

# Online appendix

*Martin G. Søyland*

2016-06-26

## Prepping data

In order to load the data, the preferred way for R-users is to use the .rda-file. There is, however, also a .csv-file available in the repository. Further, a the parliamentary experience and youth party experience variable needs to be recoded in order to reproduce the results:

```
load("../data/ministers.rda")
ministers$youthAny <- ifelse(ministers$youthCen==1 | ministers$youthLoc==1, 1, 0)
ministers$parlTen_cum2 <- ifelse(ministers$parlTen_cum > 31, 1, 0)
source("../thesis/R/getmode.R")
```

## The paper models

All models require the *survival*-package

```
library(survival)
```

### Base model

```
base <- coxph(Surv(dur_start, dur_end, event2) ~ resigcalls + age_cen +
              factor(gender) + factor(education_dum) +
              frailty(jurisdiction),
              data=ministers, subset=prime_minister==0 & nsd_id!=299)
summary(base)
```

```
## Call:
## coxph(formula = Surv(dur_start, dur_end, event2) ~ resigcalls +
##       age_cen + factor(gender) + factor(education_dum) + frailty(jurisdiction),
##       data = ministers, subset = prime_minister == 0 & nsd_id !=
##       299)
##
##      n= 625, number of events= 98
##
##              coef      se(coef) se2      Chisq DF    p
## resigcalls      0.22030 0.07188 0.07129   9.39 1.00 0.00220
## age_cen         0.05519 0.01361 0.01336  16.44 1.00 0.00005
## factor(gender)Female 0.14977 0.24046 0.23404   0.39 1.00 0.53000
## factor(education_dum)Lowe 0.04400 0.26284 0.25737   0.03 1.00 0.87000
## frailty(jurisdiction)                12.71 6.57 0.06500
##
##              exp(coef) exp(-coef) lower .95 upper .95
## resigcalls           1.246     0.8023   1.0826   1.435
## age_cen              1.057     0.9463   1.0289   1.085
```

```
## factor(gender)Female          1.162      0.8609      0.7251      1.861
## factor(education_dum)Lowe      1.045      0.9569      0.6243      1.749
##
## Iterations: 7 outer, 28 Newton-Raphson
##      Variance of random effect= 0.1337597      I-likelihood = -534
## Degrees of freedom for terms= 1.0 1.0 0.9 1.0 6.6
## Concordance= 0.694 (se = 0.031 )
## Likelihood ratio test= 44.39 on 10.42 df, p=3.943e-06
```

## Including experience

```
experience <- coxph(Surv(dur_start, dur_end, event2) ~ resigcalls +
                    age_cen + factor(gender) + factor(education_dum) +
                    factor(youthAny) + minister_exp_cum_y_lag + factor(parlTen_cum2) +
                    frailty(jurisdiction),
                    data=ministers, subset=prime_minister==0 & nsd_id!=299)
summary(experience)
```

```
## Call:
## coxph(formula = Surv(dur_start, dur_end, event2) ~ resigcalls +
##      age_cen + factor(gender) + factor(education_dum) + factor(youthAny) +
##      minister_exp_cum_y_lag + factor(parlTen_cum2) + frailty(jurisdiction),
##      data = ministers, subset = prime_minister == 0 & nsd_id !=
##      299)
##
##      n= 625, number of events= 98
##
##              coef      se(coef) se2      Chisq DF    p
## resigcalls          0.22850 0.07240 0.07190   9.96 1.00 0.0016
## age_cen             0.04923 0.01498 0.01474  10.80 1.00 0.0010
## factor(gender)Female 0.18165 0.24603 0.23947   0.55 1.00 0.4600
## factor(education_dum)Lowe 0.08434 0.26528 0.25862   0.10 1.00 0.7500
## factor(youthAny)1      0.26140 0.32629 0.32489   0.64 1.00 0.4200
## minister_exp_cum_y_lag 0.10404 0.03791 0.03714   7.53 1.00 0.0061
## factor(parlTen_cum2)1 -0.31695 0.24551 0.24249   1.67 1.00 0.2000
## frailty(jurisdiction)              14.24 6.81 0.0430
##
##              exp(coef) exp(-coef) lower .95 upper .95
## resigcalls           1.2567      0.7957      1.0905      1.448
## age_cen              1.0505      0.9520      1.0201      1.082
## factor(gender)Female 1.1992      0.8339      0.7404      1.942
## factor(education_dum)Lowe 1.0880      0.9191      0.6469      1.830
## factor(youthAny)1      1.2987      0.7700      0.6851      2.462
## minister_exp_cum_y_lag 1.1096      0.9012      1.0302      1.195
## factor(parlTen_cum2)1  0.7284      1.3729      0.4502      1.179
##
## Iterations: 5 outer, 24 Newton-Raphson
##      Variance of random effect= 0.1442913      I-likelihood = -530
## Degrees of freedom for terms= 1.0 1.0 0.9 1.0 1.0 1.0 6.8
## Concordance= 0.719 (se = 0.031 )
## Likelihood ratio test= 53.5 on 13.59 df, p=1.156e-06
```

