

# 64-Kbit (8 K x 8) Static RAM

### **Features**

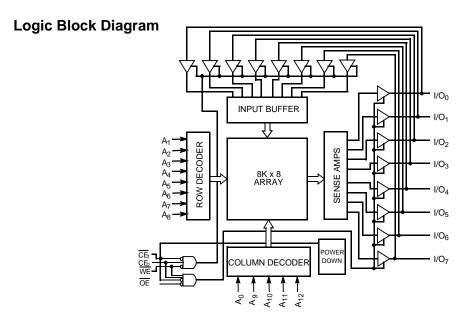
- High speed
  □ 15 ns
- Fast t<sub>DOE</sub>
- Low active power ☐ 715 mW
- Low standby power ☐ 85 mW
- CMOS for optimum speed/power
- Easy memory expansion with  $\overline{CE}_1$ ,  $CE_2$  and  $\overline{OE}$  features
- TTL-compatible inputs and outputs
- Automatic power-down when deselected
- Available in non Pb-free 28-pin (300-Mil) Molded SOJ, 28-pin (300-Mil) Molded SOIC and Pb-free 28-pin (300-Mil) Molded DIP

## **Functional Description**

The CY7C185<sup>[1]</sup> is a high-performance CMOS static RAM organized as 8192 words by 8 bits. Easy memory expansion is provided by an active LOW chip enable ( $\overline{\text{CE}}_1$ ), an active HIGH chip enable ( $\overline{\text{CE}}_2$ ), and active LOW output enable ( $\overline{\text{OE}}$ ) and tri-state drivers. This device has an automatic power-down feature ( $\overline{\text{CE}}_1$  or  $\overline{\text{CE}}_2$ ), reducing the power consumption by 70% when deselected. The CY7C185 is in a standard 300-mil-wide DIP, SOJ, or SOIC package.

An active LOW write enable signal  $(\overline{WE})$  controls the writing/reading operation of the memory. When  $\overline{CE}_1$  and  $\overline{WE}$  inputs are both LOW and  $\overline{CE}_2$  is HIGH, data on the eight data input/output pins (I/O $_0$  through I/O $_7$ ) is written into the memory location addressed by the address present on the address pins (A $_0$  through A $_1$ 2). Reading the device is accomplished by selecting the device and enabling the outputs,  $\overline{CE}_1$  and  $\overline{OE}$  active LOW,  $\overline{CE}_2$  active HIGH, while  $\overline{WE}$  remains inactive or HIGH. Under these conditions, the contents of the location addressed by the information on address pins are present on the eight data input or output pins.

The input or output pins remain in a high-impedance state unless the chip is selected, outputs are enabled, and write enable (WE) is HIGH. A die coat is used to insure alpha immunity.



### **Selection Guide**

Description	-15	-20	-35
Maximum Access Time (ns)	15	20	35
Maximum Operating Current (mA)	130	110	100
Maximum CMOS Standby Current (mA)	15	15	15

Note

<sup>1.</sup> For guidelines on SRAM system design, please refer to the 'System Design Guidelines' Cypress application note, available on the internet at www.cypress.com.



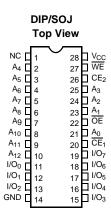
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# **Pin Configuration**



## **Maximum Ratings**

Exceeding maximum ratings may shorten the useful life of the device. User guidelines are not tested.

Storage temperature ......-65°C to +150°C Ambient temperature with

power applied ......-55°C to +125°C Supply voltage to ground potential .....-0.5 V to +7.0 V

DC voltage applied to outputs in High Z State  $^{[2]}$ .....-0.5 V to +7.0 V

DC input voltage<sup>[2]</sup>.....-0.5 V to +7.0 V Output current into outputs (LOW) ......20 mA

**Electrical Characteristics** 

Over the Operating Range

Static discharge voltage(per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)	>2001 V
Latch-up current	>200 mA

# **Operating Range**

Range	Ambient Temperature	V <sub>CC</sub>
Commercial	0°C to +70°C	5 V ± 10%
Industrial	−40°C to +85°C	5 V ± 10%

