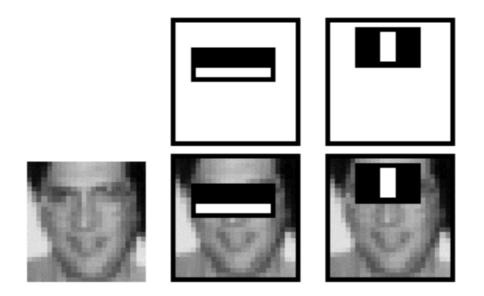
# **Boosting and Viola Jones**

# Application: Face Detection (Viola-Jones'00)

Given a rectangular window of pixels, is there a face in it?



#### Properties:

- \* Easy to come up with simple rules-of-thumb classifiers,
- \* Hard to come up with a single high accuracy rule

### Viola-Jones Weak Learners

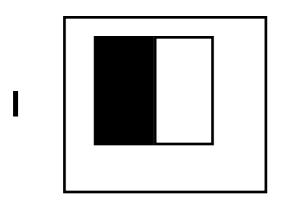
A weak learner h<sub>f, t, s</sub> is described by:

- \* feature f
- \* threshold t
- \* sign s (+1 or -1)

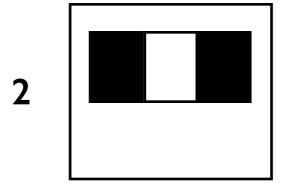
#### For an example x,

$$h_{f,t,s}(x) = 1, \text{ if } sf(x) \ge t$$
  
= -1, otherwise

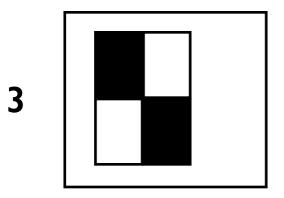
### Viola-Jones: 3 Types of Features



Feature value = sum of pixel colors in black rectangle - sum of pixel colors in white rectangle



Feature value = sum of pixel colors in black rectangles - sum of pixel colors in white rectangle



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### Viola-Jones Weak Learners

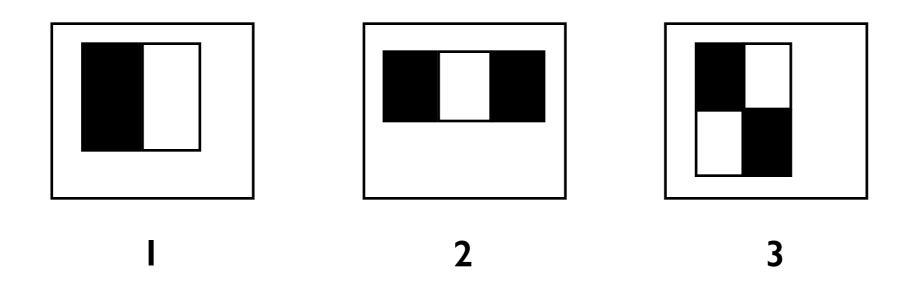
A weak learner  $h_{f, t, s}$  is described by:

- \* feature f (3 types of rectangular features)
- \* threshold t
- \* sign s (+1 or -1)

#### For an example x,

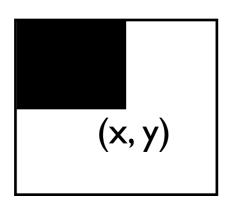
$$h_{f,t,s}(x) = 1, \text{ if } sf(x) \ge t$$
  
= -1, otherwise

## Viola-Jones: Computing the Features



## Viola-Jones: Computing the Features

Precompute and store the values s(x,y) for each (x,y):



s(x, y) = sum of pixel colors in the black rectangle

Now each feature can be computed from adding/subtracting a constant number of s(x,y)'s

### Viola-Jones: Procedure

Given training set  $S = \{(x_1, y_1), ..., (x_n, y_n)\}, y \text{ in } \{-1, 1\}$ 

For t = I, ..., T

Construct distribution D<sub>t</sub> on the examples

Find weak learner ht which has small error errot(ht) wrt Dt

Output final classifier

Weak learning procedure: Find the feature f, sign s, and threshold t for which the error of  $h_{f,t,s}$  on  $D_t$  is minimum

### Viola-Jones: Procedure

Given training set  $S = \{(x_1, y_1), ..., (x_n, y_n)\}, y \text{ in } \{-1, 1\}$ 

For t = I, ..., T

Construct distribution D<sub>t</sub> on the examples

Find weak learner ht which has small error errot(ht) wrt Dt

Output final classifier

Initially,  $D_1(i) = I/n$ , for all i (uniform)

Given D<sub>t</sub> and h<sub>t</sub>:

$$D_{t+1}(i) = \frac{D_t(i)}{Z_t} exp(-\alpha_t y_i h_t(x_i))$$

Final classifier:  $sign(\sum_{t=1}^{T} \alpha_t h_t(x))$ 

where:

$$\alpha_t = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left( \frac{1 - err_{D_t}(h_t)}{err_{D_t}(h_t)} \right)$$

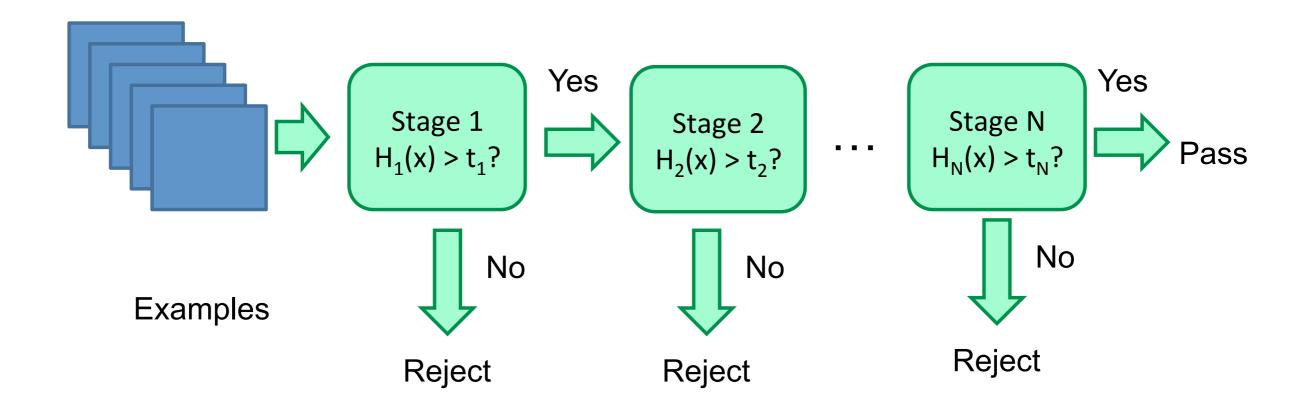
### Viola and Jones: Some Results







### Cascades for Fast Classification



Choose thresholds for low false negative rates

Fast classifiers earlier in cascade, slower classifiers later

Most examples don't get to the later stages, so system is fast on an average