2) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 48 = 27 I_1 + 15 I_2 \\ 12 = 15 I_1 + 21 I_2 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 27 & 15 \\ 15 & 21 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_1 \\ I_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 48 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} I_1 \\ I_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2,42 \text{ A} \\ -1,16 \text{ A} \end{bmatrix}$$

b)

$$P_{R_1} = P_{R_3} = R_1 I_1^2 = R_3 I_1^2 = 6 \cdot 2,42^2 = 35,14 \text{ W}$$

$$P_{R_2} = R_2 I_2^2 = 6 \cdot (-1,16)^2 = 8,07 \text{ W}$$

$$P_{R_4} = R_4 (I_1 + I_2)^2 = 15 \cdot (2,42 - 1,16)^2 = 23,81 \text{ W}$$

$$P_{R_{1a4}} = P_{R_1} + P_{R_2} + P_{R_3} + P_{R_4} = 35,14 + 8,07 + 35,14 + 23,81 = 102,16 \text{ W}$$

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c)

$$P_{U_2} = U_2 I_{U_2} = 12 \text{ W} \rightarrow I_{U_2} = \frac{P_{U_2}}{U_2} = \frac{12}{12} = 1 \text{ A}$$

$$I_2 + I_{U_2} + I_{R_5} = 0 \rightarrow I_{R_5} = -I_2 - I_{U_2} = 1,16 - 1 = 0,16 \text{ A}$$

$$R_5 = \frac{U_2}{I_{R_5}} = \frac{12}{0,16} = 75 \Omega$$

d)

$$P_{U_1} = U_1 I_1 = 48 \cdot 2,42 = 116,16 \text{ W}$$

Alternativament,

$$P_{U_1} = P_{R_{1a4}} + P_{R_5} + P_{U_2} = P_{R_{1a4}} + U_2 I_{R_5} + P_{U_2}$$

$$P_{U_1} = 102,16 + 12 \cdot 0,16 + 12 = 116,08 \text{ W}$$

Alternativament,

$$P_{U_1} = P_{R_{1a4}} - U_2 I_2$$

 $P_{U_1} = 102,16 - 12 \cdot (-1,16) = 116,08 \text{ W}$

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Electrotècnia

OPCIÓ B

Exercici 3

a)
$$W_2 = W_1 - P_{R_1} = W_1 - R_1 A_1^2 = 860 - 50 \cdot 3,7^2 = 175,5 \text{ W}$$

b)
$$W_2 = R_2 I_C^2 \rightarrow I_C^2 = \frac{W_2}{R_2}$$
 $I_C = \frac{V_1}{\sqrt{R_2^2 + X_C^2}} \rightarrow I_C^2 = \frac{V_1^2}{R_2^2 + X_C^2}$

$$\frac{W_2}{R_2} = \frac{V_1^2}{R_2^2 + X_C^2} \quad \rightarrow \quad R_2^2 + X_C^2 = \frac{V_1^2}{W_2} R_2 \quad \rightarrow \quad R_2^2 - \frac{V_1^2}{W_2} R_2 + X_C^2 = 0$$

$$R_2^2 - \frac{73.4^2}{175.5} R_2 + \left(\frac{1}{2\pi 50.320.10^{-6}}\right)^2 = 0 \rightarrow R_2^2 - 30.7 R_2 + 98.95 = 0$$

$$R_2 = \frac{30.7 \pm \sqrt{30.7^2 - 4.98,95}}{2} = \begin{cases} 27,04 \ \Omega & \text{soluci\'o buscada} \\ 3,66 \ \Omega & < 15 \ \Omega, \text{ per tant, descartada} \end{cases}$$

c)
$$Q = Q_{L} - Q_{C} = \frac{V_{1}^{2}}{X_{L}} - X_{C} I_{C}^{2} \rightarrow Q + X_{C} I_{C}^{2} = \frac{V_{1}^{2}}{X_{L}} \rightarrow X_{L} = \frac{V_{1}^{2}}{Q + X_{C} I_{C}^{2}}$$

$$X_{\rm L} = \frac{V_1^2}{Q + X_{\rm C} I_{\rm C}^2} = \frac{73.4^2}{195 + \frac{1}{2.\pi} \frac{175.5}{50.320.10^{-6}} = 20.76 \,\Omega$$
 \rightarrow $L = \frac{X_{\rm L}}{\omega} = \frac{20.76}{2 \pi 50} = 66.08 \,\text{mH}$

