## **Attention**

- Use a separate folder for each problem.
- Create a project (.mzp) for each problem, if there is any data file involved.
  - Add the model files (\*.mzn) and the data files (\*.dzn)
- Configure the solver to obtain the solution statistics, to search for one or all solutions, and to set a time limit when needed.
- Use commas when reporting big numbers. E.g.,
  - 976474 instead of 976,474
- Submit one single zip file.
- Indicate the group partner in the submission comments.

Considera il modello tutto diverso degli n-Queens.

Pubblicare tutti i diversi vincoli utilizzando vincoli globali o scomponendoli.

## **N-Queens**

- Consider the n-Queens all different model.
- Post the alldifferent constraints either by using global constraints or by decomposing them.
- Search for one solution for N = 28, 29 and 30 using the input order of the variables and the values with Gecode.

```
solve :: int_search(q, input_order, indomain_min) satisfy;
```

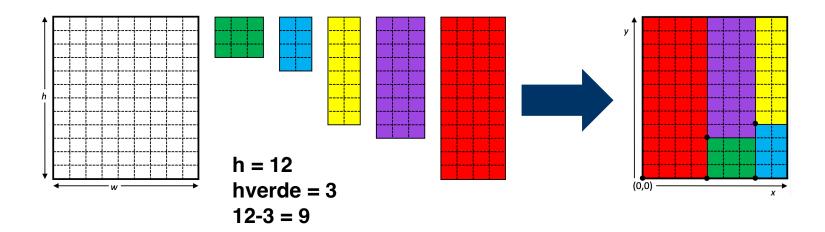
## **N-Queens**

 Report the number of the failures and the total time of the two models in a table.

n	Alldiffer	ent GC	Decomposition			
	Fails	Time	Fails	Time		
28						
29						
30						

### **Poster Placement**

 Given a set of posters in rectangle shapes and their size, and a bounded paper roll size, find a placement of the posters on the paper so that they can be printed without changing their orientation.



## **Poster Placement**

- Model the problem.
  - What are the variables and the domains?
  - What are the constraints?
- Start with naïve constraint expressions and then look for an appropriate global constraint.
- Search for one solution to the two provided instances using the default search of Gecode.

## **Poster Placement**

• Report the number of the failures and the total time in a table.

Instance	Naïve Model		Global Model		
	Fails	Time	Fails	Time	
19x19					
20x20					

### Comments

 Comment briefly on how the solver performance changes from one (decomposed or non-global) model to the global model, along with a justification.

# The Sequence Puzzle

- Consider the model of the sequence puzzle.
  - Variables and Domains

• 
$$X_0, ..., X_{n-1} \in \{0, ..., n-1\}$$

- Constraints
  - for all i,  $X_i = \sum_j (X_j = i)$
- Implied constraints
  - $\bullet \sum_i X_i = n$
  - $\bullet \sum_{i} X_{i} * i = n$
- Globalize the main problem constraints.

# The Sequence Puzzle

- Search for one solution for N = 500 and N=1000, using the default search of Gecode.
- Show the number of the failures and the total time of all the models in a table.

n	Base		Base + Implied		Global		Global + Implied	
	Fails	Time	Fails	Time	Fails	Time	Fails	Time
500								
1000								

### **Comments**

- Answer briefly the following questions on the solver performance.
  - Going from Base → Global, and going from Base + Implied → Global + Implied: what is the main advantage of using a global constraint? Why?
  - Is there an implied constraint that now becomes redundant in the Global + Implied model? Why?