## Cabinet attributes

```
cab <- coxph(Surv(dur_start, dur_end, event2) ~ resigcalls +
            age_cen + factor(gender) + factor(education_dum) +
            factor(CabinetType) + factor(structure)+
            frailty(jurisdiction),
            data=ministers, subset=prime_minister==0 & nsd_id!=299)
summary(cab)
```

```
## Call:
## coxph(formula = Surv(dur_start, dur_end, event2) ~ resigcalls +
##       age_cen + factor(gender) + factor(education_dum) + factor(CabinetType) +
##       factor(structure) + frailty(jurisdiction), data = ministers,
##       subset = prime_minister == 0 & nsd_id != 299)
##
##      n= 625, number of events= 98
##
##              coef      se(coef) se2      Chisq DF    p
## resigcalls          0.23821 0.07213 0.07160 10.91 1.00 9.6e-04
## age_cen             0.05722 0.01378 0.01351 17.25 1.00 3.3e-05
## factor(gender)Female 0.25660 0.24853 0.24124 1.07 1.00 3.0e-01
## factor(education_dum)Lowe -0.08365 0.27006 0.26383 0.10 1.00 7.6e-01
## factor(CabinetType)Majori 0.18821 0.22151 0.22042 0.72 1.00 4.0e-01
## factor(structure)Coalitio -0.50066 0.24287 0.24140 4.25 1.00 3.9e-02
## frailty(jurisdiction)                                13.00 6.56 5.8e-02
##
##              exp(coef) exp(-coef) lower .95 upper .95
## resigcalls           1.2690      0.7880      1.1017      1.4617
## age_cen              1.0589      0.9444      1.0307      1.0879
## factor(gender)Female 1.2925      0.7737      0.7941      2.1037
## factor(education_dum)Lowe 0.9198      1.0872      0.5417      1.5615
## factor(CabinetType)Majori 1.2071      0.8284      0.7820      1.8633
## factor(structure)Coalitio 0.6061      1.6498      0.3766      0.9757
##
## Iterations: 7 outer, 29 Newton-Raphson
##      Variance of random effect= 0.1349566    I-likelihood = -531.7
## Degrees of freedom for terms= 1.0 1.0 0.9 1.0 1.0 1.0 6.6
## Concordance= 0.699 (se = 0.031 )
## Likelihood ratio test= 48.94 on 12.39 df,    p=2.88e-06
```