Exercici 4

a)

$$R_{\rm estufa} = \frac{U^2}{P} = \frac{230^2}{1500} = 35,27 \,\Omega$$

$$R_{\rm Línia} = \rho \, \frac{l}{S} = 0,01786 \cdot 10^{-6} \, \frac{70}{2,5 \cdot 10^{-6}} = 0,5 \,\Omega$$

$$I_{\rm estufa} = \frac{U}{2 \, R_{\rm Línia} + 2 \, R_{\rm Contacte \, Endoll} + R_{\rm estufa}} = \frac{230}{2 \cdot 0,5 + 2 \cdot 0,1 + 35,27} = 6,31 \,\Lambda$$

$$P = R_{\rm estufa} \, I_{\rm estufa}^2 = 35,27 \cdot 6,31^2 = 1404 \,\mathrm{W}$$

$$\Delta U_{\rm L}(\%) = 100 \ \frac{U - U_{\rm Final \ Linia}}{U} = 100 \ \frac{U - (U - 2 \ R_{\rm Linia} \ I_{\rm estufa})}{U} = 100 \ \frac{2 \ R_{\rm Linia} \ I_{\rm estufa}}{U}$$

$$\Delta U_{\rm L}(\%) = 100 \ \frac{2 \cdot 0.5 \cdot 6.31}{230} = 2.74 \ \%$$

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Electrotècnia

c)

$$\Delta U_{\rm E}(\%) = 100 \; \frac{U_{\rm Final \; L\'{\rm inia}} - U_{\rm despr\'{e}s \; contactes}}{U} =$$

$$= 100 \; \frac{U_{\rm Final \; L\'{\rm inia}} - (U_{\rm Final \; L\'{\rm inia}} - 2 \; R_{\rm Contace \; Endoll \; } I_{\rm estufa})}{U} = 100 \; \frac{2 \; R_{\rm Contace \; Endoll \; } I_{\rm estufa}}{U}$$

$$\Delta U_{\rm E}(\%) = 100 \; \frac{2 \cdot 0.1 \cdot 6.31}{230} = 0.55 \; \%$$

d)

$$\eta_{\rm L}(\%) = 100 \frac{P_{\rm Final \, Linia}}{P_{\rm Inici \, Linia}} = 100 \frac{U \, I_{\rm estufa} - 2 \, R_{\rm Linia} \, I_{\rm estufa}^2}{P_{\rm Inici \, Linia}}$$

$$\eta_{\rm L}(\%) = 100 \, \frac{230 \cdot 6,31 - 2 \cdot 0,5 \cdot 6,31^2}{230 \cdot 6,31} = 97,26 \, \%$$

e)

$$\eta_{\rm E}(\%) = 100 \frac{P}{P_{\rm Final \, Linia}} = 100 \frac{P}{U \, I_{\rm estufa} - 2 \, R_{\rm Linia} \, I_{\rm estufa}^2}$$

$$\eta_{\rm E}(\%) = 100 \frac{1404}{230 \cdot 6.31 - 2 \cdot 0.5 \cdot 6.31^2} = 99,47 \%$$

