

CpE301 - Design Assignment 5 - Midterm 2 (15 Points)

Design Assignment 5:

DUE: 4/20/2016

The goal of the assignment is to develop the above code to do the following:

1. Write an AVR C program to control the speed of the DC Motor using a potentiometer connected to any of the analog-in port.
2. Write an AVR C program to control the speed of the Stepper Motor using a potentiometer connected to any of the analog-in port.
3. Write an AVR C program to control the position of the Servo Motor using a potentiometer connected to any of the analog-in port. When pot value is 0 the servo is at position 0 deg. and when pot value is max (approx. 5V) the servo is at position 180 deg.

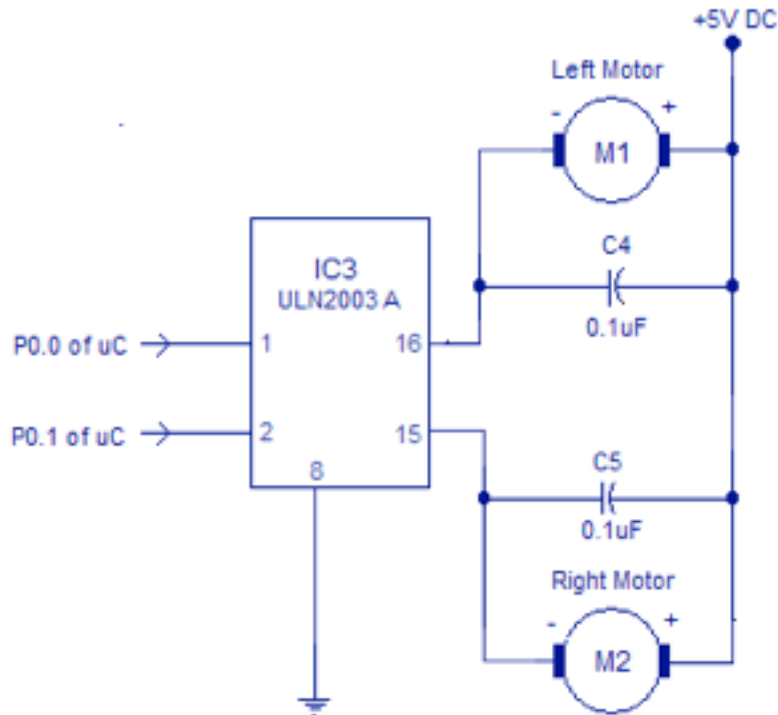
Submission:

The following are required for successful completion of the design assignment:

- a. AVR C code that has been compiled and working.
- b. The C code should be well documented with explanation of every instruction.
- c. A word document that contains the flow chart of the assembly code along with the snapshots of the schematics, components connected on the breadboard and screenshots.

NOTES:

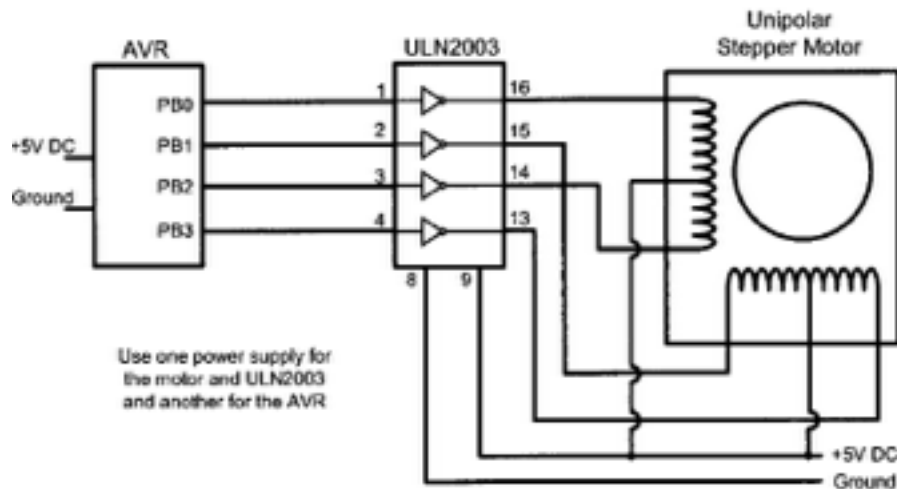
DC MOTOR CONTROL:



STEPPER MOTOR CONTROL:

Write a program to monitor the status of SW and perform the following:

- (a) If SW = 0, the stepper motor moves clockwise.
- (b) If SW = 1, the stepper motor moves counter clockwise.