## Full model

```
all <- coxph(Surv(dur_start, dur_end, event2) ~ resigcalls + age_cen + factor(gender) +
            factor(youthAny) + minister_exp_cum_y_lag + factor(parlTen_cum2) +
            factor(education_dum) + factor(CabinetType) + factor(structure) + frailty(jurisdiction)
            data=ministers, subset=prime_minister==0 & nsd_id!=299)
summary(all)
```

```
## Call:
## coxph(formula = Surv(dur_start, dur_end, event2) ~ resigcalls +
```

```
## age_cen + factor(gender) + factor(youthAny) + minister_exp_cum_y_lag +
## factor(parlTen_cum2) + factor(education_dum) + factor(CabinetType) +
## factor(structure) + frailty(jurisdiction), data = ministers,
## subset = prime_minister == 0 & nsd_id != 299)
##
## n= 625, number of events= 98
##
##               coef      se(coef) se2      Chisq DF    p
## resigcalls      0.23767 0.07270 0.07224 10.69 1.00 0.00110
## age_cen          0.05243 0.01536 0.01510 11.66 1.00 0.00064
## factor(gender)Female 0.27588 0.25615 0.24895 1.16 1.00 0.28000
## factor(youthAny)1 0.30081 0.32923 0.32783 0.83 1.00 0.36000
## minister_exp_cum_y_lag 0.09055 0.03939 0.03861 5.29 1.00 0.02200
## factor(parlTen_cum2)1 -0.26774 0.24800 0.24458 1.17 1.00 0.28000
## factor(education_dum)Lowe -0.02525 0.27599 0.26884 0.01 1.00 0.93000
## factor(CabinetType)Majori 0.15917 0.22188 0.22070 0.51 1.00 0.47000
## factor(structure)Coalitio -0.38202 0.25748 0.25590 2.20 1.00 0.14000
## frailty(jurisdiction)                                14.34 6.77 0.04000
##
##               exp(coef) exp(-coef) lower .95 upper .95
## resigcalls          1.2683    0.7885    1.0999    1.463
## age_cen             1.0538    0.9489    1.0226    1.086
## factor(gender)Female 1.3177    0.7589    0.7976    2.177
## factor(youthAny)1    1.3510    0.7402    0.7086    2.576
## minister_exp_cum_y_lag 1.0948    0.9134    1.0134    1.183
## factor(parlTen_cum2)1 0.7651    1.3070    0.4706    1.244
## factor(education_dum)Lowe 0.9751    1.0256    0.5677    1.675
## factor(CabinetType)Majori 1.1725    0.8529    0.7590    1.811
## factor(structure)Coalitio 0.6825    1.4652    0.4120    1.130
##
## Iterations: 5 outer, 24 Newton-Raphson
## Variance of random effect= 0.1443318 I-likelihood = -528.8
## Degrees of freedom for terms= 1.0 1.0 0.9 1.0 1.0 1.0 0.9 1.0 1.0 6.8
## Concordance= 0.719 (se = 0.031 )
## Likelihood ratio test= 55.8 on 15.52 df, p=1.891e-06
```

