# Analyses

# Martijn Straatsburg

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#### **Packages**

```
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(ggplot2))
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(jsonlite))
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(vcd))
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(vcdExtra))
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(DescTools))
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(car))
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(pROC))
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(ResourceSelection))
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(tidyverse))
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(dplyr))
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(reshape2))
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(effects))
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(corrplot))
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(logistf))
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(RVAideMemoire))
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(rstatix))
```

#### Data

```
df <- fromJSON("predicted-dataset-updated.json")</pre>
df <- df %>%
  mutate(
   persuasion_success = factor(persuasion_success,
                                levels = c(0, 1),
                                labels = c("No Delta", "Yes Delta")),
    story_class = factor(story_class),
    suspense = as.integer(suspense),
    curiosity = as.integer(curiosity),
    surprise = as.integer(surprise),
   level_suspense = factor(level_suspense,
                            levels = c("low", "medium", "high")),
   level_curiosity = factor(level_curiosity,
                             levels = c("low", "medium", "high")),
   level_surprise = factor(level_surprise,
                            levels = c("low", "medium", "high")),
    binary_suspense = factor(binary_suspense,
```

#### **NEW ANALYSES**

```
#-- 1. Story Class--
table_story <- table(df$story_class, df$persuasion_success)</pre>
chisq_story <- chisq.test(table_story)</pre>
cramerv_story <- assocstats(table_story)$cramer</pre>
cramerv ci <- CramerV(table story, conf.level = 0.95)</pre>
knitr::kable(
  cbind(
   Count
           = as.vector(table_story),
   Expected = as.vector(chisq_story$expected),
    `Prop` = round(prop.table(table_story, 1) * 100, 2)
 ),
  caption = "Story Class × Persuasion Success"
)
## Warning in cbind(Count = as.vector(table_story), Expected =
## as.vector(chisq_story$expected), : number of rows of result is not a multiple
## of vector length (arg 1)
```

Table 1: Story Class  $\times$  Persuasion Success

	Count	Expected	No Delta	Yes Delta
Not Story	82938	82775.16	98.61	1.39
Story	13085	13247.84	97.21	2.79

```
cat(
   "\nPearson Chi-Square =", round(chisq_story$statistic, 3),
   "df =", chisq_story$parameter,
   "p =", signif(chisq_story$p.value, 3), "\n",
   "Cramer's V =", round(cramerv_story, 3),
   "95% CI [", round(cramerv_ci["lwr.ci"], 3), ",", round(cramerv_ci["upr.ci"], 3), "]\n"
)

##

## Pearson Chi-Square = 145.74 df = 1 p = 1.48e-33
## Cramer's V = 0.039 95% CI [ 0.032 , 0.045 ]
```

```
#-- 2. Binary Suspense --
table_bin_susp <- table(df$binary_suspense, df$persuasion_success)
chi_bin_susp <- chisq.test(table_bin_susp)
cramerv_susp <- assocstats(table_bin_susp)$cramer
cramerv_ci_s <- CramerV(table_bin_susp, conf.level = 0.95)

knitr::kable(
    cbind(
        Count = as.vector(table_bin_susp),
        Expected = as.vector(chi_bin_susp$expected),
        `Prop` = round(prop.table(table_bin_susp, 1) * 100, 2)
    ),
    caption = "Binary Suspense (Under/Over 2.5) × Persuasion Success"
)

## Warning in cbind(Count = as.vector(table_bin_susp), Expected =
## as.vector(chi_bin_susp$expected), : number of rows of result is not a multiple
## of vector length (arg 1)</pre>
```

Table 2: Binary Suspense (Under/Over 2.5)  $\times$  Persuasion Success

	Count	Expected	No Delta	Yes Delta
under	89004	88916.345	98.51	1.49
over	7019	7106.655	97.20	2.80

```
cat(
  "\nPearson Chi-Square =", round(chi_bin_susp$statistic, 3),
 "df =", chi bin susp$parameter,
 "p =", signif(chi_bin_susp$p.value, 3), "\n",
 "Cramer's V =", round(cramerv_susp, 3),
  "95% CI [", round(cramerv_ci_s["lwr.ci"], 3), ",", round(cramerv_ci_s["upr.ci"], 3), "]\n"
##
## Pearson Chi-Square = 72.893 \text{ df} = 1 \text{ p} = 1.37e-17
## Cramer's V = 0.027 95\% CI [ 0.021 , 0.034 ]
#-- 3. Binary Curiosity --
table_bin_cur <- table(df$binary_curiosity, df$persuasion_success)</pre>
chi_bin_cur <- chisq.test(table_bin_cur)</pre>
cramerv_cur <- assocstats(table_bin_cur)$cramer</pre>
cramerv_ci_cur <- CramerV(table_bin_cur, conf.level = 0.95)</pre>
knitr::kable(
 cbind(
           = as.vector(table_bin_cur),
    Expected = as.vector(chi_bin_cur$expected),
    `Prop` = round(prop.table(table_bin_cur, 1) * 100, 2)
 ),
  caption = "Binary Curiosity (Under/Over 2.5) × Persuasion Success"
```

```
## Warning in cbind(Count = as.vector(table_bin_cur), Expected =
## as.vector(chi_bin_cur$expected), : number of rows of result is not a multiple
## of vector length (arg 1)
```

Table 3: Binary Curiosity (Under/Over 2.5)  $\times$  Persuasion Success

	Count	Expected	No Delta	Yes Delta
under	77427	77254.98	98.64	1.36
over	18596	18768.02	97.51	2.49

```
cat(
  "\nPearson Chi-Square =", round(chi_bin_cur$statistic, 3),
  "df =", chi_bin_cur$parameter,
 "p =", signif(chi_bin_cur$p.value, 3), "\n",
 "Cramer's V =", round(cramerv_cur, 3),
  "95% CI [", round(cramerv_ci_cur["lwr.ci"], 3), ",", round(cramerv_ci_cur["upr.ci"], 3), "]\n"
##
## Pearson Chi-Square = 123.044 df = 1 p = 1.36e-28
## Cramer's V = 0.036 95\% CI [ 0.029 , 0.042 ]
#-- 4. Binary Surprise --
table_bin_sur <- table(df$binary_surprise, df$persuasion_success)</pre>
chi_bin_sur <- chisq.test(table_bin_sur)
cramerv_sur <- assocstats(table_bin_sur)$cramer</pre>
cramerv_ci_sur <- CramerV(table_bin_sur, conf.level = 0.95)</pre>
knitr::kable(
  cbind(
           = as.vector(table_bin_sur),
    Expected = as.vector(chi_bin_sur$expected),
    `Prop` = round(prop.table(table bin sur, 1) * 100, 2)
  ),
  caption = "Binary Surprise (Under/Over 2.5) × Persuasion Success"
## Warning in cbind(Count = as.vector(table_bin_sur), Expected =
## as.vector(chi_bin_sur$expected), : number of rows of result is not a multiple
## of vector length (arg 1)
```

