

MFE230Q: Assignment 3 - Due April 19, 2022

1. (*Exercises 4.1, 4.2 Björk*) Compute the stochastic differential dx when $W(s)$ is a standard Brownian motion (a Wiener process) and

(a) $x(t) = e^{at}$

(b) $x(t) = \int_0^t g(s) dW(s)$

(c) $x(t) = e^{\alpha W(t)}$

(d) $x(t) = e^{\alpha y(t)}$, where $dy = \mu dt + \sigma dW$

(e) $x(t) = y^2(t)$, where $dy = \alpha y dt + \sigma y dW$

(f) $x(t) = \frac{1}{y(t)}$, where $dy = \alpha y dt + \sigma y dW$

2. (*Exercise 4.3 Björk*): Let σ_t be a deterministic function of time and define the process X by

$$X(t) = \int_0^t \sigma_s dW_s. \quad (1)$$

Show that the so-called *Characteristic Function* of X_t is given by

$$E_0 \left[e^{iuX(t)} \right] = e^{-\frac{u^2}{2} \int_0^t ds \sigma_s^2} \quad (2)$$

Here, i is the so-called ‘imaginary number’ in that $i^2 = -1$. Characteristic functions are important since their *Fourier Transform* gives the probability density $\pi \left(X(t) | X(0) \right)$. They are also closely related to the so-called *Moment Generating Function*, which allows us to determine mean, variance, etc.

3. (*Exercise 4.4 Björk*): Suppose the dynamics of X_t follows

$$dX = \alpha X dt + \sigma_t dW, \quad (3)$$

where α is any real number and σ_t is any stochastic process. Identify $E_0 [X(t)]$.

4. (*Exercise 4.8 Björk*): Suppose the dynamics of (X_t, Y_t) follow the processes:

$$dX = \alpha X dt - Y dW \quad (4)$$

$$dY = \alpha Y dt + X dW. \quad (5)$$

(let me emphasize that there is only one BM here). Assume X_0, Y_0 are given constants. Identify the process dR , where $R(X, Y) = X^2 + Y^2$.

5. (*Exercise 5.1 Björk*): You are given the initial value X_0 and the X dynamics

$$dX = \alpha X dt + \sigma dW, \quad (6)$$

where α and σ are constants.

- (a) Determine the dynamics of dY , where $Y(X, t) = e^{-\alpha t} X$
- (b) Using 5a), show that we can formally integrate the dynamics of X via

$$X(t) = e^{\alpha t} X(0) + \sigma \int_0^t e^{\alpha(t-s)} dW_s. \quad (7)$$

- (c) Intuitively argue why $X(t) | \mathcal{F}_0$ is normally distributed.
Then determine $E_0 [X(T) | X(0)]$ and $\text{Var}_0 [X(T) | X(0)]$.