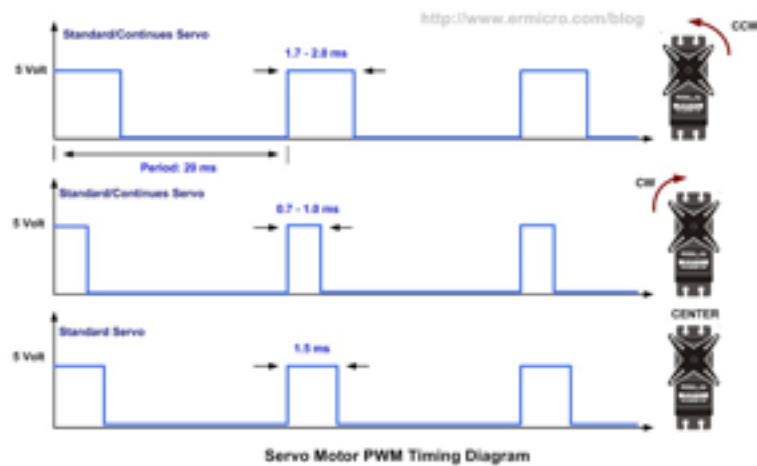
```

#define F_CPU 8000000UL //XTAL = 8 MHz
#include "avr/io.h"
#include "util/delay.h"

int main ()
{
    DDRA = 0x00;
    DDRB = 0xFF;
    while (1)
    {
        if( (PINA&0x80) == 0)
        {
            PORTB = 0x66;
            delay_ms (100);
            PORTB = 0xCC;
            delay_ms (100);
            PORTB = 0x99;
            delay_ms (100);
            PORTB = 0x33;
            _delay_ms (100);
        }
        else
        {
            PORTB = 0x66;
            delay_ms (100);
            PORTB = 0x33;
            delay_ms (100);
            PORTB = 0x99;
            delay_ms (100);
            PORTB = 0xCC;
            _delay_ms (100);
        }
    }
}

```

SERVO MOTOR:



```

#include <avr/io.h>
int main(void)
{
    //Port D pins as input
    DDRD=0x00;
    //Enable internal pull ups
    PORTD=0xFF;
    //Set PORTB1 pin as output
    DDRB=0xFF;
}

```

```

//TOP=ICR1;
//Output compare OC1A 8 bit non inverted PWM
//Clear OC1A on Compare Match, set OC1A at TOP
//Fast PWM
//ICR1=20000 defines 50Hz PWM
ICR1=20000;
TCCR1A=(0<<COM1A0)|(1<<COM1A1)|(0<<COM1B0)|(0<<COM1B1)|
(0<<FOC1A)|(0<<FOC1B)|(1<<WGM11)|(0<<WGM10);
TCCR1B=(0<<ICNC1)|(0<<ICES1)|(1<<WGM13)|(1<<WGM12)|
(0<<CS12)|(1<<CS11)|(0<<CS10);
//start timer with prescaler 8
for (;;)
{
    if(bit_is_clear(PIND, 0))
    {
        //increase duty cycle
        OCR1A+=10;
        loop_until_bit_is_set(PIND, 0);
    }
    if(bit_is_clear(PIND, 1))
    {
        //decrease duty cycle
        OCR1A-=10;
        loop_until_bit_is_set(PIND, 1);
    }
}
}

```

PS: Use the A2D program below as a reference to read the pot values.

```

#include <avr/io.h> //standard AVR header
int main (void)
{
    DDRB = 0xFF; //make Port B an output
    DDRD = 0xFF; //make Port D an output
    DDRA = 0; //make Port A an input for ADC input
    ADCSRA= 0x87; //make ADC enable and select ck/128
    ADMUX= 0xC0; //2.56V Vref, ADC0 single ended input
                //data will be right-justified

    while (1){
        ADCSRA|=(1<<ADSC); //start conversion
        while((ADCSRA&(1<<ADIF))==0); //wait for conversion to finish
        PORTD = ADCL; //give the low byte to PORTD
        PORTB = ADCH; //give the high byte to PORTB
    }
    return 0;
}

```