Table 4: Binary Surprise (Under/Over 2.5)  $\times$  Persuasion Success

	Count	Expected	No Delta	Yes Delta
under	87416	87349.555	98.49	1.51
over	8607	8673.445	97.66	2.34

```
cat(
  "\nPearson Chi-Square =", round(chi_bin_sur$statistic, 3),
  "df =", chi_bin_sur$parameter,
  "p =", signif(chi_bin_sur$p.value, 3), "\n",
  "Cramer's V =", round(cramerv_sur, 3),
  "95% CI [", round(cramerv_ci_sur["lwr.ci"], 3), ",", round(cramerv_ci_sur["upr.ci"], 3), "]\n"
)
##
## Pearson Chi-Square = 34.807 \text{ df} = 1 \text{ p} = 3.64e-09
## Cramer's V = 0.019 95\% CI [ 0.013 , 0.025 ]
#-- 6. Logistic Regression --
model_bin <- glm(</pre>
  persuasion_success ~ story_class +
                       binary_suspense +
                       binary_curiosity +
                       binary_surprise,
 data = df, family = binomial
)
summary(model_bin)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = persuasion success ~ story class + binary suspense +
       binary_curiosity + binary_surprise, family = binomial, data = df)
##
##
## Coefficients:
##
                        Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                                    0.03099 -138.586 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
                        -4.29466
## story_classStory
                         0.46297
                                    0.10405
                                              4.450 8.60e-06 ***
## binary_suspenseover
                         0.13938
                                    0.10733
                                              1.299
                                                        0.1941
## binary_curiosityover 0.34706
                                    0.07984
                                               4.347 1.38e-05 ***
## binary_surpriseover -0.18474
                                    0.09736 -1.898
                                                        0.0577 .
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
       Null deviance: 15875 on 97567 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 15731 on 97563 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 15741
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 7
ORs <- exp(coef(model_bin))
CIs <- exp(confint(model_bin))</pre>
```

## Waiting for profiling to be done...

```
knitr::kable(
  cbind(OR=ORs, CI_low=CIs[,1], CI_high=CIs[,2]),
  digits=3,
  caption="Odds Ratios (Binary Predictors) with 95% CI"
)
```

Table 5: Odds Ratios (Binary Predictors) with 95% CI

	OR	CI_low	CI_high
(Intercept)	0.014	0.013	0.014
$story\_classStory$	1.589	1.294	1.947
$binary\_suspenseover$	1.150	0.931	1.419
binary_curiosityover	1.415	1.208	1.652
$binary\_surprise over$	0.831	0.686	1.005

```
#-- 8. Interaction Models--
model_base <- glm(</pre>
 persuasion_success ~ story_class +
                     binary_suspense +
                     binary_curiosity +
                     binary_surprise,
 data = df, family = binomial
model_inter1 <- update(</pre>
 model_base,
  . ~ . + story_class:binary_suspense + story_class:binary_curiosity + story_class:binary_surprise
model_inter2 <- glm(</pre>
 persuasion_success ~ story_class *
                     (binary_suspense + binary_curiosity + binary_surprise),
 data = df, family = binomial
summary(model_inter1)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = persuasion_success ~ story_class + binary_suspense +
      binary_curiosity + binary_surprise + story_class:binary_suspense +
##
##
      story_class:binary_curiosity + story_class:binary_surprise,
##
      family = binomial, data = df)
##
## Coefficients:
                                     Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                                     -4.29045 0.03144 -136.458 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
## story_classStory
                                     ## binary_suspenseover
                                     ## binary_curiosityover
## binary_surpriseover
                                     -0.50651 0.23459 -2.159 0.030841 *
```

```
## story_classStory:binary_suspenseover -0.43289
                                                     0.44434
                                                              -0.974 0.329938
## story_classStory:binary_curiosityover 0.05749
                                                     0.19303
                                                                0.298 0.765832
                                                                1.542 0.123015
## story_classStory:binary_surpriseover
                                         0.39985
                                                     0.25927
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 15875 on 97567
                                       degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 15728 on 97560 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 15744
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 7
summary(model_inter2)
##
## glm(formula = persuasion_success ~ story_class * (binary_suspense +
       binary_curiosity + binary_surprise), family = binomial, data = df)
##
## Coefficients:
                                         Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
                                                     0.03144 -136.458 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
                                         -4.29045
                                                     0.17969
                                                                2.129 0.033243 *
## story_classStory
                                          0.38258
## binary_suspenseover
                                          0.54013
                                                     0.43012
                                                                1.256 0.209201
## binary_curiosityover
                                          0.35177
                                                     0.09310
                                                                3.778 0.000158 ***
## binary_surpriseover
                                                     0.23459 -2.159 0.030841 *
                                         -0.50651
## story_classStory:binary_suspenseover -0.43289
                                                     0.44434 -0.974 0.329938
                                                                0.298 0.765832
## story_classStory:binary_curiosityover 0.05749
                                                     0.19303
## story_classStory:binary_surpriseover
                                          0.39985
                                                     0.25927
                                                               1.542 0.123015
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 15875 on 97567 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 15728 on 97560 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 15744
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 7
ORs_i1 <- exp(coef(model_inter1))</pre>
CIs_i1 <- exp(confint(model_inter1))</pre>
## Waiting for profiling to be done...
knitr::kable(
  cbind(OR = ORs_i1, CI_low = CIs_i1[,1], CI_high = CIs_i1[,2]),
  caption = "Odds Ratios & 95% CI, Interaction Model 1"
```

Table 6: Odds Ratios & 95% CI, Interaction Model 1

	OR	CI_low	CI_high
(Intercept)	0.014	0.013	0.015
story_classStory	1.466	1.017	2.060
binary_suspenseover	1.716	0.660	3.668
binary_curiosityover	1.422	1.180	1.700
binary_surpriseover	0.603	0.369	0.930
story_classStory:binary_suspenseover	0.649	0.293	1.724
story_classStory:binary_curiosityover	1.059	0.733	1.564
$story\_classStory:binary\_surprise over$	1.492	0.916	2.542

```
ORs_i2 <- exp(coef(model_inter2))
CIs_i2 <- exp(confint(model_inter2))</pre>
```