## Robustness models

### Age squared

```
agesq <- coxph(Surv(dur_start, dur_end, event2) ~ resigcalls + poly(age_cen, 2, raw = FALSE) + factor(gender) +
  factor(youthAny) + minister_exp_cum_y_lag + factor(parlTen_cum2) +
  factor(education_dum) + factor(CabinetType) + factor(structure) + frailty(jurisdiction),
  data=ministers, subset=prime_minister==0 & nsd_id!=299)
summary(agesq)

## Call:
## coxph(formula = Surv(dur_start, dur_end, event2) ~ resigcalls +
## poly(age_cen, 2, raw = FALSE) + factor(gender) + factor(youthAny) +
## minister_exp_cum_y_lag + factor(parlTen_cum2) + factor(education_dum) +
## factor(CabinetType) + factor(structure) + frailty(jurisdiction),
## data = ministers, subset = prime_minister == 0 & nsd_id !=
```

```
##          299)
##
##      n= 625, number of events= 98
##
##              coef      se(coef) se2      Chisq DF    p
## resigcalls          0.23741 0.07290 0.07244 10.60 1.00 0.00110
## poly(age_cen, 2, raw = FA 11.36310 3.42495 3.39359 11.01 1.00 0.00091
## poly(age_cen, 2, raw = FA -1.12655 2.82169 2.78583 0.16 1.00 0.69000
## factor(gender)Female      0.28226 0.25673 0.24960 1.21 1.00 0.27000
## factor(youthAny)1         0.30763 0.32966 0.32826 0.87 1.00 0.35000
## minister_exp_cum_y_lag    0.09253 0.03963 0.03880 5.45 1.00 0.02000
## factor(parlTen_cum2)1     -0.26649 0.24797 0.24460 1.15 1.00 0.28000
## factor(education_dum)Lowe -0.01972 0.27570 0.26856 0.01 1.00 0.94000
## factor(CabinetType)Majori 0.16888 0.22274 0.22178 0.57 1.00 0.45000
## factor(structure)Coalitio -0.38694 0.25761 0.25610 2.26 1.00 0.13000
## frailty(jurisdiction)                                14.47 6.81 0.03900
##
##              exp(coef) exp(-coef) lower .95 upper .95
## resigcalls          1.268e+00 7.887e-01 1.099e+00 1.463e+00
## poly(age_cen, 2, raw = FA 8.609e+04 1.162e-05 1.046e+02 7.084e+07
## poly(age_cen, 2, raw = FA 3.241e-01 3.085e+00 1.285e-03 8.177e+01
## factor(gender)Female      1.326e+00 7.541e-01 8.018e-01 2.193e+00
## factor(youthAny)1         1.360e+00 7.352e-01 7.128e-01 2.595e+00
## minister_exp_cum_y_lag    1.097e+00 9.116e-01 1.015e+00 1.186e+00
## factor(parlTen_cum2)1     7.661e-01 1.305e+00 4.712e-01 1.245e+00
## factor(education_dum)Lowe 9.805e-01 1.020e+00 5.712e-01 1.683e+00
## factor(CabinetType)Majori 1.184e+00 8.446e-01 7.652e-01 1.832e+00
## factor(structure)Coalitio 6.791e-01 1.472e+00 4.099e-01 1.125e+00
##
## Iterations: 5 outer, 25 Newton-Raphson
##      Variance of random effect= 0.146571    I-likelihood = -528.8
## Degrees of freedom for terms= 1.0 1.9 0.9 1.0 1.0 1.0 0.9 1.0 1.0 6.8
## Concordance= 0.718 (se = 0.031 )
## Likelihood ratio test= 56.13 on 16.54 df,    p=3.337e-06
```

