

**How writing just one import the
wrong way slows down your website**

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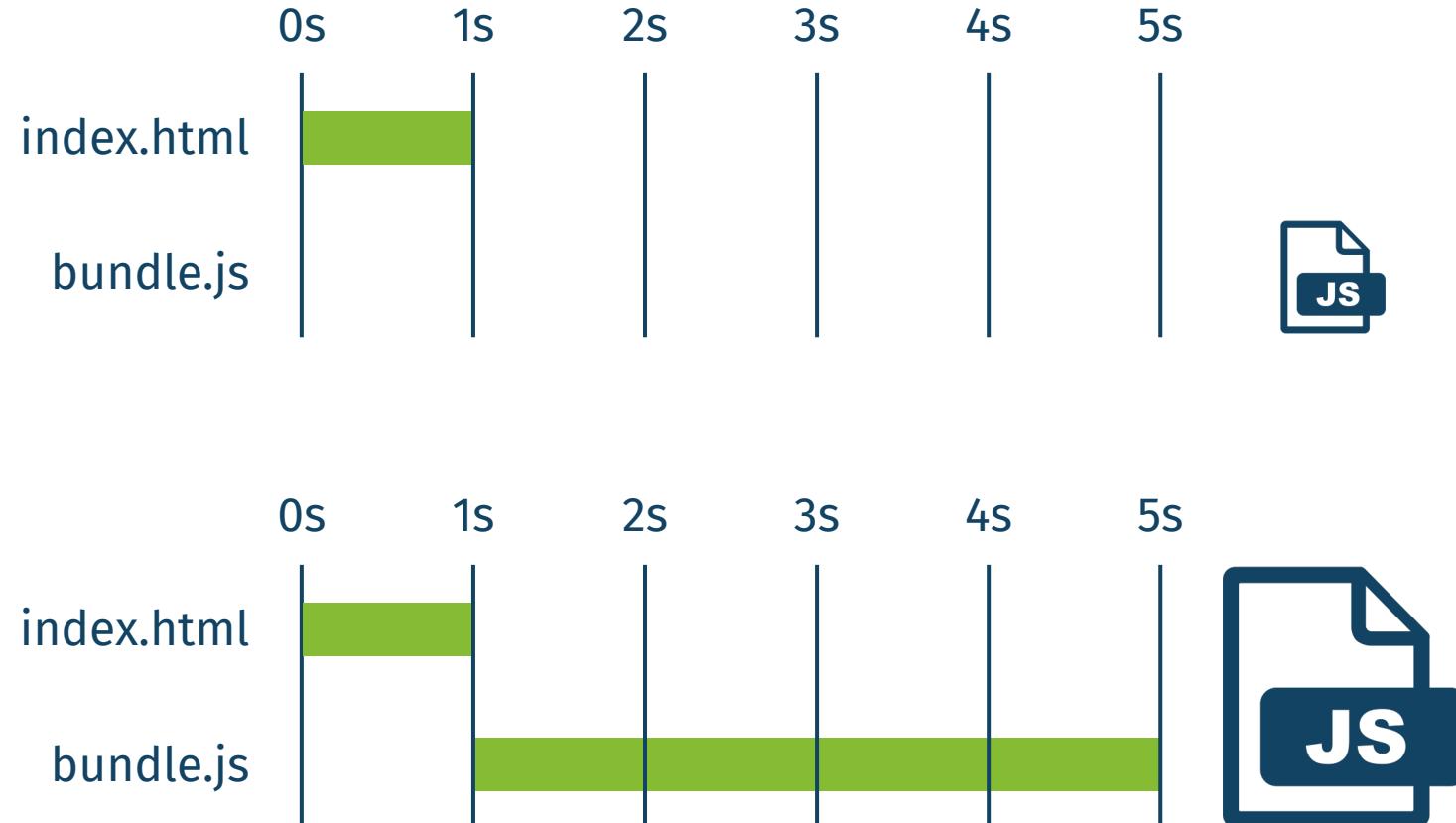


Bundle Size



```
"dependencies": {  
  "react": "17.0.1",  
  "react-dom": "17.0.1",  
}
```

