**MVT** 

Model View and Template,

Model

Data access layer RESPONSIBILITIES;

DEFINING STRUCTURE OF YOUR DB

models → Python classes

View

The View fetches data from the Model and processes it.

Template: passes the data to the template for rendering

Url dispatcher: Django match the url to the view

**Response**: The rendered HTML is sent back to the user as a response.

# **Key Differences Between MVT and MVC**

- MVC:
  - Controller: Handles user input and updates the Model and View.
- MVT:
  - View: Acts as the Controller in MVC, handling user input and business logic.
  - o **Template**: Acts as the View in MVC, handling presentation logic.

```
class Category(models.Model):
   title = models.CharField(max_length=100)
   description = models.TextField()
   def __str__(self):
     return self.title
```

Abstract

Abstract painting is a non-representational art form that uses color, shape, and other elements to create an effect, rather than depicting reality: Purpose

Realism

Realism is an art movement that depicts everyday life in a naturalistic manner, often with close attention to detail. Realist paintings are characterized by their realistic appearance and their focus on representing life in its ideals or abstract concepts.

realism real

# **Create a Django Project**

Run the following commands:

```
bash
CopyEdit
django-admin startproject painting_shop
cd painting_shop
python manage.py startapp shop
```

# Configure settings.py

Open painting\_shop/settings.py and make these changes:

### **Register the App**

```
python
CopyEdit
INSTALLED_APPS = [
    'django.contrib.admin',
    'django.contrib.auth',
    'django.contrib.contenttypes',
    'django.contrib.sessions',
    'django.contrib.messages',
    'django.contrib.staticfiles',
    'shop', # Add your app here
]
```

## **Set Up Static and Media Files**

```
python
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STATIC_URL = '/static/'
STATICFILES_DIRS = [BASE_DIR / 'static']
MEDIA_URL = '/media/'
MEDIA_ROOT = BASE_DIR / 'media'
```

### **Configure URL Handling**

Create the Models for Categories ,Paintings and Order

```
database models
from django import forms # Importing Django's forms module to create
form classes
from django.contrib.auth.models import User # Importing the built-in
Abstract, Portraits)
class Category(models.Model):
    title = models.CharField(max length=100) # CharField for storing
   description = models.TextField() # TextField for storing detailed
class Painting(models.Model):
    title = models.CharField(max length=100) # Name of the painting
   artist = models.CharField(max length=100) # Name of the artist who
   category = models.ForeignKey(
       Category, on delete=models.CASCADE, related name='paintings'
```

```
created at = models.DateTimeField(auto now add=True) # Stores
painting creation date and time
   price = models.DecimalField(max digits=10, decimal places=2) #
    image = models.ImageField(upload to='media/images/', blank=True,
null=True)
   def str (self):
       return self.title # Returns the painting title when displayed
class ContactForm(forms.Form):
       max length=100,
       widget=forms.TextInput(attrs={'class': 'form-control'})
   email = forms.EmailField(
        widget=forms.EmailInput(attrs={'class': 'form-control'})
   message = forms.CharField(
        widget=forms.Textarea(attrs={'class': 'form-control', 'rows':
5})
```

```
class Order(models.Model):
    user = models.ForeignKey(User, on_delete=models.CASCADE)
    # Links the order to a specific user (Many-to-One with User)
    # CASCADE ensures that if a user is deleted, all their orders are
deleted too
    painting = models.ForeignKey(Painting, on_delete=models.CASCADE)
    # Links the order to a specific painting (Many-to-One with
Painting)
    order_date = models.DateTimeField(auto_now_add=True)
    # Stores the date and time when the order was placed
    quantity = models.PositiveIntegerField(default=1)
    # Quantity of paintings ordered, defaults to 1

    def __str__(self):
        return f"Order by {self.user.username} for
{self.painting.title}"
    # String representation of the order

# Alternative:
# You could add a status field to track the order progress (e.g.,
Pending, Shipped, Delivered)
# status = models.CharField(max_length=20, choices=[('Fending',
'Pending'), ('Shipped', 'Shipped'), ('Delivered', 'Delivered')],
default='Pending')
```

### Add changes to admin.py

```
from django.contrib import admin
from .models import Category, Painting
# Register your models here.

admin.site.register(Category)
admin.site.register(Painting)
```

