

# Image Convolutions

```

• begin
•     using Statistics
•     using Images
•     using FFTW
•     using Plots
•     using DSP
•     using ImageFiltering
•     using PlutoUI
•     using OffsetArrays
• end

```

shrink\_image (generic function with 2 methods)

```

• function shrink_image(image, ratio=5)
•     (height, width) = size(image)
•     new_height = height ÷ ratio - 1
•     new_width = width ÷ ratio - 1
•     list = [
•         mean(image[
•             ratio * i:ratio * (i + 1),
•             ratio * j:ratio * (j + 1),
•         ])
•         for j in 1:new_width
•         for i in 1:new_height
•     ]
•     reshape(list, new_height, new_width)
• end

```



```

• begin
•     url = "https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/en/thumb/0/03/TheOreoCat.jpeg/900px-TheOreoCat.jpeg"
•     download(url, "cat_in_a_hat.jpg")
•     large_image = load("cat_in_a_hat.jpg")
•     image = shrink_image(large_image, 7)
• end

```

```

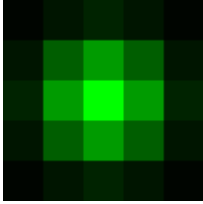
kernel = 5x5 OffsetArray{::Array{Float64,2}, -2:2, -2:2} with eltype Float64 with indices
s -2:2x-2:2:
 0.002969016743950497  0.013306209891013651  ...  0.002969016743950497
 0.013306209891013651  0.059634295436180124  ...  0.013306209891013651
 0.02193823127971464  0.09832033134884574  ...  0.02193823127971464
 0.013306209891013651  0.059634295436180124  ...  0.013306209891013651
 0.002969016743950497  0.013306209891013651  ...  0.002969016743950497

```

```
• kernel = Kernel.gaussian((1, 1))
```

show\_colored\_kernel (generic function with 1 method)

```
• function show_colored_kernel(kernel)
•     to_rgb(x) = RGB(max(-x, 0), max(x, 0), 0)
•     to_rgb.(kernel) / maximum(abs.(kernel))
• end
```



```
• show_colored_kernel(kernel)
```

clamp\_at\_boundary (generic function with 1 method)

```
• function clamp_at_boundary(M, i, j)
•     return M[
•         clamp(i, 1, size(M, 1)),
•         clamp(j, 1, size(M, 2)),
•     ]
• end
```

3

```
• begin
•     I = [1 2 3; 8 4 9]
•     size(I, 2)
• end
```

convolve (generic function with 2 methods)

```
• function convolve(M, kernel, M_index_function=clamp_at_boundary)
•     height = size(kernel, 1)
•     width = size(kernel, 2)
•
•     half_height = height ÷ 2
•     half_width = width ÷ 2
•
•     new_image = similar(M)
•
•     # (i, j) loop over the original image
•     @inbounds for i in 1:size(M, 1)
•         for j in 1:size(M, 2)
•             # (k, l) loop over the neighbouring pixels
•             new_image[i, j] = sum([
•                 kernel[k, l] * M_index_function(M, i - k, j - l)
•                 for k in -half_height:-half_height + height - 1
•                 for l in -half_width:-half_width + width - 1
•             ])
•         end
•     end
•     return new_image
• end
```

6×6 Array{Float64,2}:

```

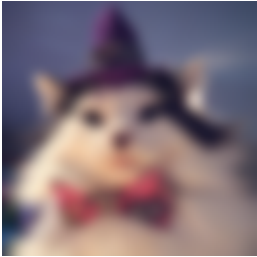
114.85918756263384 140.0070399060573 ... 112.4211026781003 83.82610630511002
79.51984223925064 123.32722079915104 ... 90.88366234552912 99.24989422673832
114.99244728908782 76.50841808351247 ... 139.35295170297752 127.39724235874077
31.89652540904718 54.75988866400508 ... 95.68258786210048 41.65183605959037
13.397858245628077 33.99550908324552 ... 64.24391644622891 111.03540092735439
37.663498128234615 80.35542838914873 ... 111.26154651019945 36.18171748110745