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Criteris de correcció

Electrotècnia

SÈRIE 4

Primera part

Exercici 1

Q1 c

Q2 a **Q3** d

Q4 b

Q5 c

Exercici 2

a)
$$W_2 = R_3 I_{R_3}^2 \rightarrow I_{R_3} = \sqrt{\frac{W_2}{R_3}} = \sqrt{\frac{3920}{5}} = 28 \text{ A}$$

$$U = (R_2 + R_3) I_{R_3} = (5 + 5) 28 = 280 \text{ V}$$

b)
$$I_{R_1} = \frac{U}{\sqrt{R_1^2 + (X_L - X_C)^2}} = \frac{280}{\sqrt{5^2 + (35 - 15)^2}} = 13,582 \text{ A}$$

$$W_1 = (R_2 + R_3) I_{R_3}^2 + R_1 I_{R_1}^2 = (5+5) 28^2 + 5 \cdot 13,582^2 = 8,762 \text{ kW}$$

c)
$$Q = (X_L - X_C) I_{R_1}^2 = (35 - 15) 13,582^2 = 3689,4 \text{ var}$$

$$\cos \varphi = \frac{P}{S} = \frac{P}{\sqrt{P^2 + Q^2}} = \frac{8762}{\sqrt{8762^2 + 3689.4^2}} = 0.9216 \rightarrow \varphi = 0.3986 \text{ rad} = 22.84^{\circ}$$

d)
$$P = U A_1 \cos \varphi$$
 \rightarrow $A_1 = \frac{P}{U \cos \varphi} = \frac{8762}{280 \cdot 0.9216} = 33,95 \text{ A}$

Alternativament,

$$Q = U A_1 \sin \varphi$$
 \rightarrow $A_1 = \frac{Q}{U \sin \varphi} = \frac{3689,4}{280\sqrt{1-0.9216^2}} = 33,95 \text{ A}$

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Criteris de correcció

Electrotècnia

Segona part

OPCIÓ A

Exercici 3

a)
$$A_2 = \frac{U}{\sqrt{R_2^2 + X_L^2}} = \frac{230}{\sqrt{20^2 + 60^2}} = 3,637 \text{ A}$$

b)
$$W = R_1 A_1^2 + R_2 A_2^2 \rightarrow A_1 = \sqrt{\frac{W - R_2 A_2^2}{R_1}} = \sqrt{\frac{830 - 20 \cdot 3,637^2}{35}} = 4,02 \text{ A}$$

c)
$$A_1 = \frac{U}{\sqrt{R_1^2 + X_{C2}^2}} \rightarrow X_{C2} = \sqrt{\frac{U^2}{A_1^2} - R_1^2} = \sqrt{\frac{230^2}{4,02^2} - 35^2} = 45,26 \,\Omega$$

d)
$$Q = X_L A_2^2 - X_{C2} A_1^2 = 60 \cdot 3,637^2 - 45,26 \cdot 4,02^2 = 62,25 \text{ var}$$

$$X_{\text{C1}} = \frac{U^2}{Q} = \frac{230^2}{62,25} = 849,8 \,\Omega \quad \rightarrow \quad C_1 = \frac{1}{\omega X_{\text{C1}}} = \frac{1}{2 \,\pi \, 50 \cdot 849,8} = 3,75 \,\mu\text{F}$$

e)
$$I = \frac{P}{U} = \frac{830}{230} = 3,61 \text{ A}$$

Exercici 4

a)

$$I = \frac{U}{Z} = \frac{U}{\sqrt{(2 R_{\text{conductor}} + R_{\text{consum}})^2 + (2 X_{\text{conductor}} + X_{\text{consum}})^2}}$$

$$I = \frac{230}{\sqrt{(2 \cdot 1, 2 \cdot 0, 2 + 7)^2 + (2 \cdot 0, 3 \cdot 0, 2 + 4)^2}} = 26,93 \text{ A}$$

b)

$$U = Z_{\text{consum}} I = (\sqrt{7^2 + 4^2}) 26,93 = 217,1 \text{ V}$$

$$P = R_{\text{consum}} I^2 = 7 \cdot 26,93^2 = 5077 \text{ W}$$

$$Q = X_{\text{consum}} I^2 = 4 \cdot 26,93^2 = 2901 \text{ W}$$

$$S = UI = 217.1 \cdot 26.93 = 5846.5 \text{ VA}$$

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PAU 2019

Criteris de correcció

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Alternativament,

$$\cos \varphi = \frac{R_{\text{consum}}}{Z_{\text{consum}}} = \frac{7}{\sqrt{7^2 + 4^2}} = 0,8682$$