Create a template/core folder in app

#### Create base.html

```
{% load static %}
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

```
Chtml lang="en">
 <meta charset="UTF-8">
initial-scale=1.0">
 <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
 <link rel="stylesheet" href="{% static 'styling.css' %}">
href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@5.3.0/dist/css/bootstrap.m
in.css" rel="stylesheet">
href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css2?family=Roboto:wght@400;500;700&
display=swap" rel="stylesheet">
src="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@5.3.0/dist/js/bootstrap.bun
           <a class="navbar-brand" href="#">Navbar</a>
           <button class="navbar-toggler" type="button"</pre>
data-toggle="collapse" data-target="#navbarNav"
aria-controls="navbarNav" aria-expanded="false" aria-label="Toggle
            <a class="nav-link" href="#">Home</a>
                <a class="nav-link" href="#">Features</a>
```

#### Create home.html

```
</div>
   <div class="carousel-inner">
      <div class="carousel-item active" data-bs-interval="10000">
src="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1515405295579-ba7b45403062?w=100
8MjB8fHBhaW50aW5nfGVufDB8fDB8fHww" class="d-block w-100" alt="...">
       <div class="carousel-caption d-none d-md-block">
         <h5>First slide label</h5>
         Some representative placeholder content for the first
slide.
      <div class="carousel-item" data-bs-interval="2000">
src="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1576773689115-5cd2b0223523?w=100
0&auto=format&fit=crop&q=60&ixlib=rb-4.0.3&ixid=M3wxMjA3fDB8MHxzZWFyY2h
8MTV8fHBhaW50aW5nfGVufDB8fDB8fHww" class="d-block w-100" alt="...">
       <div class="carousel-caption d-none d-md-block">
         <h5>Second slide label</h5>
         Some representative placeholder content for the second
slide.
     <div class="carousel-item">
src="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1579541592065-da8a15e49bc7?w=100
0&auto=format&fit=crop&q=60&ixlib=rb-4.0.3&ixid=M3wxMjA3fDB8MHxzZWFyY2h
8MT18fHBhaW50aW5nfGVufDB8fDB8fHww" class="d-block w-100" alt="...">
         <h5>Third slide label</h5>
         Some representative placeholder content for the third
slide.
    <button class="carousel-control-prev" type="button"</pre>
data-bs-target="#carouselExampleDark" data-bs-slide="prev">
aria-hidden="true"></span>
      <span class="visually-hidden">Previous</span>
```

#### Create Categorylist.html

#### Create paintinglist.html

#### Modify View.py

```
# Import necessary modules and classes
from django.contrib.auth import authenticate, login, logout #
Authentication methods for user login/logout
from django.shortcuts import redirect, render # Shortcuts for
rendering templates and redirecting users
from .models import Category, Painting, ContactForm # Import models to
interact with the database
```

```
AuthenticationForm # Predefined forms for user registration and login
from django.contrib import messages # For adding messages
from django.shortcuts import render, get object or 404, redirect #
Shortcuts for rendering, fetching objects safely, and redirecting
from .forms import OrderForm # Import a custom form for handling
def home(request):
    return render(request, 'core/home.html', context) # Render the
template and pass context
def about(request):
   return render(request, 'core/about.html') # Simply renders the
about template
def categories(request):
   categories = Category.objects.all() # Fetch all category objects
    return render(request, 'core/categorylist.html', {'categories':
categories}) # Render the category list template with the categories
def paintinglist(request):
   paintings = Painting.objects.all() # Fetch all painting objects
from the database
   return render(request, 'core/paintinglist.html', {'paintings':
paintings}) # Render the painting list template with the paintings
def contactform(request):
    return render(request, 'core/contact.html', {'form': form}) #
Render the contact page with the form
```