			-	-15		-20		-35	
Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH Voltage	$V_{CC} = Min.,$ $I_{OH} = -4.0 \text{ mA}$	2.4		2.4		2.4		V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW Voltage	$V_{CC} = Min.,$ $I_{OL} = 8.0 \text{ mA}$		0.4		0.4		0.4	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH Voltage		2.2	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	2.2	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3 V	2.2	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3 V	V
$V_{IL}$	Input LOW Voltage <sup>[2]</sup>		-0.5	0.8	-0.5	0.8	-0.5	0.8	V
I <sub>IX</sub>	Input Leakage Current	$GND \leq V_I \leq V_{CC}$	<b>-</b> 5	+5	<b>-</b> 5	+5	<b>-</b> 5	+5	μΑ
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output Leakage Current	$\begin{array}{l} \text{GND} \leq \text{V}_{\text{I}} \leq \text{V}_{\text{CC}}, \\ \text{Output Disabled} \end{array}$	<b>-</b> 5	+5	<b>-</b> 5	+5	<b>-</b> 5	+5	μΑ
I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Operating Supply Current	$V_{CC} = Max.,$ $I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA}$		130		110		100	mA
I <sub>SB1</sub>	Power-down	$\label{eq:local_decomposition} \begin{split} & \underline{\text{Max}}. \ V_{\text{CC}}, \\ & \text{CE}_1 \geq V_{\text{IH}} \ \text{or} \ \text{CE}_2 \leq V_{\text{IL}} \\ & \text{Min.} \ \text{Duty Cycle} = 100\% \end{split}$		40		20		20	mA
I <sub>SB2</sub>	Power-down Current	$\begin{array}{l} \underline{\text{Max}}. \ V_{\text{CC}}, \\ \overline{\text{CE}}_1 \geq V_{\text{CC}} - 0.3 \ \text{V}, \\ \text{or} \ \overline{\text{CE}}_2 \leq 0.3 \ \text{V} \\ V_{\text{IN}} \geq V_{\text{CC}} - 0.3 \ \text{V} \ \text{or} \\ V_{\text{IN}} \leq 0.3 \ \text{V} \end{array}$		15		15		15	mA

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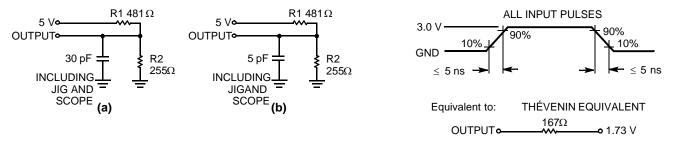


# Capacitance

Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ ,	7	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Capacitance	$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	7	pF

Figure 1. AC Test Loads and Waveforms



#### Notes

Minimum voltage is equal to -3.0 V for pulse durations less than 30 ns.
 Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.



# Switching Characteristics Over the Operating Range<sup>[4]</sup>

		-	15	-2	-20		-35	
Parameter	Description	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
Read Cycle		<b>'</b>	•	•	•	•	•	
t <sub>RC</sub>	Read Cycle Time	15		20		35		ns
t <sub>AA</sub>	Address to Data Valid		15		20		35	ns
t <sub>OHA</sub>	Data Hold from Address Change	3		5		5		ns
t <sub>ACE1</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> LOW to Data Valid		15		20		35	ns
t <sub>ACE2</sub>	CE <sub>2</sub> HIGH to Data Valid		15		20		35	ns
t <sub>DOE</sub>	OE LOW to Data Valid		8		9		15	ns
t <sub>LZOE</sub>	OE LOW to Low Z	3		3		3		ns
t <sub>HZOE</sub>	OE HIGH to High Z <sup>[5]</sup>		7		8		10	ns
t <sub>LZCE1</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> LOW to Low Z <sup>[6]</sup>	3		5		5		ns
t <sub>LZCE2</sub>	CE <sub>2</sub> HIGH to Low Z	3		3		3		ns
t <sub>HZCE</sub>	$\overline{\text{CE}}_1$ HIGH to High $\overline{\text{Z}}^{[5, 6]}$ $\overline{\text{CE}}_2$ LOW to High Z		7		8		10	ns
t <sub>PU</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> LOW to Power-up CE <sub>2</sub> to HIGH to Power-up	0		0		0		ns
t <sub>PD</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> HIGH to Power-down CE <sub>2</sub> LOW to Power-down		15		20		20	ns
Write Cycle <sup>[7]</sup>						ı		
t <sub>WC</sub>	Write Cycle Time	15		20		35		ns
t <sub>SCE1</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> LOW to Write End	12		15		20		ns
t <sub>SCE2</sub>	CE <sub>2</sub> HIGH to Write End	12		15		20		ns
t <sub>AW</sub>	Address Setup to Write End	12		15		25		ns
t <sub>HA</sub>	Address Hold from Write End	0		0		0		ns
t <sub>SA</sub>	Address Setup to Write Start	0		0		0		ns
t <sub>PWE</sub>	WE Pulse Width	12		15		20		ns
t <sub>SD</sub>	Data Setup to Write End	8		10		12		ns
t <sub>HD</sub>	Data Hold from Write End	0		0		0		ns
t <sub>HZWE</sub>	WE LOW to High Z <sup>[5]</sup>		7		7		8	ns
t <sub>LZWE</sub>	WE HIGH to Low Z	3		5		5		ns