```

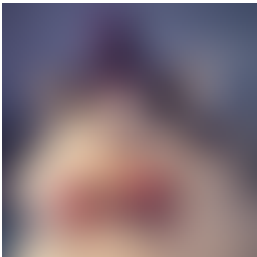
```

• begin
•   K = OffsetArray(gaussian((3,3), 0.25), -1:1, -1:1)
•   U = rand(1.0:100.0, 6, 6);
•   convolve(U, K)
• end

```



```
• convolve(image, Kernel.gaussian((3, 3)))
```



```
• convolve(image, Kernel.gaussian((10, 10)))
```

```

sharpen_kernel = 3×3 OffsetArray{::Array{Float64,2}, -1:1, -1:1} with eltype Float64 with
  indices -1:1×-1:1:
  -0.5  -1.0  -0.5
  -1.0   7.0  -1.0
  -0.5  -1.0  -0.5

```

```

• sharpen_kernel = centered([
•   -0.5 -1.0 -0.5
•   -1.0  7.0 -1.0
•   -0.5 -1.0 -0.5
• ])

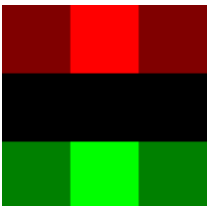
```

```

edge_detection_kernel_horizontal = 3×3 OffsetArray{::Array{Float64,2}, -1:1, -1:1} with
  eltype Float64 with indices -1:1×-1:1:
  -0.125  -0.25  -0.125
   0.0     0.0   0.0
   0.125   0.25   0.125

```

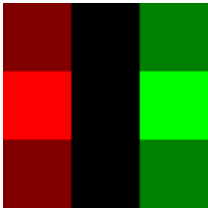
```
• edge_detection_kernel_horizontal = Kernel.sobel()[1]
```



- `show_colored_kernel(edge_detection_kernel_horizontal)`

```
edge_detection_kernel_vertical = 3×3 OffsetArray{::Array{Float64,2}, -1:1, -1:1} with el
                                type Float64 with indices -1:1×-1:1:
                                -0.125  0.0  0.125
                                -0.25   0.0  0.25
                                -0.125  0.0  0.125
```

- `edge_detection_kernel_vertical = Kernel.sobel()[2]`



- `show_colored_kernel(edge_detection_kernel_vertical)`

0.0

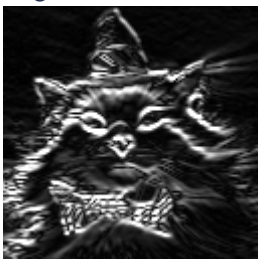
- `sum(edge_detection_kernel_vertical)`

`edge_enhanced_vertical =`

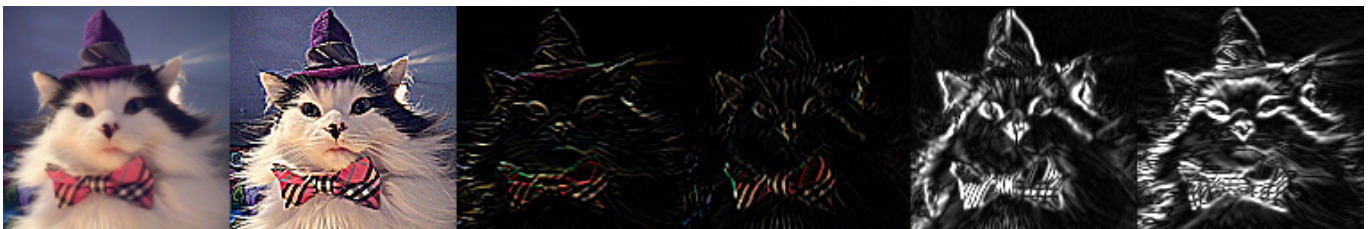


- `edge_enhanced_vertical = 3 * Gray.(abs.(convolve(image, edge_detection_kernel_vertical)))`

`edge_enhanced_horizontal =`



- `edge_enhanced_horizontal = 3 * Gray.(abs.(convolve(image, edge_detection_kernel_horizontal)))`



- `[image convolve(image, sharpen_kernel) convolve(convolve(image, sharpen_kernel), edge_detection_kernel_horizontal) convolve(convolve(image, sharpen_kernel), edge_detection_kernel_vertical) edge_enhanced_vertical edge_enhanced_horizontal]`