## Waiting for profiling to be done...

```
knitr::kable(
  cbind(OR = ORs_i2, CI_low = CIs_i2[,1], CI_high = CIs_i2[,2]),
  digits = 3,
  caption = "Odds Ratios & 95% CI, Interaction Model 2"
)
```

Table 7: Odds Ratios & 95% CI, Interaction Model 2

	OR	CI_low	CI_high
(Intercept)	0.014	0.013	0.015
story_classStory	1.466	1.017	2.060
binary_suspenseover	1.716	0.660	3.668
binary_curiosityover	1.422	1.180	1.700
binary_surpriseover	0.603	0.369	0.930
story_classStory:binary_suspenseover	0.649	0.293	1.724
story_classStory:binary_curiosityover	1.059	0.733	1.564
$story\_classStory:binary\_surprise over$	1.492	0.916	2.542

```
anova_tab <- anova(
  model_base, model_inter1, model_inter2,
  test = "Chisq"
)
knitr::kable(
  anova_tab,
  digits = c(NA, 0, 3, 3, 3),
  caption = "Likelihood-Ratio Tests: Base vs. Interaction Models"
)</pre>
```

Table 8: Likelihood-Ratio Tests: Base vs. Interaction Models

Resid. Df	Resid. Dev	Df	Deviance	Pr(>Chi)
NA	15731	NA	NA	NA
NA	15728	3	3.087	0.378
NA	15728	0	0.000	NA

# OLD; INCLUDING ALL CODE BLOCKS AFTER THIS ONE

```
# contingency table
(table_story <- table(df$story_class, df$persuasion_success))</pre>
##
##
               No Delta Yes Delta
     Not Story 82938 1169
##
##
     Story
                  13085
                              376
# expected counts
chisq.test(table_story)$expected
##
##
               No Delta Yes Delta
##
     Not Story 82775.16 1331.8436
     Story
               13247.84 213.1564
##
# counts and row %'s table
prop.table(table_story, 1) * 100
##
                No Delta Yes Delta
##
##
     Not Story 98.610104 1.389896
##
     Story
               97.206745 2.793255
# chi-square test
(chisq_story <- chisq.test(table_story))</pre>
##
## Pearson's Chi-squared test with Yates' continuity correction
##
## data: table_story
## X-squared = 145.74, df = 1, p-value < 2.2e-16
# cramer's v (effect size) with CIs
cramerv_story <- assocstats(table_story)</pre>
cramerv_story$cramer
```

## [1] 0.03876783

```
(cramerv_ci_story <- CramerV(table_story, conf.level = 0.95))</pre>
##
     Cramer V
                  lwr.ci
                             upr.ci
## 0.03876783 0.03249299 0.04504272
# mosaic plot
#mosaicplot(table_story, shade = T, main = "Mosaic: Story vs. Persuasion Success")
# stacked bar chart
\#ggplot(df, aes(x=story\_class, fill=persuasion\_success)) + geom\_bar(position='fill') + scale\_y\_continuo
Suspense (low/medium/high)
(table_lvl_suspense <- table(df$level_suspense, df$persuasion_success))</pre>
##
            No Delta Yes Delta
##
##
     low
               89004
                       1343
##
                6305
                           179
     medium
##
    high
                 714
                            23
chisq.test(table_lvl_suspense)$expected
##
##
              No Delta Yes Delta
##
     low
            88916.3453 1430.65467
     medium 6381.3251 102.67485
##
                        11.67048
##
    high
              725.3295
(chisq_lvl_suspense <- chisq.test(table_lvl_suspense))</pre>
##
## Pearson's Chi-squared test
##
## data: table_lvl_suspense
## X-squared = 74.283, df = 2, p-value < 2.2e-16
cramerv_lvl_suspense <- assocstats(table_lvl_suspense)</pre>
cramerv_lvl_suspense$cramer
## [1] 0.02759249
(gkgamma_lvl_suspense <- GKgamma(table_lvl_suspense))</pre>
## gamma
            : 0.31
## std. error : 0.034
## CI
               : 0.243 0.377
```

```
(catest_lvl_suspense <- CochranArmitageTest(x = table(df$level_suspense, df$persuasion_success)))</pre>
##
##
        Cochran-Armitage test for trend
## data: table(df$level_suspense, df$persuasion_success)
## Z = -8.4606, dim = 3, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
\#df \%\% group_by(level_suspense, persuasion_success) \%\% summarise(n = n()) \%\% group_by(level_suspense
#resid_lvl_suspense <- chisq.test(table_lvl_suspense)$stdres</pre>
#res_df <- melt(resid_lvl_suspense)</pre>
#colnames(res_df) <- c('Level', 'Delta', 'StdResid')</pre>
\#ggplot(res\_df, aes(x=Delta, y=Level, fill=StdResid)) + geom\_tile() + geom\_text(aes(label = round(StdResid))) + geom\_text(aes(label = round(StdResid))) + geom\_tile() + geom\_text(aes(label = round(StdResid))) + geom\_text(aes(
Curiosity (low/medium/high)
(table_lvl_curiosity <- table(df$level_curiosity, df$persuasion_success))</pre>
##
##
                                No Delta Yes Delta
                                        77427
                                                                     1071
##
             low
##
                                        13852
                                                                        333
             medium
##
            high
                                          4744
                                                                        141
chisq.test(table_lvl_curiosity)$expected
##
##
                                  No Delta Yes Delta
##
                               77254.976 1243.02445
##
             medium 13960.379 224.62103
            high
                                  4807.645
                                                            77.35451
(chisq_lvl_curiosity <- chisq.test(table_lvl_curiosity))</pre>
##
## Pearson's Chi-squared test
##
## data: table_lvl_curiosity
## X-squared = 130.53, df = 2, p-value < 2.2e-16
cramerv_lvl_curiosity <- assocstats(table_lvl_curiosity)</pre>
cramerv_lvl_curiosity$cramer
## [1] 0.03657677
```

```
(gkgamma_lvl_curiosity <- GKgamma(table_lvl_curiosity))</pre>
## gamma
                                          : 0.285
## std. error : 0.024
## CI
                                           : 0.238 0.332
(catest_lvl_curiosity <- CochranArmitageTest(x = table(df$level_curiosity, df$persuasion_success)))</pre>
##
## Cochran-Armitage test for trend
##
## data: table(df$level_curiosity, df$persuasion_success)
## Z = -11.314, dim = 3, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
\#df \%\% group_by(level_curiosity, persuasion_success) \%\% summarise(n = n()) \%\% group_by(level_curiosity)
#resid_lvl_curiosity <- chisq.test(table_lvl_curiosity)$stdres</pre>
#res_df <- melt(resid_lvl_curiosity)</pre>
#colnames(res_df) <- c('Level', 'Delta', 'StdResid')</pre>
\#ggplot(res\_df, aes(x=Delta, y=Level, fill=StdResid)) + geom\_tile() + geom\_text(aes(label = round(StdResid))) + geom\_tile() + geom\_text(aes(label = round(StdResid))) + geom\_tile() + geom\_text(aes(label = round(StdResid))) + geom\_tile() + 
Surprise (low/medium/high)
(table_lvl_surprise <- table(df$level_surprise, df$persuasion_success))</pre>
##
##
                                No Delta Yes Delta
                                       87416
                                                                  1339
##
             low
##
            medium
                                          5762
                                                                         162
                                           2845
##
            high
                                                                            44
chisq.test(table_lvl_surprise)$expected
##
##
                                  No Delta Yes Delta
##
             low
                                87349.555 1405.44518
##
             medium 5830.193
                                                                93.80719
##
                                   2843.252
                                                                45.74763
            high
(chisq_lvl_surprise <- chisq.test(table_lvl_surprise))</pre>
##
##
       Pearson's Chi-squared test
##
## data: table_lvl_surprise
## X-squared = 53.63, df = 2, p-value = 2.262e-12
```

```
cramerv_lvl_surprise <- assocstats(table_lvl_surprise)</pre>
cramerv_lvl_surprise$cramer
## [1] 0.02344496
(gkgamma_lvl_surprise <- GKgamma(table_lvl_surprise))</pre>
## gamma
                                                      : 0.207
## std. error : 0.035
## CI
                                                      : 0.139 0.276
(catest_lvl_surprise <- CochranArmitageTest(x = table(df$level_surprise, df$persuasion_success)))</pre>
##
## Cochran-Armitage test for trend
##
## data: table(df$level_surprise, df$persuasion_success)
## Z = -4.0874, dim = 3, p-value = 4.362e-05
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
\#df \%\% group_by(level_surprise, persuasion_success) \%\% summarise(n = n()) \%\% group_by(level_surprise)
#resid_lvl_surprise <- chisq.test(table_lvl_surprise)$stdres</pre>
#res_df <- melt(resid_lvl_surprise)</pre>
#colnames(res_df) <- c('Level', 'Delta', 'StdResid')</pre>
\#ggplot(res\_df, aes(x=Delta, y=Level, fill=StdResid)) + geom\_tile() + geom\_text(aes(label = round(StdResid))) + geom\_text(aes(label = round(StdResid))) + geom\_tile() + geom\_text(aes(label = round(StdResid))) + geom\_text(aes(
```

