### **How AJAX Works?**

- 1. A browser makes an **asynchronous request** to the server.
- 2. The server processes the request and sends a **response** (usually JSON or XML).
- 3. JavaScript processes the response and updates the webpage without refreshing.

# Lab Manual: Creating a User Management Portal

# **Objective:**

The objective of this lab is to build a simple User Management Portal. This portal will allow users to:

- View a list of users.
- Add new users.
- Edit existing users.
- Delete users.

## **Tools Required:**

- Text Editor (e.g., VS Code, Sublime Text)
- Web Browser (e.g., Chrome, Firefox)

# Step-by-Step Guide:

### Step 1: Set up the HTML Structure

Start by creating the basic HTML structure. This will include the DOCTYPE, html, head, and body elements.

```
</head>
<body>
<!-- Content goes here -->
</body>
</html>
```

## Step 2: Add Basic Styling

Inside the <style> tag, include styles for resetting defaults and creating a clean user interface.

```
* {
  margin: 0;
  padding: 0;
  box-sizing: border-box;
}

body {
  font-family: 'Roboto', sans-serif;
  background-color: #f0f4f8;
  display: flex;
  justify-content: center;
  align-items: center;
  min-height: 100vh;
  color: #333;
}
```

#### **Step 3: Add Form and Table Elements**

Inside the <body>, create the form and the users table. The form allows adding new users, and the table will display the user list.

```
<input type="text" id="user-phone" placeholder="Phone" required</pre>
/>
  <input type="url" id="user-website" placeholder="Website"</pre>
required />
  <button onclick="addOrUpdateUser()">Add/Update User</button>
 </div>
 <thead>
    Name
     Email
     Phone
     Website
     Actions
    </thead>
  </div>
```

### **Step 4: Create JavaScript Functions**

#### **Function to Fetch Users**

This function fetches users from an API (jsonplaceholder.typicode.com) and displays them.

```
async function fetchUsers() {
  const apiUrl = 'https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/users';
  const response = await fetch(apiUrl);

if (response.ok) {
   const users = await response.json();
   displayUsers(users);
} else {
   console.error('Error fetching users');
   document.getElementById('users-list').innerHTML = 'Failed to load users.';
  }
}
```

#### **Function to Display Users**

This function renders the fetched users in the table.

```
function displayUsers(users) {
 const usersList =
document.getElementById('users-list').getElementsByTagName('tbody')[
 usersList.innerHTML = '';
 users.forEach(user => {
   const row = document.createElement('tr');
   row.setAttribute('data-id', user.id);
   row.innerHTML = `
     ${user.name}
     ${user.email}
     ${user.phone}
     <a href="http://${user.website}"
target="_blank">${user.website}</a>
     <button class="edit-btn" onclick="editUser(${user.id},</pre>
'${user.name}', '${user.email}', '${user.phone}',
'${user.website}')">Edit</button>
       <button class="delete-btn"</pre>
onclick="deleteUser(${user.id})">Delete</button>
     usersList.appendChild(row);
 });
}
```

#### **Function to Add or Update User**

This function adds a new user or updates an existing user.

```
function addOrUpdateUser() {
  const name = document.getElementById('user-name').value;
  const email = document.getElementById('user-email').value;
  const phone = document.getElementById('user-phone').value;
  const website = document.getElementById('user-website').value;
```

```
if (!name || !email || !phone || !website) {
   alert('Please fill in all fields');
   return;
  }
  if (editingUserId) {
   const usersList =
document.getElementById('users-list').getElementsByTagName('tbody')[
0];
   const rows = usersList.getElementsByTagName('tr');
   for (const row of rows) {
      const userId = row.getAttribute('data-id');
      if (userId == editingUserId) {
        row.cells[0].textContent = name;
        row.cells[1].textContent = email;
        row.cells[2].textContent = phone;
        row.cells[3].innerHTML = `<a href="http://${website}"</pre>
target="_blank">${website}</a>`;
       break;
      }
    }
   editingUserId = null;
  } else {
   const newUser = {
      id: Date.now(),
      name: name,
      email: email,
      phone: phone,
     website: website
   };
   const usersList =
document.getElementById('users-list').getElementsByTagName('tbody')[
0];
   const row = document.createElement('tr');
   row.setAttribute('data-id', newUser.id);
   row.innerHTML = `
      ${newUser.name}
      ${newUser.email}
      ${newUser.phone}
```

#### **Function to Edit User**

This function pre-fills the form with a user's details for editing.

```
function editUser(id, name, email, phone, website) {
  document.getElementById('user-name').value = name;
  document.getElementById('user-email').value = email;
  document.getElementById('user-phone').value = phone;
  document.getElementById('user-website').value = website;
  editingUserId = id;
}
```

#### **Function to Delete User**

This function removes a user from the list.

```
function deleteUser(id) {
  const usersList =
document.getElementById('users-list').getElementsByTagName('tbody')[
0];
```

```
const rows = usersList.getElementsByTagName('tr');
for (const row of rows) {
   const userId = row.getAttribute('data-id');
   if (userId == id) {
      usersList.removeChild(row);
      break;
   }
}
```

## **Step 5: Test the Application**

- Load the HTML file in a browser.
- The page will fetch a list of users from the JSONPlaceholder API and display them.
- You can add, edit, or delete users using the form and buttons.

#### Conclusion:

You have now created a User Management Portal with features to view, add, update, and delete users. This application interacts with a mock API (JSONPlaceholder) for the users' data and is a good starting point for building more complex user management systems.