$$S = UI = 217,1 \cdot 26,93 = 5846,5 \text{ VA}$$

$$P = S\cos \varphi = 5846,5 \cdot 0,8682 = 5076 \text{ W}$$

$$Q = S\sin \varphi = 5846,5 \sqrt{1 - 0,8682^2} = 2901 \text{ W}$$

OPCIÓ B

Exercici 3

a)
$$\eta_{\rm N}(\%) = 100 \frac{P_{\rm N}}{U_{\rm N} I_{\rm N}} = 100 \frac{392,7}{100\cdot 4,68} = 83,91 \%$$

b)
$$\Gamma = \frac{P_{\text{N}}}{\omega_{\text{N}}} = \frac{392,7}{2500\frac{2\pi}{60}} = 1,5 \text{ N m}$$

c)
$$E = \frac{P_{\text{N}}}{I_{\text{N}}} = \frac{392.7}{4,68} = 83.91 \text{ V}$$
 $R_{\text{i}} = \frac{U - E}{I_{\text{N}}} = \frac{100 - 83.91}{4,68} = 3,438 \Omega$
 $E' = U' - R_{\text{i}} I = 80 - 3,438 \cdot 0,6 \cdot 4,68 = 70,35 \text{ V}$
 $n' = n_{\text{N}} \frac{E'}{E} = 2500 \frac{70,35}{83.91} = 2096 \text{ min}^{-1}$

d)
$$\eta$$
 (%) = 100 $\frac{P}{UI}$ = 100 $\frac{\Gamma \omega}{UI}$ = 100 $\frac{0.6 \cdot 1.5 \cdot 2096 \frac{2\pi}{60}}{80 \cdot 0.6 \cdot 4.68}$ = 87,94 %

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Electrotècnia

Exercici 4

a)

$$I_{R_4} = 0 \text{ A} \rightarrow P_{R_4} = 0 \text{ W}$$

$$I_{R_3} = \frac{U_1}{R_3} = \frac{48}{15} = 3.2 \text{ A} \rightarrow P_{R_3} = R_3 I_{R_3}^2 = 15 \cdot 3.2^2 = 153.6 \text{ W}$$

$$I_{R_2} = \frac{U_2}{R_2} = \frac{24}{30} = 0.8 \text{ A} \rightarrow P_{R_2} = R_2 I_{R_2}^2 = 30 \cdot 0.8^2 = 19.2 \text{ W}$$

$$I_{R_1} = \frac{U_1 - U_2}{R_1} = \frac{48 - 24}{10} = 2.4 \text{ A} \rightarrow P_{R_1} = R_1 I_{R_1}^2 = 10 \cdot 2.4^2 = 57.6 \text{ W}$$

 $P_{\text{Total}} = P_{R_1} + P_{R_2} + P_{R_3} + P_{R_4} = 57.6 + 19.2 + 153.6 + 0 = 230.4 \text{ W}$

$$I_{U_1} = I_{R_1} + I_{R_3} = 2.4 + 3.2 = 5.6 \text{ A}$$

$$P_{U_1} = U_1 I_{U_1} = 48 \cdot 5,6 = 268,8 \text{ W}$$

$$P_{U_2} = P_{\text{Total}} - P_{U_1} = 230.4 - 268.8 = -38.4 \text{ W}$$

c)

$$P_{\text{Total}} = \frac{U_1^2}{R_{\text{Eq}}} = \frac{U_1^2}{\frac{(R_1 + R_2)(R_3 + R_4)}{(R_1 + R_2) + (R_3 + R_4)}} = \frac{48^2}{\frac{(10 + 30)(15 + 5)}{10 + 30 + 15 + 5}} = 172.8 \text{ W}$$