## Suspense, Curiosity, Surprise (1-5)

```
= test$p.value,
    median_No = medians$med[1],
               = medians$IQR[1],
    IQR_No
    median Yes = medians$med[2],
    IQR Yes
               = medians$IQR[2]
})
res_mwu
##
            metric
                                        p median_No IQR_No median_Yes IQR_Yes
## W...1 suspense 66419288 2.571957e-21
                                                         0
                                                                             1
                                                  1
                                                                     1
                                                                     2
                                                                             2
## W...2 curiosity 58559253 1.171067e-59
                                                  1
                                                         1
## W...3 surprise 65050689 5.735222e-27
                                                  1
                                                         1
                                                                             1
                                                                     1
```

#### Logistic Regression with Interaction Terms

##

```
full_model <- glm(persuasion_success ~ story_class + level_suspense + level_curiosity + level_surprise
summary(full_model)

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = persuasion_success ~ story_class + level_suspense +
## level_curiosity + level_surprise + story_class:level_suspense +
## story_class:level_curiosity + story_class:level_surprise,
## family = binomial, data = df)</pre>
```

```
## Coefficients:
##
                                          Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                         -4.292934 0.031487 -136.338 < 2e-16
## story_classStory
                                          0.404167
                                                     0.207662 1.946
                                                                        0.0516
## level_suspensemedium
                                          0.575612 0.445446 1.292
                                                                        0.1963
## level_suspensehigh
                                         -6.662651 119.468077 -0.056
                                                                        0.9555
## level curiositymedium
                                         0.389558 0.092914 4.193 2.76e-05
## level_curiosityhigh
                                         -0.700543 0.727030 -0.964 0.3353
## level_surprisemedium
                                         -0.167906 0.250764 -0.670
                                                                        0.5031
                                                     0.712551
## level_surprisehigh
                                         -1.701052
                                                               -2.387
                                                                        0.0170
## story_classStory:level_suspensemedium
                                         -0.446846
                                                    0.480952 -0.929
                                                                       0.3528
## story_classStory:level_suspensehigh
                                          7.076620 119.468326 0.059
                                                                        0.9528
## story_classStory:level_curiositymedium -0.002725
                                                    0.223749 -0.012
                                                                        0.9903
## story_classStory:level_curiosityhigh
                                                     0.750831
                                          1.051528
                                                                1.400
                                                                        0.1614
                                                     0.277720
## story_classStory:level_surprisemedium
                                          0.205176
                                                                0.739
                                                                        0.4600
## story_classStory:level_surprisehigh
                                          1.123657
                                                     0.736517
                                                                1.526
                                                                        0.1271
##
## (Intercept)
```

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## level\_suspensemedium
## level\_suspensehigh
## level\_curiositymedium \*\*\*
## level\_curiosityhigh
## level\_surprisemedium

## story\_classStory

## level\_surprisehigh

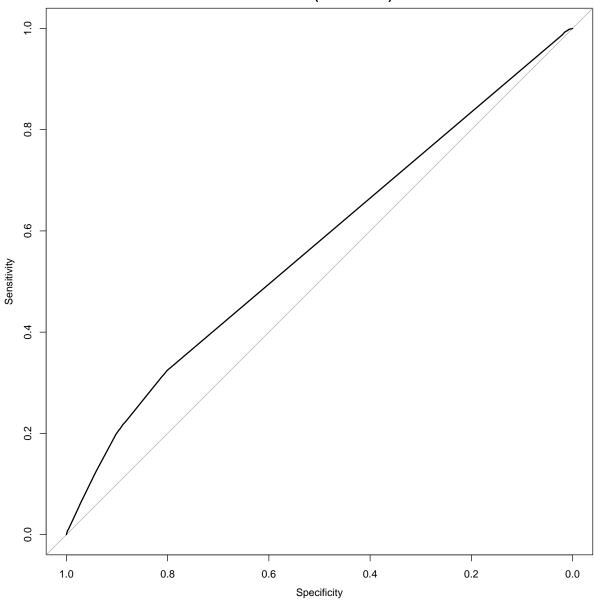
```
## story_classStory:level_suspensemedium
## story_classStory:level_suspensehigh
## story classStory:level curiositymedium
## story_classStory:level_curiosityhigh
## story classStory:level surprisemedium
## story classStory:level surprisehigh
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
       Null deviance: 15875 on 97567
                                      degrees of freedom
##
## Residual deviance: 15707 on 97554 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 15735
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 9
ORs <- exp(coef(full model))
CIs <- exp(confint(full_model))</pre>
## Waiting for profiling to be done...
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
odds_table <- cbind(OR = ORs, CI_low = CIs[,1], CI_high = CIs[,2])
knitr::kable(odds_table, digits=3)
```