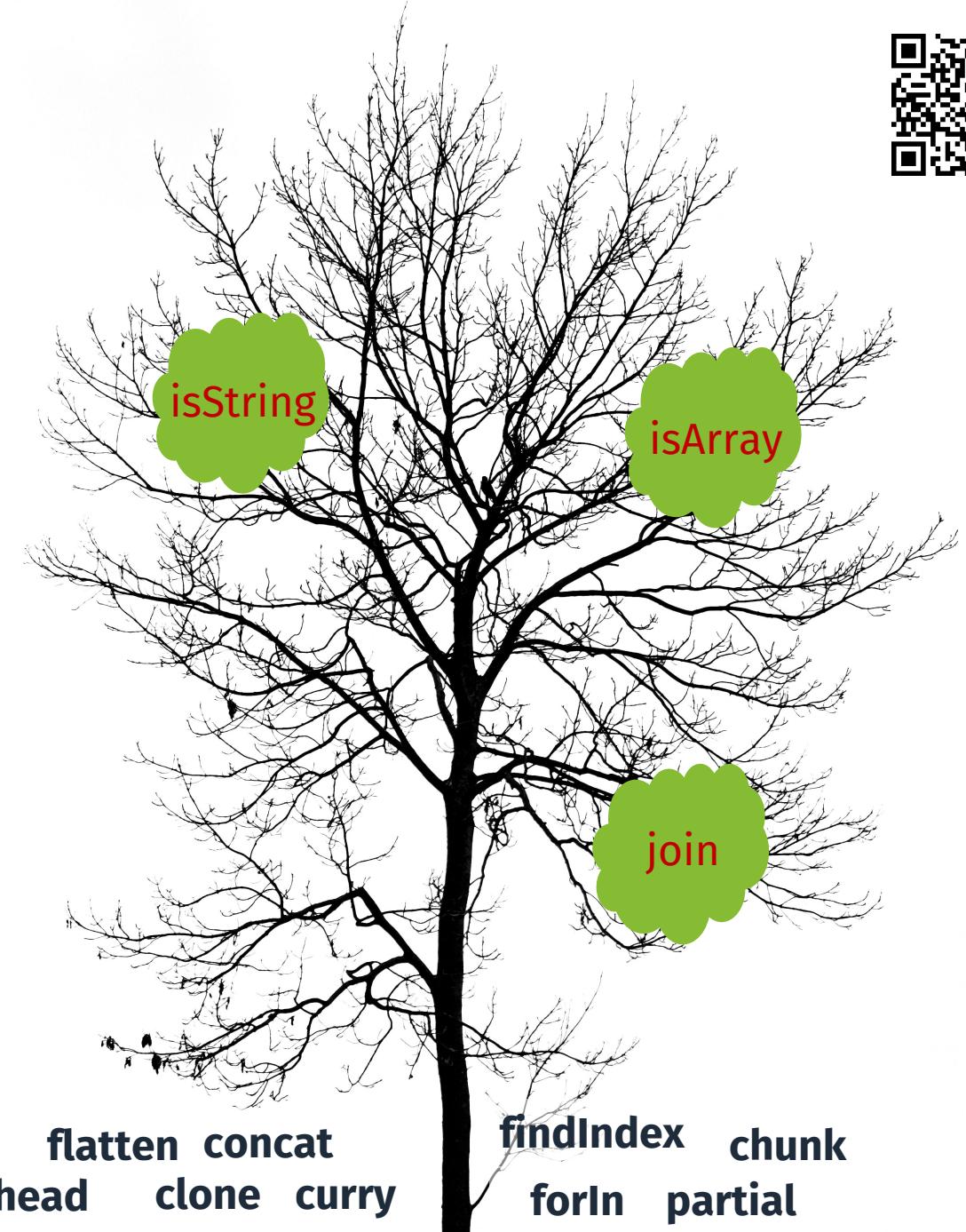
```
"dependencies": {  
  "react": "17.0.1",  
  "react-dom": "17.0.1",  
  "lodash": "4.17.20",  
  "@material-ui/core": "4.11.0",  
  "@material-ui/icons": "4.9.1",  
  "@material-ui/styles": "4.10.0",  
  "chartjs": "2.9.4",  
  "moment": "2.29.1",  
  "reactstrap": "8.7.1",  
  "the-whole-internet": "1.0.0"  
}
```



Example

```
import isString from "lodash/isString";
import isArray from "lodash/isArray";
import join from "lodash/join";

function shakeIt(input) {
  if (isString(input)) {
    return input;
  } else if (isArray(input)) {
    return join(input, "-");
  } else {
    return input.toString();
  }
}
```



Let's start with the basics...