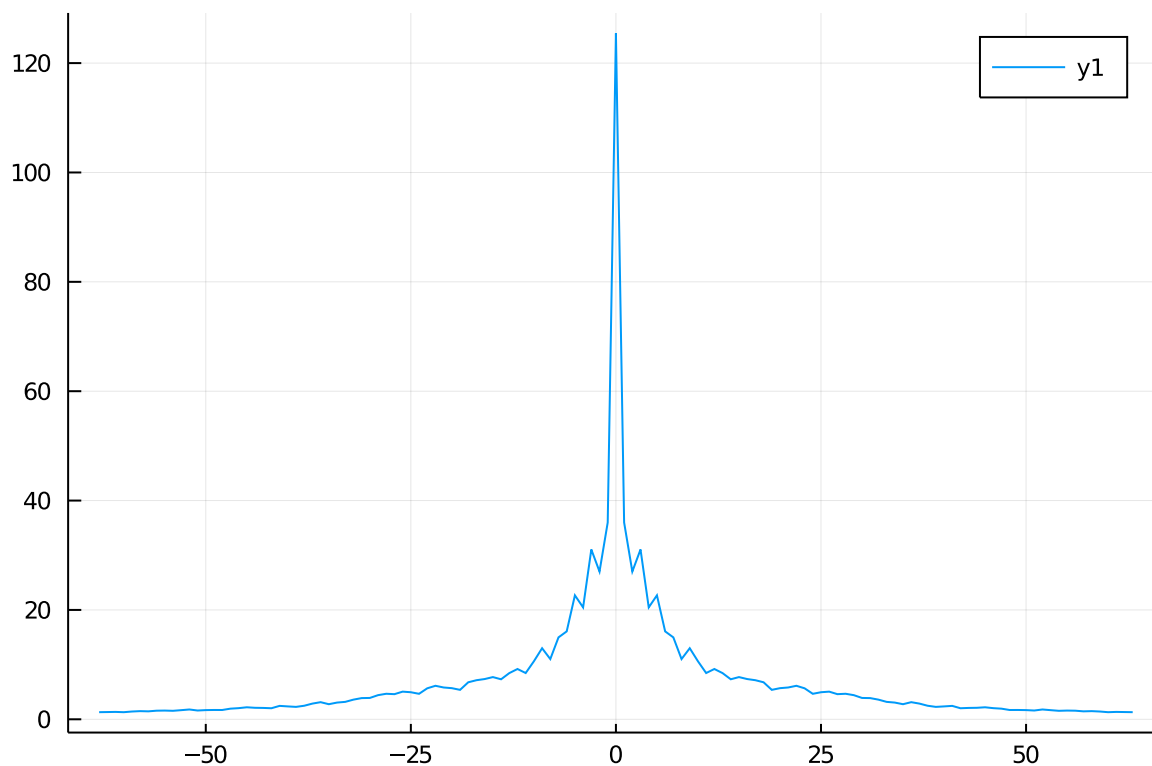
1.0

- `sum(sharpen_kernel)`

# Trying Fourier Transforms

`plot_1d_fourier_spectrum` (generic function with 2 methods)

