

# ASSIGNMENT 2

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## Advanced Algorithms and Datastructures

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# 1 Hash functions for sampling

## 1.1 Exercise 1(a')

We must show that  $p \leq \Pr[h_m(x)/m < p] \leq 1.01p$ .

We are given some  $p \geq 100/m$ , a suitably large  $m$  and a strongly universal hashing function  $h_m : U \rightarrow [m]$ . In the following, we make use of the fact that  $p \geq 100/m$  implies that  $p/100 \geq 1/m$  and that  $a \leq \lceil a \rceil < a + 1$ .

We observe that

$$\Pr[h_m(x)/m < p] \tag{1}$$

$$= \sum_{0 \leq k < pm} \Pr[h_m(x) = k] \tag{2}$$

$$= \sum_{0 \leq k < pm} \frac{1}{m} \tag{3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{m} \sum_{0 \leq k < pm} 1 \tag{4}$$

$$= \frac{1}{m} |[0, pm)| \tag{5}$$

$$= \frac{1}{m} \cdot \lceil pm \rceil \tag{6}$$

$$= \frac{\lceil pm \rceil}{m} \tag{7}$$

## 1.2 Exercise 1(b)

# 2 Bottom- $k$ sampling

## 2.1 Exercise 2

## 2.2 Exercise 3(a)

We would store the bottom- $k$  samples in a minimum heap structure  $H$ , sorted by their hashing value. This way we can insert new entries in  $O(\lg n)$ , and retrieve the  $S_h^k(H)$  lowest hash values in  $O(k \lg n)$  where  $n$  is the total number of input values.

## 2.3 Exercise 3(b)

As written above we would be able to process/insert the next key in  $O(\lg n)$  time.

## 2.4 Exercise 4(a)

We will prove the equality  $S_h^k(A \cup B) = S_h^k(S_h^k(A) \cup S_h^k(B))$ . We can see each set as a sorted stack that keeps the smallest values at the top. The left hand part of the equality ( $S_h^k(A \cup B)$ ) corresponds to merging the two stacks and taking the  $k$  top values. The right hand side ( $S_h^k(S_h^k(A) \cup S_h^k(B))$ )

corresponds to taking the  $k$  topmost values from both stacks and then merging them and taking the  $k$  smallest values from the resulting stack.

Since we take the  $k$  smallest values from each stack we are guaranteed to have the smallest value from the union of  $A$  and  $B$  since even if the smallest values in  $B$  is bigger than the biggest values in  $A$  we still have the  $k$  smallest values from  $A$ , thus proving the equality.

## 2.5 Exercise 4(b)

We want to prove the equality  $A \cap B \cap S_h^k(A \cup B) = S_h^k(A) \cap S_h^k(B) \cap S_h^k(A \cup B)$ .

## 2.6 Exercise 4(c)

# 3 Bottom- $k$ sampling with strong universality

## 3.1 Exercise 5

## 3.2 Exercise 6

## 3.3 Exercise 7

## References