Terminology: Bundler, Bundle (simplified)

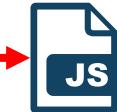
package.json:

```
{  
  "name": "hello-react",  
  "dependencies": {  
    "react": "17.0.1",  
    "react-dom": "17.0.1",  
    "lodash": "4.17.20"  
  },  
  "devDependencies": {  
    "webpack": "5.4.0"  
  }  
}
```

index.html



bundle.js



Bundler

```
<!doctype html>  
<html lang="en">  
  <body>  
    <script src="bundle.js"></script>  
  </body>  
</html>
```

Source Code + Dependencies

Definition



- **Dead-code elimination**
- Relies on static structure of ES2015 module syntax (**import, export**)
- Name and concept popularized by bundler **rollup**.



Rich Harris [Follow](#)
Dec 22, 2015 · 3 min read



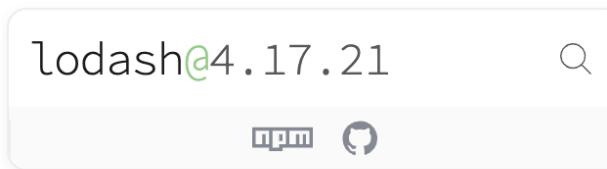
I've been working (albeit sporadically of late, admittedly) on a tool called Rollup, which bundles together JavaScript modules. One of its features is *tree-shaking*, by which I mean that it only includes the bits of code your bundle actually needs to run.

- Supported by rollup since 2015
- Supported by webpack since version 2 (2016)

Adding lodash, good idea?



BUNDLEPHOBIA



Over half the size of vue!

BUNDLEPHOBIA



BUNDLE SIZE

69.8 kB	24.4 kB
MINIFIED	MINIFIED + GZIPPED

Yes, if done correctly,
will be tree-shaken!

DOWNLOAD TIME

488 ms	28 ms
SLOW 3G	EMERGING 4G

BUNDLE SIZE

112.7 kB	40.7 kB
MINIFIED	MINIFIED + GZIPPED

DOWNLOAD TIME

0.81 s	47 ms
SLOW 3G	EMERGING 4G



How to use Tree Shaking?

Most of the advice on tree shaking online: **Use ES2015 style imports / exports**

Exports:

- ✗ `function foo() {...};
module.exports = foo;`
- ✓ `export function foo() {...};`

Imports:

- ✗ `const foo = require('./foo');`
- ✗ `import foo from './foo';`
- ✓ `import { foo } from './foo';`

NEVER do this!

- ✗ `import lodash from 'lodash';`

**Will include EVERYTHING from lodash
in your bundle!**

Impact on Bundle Size



How much does `isString` from `lodash` increase the bundle size?

```
import { isString } from 'lodash';
```

Bundle size before: 196.924 KB

Bundle size after: 220.844 KB (**+23.92 KB**)

Wait a second...

What??? It just added the entire `lodash` to the bundle?

BUNDLEPHOBIA
BUNDLE SIZE
24.4 kB
MINIFIED + GZIPPED

Dunning-Kruger Effect





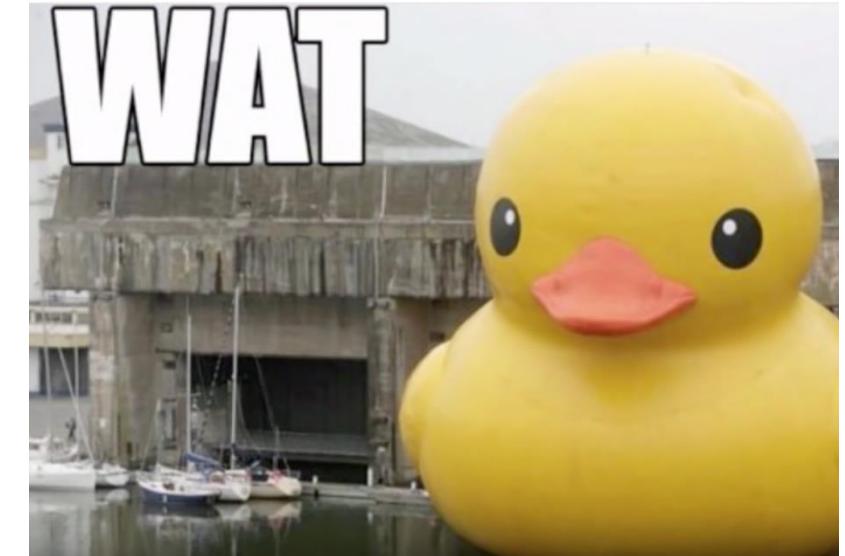
What the internet doesn't tell you

... about Tree Shaking

- Looking at the implementation of lodash's `isString`:

```
function isString(value) {  
    return typeof value == 'string' || ...;  
}  
module.exports = isString;
```

- Turns out, when using ES2015 imports together with CommonJS exports, it results in **importing the whole module instead**
 - No warnings by the IDE!
 - No warnings by the linter!
 - No warnings by the bundler!





