

# Intermediate Code

`x` and `y` can either be variables or constants, used as operands to instructions. `t` is a destination variable.

<code>t = x</code>	Simple Assignment
<code>t = load from x</code> <code>store x to addr y</code>	Load from and store to memory
<code>declare var t</code> <code>allocate x bytes for var y</code>	Declare a new variable <code>t</code> . Allocate memory for <code>y</code> (used for allocating aggregate data structures e.g. arrays).
<code>reference var x</code>	A non-executable instruction used internally to mark a variable as live at this program point.
<code>t = &amp;x</code>	Address-of operator
<code>t = ~x</code>	Bitwise NOT
<code>t = !x</code>	Logical NOT
<code>t = x * y</code>	Multiplication
<code>t = x / y</code>	Division
<code>t = x % y</code>	Modulus
<code>t = x + y</code>	Addition
<code>t = x - y</code>	Subtraction
<code>t = x &lt;&lt; y</code>	Left-shift
<code>t = x &gt;&gt; y</code>	Right-shift (signed-extending for signed <code>x</code> , zero-filling for unsigned <code>x</code> )
<code>t = x &amp; y</code>	Bitwise AND
<code>t = x   y</code>	Bitwise OR
<code>t = x ^ y</code>	Bitwise XOR
<code>t = x &amp;&amp; y</code>	Logical AND
<code>t = x    y</code>	Logical OR
<code>t = x &lt; y</code>	Less-than comparison
<code>t = x &gt; y</code>	Greater-than comparison
<code>t = x &lt;= y</code>	Less-than or equal comparison
<code>t = x &gt;= y</code>	Greater-than or equal comparison
<code>t = x == y</code>	Equality comparison
<code>t = x != y</code>	Not equal comparison
<code>t = call f(p<sub>1</sub>, p<sub>2</sub>, ...)</code>	Call function <code>f</code> with parameters <code>p<sub>i</sub></code> (either variables or constants)

<code>tail-call f(p<sub>1</sub>, p<sub>2</sub>, ...)</code>	Call function <code>f</code> and return the result from the current function
<code>return [x]</code>	Return from the current function. The return value <code>x</code> is optional.
<code>label &lt;l&gt;</code>	Attach a label to the current program point (immediately before the next instruction).
<code>br &lt;l&gt;</code>	Unconditional branch
<code>br &lt;l&gt; if x == y</code>	Conditional branch; executed if operands are equal.
<code>br &lt;l&gt; if x != y</code>	Conditional branch; executed if operands are not equal.
<code>t = &amp;&lt;sid&gt;</code>	Static address of the string literal with id <code>&lt;sid&gt;</code>
<code>t = (i8 → i16) x</code> <code>t = (i8 → u16) x</code> <code>t = (u8 → u16) x</code> <code>t = (u8 → u16) x</code>	Char promotions
<code>t = (i16 → i32) x</code> <code>t = (u16 → i32) x</code>	Promotions to signed integer
<code>t = (i16 → u32) x</code> <code>t = (u16 → u32) x</code> <code>t = (i32 → u32) x</code>	Promotions to unsigned integer
<code>t = (i32 → i64) x</code> <code>t = (u32 → i64) x</code>	Promotions to signed long
<code>t = (i32 → u64) x</code> <code>t = (u32 → u64) x</code> <code>t = (i64 → u64) x</code>	Promotions to unsigned long
<code>t = (u32 → f32) x</code> <code>t = (i32 → f32) x</code> <code>t = (u64 → f32) x</code> <code>t = (i64 → f32) x</code>	Integer to float conversions
<code>t = (u32 → f64) x</code> <code>t = (i32 → f64) x</code> <code>t = (u64 → f64) x</code> <code>t = (i64 → f64) x</code>	Integer to double conversions
<code>t = (f32 → f64) x</code>	Float to double promotion
<code>t = (f64 → i32) x</code>	Double to int conversion
<code>t = (i32 → i8) x</code> <code>t = (u32 → i8) x</code> <code>t = (i64 → i8) x</code> <code>t = (u64 → i8) x</code> <code>t = (i32 → u8) x</code> <code>t = (u32 → u8) x</code> <code>t = (i64 → u8) x</code>	Integer truncation

<code>t = (u64 → u8) x</code> <code>t = (i64 → i32) x</code> <code>t = (u64 → i32) x</code>	
<code>t = (u32 → *) x</code> <code>t = (i32 → *) x</code> <code>t = (* → i32) x</code>	Conversions between integer and pointer
<code>nop</code>	No-op
<code>break &lt;loop_block_id&gt;</code> <code>continue &lt;loop_block_id&gt;</code> <code>end handled &lt;multiple_block_id&gt;</code>	Control-flow instructions inserted by the Relooper algorithm as it processes branch instructions.
<code>if x == y {} else {}</code> <code>if x != y {} else {}</code>	Conditional control flow instructions with nested instructions for each branch. These are only inserted by the Relooper algorithm, to replace a conditional branch with conditionally setting the label variable and then branching.

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