<sup>4.</sup> Test conditions assume signal transition time of 5 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5 V, input pulse levels of 0 to 3.0 V, and output loading of the specified I<sub>OL</sub>/I<sub>OH</sub> and 30-pF load capacitance.

 <sup>5.</sup> t<sub>HZCE</sub>, t<sub>HZCE</sub>, and t<sub>HZWE</sub> are specified with C<sub>L</sub> = 5 pF as in part (b) of AC Test Loads. Transition is measured ±500 mV from steady state voltage.
 6. At any temperature and voltage condition, t<sub>HZCE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZCE1</sub> and t<sub>LZCE2</sub> for any given device.
 7. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of CE<sub>1</sub> LOW, CE<sub>2</sub> HIGH, and WE LOW. All 3 signals must be active to initiate a write and either signal can terminate a write by going HIGH. The data input setup and hold timing must be referenced to the rising edge of the signal that terminates the write.



# **Switching Waveforms**

Figure 2. Read Cycle No.1<sup>[8,9]</sup>

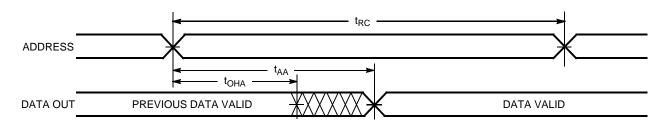
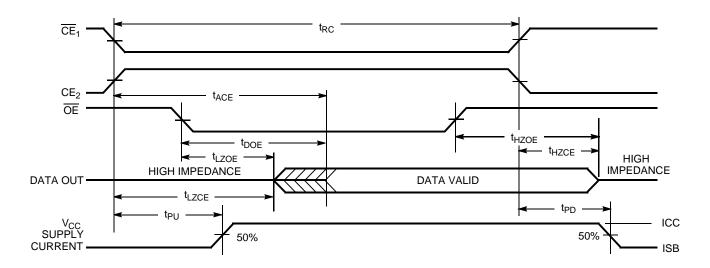


Figure 3. Read Cycle No.2<sup>[10,11]</sup>



<sup>8.</sup> Device is continuously selected.  $\overline{OE}$ ,  $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{IL}$ .  $CE_2 = V_{IH}$ .

9. WE is HIGH for read cycle.

10. Data I/O is High Z if  $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$ ,  $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{IH}$ ,  $\overline{WE} = V_{IL}$ , or  $CE_2 = V_{IL}$ .

11. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of  $\overline{CE}_1$  LOW,  $\overline{CE}_2$  HIGH and  $\overline{WE}$  LOW.  $\overline{CE}_1$  and  $\overline{WE}$  must be LOW and  $\overline{CE}_2$  must be HIGH to initiate write. A write can be terminated by  $\overline{CE}_1$  or  $\overline{WE}$  going HIGH or  $\overline{CE}_2$  going LOW. The data input setup and hold timing must be referenced to the rising edge of the signal that terminates the write.



# Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 4. Write Cycle No. 1 (WE Controlled)[9,11]

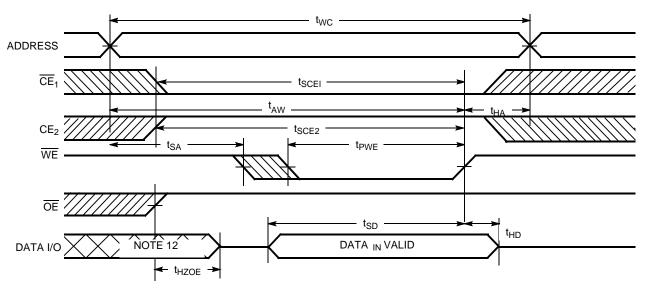
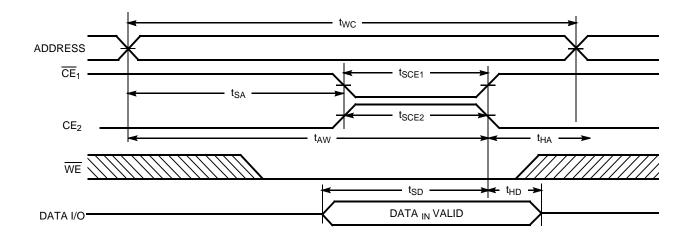