	OR	CI_low	CI_high
(Intercept)	0.014	0.013	0.015
story_classStory	1.498	0.983	2.220
level_suspensemedium	1.778	0.668	3.941
level_suspensehigh	0.001	NA	47946410.521

	OR	CI_low	CI_high
level_curiositymedium	1.476	1.225	1.764
level_curiosityhigh	0.496	0.081	1.620
level_surprisemedium	0.845	0.500	1.341
level_surprisehigh	0.182	0.030	0.572
story_classStory:level_suspensemedium	0.640	0.266	1.801
story_classStory:level_suspensehigh	1183.960	0.000	NA
story_classStory:level_curiositymedium	0.997	0.649	1.562
story_classStory:level_curiosityhigh	2.862	0.822	18.163
story_classStory:level_surprisemedium	1.228	0.730	2.177
$story\_classStory:level\_surprisehigh$	3.076	0.915	19.166

```
(tbl_vif <- vif(full_model))</pre>
## there are higher-order terms (interactions) in this model
## consider setting type = 'predictor'; see ?vif
                                       GVIF Df GVIF<sup>(1/(2*Df))</sup>
## story_class
                               1.195412e+01 1
                                                      3.457473
## level_suspense
                               9.519744e+06 2
                                                      55.546452
## level_curiosity
                               1.407604e+02 2
                                                       3.444452
## level_surprise
                               1.879889e+02 2
                                                       3.702824
## story_class:level_suspense 1.077044e+07 2
                                                      57.287301
## story_class:level_curiosity 5.586118e+02 2
                                                       4.861581
## story_class:level_surprise 2.097013e+02 2
                                                       3.805400
(hl <- hoslem.test(as.numeric(df$persuasion_success) - 1, fitted(full_model), g=10))</pre>
## Warning in hoslem.test(as.numeric(df$persuasion_success) - 1,
## fitted(full_model), : The data did not allow for the requested number of bins.
##
## Hosmer and Lemeshow goodness of fit (GOF) test
## data: as.numeric(df$persuasion_success) - 1, fitted(full_model)
## X-squared = 0.22963, df = 2, p-value = 0.8915
roc_obj <- roc(df$persuasion_success, predict(full_model, type='response'))</pre>
## Setting levels: control = No Delta, case = Yes Delta
## Setting direction: controls < cases
plot(roc_obj, main = paste0('ROC Curve (AUC = ', round(auc(roc_obj),3), ')'))
```

## **ROC Curve (AUC = 0.569)**



# Old stuff

```
#(table_story_class <- table(df$story_class, df$persuasion_success))
#chisq.test(table_story_class)$expected
#chisq.test(table_story_class)
#assocstats(table_story_class)$cramer
#mosaicplot(table_story_class, shade=TRUE, main="Story vs. Persuasion Success")
# stacked bar chart
# table with counts and row percentage
# explain each piece of code and result
# independence of each post (no repeated measures)</pre>
```

```
\#(table\_level\_suspense \leftarrow table(df\$level\_suspense, df\$persuasion\_success))
#chisq.test(table_level_suspense)$expected
#chisq.test(table_level_suspense)
#assocstats(table_level_suspense)$cramer
#GKqamma(table_level_suspense)
# ordinal trend test (Cochran-Armitage)
# profile plot
# stacked bar chart
# heatmap
#(table_level_curiosity <- table(df$level_curiosity, df$persuasion_success))
#chisq.test(table_level_curiosity)$expected
#chisq.test(table_level_curiosity)
#assocstats(table_level_curiosity)$cramer
#GKqamma(table_level_curiosity)
# ordinal trend test (Cochran-Armitage)
# profile plot
# stacked bar chart
# heatmap
#(table_level_surprise <- table(df$level_surprise, df$persuasion_success))
#chisq.test(table_level_surprise)$expected
#chisq.test(table_level_surprise)
#assocstats(table_level_surprise)$cramer
#GKqamma(table level surprise)
# ordinal trend test (Cochran-Armitage)
# profile plot
# stacked bar chart
# heatmap
#full_model <- qlm(persuasion_success ~ story_class + level_suspense + level_curiosity + level_surprise
#summary(full_model)
#odds_ratios <- exp(coef(full_model))</pre>
#conf_ints <- exp(confint(full_model))</pre>
#cbind(odds_ratio = odds_ratios, low_conf_int = conf_ints[,1], upper_conf_int = conf_ints[,2])
```

