MEK4600/9600: WaveLab

Atle Jensen

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1 PIV measurements of period waves

For this assignment PIV measurements of surface waves will be conducted and compared with a suitable mathematical model, e.g. Stokes waves theory. The goal is to find and generate weakly nonlinear surface waves and measure the elevation and kinematics.

The setup consists of a PIV system; CMOS camera, Photron WX100. White light (LED) will be used to generate a light sheet and 50 μ m polyamid spheres should be used as tracer particles. The processing should be performed using a open src PIV code. Remember; each particle should cover 2 – 4pixels and a minimum of four particles must be inside each interrogation area. A focus on high image quality is important to achieve as high accuracy as possible in the post processing.

Please follow these steps;

- 1. Generate waves with frequency 2Hz
- 2. Find an appropriate amplitude which generates a deep water Stokes waves Ak < 0.3. Remember to check kh and ak. Elevation must be measured and compared to theory. Also compare the different probes and find an error estimate.
- 3. When the amplitude and frequency are found then velocities should be measured. Make three repetitions.
- 4. Make a direct comparison of the velocity field and also velocity profiles below the crest.
- 5. A linear wave should also be found and compared with linear theory remember three repetitions.
- 6. Comment on accuracy and difficulties in the measurements.
- 7. Dropouts from the wave elevation measurements can occur; when and why?
- 8. To avoid outliers at the free surface the raw images should be masked put zeros above the free surface.