Figure 5. Write Cycle No. 2 ( $\overline{\text{CE}}$  Controlled)[11,12,13]



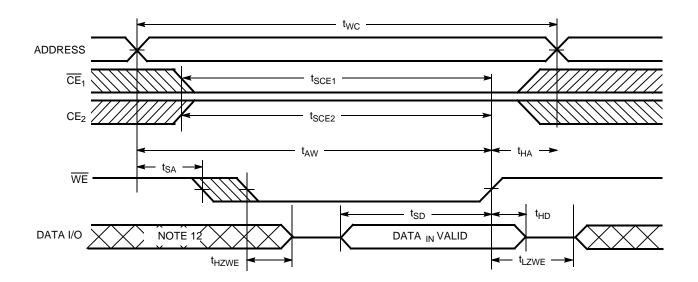
<sup>12.</sup> During this period, the I/Os are in the output state and input signals must not be applied.

13. The minimum write cycle time for write cycle #3 (WE controlled, OE LOW) is the sum of t<sub>HZWE</sub> and t<sub>SD</sub>.



# Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 6. Write Cycle No. 3 (WE Controlled, OE LOW)[11,12,13,14]

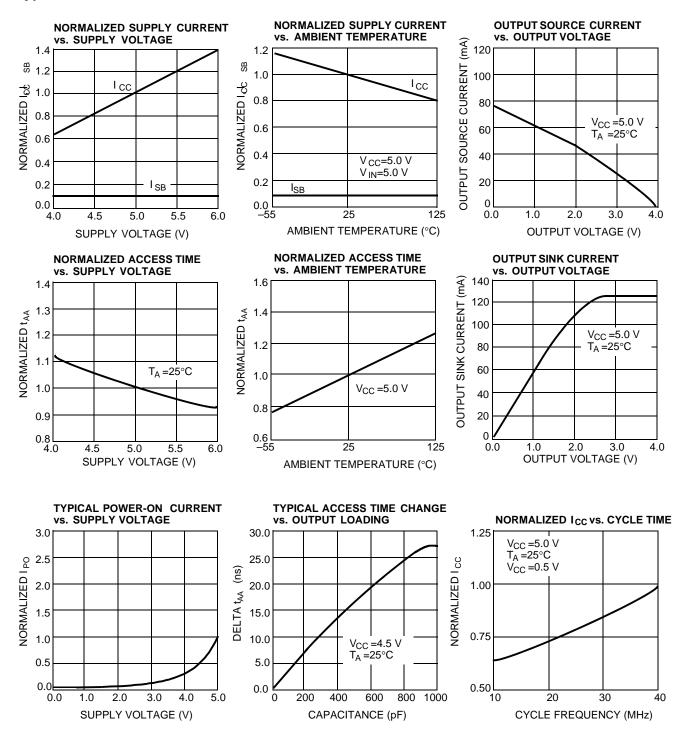


Note

<sup>14.</sup> If  $\overline{\text{CE}}_1$  goes HIGH or  $\overline{\text{CE}}_2$  goes LOW simultaneously with  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  HIGH, the output remains in a high-impedance state.



## Typical DC and AC Characteristics





### **Truth Table**

Œ <sub>1</sub>	CE <sub>2</sub>	WE	OE	Input/Out- put	Mode
Н	Х	Х	Х	High Z	Deselect/ Power-down
Х	L	Х	Χ	High Z	Deselect/ Power-down
L	Н	Н	L	Data Out	Read
L	Н	L	Χ	Data In	Write
L	Н	Н	Н	High Z	Deselect

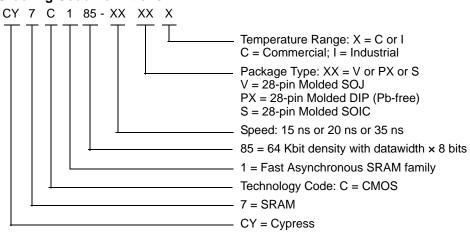
# **Address Designators**

Address Name	Address Function	Pin Number
A4	Х3	2
A5	X4	3
A6	X5	4
A7	X6	5
A8	X7	6
A9	Y1	7
A10	Y4	8
A11	Y3	9
A12	Y0	10
A0	Y2	21
A1	X0	23
A2	X1	24
A3	X2	25