## Everything missing.

## suspense curiosity surprise

```
## suspense 1.0000000 0.7196841 0.7903028
## curiosity 0.7196841 1.0000000 0.7854596
## surprise 0.7903028 0.7854596 1.0000000
# Test significance of correlations (suppress tie warnings - normal with ordinal data)
cor_test_results <- suppressWarnings(cor.test(df$suspense, df$curiosity, method = "spearman"))</pre>
cor_test_results2 <- suppressWarnings(cor.test(df$suspense, df$surprise, method = "spearman"))</pre>
cor_test_results3 <- suppressWarnings(cor.test(df$curiosity, df$surprise, method = "spearman"))</pre>
# Create correlation summary table
correlation_summary <- data.frame(</pre>
  Variable_Pair = c("Suspense-Curiosity", "Suspense-Surprise", "Curiosity-Surprise"),
  Spearman rho = c(cor test results sestimate, cor test results sestimate, cor test results sestimate),
  p_value = c(cor_test_results$p.value, cor_test_results2$p.value, cor_test_results3$p.value),
  Significance = c(
    ifelse(cor_test_results$p.value < 0.001, "***",</pre>
           ifelse(cor_test_results$p.value < 0.01, "**",</pre>
                   ifelse(cor_test_results$p.value < 0.05, "*", "ns"))),</pre>
    ifelse(cor_test_results2$p.value < 0.001, "***",</pre>
           ifelse(cor_test_results2$p.value < 0.01, "**",</pre>
                   ifelse(cor_test_results2$p.value < 0.05, "*", "ns"))),</pre>
    ifelse(cor_test_results3$p.value < 0.001, "***",</pre>
           ifelse(cor_test_results3$p.value < 0.01, "**",</pre>
                   ifelse(cor_test_results3$p.value < 0.05, "*", "ns")))</pre>
 )
)
print("Correlation Test Results:")
## [1] "Correlation Test Results:"
print(correlation_summary)
          Variable_Pair Spearman_rho p_value Significance
## 1 Suspense-Curiosity
                            0.7196841
                                             0
## 2 Suspense-Surprise
                            0.7903028
                                             0
                                                         ***
## 3 Curiosity-Surprise
                            0.7854596
                                                         ***
# 2. POST-HOC PAIRWISE COMPARISONS FOR CATEGORICAL VARIABLES
# Function to perform pairwise chi-square tests
perform_pairwise_chisq <- function(data, group_var, outcome_var) {</pre>
  levels_list <- levels(data[[group_var]])</pre>
  n_comparisons <- choose(length(levels_list), 2)</pre>
  results <- data.frame()
  for(i in 1:(length(levels_list)-1)) {
    for(j in (i+1):length(levels_list)) {
      # Subset data for two levels
      subset_data <- data[data[[group_var]] %in% c(levels_list[i], levels_list[j]), ]</pre>
      subset_data[[group_var]] <- droplevels(subset_data[[group_var]])</pre>
```

```
# Create contingency table
      cont_table <- table(subset_data[[group_var]], subset_data[[outcome_var]])</pre>
      # Perform chi-square test
      chisq result <- chisq.test(cont table)</pre>
      # Calculate percentages for each group
      prop_table <- prop.table(cont_table, 1) * 100</pre>
      yes_delta_pct1 <- prop_table[1, "Yes Delta"]</pre>
      yes_delta_pct2 <- prop_table[2, "Yes Delta"]</pre>
      results <- rbind(results, data.frame(</pre>
        Comparison = paste(levels_list[i], "vs", levels_list[j]),
        Chi_Square = round(chisq_result$statistic, 3),
        p_value = chisq_result$p.value,
        p_adjusted = p.adjust(chisq_result$p.value, method = "bonferroni", n = n_comparisons),
        Pct_YesDelta_Group1 = round(yes_delta_pct1, 2),
        Pct_YesDelta_Group2 = round(yes_delta_pct2, 2),
        stringsAsFactors = FALSE
     ))
    }
  }
  # Add significance indicators
  results$Significance <- ifelse(results$p_adjusted < 0.001, "***",
                                 ifelse(results$p_adjusted < 0.01, "**",</pre>
                                       ifelse(results$p_adjusted < 0.05, "*", "ns")))</pre>
  return(results)
}
# Pairwise comparisons for suspense levels
print("=== Pairwise comparisons for Suspense levels ===")
## [1] "=== Pairwise comparisons for Suspense levels ==="
suspense_pairwise <- perform_pairwise_chisq(df, "level_suspense", "persuasion_success")</pre>
print(suspense_pairwise)
                  Comparison Chi_Square
                                              p_value
                                                         p_adjusted
               low vs medium 62.663 2.452710e-15 7.358131e-15
## X-squared
                                12.134 4.950931e-04 1.485279e-03
## X-squared1
                 low vs high
                                  0.197 6.570883e-01 1.000000e+00
## X-squared2 medium vs high
              Pct_YesDelta_Group1 Pct_YesDelta_Group2 Significance
## X-squared
                             1.49
                                                  2.76
## X-squared1
                             1.49
                                                   3.12
                                                                  **
                              2.76
## X-squared2
                                                  3.12
                                                                  ns
# Pairwise comparisons for curiosity levels
print("=== Pairwise comparisons for Curiosity levels ===")
## [1] "=== Pairwise comparisons for Curiosity levels ==="
```

```
curiosity_pairwise <- perform_pairwise_chisq(df, "level_curiosity", "persuasion_success")</pre>
print(curiosity_pairwise)
##
                  Comparison Chi_Square
                                             p_value
                                                       p_adjusted
## X-squared
               low vs medium
                                77.185 1.556374e-18 4.669122e-18
                 low vs high
                                 73.315 1.105156e-17 3.315469e-17
## X-squared1
## X-squared2 medium vs high
                                 4.133 4.204851e-02 1.261455e-01
##
              Pct_YesDelta_Group1 Pct_YesDelta_Group2 Significance
## X-squared
                             1.36
                                                 2.35
                             1.36
                                                 2.89
## X-squared1
                                                                ***
## X-squared2
                             2.35
                                                 2.89
                                                                ns
# Pairwise comparisons for surprise levels
print("=== Pairwise comparisons for Surprise levels ===")
## [1] "=== Pairwise comparisons for Surprise levels ==="
surprise_pairwise <- perform_pairwise_chisq(df, "level_surprise", "persuasion_success")</pre>
print(surprise_pairwise)
##
                  Comparison Chi_Square