```
def register(request):
   if request.method == 'POST': # If the request method is POST (form
        form = UserCreationForm(request.POST) # Instantiate the
        if form.is valid(): # Check if the form is valid
           user = form.save() # Save the new user to the database
           login(request, user) # Log the user in immediately after
successful registration
           return redirect('home') # Redirect the user to the home
page after registration
           messages.error(request, "Registration failed. Please try
again.")  # Add an error message if form is invalid
   return render(request, 'core/register.html', {'form': form}) #
Render the registration template with the form
def loginview(request):
   if request.method == 'POST': # If the request method is POST (form
       form = AuthenticationForm(data=request.POST) # Instantiate the
AuthenticationForm with POST data
       if form.is valid(): # Check if the form is valid
           user = form.get user() # Get the user object from the form
           login(request, user) # Log the user in
           return redirect('home') # Redirect the user to the home
page after login
           messages.error(request, "Invalid credentials. Please try
again.") # Show an error message for invalid credentials
           return render(request, 'core/login.html', {'form': form})
# Return the form with error message
GET requests
    return render(request, 'core/login.html', {'form': form}) # Render
```

```
def logoutview(request):
   logout(request) # Log the user out
   return redirect('home') # Redirect the user to the home page after
def order painting(request, painting id):
   painting = get_object_or_404(Painting, id=painting_id) # Fetch the
painting object by ID or return 404 if not found
   if request.method == 'POST': # If the request method is POST (form
submission)
        form = OrderForm(request.POST) # Instantiate the OrderForm
        if form.is valid(): # Check if the form is valid
           order = form.save(commit=False) # Create an order instance
but don't save to the database yet
           order.user = request.user # Associate the order with the
logged-in user
            order.painting = painting # Associate the order with the
selected painting
           order.save() # Save the order to the database
           messages.success(request, f"Order for {painting.title} has
been placed!")  # Show a success message
           return redirect('paintinglist') # Redirect to the painting
list page after placing the order
           messages.error(request, "There was an error with your
order. Please try again.")  # Show an error message for invalid form
    return render (request, 'core/order painting.html', {'form': form,
'painting': painting}) # Render the order painting page with the form
Create categorylist.html
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

Chtml lang="en">

### Create order painting.html

### Create register.html

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

```
<html lang="en">
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
initial-scale=1.0">
    <title>Register</title>
    <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/4.5.2/css/bootstrap.
min.css">
   <div class="container mt-5">
            <div class="col-md-6">
                <h2 class="text-center mb-4">Register</h2>
                <form method="post">
                    <div class="form-group">
}">Username</label>
                         <input type="text" class="form-control"</pre>
                                name="{{ form.username.name }}"
                                required>
                             <div class="text-danger">
 }">Password</label>
                         <input type="password" class="form-control"</pre>
                                name="{{ form.password1.name }}"
                                value="{{ form.password1.value }}"
                                required>
                             <div class="text-danger">
```

```
}">Confirm Password</label>
                          <input type="password" class="form-control"</pre>
                                 required>
                     <button type="submit" class="btn btn-primary</pre>
btn-block">Register</button>
```

#### Create login.html

#### Create a file forms.py for order

```
from django import forms
from .models import Order

class OrderForm(forms.ModelForm):
    class Meta:
        model = Order
        fields = ['quantity'] # We only need quantity for simplicity
```

#### Modify app urls

```
from django.contrib import admin
from django.urls import path
from . import views
from django.conf import settings
from django.conf.urls.static import static

admin.site.site_header = "UMSRA Admin"
```

```
admin.site.site_title = "UMSRA Admin Portal"
admin.site.index_title = "Welcome to UMSRA Researcher Portal"

urlpatterns = [
   path('admin/', admin.site.urls),
   path('home/', views.home, name = 'home'),
   path('categories/', views.categories, name = 'categorylist'),
   path('paintings/', views.paintinglist, name = 'paintinglist'),
   path('contact/', views.contactform, name = 'contact'),
   path('register/', views.register, name = 'register'),
   path('login/', views.loginview, name = 'login'),
   path('order/<int:painting_id>/', views.order_painting,
name='order_painting'), # New path for ordering paintings
]+ static(settings.MEDIA_URL, document_root=settings.MEDIA_ROOT)
```

### Project level urls

```
from django.contrib import admin
from django.urls import include, path
from django.conf import settings
from django.conf.urls.static import static

urlpatterns = [
    path('admin/', admin.site.urls),
    path('' , include('core.urls')),
]
# + static(settings.MEDIA_URL, document_root=settings.MEDIA_ROOT)
```