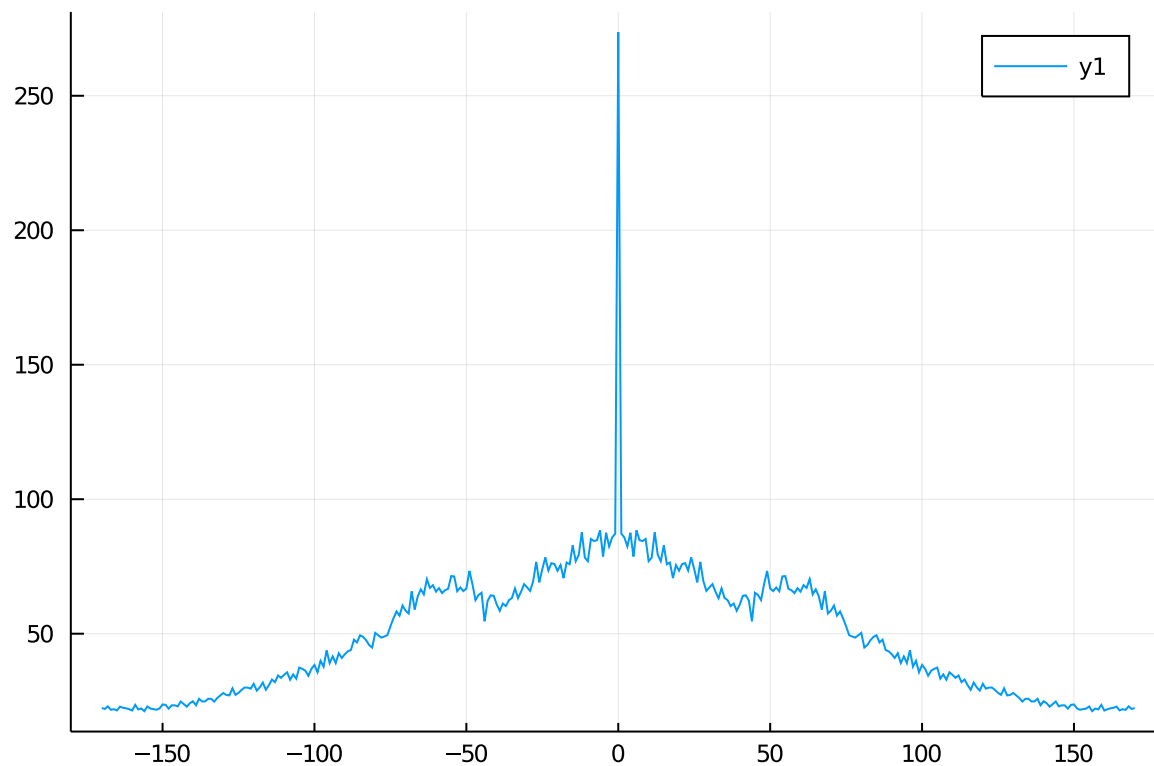
```
• begin
•   function rgb_to_float(color)
•       return mean([color.r, color.g, color.b])
•   end
•
•   function fourier_spectrum_magnitudes(img)
•       grey_values = rgb_to_float.(img)
•       spectrum = fftshift(fft(grey_values))
•       return abs.(spectrum)
•   end
•
•   function plot_1d_fourier_spectrum(img, dims=1)
•       spectrum = fourier_spectrum_magnitudes(img)
•       plot(centered(mean(spectrum, dims=1)[1:end]))
•   end
• end
```



- `plot_1d_fourier_spectrum(image)`



```
• begin
•   herd_zebras_url =
•     "https://i.pinimg.com/originals/3c/66/74/3c6674c2c869cccd741379fe593294d.jpg"
•   download(herd_zebras_url, "herd_zebras.jpg")
•   large_zebras = load("herd_zebras.jpg")
•   shrink_zebras = shrink_image(large_zebras, 7)
• end
```