The close to linear relationship between durability and age squared can easily be shown by plotting the regression line for each value on age:

```
pred1 <- with(ministers, data.frame(resigcalls=min(resigcalls),
                                   age_cen=round(min(age_cen),
                                                  digits = 0):round(max(age_cen),
                                                  digits = 0),
                                   gender=getmode(gender),
                                   minister_exp_cum_y_lag=median(minister_exp_cum_y_lag),
                                   parlTen_cum2=getmode(parlTen_cum2),
                                   youthAny=getmode(youthAny),
                                   education_dum=getmode(education_dum),
                                   CabinetType=getmode(CabinetType),
                                   structure=getmode(structure)))

pred_plot <- data.frame(predict(agesq, newdata=pred1,
                               type="risk", se=TRUE, reference="sample"), pred1)

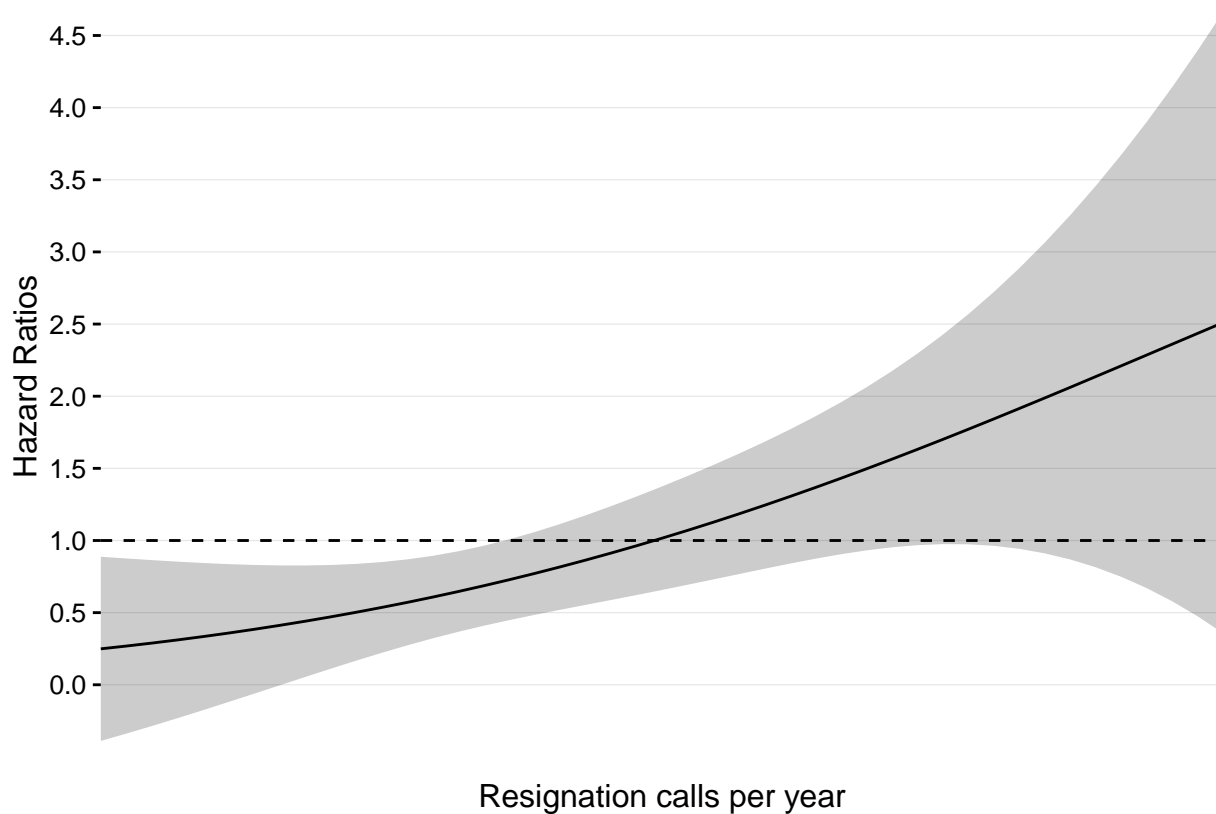
pred_plot$upper <- pred_plot$fit+1.96*pred_plot$se.fit
```

```

pred_plot$lower <- pred_plot$fit-1.96*pred_plot$se.fit
pred_plot$age_cen <- pred_plot$age_cen + median(ministers$age)

ggplot(pred_plot, aes(x=age_cen, y=fit))+
  geom_line(stat="identity", color="black")+
  geom_ribbon(aes(ymax=upper, ymin=lower, color=NULL), alpha=.2, fill="black") +
  geom_hline(aes(yintercept=1), linetype="dashed")+
  labs(y="Hazard Ratios", x="Resignation calls per year")+
  scale_x_continuous(breaks=seq(0,2,.25), expand=c(0,0))+
  scale_y_continuous(breaks=seq(0,10,.5), expand=c(0,.21))+
  theme(legend.position=c(.15,.9),
        panel.grid.major.x=element_blank(),
        panel.grid.minor=element_blank(),
        panel.border=element_blank(),
        strip.background=element_blank(),
        panel.margin=unit(1, "cm"),
        axis.line=element_line(lineend = "square"),
        axis.title.y=element_text(vjust=1.5, siz=12),
        axis.title.x=element_text(vjust=0, size=12))

