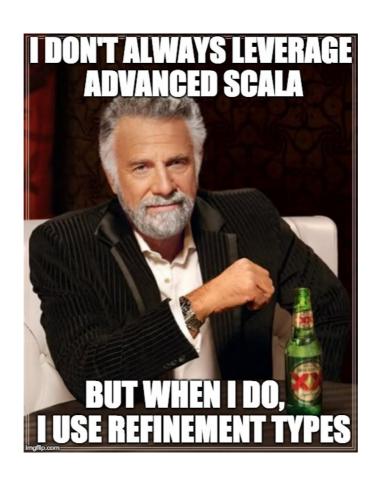
## **REFINEMENT TYPES**

Martin Lechner - 26.07.2018





```
import eu.timepit.refined._
// plus some more imports

// Mode 1: Predefined Predicates via Macros
val i: Int Refined Positive = 42

val i: Int Refined Positive = -42

// ⇒ Compile error

// Mode 2: This is the same as 1, but other syntax
refineMV[Positive](42)

// Mode 3: Value not known at compile time → most useful
refineV[Positive](getNumberFromSomewhere())
// ⇒ Either[String, Int Refined Positive]
```

```
// Custom refinements → This will be nicer with scala 3's
// literal types
val i: Int Refined Greater[W.`41`.T] = 42
type oneToHundred = Int Refined Interval.ClosedOpen[W.`0`.T, W.`100`.T]
type UUIDString = String Refined Uuid
type UrlString = String Refined Url
type EmailString = String Refined MatchesRegex[W.`".+@.+"`.T]
```

```
// other imports
import io.circe.refined._
sealed trait Environment
case object LiveEnvironment
case object OtherEnvironment

implicit val decodeEnvironment: Decoder[Environment] = (c: HCursor) ⇒
    for {
        environment ← c.value.as[NonEmptyString].map(_.value.toLowerCase)
    } yield
    environment match {
        case "live" ⇒ LiveEnvironment
        case _ ⇒ OtherEnvironment
    }
}
```



## Links

- Github Repo of Scala Refined
- Theory
- Slides
- Slides created with Spectacle!