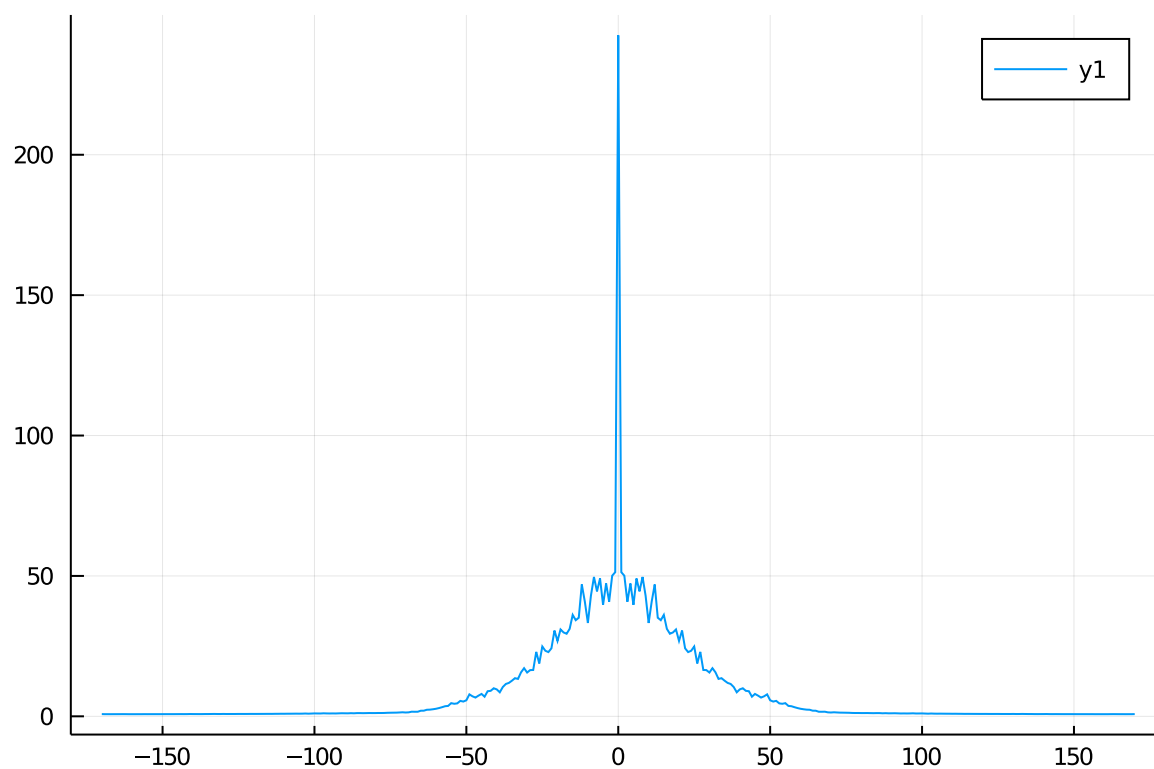
```
• plot_1d_fourier_spectrum(shrink_zebras)
```



```

• begin
  gauss_kernel = Kernel.gaussian((2, 2))
  conv_image = convolve(shrink_zebras, gauss_kernel)
• end
•

```



```

• plot_1d_fourier_spectrum(conv_image)

