Another example

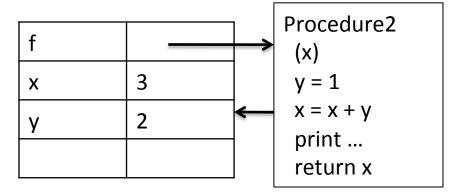
```
def f(x):
    y = 1
    x = x + y
    print('x = ' + str(x))
    return x
```

 Causes the following to appear in the Python shell

```
x = 3
y = 2
z = f(x)
print('z = ' + str(z))
print('x = ' + str(x))
print('y = ' + str(y))
```

$$x = 4$$
 $z = 4$
 $x = 3$
 $y = 2$

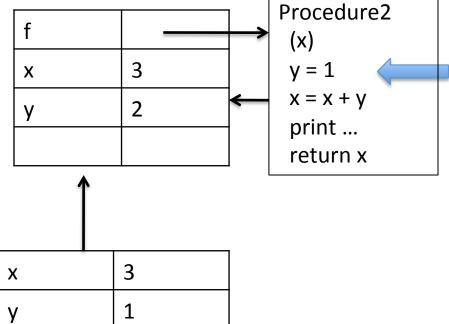
```
def f(x):
    y = 1
    x = x + y
    print('x = ' = str(x))
    return x
```



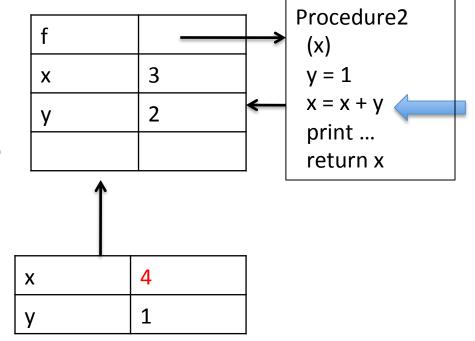
```
x = 3
y = 2
z = f(x)
print('z = ' + str(z))
print('x = ' + str(x))
print('y = ' + str(y))
```

```
Procedure2
def f(x):
                                                   (x)
                                        3
    y = 1
                                                   y = 1
                                Χ
                                                   x = x + y
    x = x + y
                                                   print ...
    print('x = ' = str(x))
                                                   return x
    return x
x = 3
                                       3
                              Χ
y = 2
z = f(x)
print('z = ' + str(z))
print('x = ' + str(x))
print('y = ' + str(y))
```

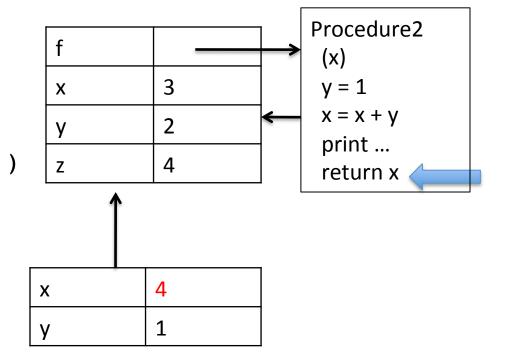
```
def f(x):
    y = 1
                             Χ
    x = x + y
    print('x = ' = str(x))
    return x
x = 3
                            Χ
y = 2
z = f(x)
print('z = ' + str(z))
print('x = ' + str(x))
print('y = ' + str(y))
```



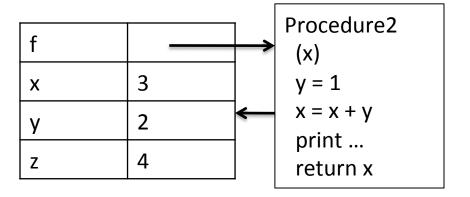
```
def f(x):
    y = 1
    x = x + y
    print('x = ' = str(x))
    return x
x = 3
y = 2
z = f(x)
print('z = ' + str(z))
print('x = ' + str(x))
print('y = ' + str(y))
```



```
def f(x):
    y = 1
    x = x + y
    print('x = ' = str(x))
    return x
x = 3
y = 2
z = f(x)
print('z = ' + str(z))
print('x = ' + str(x))
print('y = ' + str(y))
```



```
def f(x):
    y = 1
    x = x + y
    print('x = ' = str(x))
    return x
```



```
x = 3
y = 2
z = f(x)
print('z = ' + str(z))
print('x = ' + str(x))
print('y = ' + str(y))
```

Now control reverts to the global environment, where the values of x, y and z are visible

Some observations

- Each function call creates a new environment, which scopes bindings of formal parameters and values, and of local variables (those created with assignments within body)
- Scoping often called static or lexical because scope within which variable has value is defined by extent of code boundaries