                                             p_value
                                                       p_adjusted
                                 52.716 3.854993e-13 1.156498e-12
## X-squared
               low vs medium
## X-squared1
                 low vs high
                                 0.000 1.000000e+00 1.000000e+00
                              11.963 5.426446e-04 1.627934e-03
## X-squared2 medium vs high
              Pct_YesDelta_Group1 Pct_YesDelta_Group2 Significance
## X-squared
                                                 2.73
                             1.51
## X-squared1
                             1.51
                                                 1.52
                                                                ns
## X-squared2
                             2.73
                                                 1.52
                                                                 **
# 3. MODEL COMPARISON AND SELECTION
# Main effects only model
main_model <- glm(persuasion_success ~ story_class + level_suspense + level_curiosity + level_surprise,
                  family = binomial, data = df)
full_model <- glm(persuasion_success ~ story_class + level_suspense + level_curiosity + level_surprise
# Likelihood ratio test comparing models
lr_test <- anova(main_model, full_model, test = "LRT")</pre>
print("Likelihood Ratio Test - Main vs Full Model:")
## [1] "Likelihood Ratio Test - Main vs Full Model:"
print(lr_test)
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: persuasion_success ~ story_class + level_suspense + level_curiosity +
       level_surprise
## Model 2: persuasion_success ~ story_class + level_suspense + level_curiosity +
```

```
##
       level_surprise + story_class:level_suspense + story_class:level_curiosity +
##
       story_class:level_surprise
##
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
        97560
## 1
                    15713
## 2
         97554
                    15707 6 6.7766
                                       0.342
# AIC/BIC comparison
model_comparison <- data.frame(</pre>
 Model = c("Main Effects", "Full Interactions"),
 AIC = c(AIC(main_model), AIC(full_model)),
 BIC = c(BIC(main model), BIC(full model)),
 Deviance = c(deviance(main_model), deviance(full_model))
print("Model Comparison:")
## [1] "Model Comparison:"
print(model_comparison)
##
                 Model
                            AIC
                                     BIC Deviance
          Main Effects 15729.35 15805.26 15713.35
## 2 Full Interactions 15734.58 15867.41 15706.58
# 4. ADDRESSING MULTICOLLINEARITY - CENTERED VARIABLES
# Create centered versions of variables for interactions
df$story_numeric <- as.numeric(df$story_class) - 1 # 0/1 coding
df$suspense_centered <- scale(as.numeric(df$level_suspense), center = TRUE, scale = FALSE)[,1]</pre>
df$curiosity_centered <- scale(as.numeric(df$level_curiosity), center = TRUE, scale = FALSE)[,1]</pre>
df$surprise_centered <- scale(as.numeric(df$level_surprise), center = TRUE, scale = FALSE)[,1]</pre>
# Interaction model with centered variables
centered_model <- glm(persuasion_success ~ story_class + level_suspense + level_curiosity + level_surpr
                      story_numeric:suspense_centered + story_numeric:curiosity_centered + story_numeri
                      family = binomial, data = df)
print("Centered Interaction Model Summary:")
## [1] "Centered Interaction Model Summary:"
summary(centered_model)
##
## glm(formula = persuasion_success ~ story_class + level_suspense +
       level_curiosity + level_surprise + story_numeric:suspense_centered +
       story_numeric:curiosity_centered + story_numeric:surprise_centered,
##
##
       family = binomial, data = df)
##
## Coefficients:
                                    Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
```

```
1.00328 0.90345 1.111 0.26678
## level_suspensehigh
## level_curiositymedium
                                   0.35832 0.09101
                                                         3.937 8.25e-05 ***
## level curiosityhigh
                                   0.04912 0.32169 0.153 0.87865
## level_surprisemedium
                                  -0.29839 0.20554 -1.452 0.14657
                                   -1.32019 0.42002
                                                        -3.143 0.00167 **
## level_surprisehigh
## story_numeric:suspense_centered -0.29086 0.44626
                                                        -0.652 0.51454
                                                         0.797 0.42570
## story_numeric:curiosity_centered 0.15307
                                              0.19217
## story_numeric:surprise_centered
                                    0.36411
                                              0.21780
                                                         1.672 0.09457 .
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 15875 on 97567
                                      degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 15709
                            on 97557
                                      degrees of freedom
## AIC: 15731
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 7
# Check VIF for centered model
print("VIF for Centered Model:")
## [1] "VIF for Centered Model:"
print(vif(centered_model))
## there are higher-order terms (interactions) in this model
## consider setting type = 'predictor'; see ?vif
##
                                        GVIF Df GVIF<sup>(1/(2*Df))</sup>
                                    6.511774 1
                                                      2.551818
## story class
                                  83.123478 2
## level_suspense
                                                      3.019471
                                   21.965361 2
## level_curiosity
                                                      2.164884
## level_surprise
                                   13.223054 2
                                                     1.906922
## story_numeric:suspense_centered 40.310825 1
                                                     6.349081
## story_numeric:curiosity_centered 15.931330 1
                                                     3.991407
## story_numeric:surprise_centered 11.058611 1
                                                      3.325449
# 5. FIRTH'S PENALIZED LIKELIHOOD REGRESSION
# Firth's logistic regression to address separation issues
firth_model <- logistf(persuasion_success ~ story_class + level_suspense + level_curiosity + level_surp
                      data = df
print("Firth's Penalized Likelihood Regression:")
## [1] "Firth's Penalized Likelihood Regression:"
```