```



**Parliamentary experience == in parliament > 0 days**

The following example shows how parliamentary experience does matter when it is coded as 1 when a minister has been in parliament more than 0 days:

```

ministers$parlTen_cum3 <- ifelse(ministers$parlTen_cum > 0, 1, 0)
parl_onday <- coxph(Surv(dur_start, dur_end, event2) ~ resigcalls + age_cen +
  factor(gender) + factor(youthAny) + minister_exp_cum_y_lag +
  factor(parlTen_cum3) + factor(education_dum) +
  factor(CabinetType) + factor(structure) + frailty(jurisdiction),
  data=ministers, subset=prime_minister==0 & nsd_id!=299)
summary(parl_onday)

```

```

## Call:
## coxph(formula = Surv(dur_start, dur_end, event2) ~ resigcalls +
##       age_cen + factor(gender) + factor(youthAny) + minister_exp_cum_y_lag +
##       factor(parlTen_cum3) + factor(education_dum) + factor(CabinetType) +
##       factor(structure) + frailty(jurisdiction), data = ministers,
##       subset = prime_minister == 0 & nsd_id != 299)
##
##      n= 625, number of events= 98
##
##              coef      se(coef) se2      Chisq DF    p
## resigcalls          0.26373 0.07322 0.07281 12.97 1.00 0.00032
## age_cen              0.05736 0.01546 0.01519 13.76 1.00 0.00021
## factor(gender)Female  0.32555 0.25727 0.24953  1.60 1.00 0.21000
## factor(youthAny)1     0.55698 0.34521 0.34323  2.60 1.00 0.11000
## minister_exp_cum_y_lag 0.10786 0.04033 0.03962  7.15 1.00 0.00750
## factor(parlTen_cum3)1 -0.64554 0.27150 0.26820  5.65 1.00 0.01700
## factor(education_dum)Lowe 0.06496 0.27646 0.26979  0.06 1.00 0.81000
## factor(CabinetType)Majori 0.16979 0.21992 0.21868  0.60 1.00 0.44000
## factor(structure)Coalitio -0.32682 0.25661 0.25510  1.62 1.00 0.20000
## frailty(jurisdiction)                                14.03 6.68 0.04300
##
##              exp(coef) exp(-coef) lower .95 upper .95
## resigcalls           1.3018      0.7682      1.1277      1.5026
## age_cen              1.0590      0.9443      1.0274      1.0916
## factor(gender)Female  1.3848      0.7221      0.8364      2.2928
## factor(youthAny)1     1.7454      0.5729      0.8873      3.4335
## minister_exp_cum_y_lag 1.1139      0.8977      1.0292      1.2055
## factor(parlTen_cum3)1  0.5244      1.9070      0.3080      0.8928
## factor(education_dum)Lowe 1.0671      0.9371      0.6207      1.8346
## factor(CabinetType)Majori 1.1851      0.8438      0.7701      1.8236
## factor(structure)Coalitio 0.7212      1.3865      0.4362      1.1926
##
## Iterations: 5 outer, 24 Newton-Raphson
##      Variance of random effect= 0.1413044  I-likelihood = -526.5
## Degrees of freedom for terms= 1.0 1.0 0.9 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 6.7
## Concordance= 0.717 (se = 0.031 )
## Likelihood ratio test= 60.3 on 15.43 df,  p=3.084e-07

```

## Resignation call coding scheme

Fixed string	Varying string
“Minister name” AND	“gā* av*”
	“mā* gā*”

Fixed string	Varying string
	“bør* gå *”
	“burde* gå *”
	“skulle* gå *”
	“trekke* seg”
	“avgang*”
	“avskjed*”
	“vurder* sin”
	“vurder* stilling*”
	“vurder* posisjon*”
	“fratre*”
	“tak* av”
	“tre* tilb*”
	“avsett*”
	“avsatt”
	“skift* ut”
	“mistill*”