```

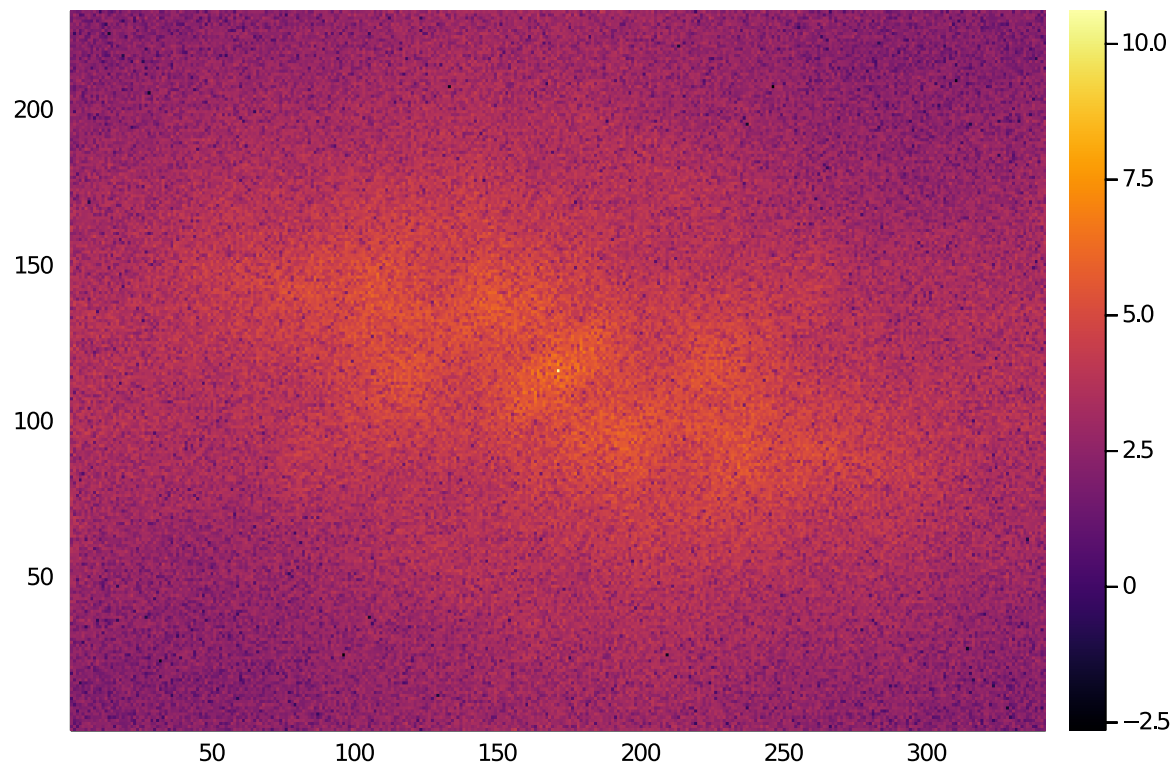
heatmap\_2d\_fourier\_spectrum (generic function with 1 method)

```

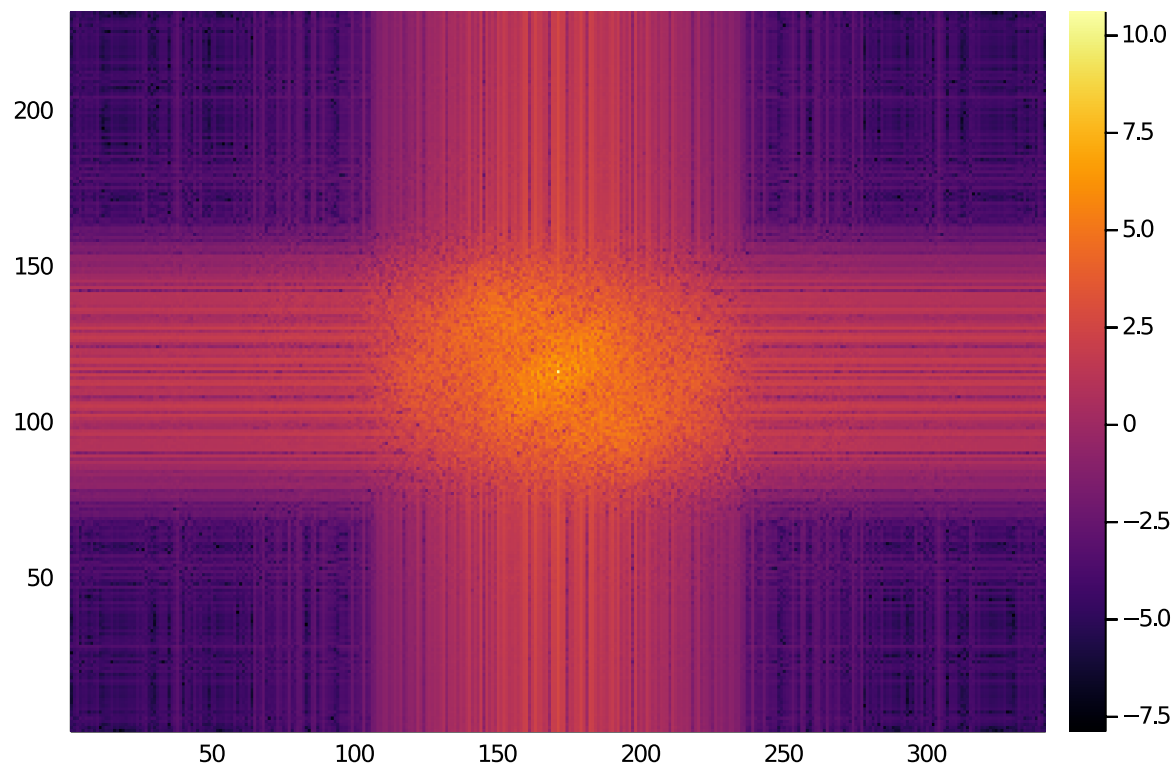
• begin
•   function heatmap_2d_fourier_spectrum(img)
•       heatmap(log.(fourier_spectrum_magnitudes(img)))
•   end
•
•   function heatmap_2d_fourier_spectrum(img)
•       heatmap(log.(fourier_spectrum_magnitudes(img)))
•   end
• end

```





```
• heatmap_2d_fourier_spectrum(shrink zebras)
```



```
• heatmap_2d_fourier_spectrum(conv_image)
```

```
• Enter cell code...
```