# **Ordering Information**

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
15	CY7C185-15VI	51-85031	28-pin (300-Mil) Molded SOJ	Industrial
20	CY7C185-20PXC	51-85014	28-pin (300-Mil) Molded DIP (Pb-free)	Commercial
35	CY7C185-35SC	51-85026	28-pin (300-Mil) Molded SOIC	Commercial

## **Ordering Code Definitions**





## **Package Diagrams**

Figure 7. 28-pin (300-Mil) PDIP (51-85014)

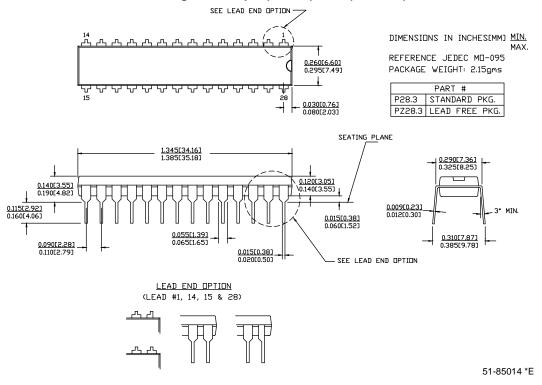
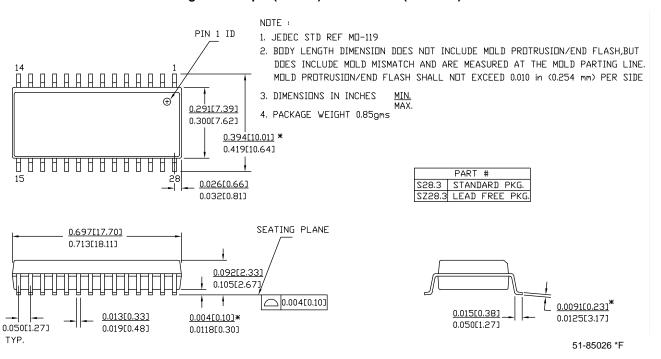


Figure 8. 28-pin (300-Mil) Molded SOIC (51-85026)



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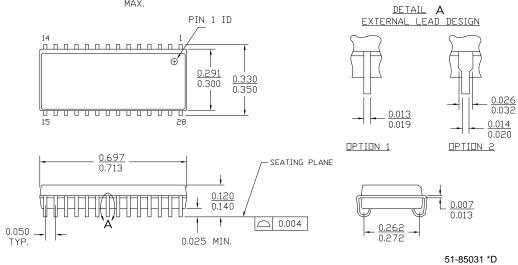


# Package Diagrams (continued)

Figure 9. 28-pin (300-Mil) Molded SOJ (51-85031)

#### NOTE :

- 1. JEDEC STD REF MO088
- 2. BODY LENGTH DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION/END FLASH MOLD PROTRUSION/END FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006 in (0.152 mm) PER SIDE
- 3. DIMENSIONS IN INCHES  $\frac{\text{MIN.}}{\text{MAX.}}$





# Acronyms

Acronym	Description
CE	chip enable
CMOS	Complementary metal oxide semiconductor
I/O	Input/output
OE	output enable
SRAM	Static random access memory
SOJ	Small Outline J-Lead
TSOP	Thin Small Outline Package
VFBGA	Very Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array

# **Document Conventions**

## **Units of Measure**

Symbol	Unit of Measure			
ns	nano seconds			
V	Volts			
μΑ	micro Amperes			
mA	milli Amperes			
mV	milli Volts			
mW	milli Watts			
MHz	Mega Hertz			
pF	pico Farad			
°C	degree Celcius			
W	Watts			



# **Document History Page**

Revision	ECN	Submission Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change
**	107145	09/10/01	SZV	Change from Spec number: 38-00037 to 38-05043
*A	116470	09/16/02	CEA	Add applications foot note to data sheet
*B	486744	See ECN	NXR	Changed Low standby power from 220mW to 85mW Changed the description of I <sub>IX</sub> from Input Load Current to Input Leakage Current in DC Electrical Characteristics table Removed I <sub>OS</sub> parameter from DC Electrical Characteristics table Updated the Ordering Information table
*C	2263686	See ECN	VKN/AESA	Removed 25 ns speed bin Updated the Ordering Information table as per the current product offerings
*D	3105329	12/09/2010	AJU	Added Ordering Code Definitions. Updated Package Diagrams.
*E	3235800	04/20/2011	PRAS	Template changes. Added Acronyms and Units of Measure. Updated package diagram spec 51-85026 to *F.



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