How to use Tree Shaking here?

✖ Copy the implementation of `isString` from `lodash` into your codebase.

- `lodash` is structured in a way that uses one js file per method (*cherry-picking syntax*):

```
import isString from 'lodash/isString';      (+0.21 KB)
```

- `lodash` offers package with ES2015 style imports called `lodash-es`:

```
import { isString } from 'lodash-es';        (+0.22 KB)
```



But there must be an easier way!

There is (at least kind of...)

Import Cost plugin for [IntelliJ](#) and [VSCode](#) estimates bundle size impact for imports:

```
1 import { isString } from 'lodash';| 72.94 kB (gzip: 25.32 kB)
2
3   export function foo(input) {
4     return isString(input);
5   }
6
```

But there must be an easier way!



There is (at least kind of...)

Bundlephobia will tell you which packages are tree-shakeable:

BUNDLEPHOBIA

lodash-es@4.17.21

tree-shakeable side-effect free npm

BUNDLEPHOBIA

lodash@4.17.21

npm

BUNDLE SIZE

98 kB

MINIFIED

30.6 kB

MINIFIED +
GZIPPED

BUNDLE SIZE

69.8 kB

MINIFIED

24.4 kB

MINIFIED + GZIPPED

But there must be an easier way!

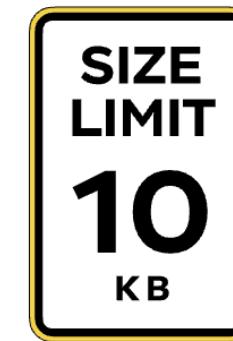


There is (at least kind of...)

Use size-limit (CLI tool) on CI to prevent unexpected increases:

Size Limit is a performance budget tool for JavaScript. It checks every commit on CI, calculates the real cost of your JS for end-users and throws an error if the cost exceeds the limit.

- **ES modules** and **tree-shaking** support.
- Add Size Limit to **Travis CI**, **Circle CI**, **GitHub Actions** or another CI system to know if a pull request adds a massive dependency.
- **Modular** to fit different use cases: big JS applications that use their own bundler or small npm libraries with many files.
- Can calculate **the time** it would take a browser to download and **execute** your JS.
Time is a much more accurate and understandable metric compared to the size in bytes.
- Calculations include **all dependencies and polyfills** used in your JS.





But there must be an easier way!

There is (at least kind of...)

Use size-limit (CLI tool) on CI to prevent unexpected increases:

github-actions bot left a comment

size-limit report

Path	Size	Loading time (3g)	Running time (snapdragon)	Total time
dist/index.js	202.09 KB (+46.43% ▲)	4.1 s (+46.43% ▲)	397 ms (+21.74% ▲)	4.5 s

1



Pull Request Time!

- „sure, you want to introduce lodash just because of isString? Thats a big fish!“
- **Difficult to predict by eye how (and if) bundlers will tree-shake**
- Using Import cost plugin and Bundlephobia can help make decisions quicker
- As with performance optimization in general:
 - **The only way to know for sure is by measuring!**
- Don't be afraid to use dependencies
 - But make sure they are tree-shaked!
 - Consider submitting a PR to the dependency if open source

How to measure speed of website?



1. In Chrome, open new window in incognito mode, turn all plugins off
2. Open Chrome Developer Tools
3. Switch to tab “Lighthouse”



Generate a Lighthouse report

Analyze page load

Mode [Learn more](#)

Navigation (Default)

Timespan

Snapshot

Device

Mobile

Desktop

Categories

Performance

Accessibility

Best practices

SEO

How to measure speed of website?



<https://www.kcdc.info/sessions>



Performance



Accessibility



Best
Practices



SEO



How to measure speed of website?

Add check on CI, for example GitHub Actions:

```
- name: Lighthouse
  shell: bash
  env:
    LHCI_GITHUB_TOKEN: ${{ secrets.GITHUB_TOKEN }}
  run:
    - npm install -g @lhci/cli@0.15.x && lhci autorun \
      --config=./lighthouserc.cjs
```

Tree Shaking!



Materials & eBook:



<https://fm.ht/kc25tree>



Feedback & Win!



<https://fm.ht/kc25fb>