0.03137 -136.751 < 2e-16 \*\*\*

2.212 0.02698 \*

-4.28968

0.33903 0.15328

0.51230 0.42889 1.194 0.23230

## (Intercept)

## story\_classStory

## level\_suspensemedium

```
summary(firth_model)
## logistf(formula =
```

```
## logistf(formula = persuasion_success ~ story_class + level_suspense +
       level_curiosity + level_surprise, data = df)
##
## Model fitted by Penalized ML
## Coefficients:
##
                                       se(coef) lower 0.95 upper 0.95
                                coef
                                                                              Chisq
## (Intercept)
                        -4.29517713 0.03111818 -4.35677327 -4.2347682
                                                                                Tnf
## story_classStory
                          0.45426575 0.10492974 0.24771572 0.6598119 18.42788374
## level suspensemedium
                          0.20099392 0.14861956 -0.09479725 0.4898045 1.78693654
## level suspensehigh
                          0.50888759 0.23790255 0.01948901 0.9583380 4.13804854
## level curiositymedium 0.36171919 0.08305443 0.19633956 0.5224211 17.76821078
## level_curiosityhigh
                          0.26050513\ 0.15285836\ -0.03825810\ 0.5632582\ 2.91600699
## level surprisemedium -0.01545902 0.10456469 -0.22303471 0.1878908 0.02179794
## level_surprisehigh
                         -0.70348280 0.17357803 -1.05740030 -0.3735217 18.84002598
##
                                    p method
## (Intercept)
                         0.000000e+00
## story classStory
                         1.764569e-05
                                           2
## level_suspensemedium 1.812999e-01
                                           2
## level_suspensehigh
                         4.192948e-02
                                           2
## level_curiositymedium 2.495176e-05
                                           2
## level_curiosityhigh
                         8.770465e-02
                                           2
                                           2
## level_surprisemedium 8.826259e-01
## level_surprisehigh
                         1.421525e-05
## Method: 1-Wald, 2-Profile penalized log-likelihood, 3-None
## Likelihood ratio test=164.3837 on 7 df, p=0, n=97568
## Wald test = 25456.91 on 7 df, p = 0
# 6. EFFECT SIZE INTERPRETATION
# Function to interpret Cramer's V effect sizes
interpret_cramers_v <- function(v) {</pre>
  case when(
   v < 0.1 ~ "Negligible",
   v < 0.3 ~ "Small",</pre>
   v < 0.5 \sim "Medium",
   TRUE ~ "Large"
  )
}
# Create effect size summary table
effect sizes <- data.frame(</pre>
  Variable = c("Story Class", "Suspense Level", "Curiosity Level", "Surprise Level"),
  Cramers_V = c(0.03876783, 0.02759249, 0.03657677, 0.02344496),
 Interpretation = c(
   interpret_cramers_v(0.03876783),
   interpret_cramers_v(0.02759249),
    interpret cramers v(0.03657677),
    interpret_cramers_v(0.02344496)
```

```
print("Effect Size Interpretations:")
## [1] "Effect Size Interpretations:"
print(effect_sizes)
##
           Variable Cramers_V Interpretation
        Story Class 0.03876783
                                   Negligible
## 2 Suspense Level 0.02759249
                                   Negligible
## 3 Curiosity Level 0.03657677
                                   Negligible
## 4 Surprise Level 0.02344496
                                   Negligible
# 7. SIMPLIFIED MODEL WITHOUT PROBLEMATIC INTERACTIONS
# Model without suspense interactions (due to high VIF)
reduced_model <- glm(persuasion_success ~ story_class + level_suspense + level_curiosity + level_surpri
                    story_class:level_curiosity + story_class:level_surprise,
                    family = binomial, data = df)
print("Reduced Model (without suspense interactions):")
## [1] "Reduced Model (without suspense interactions):"
summary(reduced_model)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = persuasion_success ~ story_class + level_suspense +
      level_curiosity + level_surprise + story_class:level_curiosity +
      story_class:level_surprise, family = binomial, data = df)
##
## Coefficients:
                                        Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                        -4.29208 0.03146 -136.426 < 2e-16
## story_classStory
                                         0.36557
                                                  0.20460 1.787 0.0740
## level_suspensemedium
                                         0.18477 0.17082 1.082 0.2794
## level_suspensehigh
                                         0.42790 0.24329 1.759 0.0786
                                                              4.159 3.2e-05
## level_curiositymedium
                                         0.38662
                                                    0.09296
                                        -0.61775
## level_curiosityhigh
                                                    0.72029 -0.858 0.3911
## level_surprisemedium
                                        -0.10661 0.23885
                                                              -0.446 0.6554
                                                    0.70966
                                                             -2.382 0.0172
## level_surprisehigh
                                        -1.69014
## story_classStory:level_curiositymedium  0.03264
                                                    0.22113
                                                               0.148 0.8827
## story_classStory:level_curiosityhigh
                                         0.95487
                                                    0.74231 1.286 0.1983
## story_classStory:level_surprisemedium
                                         0.14334
                                                    0.26681 0.537
                                                                       0.5911
## story_classStory:level_surprisehigh
                                                    0.73360 1.510 0.1310
                                         1.10775
##
## (Intercept)
                                         ***
## story_classStory
## level_suspensemedium
```

```
## level_suspensehigh
## level_curiositymedium
                                          ***
## level curiosityhigh
## level_surprisemedium
## level_surprisehigh
## story classStory:level curiositymedium
## story_classStory:level_curiosityhigh
## story_classStory:level_surprisemedium
## story_classStory:level_surprisehigh
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 15875 on 97567 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 15707 on 97556 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 15731
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 7
print("VIF for Reduced Model:")
## [1] "VIF for Reduced Model:"
print(vif(reduced_model))
## there are higher-order terms (interactions) in this model
## consider setting type = 'predictor'; see ?vif
                                     GVIF Df GVIF<sup>(1/(2*Df))</sup>
##
## story_class
                              11.603535 1
                                                    3.406396
## level_suspense
                               5.582612 2
                                                   1.537126
## level_curiosity
                              138.229246 2
                                                  3.428862
                              169.262366 2
## level_surprise
                                                   3.606950
## story_class:level_curiosity 528.752528 2
                                                    4.795271
## story_class:level_surprise 192.097048 2
                                                    3.722890
# Compare reduced model to full model
lr_test_reduced <- anova(reduced_model, full_model, test = "LRT")</pre>
print("LR Test - Reduced vs Full Model:")
## [1] "LR Test - Reduced vs Full Model:"
print(lr_test_reduced)
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model 1: persuasion_success ~ story_class + level_suspense + level_curiosity +
       level_surprise + story_class:level_curiosity + story_class:level_surprise
## Model 2: persuasion_success ~ story_class + level_suspense + level_curiosity +
       level_surprise + story_class:level_suspense + story_class:level_curiosity +
##
```

```
##
       story_class:level_surprise
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance Pr(>Chi)
##
## 1
         97556
                    15707
## 2
         97554
                    15707 2 0.85836
                                         0.651
# 8. ADDITIONAL MODEL DIAGNOSTICS
# Pseudo R-squared for models
pseudo_r2 <- function(model) {</pre>
  1 - (model$deviance / model$null.deviance)
print("Pseudo R-squared values:")
## [1] "Pseudo R-squared values:"
print(paste("Main Model:", round(pseudo r2(main model), 4)))
## [1] "Main Model: 0.0102"
print(paste("Full Model:", round(pseudo_r2(full_model), 4)))
## [1] "Full Model: 0.0106"
print(paste("Reduced Model:", round(pseudo_r2(reduced_model), 4)))
## [1] "Reduced Model: 0.0106"
# Create summary table for all models
model summary table <- data.frame(</pre>
  Model = c("Main Effects", "Full Interactions", "Reduced Interactions"),
 AIC = c(AIC(main_model), AIC(full_model), AIC(reduced_model)),
 BIC = c(BIC(main_model), BIC(full_model), BIC(reduced_model)),
 Pseudo_R2 = c(pseudo_r2(main_model), pseudo_r2(full_model), pseudo_r2(reduced_model)),
  Max_VIF = c(max(vif(main_model)), max(vif(full_model)[,3]), max(vif(reduced_model)[,3]))
)
## there are higher-order terms (interactions) in this model
## consider setting type = 'predictor'; see ?vif
## there are higher-order terms (interactions) in this model
## consider setting type = 'predictor'; see ?vif
print("Complete Model Comparison Table:")
## [1] "Complete Model Comparison Table:"
print(model_summary_table)
##
                    Model
                               AIC
                                        BIC Pseudo_R2
                                                        {	t Max\_VIF}
## 1
             Main Effects 15729.35 15805.26 0.01018734 4.691517
        Full Interactions 15734.58 15867.41 0.01061421 57.287301
## 3 Reduced Interactions 15731.44 15845.30 0.01056014 4.795271
```